"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Saturday; Sunday, fair, warmer; moderate west and southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,838. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

CHALLENGES COLONEL TO NAME HIS BACKERS

La Follette Charges Perkins, Gary, and Hanna Put Up Fund of $1,000,000.

FIGHT CENTRES IN TOLEDO

Roosevelt and Brown Assailed in Posters and Editorials — Taft Welcomed with Enthusiasm.

Special to The New York Times.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 17.—The Presidential primary contest which is being waged in Ohio turned into a three-cornered battle to-day when United States Senator Robert La Follette of Wisconsin entered the campaign to plead on his own behalf for delegates to the National Convention. Senator La Follette had been preceded by the report that he was bringing some special dynamite, and he started out by hurling a bomb into the Roosevelt camp. Col. Theodore Roosevelt is on the defensive to-night for the first time since the primary fight in Ohio began.

In his opening speech delivered at Bowling Green, about twenty miles out of Toledo, Senator La Follette challenged Col. Roosevelt to make public forthwith a complete list of those who had contributed to his campaign and the amounts they had contributed. The challenge came coupled with the assertion that three men closely identified with Wall Street, namely, George W. Perkins and Judge E. H. Gary of the United States Steel Corporation and Dan R. Hanna, son of the late United States Senator, Marcus A. Hanna, whose interests in the coal and iron industry are multifarious, had furnished a campaign fund of $1,000,000 which was being freely spent for the purpose of getting delegates for Col. Roosevelt.

"I am prepared to furnish at any time a complete list of donors to my campaign fund with the amount contributed by each," said Senator La Follette before the meeting. "I think Col. Roosevelt, who is soliciting votes in the Ohio primaries, should be equally frank with the people."

After making the assertion that the three capitalists had raised this huge campaign fund to aid Col. Roosevelt, Senator La Follette denounced the Colonel for not enforcing the Sherman anti-trust law while in the White House.

"When Roosevelt became President," said the Senator, "he found awaiting action by the Government only 149 criminal conspiracies representing corporations having less than $1,000,000,000 capitalization. Before the end of his Administration these open violations against the law had increased until they represented corporations having a capitalization of more than $31,000,000,000. As a result, it is almost impossible for any President to crush the criminal trusts now without injury to legitimate business."

Senator La Follette declared that neither Taft nor Roosevelt could be nominated at Chicago.

Senator La Follette is prepared to remain in Ohio until the close of the primary campaign, and indicated to-night that he would renew his challenge every time he made a speech unless Col. Roosevelt should respond promptly. The charge made by Senator La Follette has created a great deal of excitement.

As pointed out in dispatches to THE TIMES yesterday, the lavish scale on which the Colonel's campaign in President Taft's home State has been conducted for many months has been the matter of gossip and comment in Republican circles in this State. It is pretty thoroughly understood that the Colonel's special train, which is zig-zagging the length and breadth of Ohio in the wake of the Taft special, is being furnished by Mr. Hanna.

The Traffic Manager of one of the large Hanna corporations met the Colonel when he started from New York and has taken shifts with another Hanna official, personally supervising the movement of the Roosevelt campaign train on its devious way through the State.

Mr. Hanna was asked about it yesterday in Cleveland and made an evasive reply. Col. Roosevelt himself in one of his recent speeches denied the report and declared that the Roosevelt Committee was furnishing the sinews of war. But he did not vouchsafe any explanation as to how the committee had raised its funds.

Interest in the Presidential primary contest shifted to-day to the Ninth Congressional District, of which Toledo is the centre.

Campaign Centres in Toledo.

President Taft came here to-night and addressed a large meeting at the Terminal Auditorium, where Col. Roosevelt held forth last night to a large and very responsive audience. President Taft received an enthusiastic welcome when he arrived here after a day spent in making speeches through some neighboring counties with a large farming population. Senator La Follette addressed three meetings in the farming section of the district.

In no section of the State is the primary contest raging more fiercely than in the Ninth. This is the political bailiwick of Walter R. Brown, Chairman of the Republican Central Committee and campaign manager of Col. Roosevelt in the State. Mr. Brown is looked upon here as a boss of the ordinary objectionable type by a good many eminently respectable people. There have been several movements inaugurated for the purpose of shearing him of his power, but he is very practical and resourceful and a splendid organizer, and all have failed. There is such a movement in progress here now.

The Roosevelt managers assert that the district will elect the Roosevelt delegates at the primaries next Tuesday, 8 to 1. The Taft campaign managers are more careful in their forecast, but are confident of victory. In the rural sections of the district where there is opposition to President Taft's policy with regard to reciprocity, investigation displays a strong sentiment for Col. Roosevelt as the lesser of two evils. A poll of fifty farmers, taken to-day on one of the interurban trolley cars, after President Taft had addressed them, showed thirty-eight for Roosevelt and the remaining twelve for President Taft's renomination.

In this city signs of the most intense campaign activities are in evidence all about. The Taft organization here seems to have as much money to spend as the Roosevelt machine. The fight here in Toledo, however, seems to be directed more against Boss Brown than for or against either President Taft or Col. Roosevelt.

The managers of the Taft campaign have adopted the most modern and energetic methods of campaigning. A daily newspaper, The New Republican, has been launched to fight the battle for the Taft delegates, by two of the wealthiest men in the State, Edward H. Libbey, a cut glass manufacturer, who endeared himself to the people of Toledo by giving the city the magnificent art museum that bears his name, and John N. Willys, a wealthy automobile manufacturer, who employs 10,000 workingmen, and never has had a strike.

Roosevelt and Brown Assailed.

The city has been placarded with posters espooning Brown and inveighing against the third term.

"We are against the third term," one of the posters reads.

"Washington wouldn't, Grant couldn't,

Continued on Page 2.

BLISS TO SUCCEED GRANT.

Gen. Edwards Also Promoted—Higher Rank for Retiring Colonels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The selections to fill the numerous vacancies in the grade of Major General and Brigadier General of the army have been made and will be announced soon after the return of the President from Ohio.

Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss is to be the new Major General to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Major Gen. F. D. Grant. The vacancy in the grade of Brigadier General made by this appointment of Gen. Bliss, and those caused by the retirement of Gen. Daniel H. Brush last week and by the death of Gen. Joseph W. Duncan, will be filled by Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, now Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs; Col. Charles J. Bailey, Coast Artillery; Col. Edgar Z. Steever, Fourth Cavalry; Col. George F. Chase, Fifteenth Cavalry, Inspector General of the Department of the East, and Col. Edward J. McClernand, First Cavalry.

These appointments have been decided on by the Secretary of War with the approval of the President, but no announcement will be made of them for some time.

There are only three vacancies in the grade of Brigadier General, but it is the judgment of the Secretary of War that Cols. Steever, Chase, and McClernand, who will retire within a short time, having most excellent records, should receive promotion. Col. Chase and Col. McClernand will retire for age this year, the former on July 29 and the latter Dec. 29. Col. Steever retires on Aug. 20, 1913. The desire of these officers for promotion, in view of their prospect of retirement, suggested the amendment placed on the Army Appropriation bill of 1906, which provided that "no officer holding a rank above that of Colonel shall be retired except for disability or on account of having reached the age of 64 years until he shall have served at least one year in such rank."

The selection of Gen. Bliss for Major General will give great satisfaction throughout the army, where he is a most popular officer, and also in the country. He is recognized as one of the few general officers possessed of great organizing powers. He has a broad grasp of the fundamental principles of the military art, and his selection has been made with a distinct regard for the ultimate work that will in all probability fall upon Gen. Bliss's shoulders.

It is the firm belief that sooner or later the men will appear who can reorganize the army on the lines of the work that Von Moltke achieved in the German Army before the Franco-Prussian war. Gen. Bliss will in all probability be the next Chief of Staff. He is a native of Pennsylvania, a graduate of West Point, and entered the service as an artilleryman. He was appointed a Brigadier General of Volunteers in the Spanish war, and has served in Cuba and the Philippines.

The appointment of Gen. Edwards, Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, is a distinctive one. He becomes a Brigadier General of the line, a rank enabling him to command in the regular army.

SUFFRAGE-FOLLOW-ME-LAD.

It's a New Drink—A Votes-for-Women Temperance Tipple.

It isn't out yet, but it is Mary Donnelly's latest—a temperance tipple which it is promised will be so good that it will induce all the men to whom tea is no temptation to come and sit joyfully under serious suffrage arguments and allow themselves to be converted.

The tipple is of the order of the mint julep, only with the whisky left out. It has mint and clinking ice and the pitcher is delicately frosted on the outside by the delicious coolness within, and there is "something," to take the place of the whisky, which will be sparkling and exhilarating.

The new temperance tipple is to have a nice Irish name, also a Donnelly concoction—it is to be a Suffrage-Follow-Me-Lad. It will be served in the Trellis Garden, the garden back of the headquarters at 120 West Eighty-first Street, which is to be covered over with vines, and suffragists are to fill it with palms and plants. It will be a cool place where the girls and boys of the neighborhood who live in boarding houses can go on Summer evenings or Sunday afternoons and listen to music and talks on economic questions related to suffrage and get refreshments from the caterer, who will be in the building (at reasonable rates), and Miss Donnelly will be there as chaperon, with Mrs. Harry Hastings.

LORIMER HAS A RELAPSE.

Taken Home in a Cab—Conflicting Reports as to His Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Senator William Lorimer, who had been seriously ill since the day before the Illinois primary election early in April, but who was thought to be recovering, suffered a relapse this afternoon and is again confined to his bed. He came downtown to his bank to-day and attempted to transact some business. He found the task too arduous, and was taken home in a cab, accompanied by a physician.

This led to a widely circulated rumor that the Senator was dying. This was augmented by the fact that all efforts to communicate with the Lorimer home for more than an hour proved futile. It was finally announced by the family physician that Mr. Lorimer had over-exerted himself and had been brought home to rest.

The doctor and family expressed the belief that a few days would find the patient probably on his feet. Regardless of the secrecy maintained the Senator has been a very ill man and may be yet so far as the public knows. He has suffered a nervous breakdown due to the ordeal he has been under for the last two years defending his seat in the Senate. The first week in April he had an attack of grip, complicated with bronchitis. Due to his weakened and nervous condition he became extremely ill. His family and physicians declare he had practically recovered until to-day's relapse.

Some of those who say they know declare that the Senator fainted and was in a serious state to-night.

SHIP ASKS FOR DOCTOR.

Cousin of ex-Commissioner Bingham Dangerously Ill on Ward Liner.

On the arrival of the Ward liner Bayamo from Tampico at Quarantine last night Capt. Tanning blew signals for a boat. When one put out to the ship the Captain said that Walter Bell, a passenger and cousin of ex-Police Commissioner Bingham, was dangerously ill. Dr. Donnelly of Health Officer O'Connell's staff went to the Bayamo and remained in attendance upon the sick man for the remainder of the night.

Mrs. Bell, who accompanied her husband, has nursed him since the vessel left Progresso on May 12 and Capt. Tanning gave up his room to make the patient more comfortable.

TO BANISH SUMMER FATIGUE take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Tasteful in glass of cold water makes a delicious cooling Summer drink.—Adv.

DOWN TO THE FLOOR OF VESUVIUS CRATER

Prof. Mallada Descends a Thousand Feet and Takes Pictures.

IN SHOWERS OF HOT ASHES

Italian Scientist and His Assistant Almost Overcome by Poisonous Gas —Plant Flag on Crater's Floor.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, May 18.—The Chronicle's Milan correspondent sends the following dispatch:

"Prof. Mallada of the Royal Observatory at Mount Vesuvius accomplished yesterday the extraordinary feat of descending the depths of the crater of the volcano. Since the awful eruption of six years ago numberless attempts have been made by scientific adventurers to penetrate the funnel of Vesuvius, but in vain, owing partly to the precipitous nature of the slopes of the interior, but principally because of the dense and deadly vapors of sulphur and chloric acid gases.

"The actual diameter of the crater is about 550 yards. Prof. Mallada, accompanied by an able young expert, named Varvazze, attached to the observatory, started at 8 o'clock in the morning toward the Pompeii side, taking a quantity of scientific instruments for observation purposes, photographic cameras, a couple of stout ropes, one 350 feet, and the other 500 feet in length.

"Using the long rope for the first part of the descent, they were lowered inside the volcano to a depth of 380 feet, till they landed upon huge crags of lava overhanging another horrid abyss 150 feet lower down. After exploring this perilous slope of 90 degrees amid gigantic masses of petrified lava, they found the means to fix the second rope, whereby they were able to reach an enormous fissure created some years ago, when the volcano was suddenly torn asunder, precipitating an immense mass of the outer cone into the crater, and causing a partial wreckage of the Messrs. Cook's funicular station.

"The interpid explorers discovered that this huge fissure extends to the very bottom of the crater, which was finally reached at a depth of 1,000 feet. There they remained a couple of hours.

"Prof. Mallada was able to take a number of instantaneous pictures of avalanches and showers of red hot ashes, which were taking place at the time in contiguous parts of the crater.

"Despite the precautions taken, the explorers were at times almost overcome by the suffocating gases.

"They found the temperature varying from 90 to 98 degrees Fahrenheit. Levellings were taken with a barometer on the floor of the crater, the exact result of which will shortly be published. A valuable collection of minerals was also made, consisting of volcanic matter falling off from the side walls of the funnel, which on striking the bottom raised clouds of fine, choking cinder dust.

"The explorers planted a red flag on the crater floor as a memorial of their trip, and then began the fatiguing upward journey. Finally they reached the surface, nearly worn out, after two and a half hours of continuous effort. The whole expedition lasted nearly nine hours."

BROKAW PREFERS COLORADO.

Wedded Life Unbearable Here, He Says—Talks of Divorce Suit.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 17.—Clarance Pierce Brokaw, the New York exbanker, who disappeared from that city over a week ago with his six-year-old son, declared this morning that he preferred life in Colorado in company with the boy to existence in New York City with a wife, whose actions, he said, had resulted in several separations and made his life unbearable.

Mr. Brokaw added that there was no secrecy about his departure, that his wife had frequently taken the child away in his absence from his home, and that he finally decided to take possession of his son to prevent the mother again doing so.

"After I learn what statements are made in New York regarding this matter," said Mr. Brokaw, "I will determine what further course to pursue. I intend to bring a divorce action and name the people who have mixed up in our domestic affairs. The statement that financial difficulties had anything to do with my departure is a falsehood."

FAIR ENVOYS MEET EMPEROR.

Francis Joseph Welcomes Americans and Vienna Merchants Hold Reception

VIENNA, May 17.—Emperor Francis Joseph to-day received in audience the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission under the leadership of John Hays Hammond. The Emperor greeted the members of the commission very cordially.

His Majesty shook hands with each individual Commissioner and evinced the keenest interest in the details of the exposition and in American affairs generally. In conversing with Mr. Hammond and Rear Admiral Staunton, he paid a high compliment to the American navy's battleship cruise around the world in 1907, and remarked upon the huge battleships now being built in the United States.

After the reception by the Emperor the commission met and conferred with three hundred men, prominent in the commercial and industrial worlds, at the Chamber of Commerce. The general sentiment at this conference favored Austria's active participation in the exposition. Lutz Herz Trnka, Minister of Works, gave a luncheon to the Commission on behalf of the Government.

CAPT. AMUNDSEN'S PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE SOUTH POLE.

A special four-page section of to-morrow's Sunday Times will be made up entirely of the first pictures taken at the bottom of the world.

Views on Woman Suffrage
By well-known and unknown contributors of both sexes.

Mr. Dooley on the Campaign.

Don't Miss To-morrow's Sunday Times.

DETROIT BASEBALL CLUB ON STRIKE

Declares It Won't Play Again Till Ty Cobb's Suspension Is Lifted.

PLAYERS THEMSELVES ACT

President Navin Didn't Know It—"It's a New One on Me," He Says —They Notified Johnson.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 17.—No more games will be played by the Detroit American League team unless "Ty" Cobb, indefinitely suspended for attacking a spectator in New York on Wednesday, is reinstated. This ultimatum was forwarded by telegraph to-day to Ban B. Johnson, President of the league, by Cobb's team mates.

Cobb climbed into the grand stand in New York and mauled a man who badgered him. President Johnson saw the act, and yesterday he suspended Cobb indefinitely by telegram from Boston.

As soon as President Johnson's decision was announced to the Detroit team the players held a secret conference at the Hotel Aldine and signed an agreement that unless the great outfielder was reinstated at once they would refuse to play another game after to-day. The following telegram, signed by all of the Detroit players, was dispatched to Mr. Johnson at Chicago and Boston:

B. B. Johnson, Fisher Building, Chicago.

Feeling that Mr. Cobb is being done an injustice by your action in suspending him, we, the undersigned, refuse to play in another game after to-day until such action is adjusted to our satisfaction. He was fully justified in his action, as no one could stand such personal abuse from any one. We want him reinstated for to-morrow's game, May 18, or there will be no game. If the players cannot have protection we must protect ourselves.

Manager Hugh Jennings said: "The suspension was not warranted. I am in the hands of my players. If they refuse to play I will finish way down in the race. I expect Mr. Johnson to reconsider the matter, fine Cobb, or announce definitely the length of his suspension."

ALBANY, N. Y., May 17.—Ban Johnson, President of the American League, had not received the telegram of the Detroit players relative to Ty Cobb's suspension up to the time he arrived here at 6:40 o'clock to-night from Boston, on his way to Cincinnati. He evinced much interest when informed of the action of the players.

"This is the first intimation that I have had of the action of the Detroit players," said Mr. Johnson. "I wired Mr. Jennings, Manager of the Detroit team, at Philadelphia to-day to send me his version of the New York episode. This I expect to receive in Cincinnati to-morrow morning, and until then there is nothing to say regarding Cobb's suspension.

"There may be some justification for Cobb's complaint against his suspension, but until I receive Jennings's statement I cannot say what action I will take. However, the action of the Detroit players will have no influence on my decision, as the American League has from its inception been strongly against rowdyism on the ball field.

"When I receive Jennings's statement I shall go over the entire matter and may have something to say at that time. I was a spectator at the game and witnessed the affair for which Cobb was suspended."

DETROIT, May 17.—"This is the first I have heard of it," said President Frank J. Navin of the Detroit Baseball Club to-day, when informed of the communication his players sent to Ban Johnson. "It's a new one to me and I can't really say how significant it is or what will be the outcome. One thing is absolutely certain, we will have to play ball. If we fail to put a team on the field we would be forfeiting the games."

POWDER MAGAZINE BLOWS UP

Girls Thrown Into a Panic by Second Explosion in Perth Amboy Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J., May 17.—With a report which was heard for miles, the powder magazine of the United States Cartridge Company at this place blew up at 7:40 o'clock this morning, ten minutes after work for the day had started in the plant. James Morgan and Louis Dounly, who were in charge of the magazine, left the room just one minute before the explosion occurred. The sides of the building were blown out and 100 girls who were employed in the loading department near by were thrown into a panic.

In a similar explosion at the plant on Jan. 24 Margaret Kellner was killed. The girls yesterday, remembering her fate, fought to get down the stairs of the building in which they were at work and many suffered bruises.

It is thought that one of the carriers filled with black powder while being sent through a conveyor into the magazine met with friction and caused the explosion. The magazine where the explosion took place was the receiving station for the plant. The powder is sent through pneumatic tubes from the main storehouse, 300 feet away. The force of the explosion tore away the electric lights and telphone wires of the plant. As soon as the girls left the building they congregated in the Timekeeper's office and held a meeting as to whether they would go back or not. Most of them returned to their machines, which are now being supplied with powder by negroes, who carry the powder on their backs, as the girls, after the death of Margaret Kellner, refused to work in the magazine room.

New York Law Lecturer for Harvard.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 17.—Allan Reuten Campbell of New York has been appointed a lecturer in the Harvard Law School for the year 1912-13. Mr. Campbell's lectures will be based on New York law practice. He is a graduate of both the Academic and Law Departments of Harvard.

STRAUS WILL LEAVES $3,000,000 BEQUESTS

And His Residuary Estate Is Divided Among His Three Sons.

$185,000 GOES TO CHARITY

$100,000 of This to Educational Alliance—Not Provided in Will but in Instructions to His Sons.

Coincidental with the filing of the will of Isidor Straus for probate yesterday a letter was received by Justice Samuel Greenbaum, First Vice President and Acting President of the Educational Alliance, inclosing a check for $100,000 as a gift to the Educational Alliance, the first check issued by the estate in carrying out the wishes of Mr. Straus. At the time of his death Mr. Straus was President of the Alliance. The letter accompanying the check reads as follows:

In accordance with a wish expressed by our late father, Mr. Isidor Straus, in a letter addressed to us and to be opened after his death, we inclose a check for $100,000 for the Educational Alliance in memory of Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus.

JESSE ISIDOR STRAUS.
PERCY S. STRAUS.
HERBERT M. STRAUS.

A second letter received by Justice Greenbaum and signed by the three sons of Mr. Straus announced that inasmuch as it had been the practice of their mother, Mrs. Ida Straus, to award annual prizes to girl members of the senior class at the Educational Alliance, they inclosed a check for $1,000 to serve as a fund for the perpetuation of the practice of awarding the Mrs. Isidor Straus prizes at the institution.

Justice Greenbaum announced that the check for $100,000 would be applied to the endowment fund of the Alliance, and expressed great gratification over the gift. It was in keeping, he declared, with the constant interest shown by both Mr. and Mrs. Straus in the welfare of the institution, to the maintenance of which they had contributed liberally for many years.

Mr. Straus's will was filed for probate by Edmond E. Wise of 15 William Street. Mr. Wise is a nephew of Mr. Straus and the lawyer who drew the will, which makes specific bequests amounting to more than $3,000,000.

Mrs. Straus left no will. It was stated yesterday that the legal question as to whether Mr. or Mrs. Straus died first would not be raised. The will left $1,200,000 in trust for Mrs. Straus for life, as well as the use of Mr. Straus's residential property. These bequests will not be turned into the residuary estate of Mr. Straus, but will be divided equitably among all his children. Mr. Straus embodied this clause in his will, which was dated Dec. 22, 1909:

"I make no bequests to charities, or other than my immediate family, as I have left directions to my sons in a letter, which I know they will carry out."

Mr. Wise said yesterday that in addition to the check sent by the sons of Mr. Straus to the Educational Alliance, they have also distributed the sum of $85,000 among certain philanthropies in which Mr. and Mrs. Straus were especially interested, the sum given to each institution being in each instance an approximate capitalization of the joint annual contribution of their father and mother to the same.

Mr. Wise did not disclose the names of these philanthropies.

The will names Mr. Straus's three sons and his brother, Nathan, as executors and trustees and creates a trust fund of $500,000 for each of the testator's three daughters—Mrs. Sarah S. Hess, Mrs. Minnie S. Weil, and Mrs. Vivian S. Scheftel. In addition, they will share in their mother's estate. The three sons of Mr. Straus are equal residuary legatees. Mr. Wise said he could not estimate their interests yesterday. The value of Mr. Straus's realty in this State was placed at $265,000 in the petition for probate, and the value of the personalty was stated as merely "more than $10,000."

One of the provisions of the will is that the executors may borrow as much of the principal of the trust funds as they may need to continue the interest of Mr. Straus in any business in which he was engaged at the time of his death. The loan is limited, however, to ten years from the death of Mr. Straus. The will fixes the rate of interest on such loans at 4½ per cent.

The affidavit of Mr. Straus's death was made by Maurice Rothschild, a member of the New York Stock Exchange and of the brokerage house of Miller & Co. Mr. Rothschild deposed that he had gone to Halifax after the report of the sinking of the Titanic and had met the cable ship Mackay-Bennett, which had gone out to pick up bodies of victims of the Titanic disaster. Mr. Rothschild said he had identified the body of Mr. Straus among those recovered, not only by the features but by papers in the pockets.

CLAIMS ENOUGH FOR TAFT.

McKinley Says He Has 549 Delegates—Dixon Says That's Absurd.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Taft headquarters and the Roosevelt headquarters clashed again to-day in typewritten statements of claims to delegates. Said Congressman McKinley:

"President Taft yesterday came into absolute control of the Republican National Convention, which meets in Chicago in June. His list of delegates to that convention, by the action of State and district conventions in Montana, Idaho, Arkansas, Texas, and North Carolina, reached a total of 549 delegates, or 9 more than enough to control. At the same time Mr. Roosevelt gained enough delegates to make his total of instructed, pledged, and contested delegates 349 all told, or 200 less than President Taft's total, and 191 votes short of control of the convention."

Senator Dixon declared that Mr. McKinley's "claim of delegates is as preposterous now as it was in March, when he claimed 709 sure delegates for Taft. Roosevelt has to-day, elected and in sight, more than 600 delegates."

Mr. Dixon's statement claimed 407 delegates for the Colonel now, and continued:

"To this total must be added not less than 60 Roosevelt delegates to be elected in Ohio, South Dakota, and New Jersey. This brings the Roosevelt strength to 557. There should be added as reserve Roosevelt strength in the Chicago Convention the 46 progressive anti-Taft delegates elected in Iowa, North Dakota, and Wisconsin, making the Roosevelt total 603 without counting contests."

Later Mr. McKinley issued another statement analyzing Senator Dixon's, and charging that the Senator had overcounted in some States and classed delegates from "rump conventions" to make up his totals.

Dine at Kalil's, 14-16 Park Place. Carlos Guarrella. Singing at luncheon to-day.—Adv.

ENGLAND'S WEAKNESS IN WAR

With Nitrate Supply Cut Off, It Would Soon Be Without Ammunition.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 17.—A new danger threatens England, according to Sir William Ramsay. Speaking at the the British Science Guild, he said that Great Britain's supply of nitric soda, which came from Chile and Peru and was an absolute necessity for the manufacture of explosives, might be cut off if Great Britain was involved in a war. The Government ought to be warned that it was living on the edge of a precipice.

Unless it did the same as the other European countries and made nitrates from the atmosphere, England would be without ammunition a few months after war broke out.

SEA CLIFF BLOCK BURNED.

Occupied by the Library, Jail, Village Board, and Stores.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA CLIFF, L. I., May 17.—The Lloyd Building, in the heart of the business section of this village, was gutted by fire this afternoon. It was a three-story frame structure and occupied most of the triangular block bounded by Summit, Sea Cliff, and Central Avenues. In it were the Sea Cliff Public Library, the rooms of the Village Board of Trustees, the jail, the rooms of the Sea Cliff Club, a tailor shop, and the Sea Cliff Dry Goods Store.

There were no prisoners in the jail, which was condemned more than a year ago as a fire trap. The building is owned by Robert Lloyd, formerly interested in a race track in California. How the fire started is not known. The loss is about $10,000.

TRAIL OF GOLD THE CLUE.

California Posse After Bank Thief Who Locked Employes in Vault.

GRASS VALLEY, Cal., May 17.—Following a trail of gold pieces which dropped from the well-stuffed pockets of a man who robbed the Nevada County Bank yesterday of $5,040 in loose gold, after he had locked three employes of the bank in the vault, and escaped clinging to the pommel of his saddle, a posse followed the robber to a point where he abandoned his horse, and throughout the night the pursuers beat the brush in that vicinity in hope of capturing the outlaw.

The man had been seen about the town for two days. Yesterday he entered the bank, presented two revolvers, and compelled the cashier, bookkeeper, and a stenographer to enter the bank vault. He locked the vault door, scooped up all the money in sight, and rode away. The trio in the vault were released by passers-by who heard them pounding on the door.

WILBUR WRIGHT ILL.

Airman Stricken with Typhoid, but Not in an Acute Form.

DAYTON, Ohio, May 17.—Wilbur Wright, the aeroplane inventor, is suffering with typhoid fever at his home here.

Attending physicians state that his illness has not so far assumed an acute form.

OHIO FARMERS UNLUCKY.

Crops Late and Small and It's a Bad Year All Around.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, O., May 17.—The Ohio farmer is struggling with his worst year, according to Charles E. Thorne, Director of the Ohio State Agricultural Experiment Station in Wooster, and a foremost authority on crop conditions.

The severe Winter, Spring frosts, and present low temperature, with continued rains, have done disastrous work to grains, fruits, and vegetables. Flat lands—thousands and thousands of acres—are now under water. More thousands of acres are so wet and soggy that they cannot be plowed and planted. Consequently, planting is late, a great handicap against crops maturing at regular harvest time.

"The planting of corn is greatly hindered and the acreage will be largely reduced," said Director Thorne to-day. Ohio will reap one of the poorest crops of wheat in its history. The crop at best will be only 25 per cent of normal."

MINERS TO ACCEPT TERMS.

Foreign Element Influenced by White's Speech on the Finances.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 17.—Peace is assured in the Anthracite fields for four years. Miners in convention here will adopt the tentative agreement offered them by the operators, so the leaders declare, and be ordered back to work early next week.

President John P. White's address, in which he bared the numerical and financial strength of the union turned the tide and to-night two hundred foreigners, most of whom have opposed the peace offer, decided to accept the agreement.

Andrew Matti, Vice President of District Number 7, who has been bitterly opposing the tentative agreement since its adoption at New York, went before the 200 foreigners and in their native tongues told them that he had withdrawn his objections and wanted them to vote for the agreement.

The foreigners are a majority in the convention. They represent about 80 per cent. of the delegates. The sudden change in sentiment was expected, but the leaders did not think that it would come as suddenly as it did.

GENERAL FREIGHT STRIKE.

Chicago Railroads Refuse Arbitration and Freight Handlers Will Act.

CHICAGO, May 17.—After P. J. Flannery, President of the local freight handlers' union, had announced to-day that a general strike throughout the country would be called by the International officials of his organization to-morrow, a futile attempt was made by three disinterested men to induce the railroad managers to arbitrate the trouble.

The three men, Fred Sterling of Rockford, Secretary of the State Board of Arbitration; Harry M. Powell of Peoria, a member of the same organization and E. R. Wright, President of the State Federation of Labor, called on W. A. Garrett, Chairman of the General Managers' Association, and offered to use their influence to bring about a settlement.

"The railroads do not recognize that there is a strike," Mr. Garrett said. "All of the freight houses are working full forces. There is nothing to arbitrate."

President Flannery said to-night the situation had not changed since he made his announcement and that a general strike appeared inevitable.

ANTEDILUVIAN WHISKEY.
Whether in a highball or straight, nothing beats it. Try it to-day. Duffies Bros., N. Y.—Adv.

RICHESON COLLAPSES AND RAVES IN CELL

Prisoner's Nerve Deserts Him Hours After He Is Told That He Must Die.

REPUDIATES HIS CONFESSION

Will Probably Go to the Electric Chair Early Tuesday Morning—To be Buried in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 17.—The news that he must die in the electric chair was broken to-day to Clarence V. T. Richeson. The information that his last hope had departed was conveyed by his attorney, William A. Morse, in the presence of the Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, Richeson's spiritual adviser.

At first he surprised his visitors and the prison officials by maintaining remarkable composure, whereas every one expected him to give way to despair, but later his nerve began to desert him and to-night the former clergyman who murdered his sweetheart, Avis Linnell, was in a condition described by his attendants in the death chamber of the Charlestown State Prison as "hysterical coma."

It was about 10 o'clock when the prisoner, apparently realizing his awful plight, began shrieking and cursing and beating upon the bars of his cell. What he said in his paroxysm is not divulged by the prison officials, but it is known that he screamed and yelled in a way which caused great excitement in the wing of the prison where the death cells are situated. It was some time before telephone calls reached a physician, the prison physician, Dr. McLaughlin, being away, and during this period the gloomy walls resounded with the prisoner's yells and imprecations. The medical man who finally responded quickly applied a narcotic and the prisoner was quieted and put to sleep.

Mr. Morse absolutely denied reports that he was preparing a petition for an injunction to restrain Warden Bridges from executing Richeson on the ground that certain of the alienists had found him insane.

The ravings of the condemned man were attributed to the strain upon him of the constant vigilance of the two guards of the death watch. The guards sit close in front of the prisoner's cell and do not allow their eyes to leave him for a moment throughout the night or day. There is no weakening of the vigilance, for the guards are changed frequently, and Richeson has been subjected to the strain now for more than seventy-five hours since he came to the prison.

Hit By News From Home.

The breakdown is believed to have been further aggravated by the news that his father had expressed the wish that his son's body be not brought back to Virginia for burial, but be interred in some cemetery about Boston. It is said that Richeson begged of Mr. Morse, during the day, that arrangements be made so that his body could lie beside that of his mother in the Virginia cemetery, where the Richeson family has a lot.

Richeson's weakened condition to-night is also believed to be due partly to the fact that he has not eaten a mouthful since early in the morning. He left his dinner untouched and refused food when it was offered him to-night. Although Chaplain Stebbins had his lunch brought to him in the death house at 6:30 o'clock and ate it in the same room with the prisoner, Richeson could not be persuaded to touch his food.

"It was the hardest hour of my life," declared Mr. Morse, upon leaving the prison late to-night. "It is a very serious condition that I am afraid may develop badly. Further than that I would not want to predict."

Warden Bridges went to the deathhouse twice during the evening to see that everything possible was being done for the prisoner, hurrying there with Dr. Lee of Charlestown, as soon as the physician arrived. The prison hospital chemist was roused from his sleep to put up the prescription called for to quiet the prisoner, and the aged Warden considered the matter so serious he did not go to bed at midnight, although he arrived home early in the evening from a two-day business trip to Maine.

Chaplain Stebbins was relieved at 6 o'clock by the Rev. Mr. Johnson, who made arrangements to remain in the deathhouse until 2 o'clock in the morning, when he was to be relieved by the Rev. Mr. Stebbins.

Statement From the Minister.

So deeply was the Rev. Mr. Johnson impressed by the repose which marked Richeson's hearing of the fateful news this morning that he prepared a statement for the press, which he read to the newspaper men who waited outside to learn how Richeson conducted himself when told of the Governor's decision not to interfere with the sentence of the court. The statement was as follows:

I visited Mr. Richeson at 9:45 o'clock this morning with the Hon. William A. Morse. After a few moments of conversation Mr. Morse stated frankly to him that the Governor had decided not to interfere with the execution of the sentence pronounced by the court. He then read to Mr. Richeson from one of the newspapers the full statement of the Governor.

Mr. Richeson received the communication from Mr. Morse with the same spirit of fortitude which he exhibited from the beginning. He did not collapse in any way, but through the trying ordeal showed the remarkable courage which all along has been the occasion of astonishment to me.

He stated to me that his principal thought as he faced execution was not for himself, but for the sorrow of his family and friends. Rev. HERBERT S. JOHNSON.

Mr. Morse came out of the death cell at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon, after a visit of nearly four hours with Richeson. In reply to an inquiry, Mr. Morse said that of any of Richeson's relatives were coming to see him before his death he knew nothing of it. The lawyers said he did not care to make any statement further than the one given out by Mr. Johnson.

How the News Was Broken.

"Mr. Johnson and I agreed on that statement," he said, "and I consider it sufficient for all purposes.

"We were talking in a general way, and after a time I mustered courage to say to him: 'Richeson, I have done all that lies in my power to save you from death, but my efforts have been unavailing, and the Governor has refused positively to refer your petition to his council.'

"Richeson was standing when I broke the news to him, and aside from a slight dropping of the head and a dejected look that took possession of his face there was absolutely nothing in his manner to indicate that he was conscious of the fate that awaits him.

"We spent nearly four hours in discussing many matters of moment to him and myself, but there was nothing in his manner to indicate that he wanted to take the public further into his confidence, and I feel that he will not make any further statement. As to my actions, I have come to a full stop, as there is no appeal left that would bear fruit. Richeson will have to undergo his sentence. I shall spend much of my time with him between now and the time of his execution.

"I was astonished at the way he took the dreadful news, and I feel sure that he will die as he has lived during this trying ordeal, a brave man."

In their report to the Governor yesterday the commission of three alienists appointed by the State's Executive to in-

quire into the murderer's mental condition declared that he was "subject to extreme emotional disturbances" diagnosed as "hysterical insanity," or "hysteric delirium," but not until tonight did the prisoner give indication that any such state existed.

Had Night of Troubled Sleep.

It was shortly before 10 o'clock that the former minister received the tidings that he probably had less than 100 hours to live. He had awakened early in the morning after a troubled sleep. As one of the guards said: "He slept as well as you could expect of one in his position."

After breakfast he read his Bible for a while, occasionally exchanging a few words with his guards. He did not ask if the Governor had rendered any decision on the matter of referring the case to the Executive Council, and the guards avoided making any reference to the subject. Early in the forenoon Deputy Warden Nathan D. Allen and Chaplain Herbert W. Stebbins visited the death chamber, Mr. Stebbins remaining with the condemned man the greater part of the day.

Soon after 9 o'clock the Rev. Mr. Johnson arrived at the prison in his automobile. Mr. Morse, also in an automobile, reached the institution a few minutes later, and he and Mr. Johnson conferred for some time in the Warden's office before going to the death cell. It was at this conference that pastor and lawyer decided upon the manner in which Richeson should be informed of his fate.

Shortly before noon Chaplain Stebbins left the death cell, returning a few minutes later with an armful of books from the prison library. After Mr. Johnson and Mr. Morse had departed Chaplain Stebbins remained with the condemned man.

The fact that Richeson was not without a visitor during the day or evening led to the belief that those who are ministering to him intend to have some one with him constantly in order that he may not have an opportunity to collapse under the weight of his meditations. It is believed to be the intention of the condemned man's friends, as well as of the prison officials, to divert his mind as much as possible from now until the final summons comes early next week.

While Warden Benjamin F. Bridges may order the execution any time after midnight on Saturday, the law providing that it shall take place between midnight and sunrise, it is believed that it will be held immediately after midnight Tuesday morning. It is the prison custom to have all executions take place on Tuesday morning, the only Monday execution being in the case of a murderer who was in such a state of collapse through terror that it was considered inadvisable to prolong his suspense further. The law provides that the hour of execution be kept secret, and Warden Bridges, therefore, will make no statement regarding its probable time.

Family Not to Visit Him.

It is understood here that none of Richeson's family will come from Virginia. In the event of his petition for clemency having been referred to the Governor's council, it was the intention of his aged father, Thomas Varland Richeson of Amherst Court House, Va., to come to Boston to join in a plea for a commutation of the death sentence.

The body of Richeson will be buried in some cemetery in or near Boston and will not be taken to Virginia. The arrangements will be made by Mr. Morse in accordance with instructions received from the associate counsel, John L. Lee of Lynchburg, Va.

Mr. Lee had a conference with the condemned man's father, following which he wired Mr. Morse to-night that the father did not wish to have his son's body brought to Virginia.

Now Repudiates Confession.

Back of the confession of Richeson, the written statement in which he branded himself as the slayer of Avis Linnell, is a story of persuasion brought to bear on him that the names of innocent people might be shielded. He has repudiated the confession he drew up after the plan for life imprisonment had been outlined.

Avis Linnell, he said, accepted the poison from him with the understanding that it would be used for a specific purpose. When the poison failed in this purpose the girl, Richeson declared, committed suicide.

Here is Richeson's story as repeated to THE NEW YORK TIMES reporter to-day by the man to whom it was given:

"I signed that confession because I was told that it was my only chance of escaping the death chair. I was told that if such a confession came from me there was a good chance I would get life imprisonment instead of the electric chair.

"I was told that such a confession would save the names of certain people from being dragged into the case, as it would make a jury trial unnecessary. Little could be done for me, I was told, if the confession was not signed.

"Asked how I came to say that I killed Avis Linnell. Well, it is not true. I did not kill her.

"I gave her the cyanide of potassium on the day that she died.

"While I was walking along with her she said she was going to procure some cyanide of potassium to be used as she explained. At the time I had in my pocket the cyanide of potassium that I had procured from the druggist Hahn. I told Avis that I had bought some cyanide to kill a dog with.

"At her request I gave her some to be used as she had explained. In giving the poison to her I said: 'Now you want to be very careful, for this is deadly poison.'

"She replied after tucking the poison into a handbag: 'Well, I use it the way I told you I was going to, and if it does not work I'll swallow some.'

"This statement frightened me. I said, 'Give the poison back to me.' Avis replied, 'No, I won't.' Then she promised me not to think of using the poison other than the way she told me she would, and I took her word for it.

"When after my arrest I was advised to make a confession I drew up one in which matters were gone into in detail. The names of other people were mentioned. I was told that this confession was not satisfactory. Then I signed one that was drawn up."

PRINCESS'S SLAYER ON TRIAL

Baron Paterno Hides His Face When Arraigned in Roman Court.

ROME, May 17.—The trial of Baron Vincenzo Paterno, a former cavalry Lieutenant in the army, who on March 2, 1911, murdered Princess Giulia Trigona di Sant' Elia, lady-in-waiting to Queen Helena, and afterward attempted to commit suicide, was begun to-day before the Assize Court. The case is exciting a great amount of curiosity, but the presiding Judge has limited the admission of the public to the court, in order to avoid theatrical scenes, and will hear the case behind closed doors.

The lawyers for the defense are trying to obtain a postponement of the trial, so that the accused may be examined by experts and his mental condition established. They also insist on the calling of the Duke of Aosta, the Count of Turin, the Minister for War, and the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs as witnesses. The presiding Judge has refused the latter demand.

The entrance of the prisoner Paterno into court caused a sensation. He is a living wreck and absolutely unrecognizable. Every movement he made was an effort to conceal his face from the public.

MRS. SNEAD'S MOTHER INSANE

Woman Sent to Prison in Bathtub Mystery Will Go to Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 17.—Mrs. Caroline B. Martin, who is serving a seven years' sentence in the New Jersey State Prison on her plea of non vult to a charge of manslaughter in the case of the death of her daughter, Mrs. Ocey Wardlaw Martin Snead, was declared insane to-day by a commission of physicians appointed by Judge Gnichtel of the Mercer County Court. She will be transferred to the New Jersey State Hospital for the Insane.

It was in the late Fall of 1909 that the death of Mrs. Snead created in the "Bath Tub Mystery" one of the most unusual and baffling murder cases that have confronted the police in many years. The woman was found dead in the bathtub of an unfurnished East Orange house. It was days before the authorities had in custody the three elderly women whose strange appearance in flowing robes of black added a touch of the old-style sensation to the innumerable court proceedings.

These women were Mrs. Mary Snead, the aunt of the dead woman and mother of the dead woman's husband, Miss Virginia Wardlaw, another aunt, and Mrs. Martin, her mother. Mrs. Snead was freed in February of last year. Miss Virginia Wardlaw died in jail and it was said that she had starved herself to death. It was she who was alone in the bare house during the entire day that her niece lay dead in the bathroom upstairs. It was she who finally notified the authorities over the telephone.

SEE THE SQUALID ROW CRIES LONDON PAPER

The Roosevelt-Taft Controversy "Incredibly Thin," Declares The Nation.

GREAT QUESTIONS IGNORED

Trumpery Character of Our Issues Laid to Our Excessive Campaign Machinery.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 17.—The Nation published this week an article on "The Realities of American Politics."

After saying that there is no need to enter into the merely personal aspects of the struggle raging between President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt, it says:

"They are too squalid and unimportant to concern any one but the friends and countrymen of the contestants."

Continuing, the article says:

"There is something almost incredibly thin and anaemic in the whole Roosevelt-Taft controversy. The tendencies which each represents are linked to no specific questions. There is much personal recrimination and much windy discussion of theories, but neither of the two protagonists ever comes to grips with a really tangible issue or submits a definite policy to the judgment of the electorate. Each wanders over the illimitable field of speculation and half-baked metaphysics.

"There are great unsettled American problems that a commercial community, one would think, would pre-eminently desire to see rationally solved, but neither on the currency question, nor on the fiscal question, nor on the compendious question of trusts can one gather from Taft's or Roosevelt's speeches the policies and measures that either would recommend to Congress. Nearly all the issues which they have dealt with are State, not National, issues, and will not be affected one way or the other, whatever be the result of the Presidential election. And of these local issues the one that has aroused the greatest interest and discussion is Roosevelt's proposal for popular revision of the decisions of State courts on matters of constitutional interpretation.

"One has only to contrast such trumpery issues as this with the living and intensive problems that dominate the political thought of Europe to realise the comparative hollowness and make-believe of American politics.

"One has only to reflect that all the turmoil stirred up by the Roosevelt-Taft contest is for the purpose of deciding nothing more vital than the choice of the party candidate for a single office in order to perceive that the over-elaborating of the mere machinery of politics is in itself one of the most formidable obstacles to efficiency in American statesmanship."

FRENCH PAPER CARTOONS ROW.

We Haven't Such Here, Is the Legend Under the Picture.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 17.—The Taft-Roosevelt quarrel is the subject of a deal of comment and scathing criticism. This phase of the Presidential campaign is made by La Nation the subject of a clever cartoon on the front page. It shows Taft and Roosevelt glaring angrily at each other and exchanging the following epithets:

"Sycophant!" "Violator of the Constitution!" "Forger!" "Ingrate!" "Tyrant!" "Briber!" "Dictator!" "Obstructionist!" "Dangerous demagogue!" "Mr. Facing-Both-Ways!"

Below the picture is the legend:

"At any rate, we haven't this in France."

TERMS RECALL A DELUSION.

Advocates Are Like Hasty Reformers of French Revolution, Says Wickersham.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—"It is the spirit of the impatient social reformer of the French Revolution, not the spirit of Anglo-Saxon freedom, which advocates these strange departures from our national traditions and our national institutions," declared Attorney General George W. Wickersham to-night before the Law Alumni of the University of Pennsylvania in an address on the "Judicial Function," referring to the proposal that judicial decisions receive popular indorsement.

"That the rights of all the people can be advanced by destroying the independence of the judiciary, making their already brief tenure subject to the uncertainty of momentary popular favor, and subjecting the decisions resulting from the careful consideration of nice questions of relative public and private welfare in the light of constitutional provisions, to the arbitrament of popular election is," he said, "one of those strange delusions difficult for any student of law and history to comprehend.

"Most of the recent specific criticisms of the judiciary have arisen out of decisions concerning the constitutionality, under State or Federal Constitutions, of legislation passed in the exercise of the police power for the real or ostensible purpose of protecting the health and safety of the people or of correcting social and economic injustice. The function of the judiciary with respect to such laws seems to be strangely misunderstood and grievously misrepresented.

"Certainly law books will be searched in vain to establish the contention recently promulgated that the courts have power to declare such laws constitutional, not only when they violate specific clauses of the State Constitution, but also when members of the court regard the act as contrary to their ideas of social justice.'

"Mistakes have been made by the judiciary, cases have been wrongly decided, and the extension of legal principles to meet new conditions under judicial interpretation and construction has often been slower than impatient reformers, desirous of immediate results, would wish. Yet no candid critic can say that, on the whole, the history of the American judiciary does not furnish as high if not a higher example of adequate results than that of any other branch of the Government."

ITALIAN ABSOLVES WILSON.

Governor's Views on Immigration Misrepresented, Dr. Luongo Says.

Through Dr. Frederico Luongo of Orange, who visited Gov. Wilson on behalf of the Italian-American Alliance, Gov. Wilson has disavowed any intention of disparaging the Italian race in his "History of the American People." Dr. Luongo has made public the letter he received from the Governor, and with it a statement on his own part to the effect that he is convinced a wrong construction has been put on the writings of the Governor.

"No man is better disposed or more capable of viewing the Italo-American as he is than our present Governor," Dr. Luongo says.

In his statement to Dr. Luongo, Gov. Wilson says:

"The passage so often referred to in my history and so grossly misrepresented referred to a particular period of our history when certain practices were in vogue with regard to immigration which it had become necessary for Congress to put a stop to by legislation in the well-known prohibition of the importation of laborers under contract. If you will refer back to the newspapers and other annals of that date you will find that the character of our immigration was very seriously affected at that time by the practices of the steamship companies and the employers of labor in this country, who were bringing over from the more shiftless classes in a great many of the European countries great numbers of unskilled laborers intended to displace laborers on this side of the water and lower the scale of wages.

"This is the only point of criticism I have ever found against the immigration from Europe into the United States. It has been my good fortune to know a great deal about the elements which the Italian and other southern people have contributed to our composite population, and I have reason to know how much the country has been enriched in every way by the elements thus added to it."

FAIRBANKS FOR CHAIRMAN.

Former Vice President Suggested to Open Chicago Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana, former Vice President, was suggested to-day as a possible selection for Temporary Chairman of the Republican National Convention. It is pointed out that the convention Arrangements Committee, which will make the selection, usually chooses a Chairman from a State represented by a member of the committee. It is a significant fact that Harry S. New of Indiana is the only committee member who has succeeded in getting a majority of his State delegation for Taft. He therefore is the only member who can present the name of a pro-Taft delegate from his State for the Chairmanship.

A quorum of the Convention Arrangements Committee is expected by to-morrow morning. The meeting will be held at 10 o'clock in the committee room in the Coliseum Annex. The quarters are all prepared for the meeting of the National Committee on June 6, when the hearings of contests will begin. The arrangement of rooms is about the same as in 1908, except that more paint has been used on the partitions and matting has been put down on all the floors. Postmaster Campbell and a party of friends inspected the quarters to-day. Credentials are coming in with a rush. All must be filed and all contests certified by May 20.

There is a dispute as to whether there will be 1,078 or 1,076 delegates to the convention, according to Secretary William Hayward. The uncertainty hinges on the question whether New Mexico will have eight delegates, representing the two Senators and two Congressmen from that State under the Statehood bill, or only six delegates, representing the two Senators and one Congressman, which the new Apportionment bill gives the State.

INSTRUCT FOR ROOSEVELT.

Georgia Bolters Select Eight Delegates at Second Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 17.—Eight delegates at large, with half a vote each were named to-day by the Roosevelt faction of the Georgia Republicans, who held a second State convention here to-day. Four are white men and four are negroes. They were instructed to vote for Col. Roosevelt as long as his name is before the convention.

In response to the roll call about 130 delegates answered to their names. J. T. Weaver, former State Senator from Gilmer County, was temporary Chairman, and Judson W. Lyons, former Registrar of the Treasury, permanent Chairman.

The convention was entirely harmonious until an effort was made to have the delegates at large named by a committee The effort failed. Resolutions adopted strongly extol Col. Roosevelt and denounce the Administration of President Taft.

FIRST TO ADOPT DIRECT VOTE

Bay State House for Electing Senators by Popular Vote.

BOSTON, May 17.—The House of Representatives adopted by acclamation today the Bristow amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the direct election of United States Senators. The matter probably will come up in the Senate early next week.

Prior to the vote Gov. Foss had sent a message to the House calling the attention of the members of that body to the fact that Congress has provided for submitting to the States an amendment to the Federal Constitution whereby United States Senators shall be elected by the people.

Gov. Foss urged that Massachusetts be the first State to ratify the amendment, adding that this State would elect a Senator next year.

The Massachusetts House is the first State Legislative body to act on the Bristow amendment.

DR. STIRES POLICE CHAPLAIN.

Rector of St. Thomas's Accepts Waldo's Invitation.

Police Commissioner Waldo announced yesterday that the Rev. Dr. Ernest Milmoro Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church, had been appointed Police Chaplain. Mr. Waldo is a parishioner of that church. Dr. Stires accepted in a letter in which he says:

"You tell me that the office is an honorary one, carrying with it no salary, and requiring only such work as I may from time to time deem to be of aid to the men of the department belonging to our church.

"You suggest that this might include holding an annual service for the police in St. Thomas's Church, and having the sick members of the force visited in the hospitals by myself or my assistants.

"I am glad to report that our parish clergy and a number of our laymen to whom I have mentioned your invitation are deeply interested, having expressed the hope that I will accept, and have promised their fullest co-operation in any way in which they may be able to serve the department. Under these conditions I feel I may safely accept your appointment.

"I think that you know that here in St. Thomas's we are endeavoring to develop a very positive and useful type of Christian citizenship, and the rector gladly accepts the opportunity to come in close and sympathetic contact with the most critically important department of the city."

Dr. Stires will be in the official reviewing stand at the police parade to-day.

MRS. RYCROFT WINS.

H. C. Pierce's Appeal from $171,149 Judgment Is Dismissed.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court dismissed yesterday the appeal of Henry Clay Pierce, an oil operator, from a judgment for $171,149 against him in favor of Mrs. Alice G. Rycroft. Mrs. Rycroft charged that Pierce had undertaken to guide her in investments and had transferred her brokerage account to his own name with Post & Flagg from Arthur S. Leland & Co. She said that he had placed the account in his name without authority.

Pierce did not appear and judgment was taken by default. He wanted the verdict set aside and the case reopened on the ground that he had been ill in Florida. To this the court replied that he had been at Palm Beach participating in festivities.

ASSERTS ROOSEVELT DID AID THE TRUST

Taft's Secretary Gives Out Statement of Federal Attorney Who Investigated Harvester Case.

BONAPARTE WAS CONVINCED

Sure Law Was Being Violated, but Didn't File Suit After Perkins Saw Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—President Taft's secretary, Charles D. Hilles, appeared unannounced in Washington today and at the White House gave out a statement concerning the delay in the prosecution of the International Harvester Company during President Roosevelt's Administration in 1907. It was not known here that Mr. Hilles had left President Taft's party in Ohio. He went to join the President again to-night.

"I have come to Washington to get United States Attorney Townsend's statement in reference to the Harvester Trust," says the statement. Townsend, in 1907, was one of the attorneys in the Department of Justice, and had made an investigation of charges against the International Harvester Company.

"It shows conclusively," the statement continues, "that President Roosevelt compelled his Attorney General to discontinue the Harvester prosecution in the Fall of 1907, eighteen months prior to the Colonel's retirement from office.

"President Roosevelt's term expired two years after the matter had been placed in the hands of the prosecuting officer as the result of an investigation. It is quite apparent from the record that civil and criminal proceedings were about to begin; that about a year and a half before President Roosevelt went out of office, George W. Perkins took a hand in matters; and that in a remarkably short time thereafter the whole matter was suppressed, stifled, strangled, or put through some other process which, by whatever name you call it, I have no doubt was quite satisfactory to the Harvester Trust. If anybody was responsible for it besides President Roosevelt and the officials acting directly under his instructions, it does not appear from the record.

Bonaparte Starts Legal Action.

"Mr. Townsend began his inquiry in the Spring of 1906. On Feb. 21, 1907, Mr. Bonaparte transmitted Townsend's report to United States Attorney Sims at Chicago, instructing him to take up the matter with a view to the institution of criminal prosecution against the individuals and corporations implicated. Mr. Townsend having recommended prosecution.

"Sims wrote that if the report 'proves to be correct, it is my judgment that civil proceedings can be successfully maintained against the Harvester Trust,' and that probably evidence could be obtained to convict the corporation and possibly a number of the individuals concerned. There was delay, of which Senator Hanbrough complained to President Roosevelt, and Mr. Bonaparte wrote to the Senator that the case would receive immediate attention. An effort was made on the one hand to proceed with the prosecution; on the other hand to work delay through a protracted investigation by the Bureau of Corporations.

"In his written statement, Townsend says that in the Spring of 1908 he was abruptly ordered to the Pacific Coast to begin another investigation and was therefore compelled to drop the Harvester matter. He says:

'Attorney General Bonaparte told me the reason why he had not been authorized to institute the Harvester Trust suits. Shortly after I left Washington in the Spring of 1907 the Harvester Trust people in some way learned of my report, and asked permission of Attorney General Bonaparte to file a written statement by way of defense. Mr. Bonaparte considered this statement (of the Harvester Trust) not only insufficient by way of defense, but as a direct admission of all the essential facts, showing a violation of the anti-trust law.

Shortly afterward Mr. Perkins, the organizer of the Harvester Trust, called upon Mr. Bonaparte in company with Herbert Knox Smith, and I think, Cyrus H. McCormick. They requested Mr. Bonaparte to accompany them on a visit to President Roosevelt for the purpose of persuading the President to refrain from prosecuting the Harvester Trust. Mr. Bonaparte refused to do so upon the ground that the written statement filed by the Harvester Trust was in effect a confession of a violation of the law, and therefore he (Mr. Bonaparte) would not stultify himself by temporizing with the subject in any manner.

'Thereafter Mr. Perkins and Mr. Smith (and, I think, Mr. McCormick) went out and interviewed President Roosevelt, and succeeded in persuading him not to prosecute the Harvester Trust, and shortly thereafter President Roosevelt instructed Attorney General Bonaparte not to take action.

'Attorney General Bonaparte gave me this explanation for the purpose of assuring me that he had not intentionally broken his word with me in the matter of authorizing me to institute a suit against the Harvester Trust. Mr. Bonaparte plainly indicated to me that he was offended because the recommendations of the Harvester Trust people had apparently had more weight with the President than his own recommendations and advice.

Mr. Hilles then refers to Col. Roosevelt's declaration that none of the papers in the Harvester Trust ever were suppressed, and reviews the recent presentation of some of the papers to the Senate. The statement then continues:

"These papers show that the Harvester Trust was about to be prosecuted for rebating, but promised to do better, which promise was satisfactory to the Attorney General. Other trusts, probably not of the benevolent variety, were fined for rebating, and had to settle in the courts.

Threat From George W. Perkins.

"The suppressed papers show also that George W. Perkins was referred to as the representative of the 'far-reaching Morgan interests,' and that Mr. Perkins said to Commissioner Smith that if the Harvester Trust was to be attacked then the Morgan interests were 'going to fight,' whereupon Mr. Smith wrote to President Roosevelt that 'it is a very practical question whether it is well to throw away now the great influence of the so-called Morgan interests.'

"President Roosevelt had sent the report to the Attorney General with these directions: 'Please do not file the suit until I hear from you.'

"Col. Roosevelt met the damaging disclosure by saying that Mr. Taft as a member of his Cabinet had advised the action that subsequently was taken. He even alleged that if his memory served him Mr. Taft made the motion in Cabinet meeting which resulted in substituting an investigation for a prosecution.

"The records of the War Department were then introduced by President Taft to show that in the Fall of 1907, during the full period of the correspondence, he was absent from the country in the Philippines and elsewhere. Col. Roosevelt then shifted his ground and said that President Taft approved the suppression of the suit after his return, in January, 1908.

"This last charge is disproved by the record, which shows that on Nov. 7, 1907, (Mr. Taft was out of the country from early in September until late in December, 1907,) Herbert Knox Smith, the Commissioner of the Bureau of Corporations, telephoned Mr. Perkins 'at the President's order,' that the President took the view that the bureau's investigation should come before the suit. Why, then, would the matter be brought before the Cabinet for serious discussion in January, 1908?

"If it was brought before the Cabinet in January, then Mr. Perkins had a 'scoop' of sixty days on the President's confidential advisers. It is significant, too, that the order directed Commissioner Smith to communicate with Mr. Perkins of J. P. Morgan & Co. and not with the President or attorney of the Harvester Trust."

Six Idaho Votes for Roosevelt.

LEWISTON, Idaho, May 17.—The Roosevelt delegates, in complete control of the State Republican Convention, elected yesterday 8 uninstructed delegates to the National Convention. Of the delegates elected 6 are known as stanch Roosevelt men, while 2 are said possibly to favor President Taft.

The little things

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CHALLENGES COLONEL TO NAME HIS BACKERS

Continued from Page 1.

Roosevelt shouldn't be elected for a third term."

Into this city came Col. Roosevelt last night and in an address before 8,000 Toledo people launched into a warm defense of the boss. The speech has created a great deal of feeling among Republicans who are as friendly to Col. Roosevelt as they are opposed to his campaign manager and what he stands for in Ohio. A fair indication of the sentiment created by the Colonel's speech may be had from this editorial which appears to-day in a Progressive Republican newspaper, The Toledo News-Bee:

Either Mr. Roosevelt was grossly imposed upon when he attempted to make a hero of Boss Brown in his speech in Toledo last night, or he gave his audience an exhibition of colossal egotism.

The people of Toledo know Walter Brown. They know what kind of a boss he is. They know that while he was at the head of the Republican organization in Lucas County he was on payroll of the street railway company, and tried to use the Republican organization to get a valuable franchise for his employers.

They know that, in defiance of public sentiment, he tried to boss a machine council into passing a franchise ordinance over the veto of Mayor Jones, and again over the veto of Mayor Finch.

They know that he appeared at Columbus during legislative sessions as the paid representative of Public Service Corporations and used his position of influence in the Republican Party for the benefit of corporations and against the public interest.

They know that for years he has been on the payroll of the brewery merger in Toledo, and that in wet and dry fights in this county the influence of the boss and his machine have been thrown on the side of the breweries which employed him.

They know that since he has been the Republican boss in Lucas County the people have had to drive the Republican Party from power in order to get a city government that would represent the people instead of Public Service corporations.

They know that as boss he controlled an inner circle of bosses and office-holders who, instead of being public servants, sought to be public masters.

In fact, the people of Toledo know more about Boss Brown than Mr. Roosevelt ever dreamed. But if Mr. Roosevelt keeps well posted he ought to know Boss Brown's record as a boss. If he did know that record and still had the impudence to attempt to put a halo on such a political boss, then an egotism that prompts an ex-President to attempt to convince the people of Toledo in spite of what they know themselves is something Napoleonic.

If he didn't know what he was talking about, then he ought to take the trouble to get posted before attempting the impossible feat of making the people of Toledo believe that Boss Brown is in any sense a Progressive Republican or a believer in the kind of government and Republicanism Abraham Lincoln believed in.

Roosevelt takes great delight in roasting Boss Cox and conveying the impression that President Taft is supported by Cox. Well, he ought to know enough about Ohio politics to know that Boss Brown sat with open ears at the feet of Boss Cox and learned his lessons in bossism from that past master of the art.

The people of Toledo need no outside information on their Boss Brown.

Col. Roosevelt in his speech here last night declared that a large portion of the fortune of two very rich men was being spent in this district to defeat him. He did not mention the name of either of the two candidates for delegate pledged to President Taft, but the inference was plain.

Mr. Libbey, in discussing the Roosevelt assertion, said that he had not put a cent into the campaign and did not intend to.

"I have never been in favor of and never shall be in favor of any proposition to put up money to be elected to any public position," said Mr. Libbey. "I am in this campaign at the personal solicitation of President Taft and because I believe in him. He has given to the country a clean and honest administration and it would be a disgrace if the State of Ohio should not give him a solid delegation. I have no confidence in Roosevelt's word. I don't think this country can afford to take a chance on his leadership."

Fully 8,000 people who had been waiting for more than two hours at the Terminal Auditorium for the President to arrive waved American flags and cheered for five minutes. President Taft visibly affected by the greeting, smiled and smiled his acknowledgment while the demonstration lasted.

Persons who attended the Roosevelt meeting last night said that while the crowd that attended that gathering was somewhat larger than the crowd that heard the President speak to-night, the close attention with which the audience sat through his speech and the earnestness that rang through the applause and the cheering was in marked contrast to the attitude of the Roosevelt crowd last night.

President Taft took the occasion at the meeting this evening to say something about Walter F. Brown, the local Republican boss and Col. Roosevelt's campaign manager. He pointed out that Brown originally had been friendly to him and had not deserted until differences had arisen between them over some judicial appointments within the State. The audience applauded the denunciation of Brown.

"I thought I knew better whom I ought to appoint than Mr. Brown did, and the responsibility rested with me," the President explained.

ASSAILS ROOSEVELT'S BACKERS.

Taft Devotes 14 Speeches to Dan Hanna and Walter Brown.

TOLEDO, Ohio, May 17.—President Taft adopted new tactics against Col. Roosevelt to-day. In practically every one of fourteen speeches he made the President used an argument of particular interest to Ohio and to the northern part of the State, bringing in continually the names of Dan R. Hanna of Cleveland and Walter R. Brown of Toledo, leaders of the Roosevelt movement. The President called Mr. Brown "the only boss now in active commission in the State," and charged that Mr. Hanna, "with unlimited wealth," was allied with the special interests, but yet was recognized by Mr. Roosevelt as a patriot, not a boss.

At Tiffin late to-day the President said:

"My friends, Mr. Roosevelt has introduced the issue of the bosses. He says that I am the candidate of the bosses and he is against them all and they are all against him. You have right here, in Northern Ohio, the only man who is in full commission as a boss, Walter Brown of Toledo, and he is backed by Dan Hanna, who is associated with all the great interests in Northern Ohio, and they own three newspapers. Now, that makes a fine collection, doesn't it? Three great metropolitan newspapers, a man with unlimited wealth associated with all the great special interests, and a boss to represent them in politics.

"And yet Mr. Roosevelt says Mr. Brown is a patriot and a Progressive. I am not attacking Mr. Roosevelt because Mr. Brown supports him. He is just like me and just like any other person in politics. He takes the support of any man who comes to him, without asking him for a certificate of character."

Aside from this incursion into Ohio politics, Mr. Taft's talks were of the same tenor as on previous days of the present trip.

In a speech at Bellevue President Taft declared that much of the support now being given Col. Theodore Roosevelt in his fight for a renomination is coming from men indicted by the Taft administration.

At Fremont President Taft spoke on the same spot where his father, Alphonse Taft, spoke in the campaign of 1856.

"I've got tired being lied about and being held up to the country as having violated every rule of conduct when I am not conscious that I have violated any," shouted President Taft in the course of his speech at the Toledo auditorium.

Mr. Taft's speech was one of the most bitter and one of the most plain spoken that he has made since he began to answer the charges of Col. Roosevelt, and to use hot shot of his own. The President bluntly charged that Walter Brown of Toledo, one of the Roosevelt leaders here, had ceased to be a Taft supporter because the President refused to accept his recommendation for judicial appointments. He declared that the opposition to him on the part of Dan Hanna of Cleveland came as a consequence of indictments against Mr. Hanna by the Taft Department of Justice. His appeals to the crowd for a square deal and his attacks on Mr. Roosevelt were loudly cheered. It was the most demonstrative gathering Mr. Taft has addressed on his present trip.

The President's unusual bitterness toward Mr. Roosevelt was apparent from the first. He launched immediately into accusations of unfairness upon the part of his predecessor that caught the fancy of his hearers and brought forth many bursts of cheering and hand clapping.

"The sound of the names Mr. Roosevelt has called me," said the President, "still lingers in my ears. Since the time he began his personal attacks on me, he has used all the epithets he could think of, and all the names in the calendar such as no President has ever been subjected to by a man who has had two terms in that office."

Mr. Taft called the tariff views of Mr. Roosevelt ridiculous and labelled his schemes of a tariff that would make a division of profits between the laborer and the employer "catchpenny phrases."

"Neither Mr. Roosevelt nor anybody else," declared the President, "could ever draw such a bill. He was in the White House seven years and never tried to revise the tariff."

Coming to Ohio and to Walter Brown, the President said: "I have had Walter Brown's support in the past, and it was effective, but Walter Brown and I differed about judicial appointments, and I thought I knew more about it than he did.

"Mr. Dan Hanna was indicted under the rebate law, and after that date The Cleveland Leader and all his papers turned against me.

"It little lies in Mr. Roosevelt's mouth to say that I am tied up with the interests when the evidence that has been brought out in the Harvester and Steel Trust cases and also right in Ohio shows where he stands."

Mr. Taft for the first time flatly charged that Mr. Roosevelt, his campaign manager, Senator Dixon, and Democratic Senators prevented the ratification of the peace treaties as they originally were put before the Senate.

"Who defeated those treaties?" he asked, shaking his fist and walking up and down the platform. "It was Theodore Roosevelt, Senator Dixon, and the Democrats.

"What I am afraid of," said the President, 'is the danger that you and the whole country will be blurred in your vision of the true issues by Mr. Roosevelt's attacks on me and that men will go on voting for Mr. Roosevelt because they believe what he says of me and forget the danger that lies in putting him in the White House for a third term."

COLONEL HAS THROAT TREATED

Makes Two Speeches at Columbus—Reaches Cleveland To-night.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 17.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt made two speeches in this city to-night. The first was to an audience of 5,000 at Olentangy Park.

Memorial Hall, with a capacity of 3,500, was filled to overflowing, and there were 4,000 on the outside. Many prominent leaders were present, including three Mayors from neighboring cities.

A throat specialist who had been wired for by the Colonel's secretary met him at the station and treated his throat. His ailment is not severe, and his voice was in good condition when he spoke to-night.

Col. Roosevelt will spend the night in his private car in this city, and in the morning will start for Delaware for his Saturday tour, and will close the day in Cleveland.

President Taft's theory of constitutional government, said Col. Roosevelt here to-night, is that it is "a government administered by Messrs. Lorimer, Guggenheim, Barnes, Gallinger, and their like, in defiance of the will of the people; that it is a government under which the people are defrauded of their rights by these men."

The former President said that Mr. Taft was mistaken in asserting that the success of the cause for which he stands now seems assured. The Chicago Convention, he continued, "will not be controlled by fraud and force."

These statements were made [illegible]

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speech at Memorial Hall. He began his address by saying that he should receive the support of every Ohio Republican who wished to vote at the primaries for a Progressive.

"I

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The SEAL of SAFETY

SUGAR TRUST BOUGHT A USELESS REFINERY

Took In North River Plant Only Because the City Was Likely to Need the Site.

J. A. STURSBERG SO TESTIFIES

But He Doesn't Remember That Trust Paid Owners of Brooklyn Refining Co. Anything for Their Stock.

District Attorney Wise, in the Sugar Trust hearing in the Federal Building before Special Examiner Wilson B. Brice yesterday, tried to ascertain from Julius A. Stursberg, one of the survivors of the eleven Trustees of the Sugar Refineries Company, the predecessor of the American Sugar Refining Company, the method and object of the amalgamation. Mr. Stursburg was the Treasurer of the Brooklyn Sugar Refining Company, which was taken into the first trust. He developed a poor memory of the details of that merger.

It came out, however, that just before the merger took place the Brooklyn concern, with a capital of $300,000, was paying 15 per cent. besides meeting the interest on $2,500,000 borrowed capital, and dividing $22,000 as salaries among its three principal officers. In the Sugar Refineries Company, according to the witness, each refinery turned over to the trust all its proceeds after retaining only enough for working capital, but Mr. Stursberg could not remember what his duties as Treasurer of the Brooklyn concern were beyond signing checks.

"What did the American Sugar Refining Company pay for the stock of the Sugar Refineries Company?" Mr. Wise asked.

"I don't remember," replied Mr. Stursberg.

"You were one of the eleven Trustees of the company. What did you get for your stock?"

"I don't remember."

"Was not American Sugar stock issued for the Brooklyn Refinery?"

"Yes, that was the method."

"Isn't it a fact that each of the stockholders got $1 and nothing else?"

"I can't say."

Knows That He Didn't Get Anything.

"Well, did you as a stockholder get anything?"

"No."

"Do you know any one who did?"

"No. Stock of the American Sugar Refining Company was issued in exchange for the old trustee certificates at a nominal premium."

Frank L. Crawford of counsel for the American Sugar Refining Company tried to attack the testimony of Ernst W. Gerbracht, ex-Superintendent of the Havemeyer & Elder refinery, on technical points through Mr. Stursberg, but Mr. Wise objected. When at length Mr. Crawford framed a hypothetical question that he thought would clear up the point he needed he was met with the witness's usual "I can't tell."

Mr. Crawford then set to work to show that the 1887 merger was necessary because of the shaky condition of the trade. He brought out that in 1888 the physical property of the Brooklyn Sugar Refining Company was worth more than $1,500,000 and that its profits were between $500,000 and $600,000. In 1887 the company received from $3,000,000 to $3,500,000 trust certificates for its property, which the witness considered a very fair price. From 1884 the production of sugar began to exceed the demand for seven months in the year, and many refineries were run at a loss.

"It was at its worst in 1887," said Mr. Stursberg, "and a number of sugar concerns suspended."

"Before the trusteeship," Mr. Crawford asked, "was any attempt made to regulate the overproduction?"

"Yes, in 1886, but it failed and a red-hot war followed."

"What do mean by a red-hot war?"

"All the refineries disposed of their sugar anywhere and everywhere regardless of cost. It demoralized trade and made it very bad."

Bought "Junk" to Sell to the City.

Mr. Wise took up redirect examination, and showed that after the amalgamation a number of refineries were turned into storehouses because it was believed that by removing a cause of variation in the market the cost would be more than repaid. The North River Sugar Refinery, though it was considered junk, was taken in because it was expected that the city would condemn the property.

Then Mr. Wise went into the profits of the Brooklyn concern immediately before the merger.

"What dividends did the Brooklyn company pay between 1884 and 1887?" he asked.

"About 15 per cent."

"On a nominal capital of $300,000?"

"Yes. We deducted all expenses, including interest on $1,500,000 in bonds and $1,500,000 on borrowed capital from the gross profits."

"Did anything except the dividends come out of what remained?"

"Yes; the officers took 30 per cent. for salaries. The lowest sum I recollect dividing was $21,000."

Henry Doscher, Superintendent of the Brooklyn plant in 1887, was examined after lunch. He told how he had stayed with the American Sugar Refining Company after the amalgamation till his father began to build a refinery on Long Island in 1899. Then he had an interview with Mr. Havemeyer and was told his contract must be discontinued.

His father's refinery had fierce competition with the American Sugar Refinery and the Arbuckles and in the end lost a good deal of money. In 1901 he sold out to the National Sugar Refining Company of New Jersey for $3,000,000, half in stock and half in cash.

Adrian Larkin, counsel for the National Sugar Refining Company, objected when Mr. Wise asked if the witness knew at the time of the sale that Mr. Havemeyer was interested largely in the National, and a dispute arose as to the status of a witness who refuses to answer a question before a special examiner. Mr. Doscher finally said that he did not know that Mr. Havemeyer was interested in the National.

Mr. Wise brought out that the offer the National Sugar Company had been large enough to tempt the witness to sell, and he was then excused.

A good deal of documentary evidence was then put in and the hearing was adjourned until Monday.

WELFARE TALK ONLY AT STEEL DINNER

Nothing About Prices, and After a Little Discussion There's a Moving-Picture Show.

JUDGE GARY GIVES COUNSEL

Believes in Country's Laws and Public's Rights; Also in Competition, but Not the Destructive Kind.

No inquisitive Congressman or agent of the Department of Justice could have found anything at last night's annual dinner of the American Iron and Steel Institute to confirm the oft-repeated charges that the famous "Gary" dinners have been a modern and more subtle successor to pools as a means of fixing prices in the trade. Judge Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, presided as he has from the beginning of the institute's activities, but he talked only to introduce the speakers of the evening, having said all he wanted to say at the business session earlier in the day, the accounts of which were made public.

All that was impromptu dealt with welfare work, which has come prominently to the front in the steel trade in the last year or two, and had been a particularly live subject with the Steel Corporation since charges of industrial slavery were made against it a year ago. Percival Roberts, a member of the corporation's Committee on Labor Conditions and Welfare Work, recited briefly some of the work that is being done for the betterment of labor conditions.

President Schiller of the American Tube Company, who is on the Committee of Welfare of the institute, discussed the work that is being done in the trade generally. Raynal C. Bolling spoke of the specific developments at the corporation's plants in South Chicago and Gary.

Accident prevention has cost several millions of dollars at the plants he said. In the days following the panic, when the steel trade held out against a wholesale reduction of prices with a unanimity which focused attention on the Gary dinners as the possible medium through which price agreements were reached, the dinners were events in the trade. Steel men came early and stayed late, and trade conditions were burning topics. Last night the 220 members who sat in the Astor Gallery at the Waldorf stayed late, but it was to watch moving pictures of mining operations in the Lake Superior region and not to discuss what is a fair price. William J. Olcott was the lecturer. Dr. Thomas Darlington, Secretary of the Institute's Welfare Committee, read a paper on "Enforcement of Health Laws."

Judge Gary's was the dominant voice at the afternoon session of the institute, which preceded the dinner. He incorporated the institute in April, 1908. Because of the frequent charges before the Stanley Committee that the organization was no more than a cloak for agreements on prices in the trade, this year's session had been awaited with especial interest. Hitherto, although the meetings have been closed to outsiders, full stenographic reports have been given to the trade papers, and, in fact, the principal trade papers have been represented in the membership at the meetings.

Since the last meeting efforts have been made to increase the number of practical men in the institute by reducing the initiation fee and annual dues, and steps have been taken to preserve the papers read at the session for circulation in the industry.

Advance copies of the papers read were given yesterday to the press. Judge Gary's principal topic was the relation of the steel industry to labor. He took the same attitude he has always taken in advising co-operation and good will between the rival interests in steel making. He declared that in no industry in any period or in any country had labor been more fairly treated than in the steel trade.

Labor leaders had made desperate efforts to bring discontent into the ranks of the employes, he said, but had been unsuccessful. He declared that it was proposed by the heads of the institute to establish a bureau of statistics, to give information to members. Judge Gary asserted, speaking of the competition in the trade to-day, that the methods of the iron and steel men of bygone years were ruthless in driving out weaker competitors. Speaking of the present period of low profits, he said: "I hope no one engaged in our industry will lose heart. I hope you will stand by your guns. Don't desert the ship. You are going to be prosperous in the future as in the past.

No Defiance for Law.

"Don't believe that competition is harmful or that your competitor is your enemy. Competition is necessary. I believe in competition thoroughly. But, I do not believe in destructive competition, which is calculated to drive out the weak, so that only the strong may survive." This sentiment was applauded.

"There must be friendly relations between us," he continued. "I should feel distressed if I thought that any one in the trade would think that I was a party to a scheme to drive out competitors."

He was not in favor of secrecy in the steel business, he said.

"I think the public should know what we are doing," he declared. "I have no spirit of defiance against the laws of the country; I do not wish to antagonize the laws of the country. But, in so far as we stand, we must stand together and compel each other to recognize the rights of others."

The Judge then made an excursion close to the borders of politics in defining the word "progressive."

"We are passing through an age of peculiar conditions," said he. "Although there is a spirit of unrest throughout the country, I think it is exaggerated. The people of the world are moving, and this means progress. In other words, we are progressing. Now I am not going to talk politics, but the name progressive is not dangerous; because a man is called a progressive it does not mean that he is a demagogue, or a Socialist, or an anarchist."

He said that what we needed in this country, and what the members of the institute needed to prepare for, was conservative progress. He said: "We should look on both sides of every question and find out just what is the matter. We must throw off the coat of our self-righteousness, and be more generous toward each other." He then said that it would please him to see the members of the institute occupy a position which would be a recognition of criticism, claims, and demands of the public. "We must not ignore the demands or criticisms of the public," said he, "but we must try and profit by what is said about us."

Destructive Competition Defined.

E. A. S. Clarke, President of the Lackawanna Steel Company, discussed "Contract Obligations," a problem which the industry has gone a long way toward solving since the reaction after the panic of 1907. He suggested that standardized differentials and sales contracts should be used as fast as the members "may feel inclined to do so."

Joseph G. Butler, Jr., Vice President of the Brier Hill Steel Company, discussed "Competition," the subject which has been Judge Gary's favorite topic. He laid emphasis on the possibilities of competition outside of price considerations. After elaborating this side of the subject, he got to price cutting, which he did not call by that name.

"There is another form of price competition," he said, "which is in a class by itself, one which our good friend Judge Gary has brought to our attention from time to time—it is the old destructive competition, which Judge Gary and others have tried to avoid. When a seller reduces prices not for the sake of securing a particular order, but for the definite purpose of bringing them to so low a level that his rival is forced out of the field, this form of competition can do no possible good, but it tends inevitably toward monopoly."

John A. Topping, Chairman of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, which started the open price cutting in iron and steel two years ago, talked on the same subject and also condemned destructive competition.

Mr. Topping declared that competition stimulated business and did more good than monopoly to every one concerned.

"I supplied several of my competitors during the past year with my selling cost and gave them general information," said he.

Mr. Topping Agrees with Them.

Mr. Topping said in his opinion this was a good practice, and if adopted by all the members of the institute a great benefit to competition would be effected.

Charles M. Schwab followed Mr. Topping. "A state of affairs has grown up in the steel trade recently," he said, "that is so different from the destructive competition of years ago that it shows the progress that is being made. We have advanced in manufacture, advanced in the way of doing business, and now we are getting advanced in the methods of selling goods so that the old destructive competition is going."

James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, talked on "Contracts."

Willis L. King, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company of Pittsburgh, said:

"It is my firm belief that this uncertainty between contract buyers and sellers is mainly responsible for the extreme fluctuation in prices in the recent past, and that it will continue injuriously to affect values until a contract is regarded as binding to both buyers and sellers alike."

Julian Kennedy of Pittsburgh spoke of "Some Experiences in India." William R. Walker on "Electric Furnaces," and A. S. Cushman on "Corrosion of Steel and Its Prevention." Other speakers were Theodore W. Robinson, Eugene B. Clark, Samuel T. Wellman, Louis J. Campbell, and George B. Waterhouse. The session will continue to-day.

FEDERAL INQUIRY ON REITMAN

Government to Take Up Attacks on I. W. W. Men at San Diego.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 17.—The Department of Justice has instructed the United States District Attorney at Los Angeles to make a thorough investigation of the trouble in San Diego with the members of the Industrial Workers of the World, and to report to the Attorney General. This was done, it was said, after appeal for such an investigation from the authorities of San Diego had been considered by the Cabinet.

Members of the Citizens' Committee of San Diego resumed their campaign of "friendly advice" to-day. Citizens who had gone on the bonds of members of the Industrial Workers and the attorneys of the latter were warned. It is expected that within two days every person out on bond as a result of charges of having violated the ordinance regulating street speaking and attempts to wreck the city jail, will have been surrendered by their bondsmen.

Three members of the committee have gone to Fullerton, near Los Angeles, to seize Jack White, who openly professed anarchy in San Diego. His bondsmen have asked to be relieved.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 17.—Dr. Ben Reitman, who was tarred by San Diego vigilantes several days ago, and Emma Goldman, declared to-day they were preparing to strike back at the beastly mob which drove them from the Southern city.

Miss Goldman said a movement was being organized by the I. W. W. and "Direct Action" Socialists to create a National sentiment which would compel San Diego to suppress the "lawless vigilantes."

Miss Goldman said she was going back to San Diego after a trip to San Francisco.

TO OUTFLANK OROZCO.

Mexican Troops Marching Toward Chihuahua—Huerta Engages Front

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, May 17.—Gen. B. J. Viljoen, special military adviser to the Madero Government, arrived here to-day with the report that 600 Federal troops were now marching from Hermosillo, Sonora, in the direction of Chihuahua, with the intention of flanking the rebels and attacking Orozco from the rear, while Gen. Huerta engaged from the front. The troops, Gen. Viljoen says, are in command of Gen. Obregon, who volunteered to lead the army against Orozco.

The troops are well armed, the Mexican officer says, and include a number of Yaqui Indian sharpshooters. They were expected near Casas Grandes soon, and will reach Chihuahua over the Mexican Northwestern Railroad. Mexican Consul Lorente has been predicting such an attack for several weeks, but the delay has been caused by the lack of ammunition in that part of the country.

MAYOR'S A GORODSKY GOLOVA

Not a Bad Thing to Call a Man If You Smile and Speak Russian.

A tall, good-looking Russian walked into the Mayor's reception room at the City Hall yesterday and asked Lieut. William Kennell, the officer at the door, if he might see the Gorodsky Golova. He smiled as he said it, so Kennell thought it must be all right.

"I don't quite get that," said the Lieutenant, swallowing hard and mentally taking stock of his list of languages. "I guess you had better see Secretary Adamson."

"Why, the Mayor is not here to-day," explained Mr. Adamson as soon as the visitor repeated his wish. (Later Mr. Adamson proudly explained to the reporters that he knew right away that Gorodsky Golova meant "Mayor" in Russian.)

The visitor introduced himself as His Excellency the Hon. Dmitri Alexevitch Kasitzine, President of the Municipal Council of St. Petersburg. He said he had come to America to attend the International Navigation Congress, to be held in Philadelphia on June 1, and was doing a little sightseeing in the meantime.

M. Kasitzine wanted to know if he could be present at a session of New York's Duma. After some colloquy Mr. Adamson discovered that the visitor meant the Board of Aldermen, and when he told his Excellency that the Aldermen held their deliberations in open session and that any one might look on the visitor departed with many expressions of gratitude.

DELAYED BY BORUP'S DEATH.

Expedition to Crocker Land Put Off Until Summer of 1913.

It was announced at the American Museum of Natural History yesterday that the Crocker Land Expedition which was to have gone northward this Summer under the leadership of George Borup and D. B. MacMillan has been postponed to the Summer of 1913, on account of the death of Borup and the impracticability of finding a satisfactory substitute for him in the short time remaining before the expedition was to start.

The Honorary Committee, consisting of President Henry Fairfield Osborn, Chandler Robbins, Gen. Thomas H. Hubbard, and Dr. Walter R. James, and the Working Committee, consisting of Dr. E. O. Hovey and H. L. Bridgman, have begun preparations for the reorganization of the expedition along such lines as circumstances may necessitate, without changing the main objects of the enterprise, as set forth in the prospectus issued in January, 1912. It has been decided to make the expedition a memorial to Borup.

Mr. MacMillan's connection with the enterprise continues as heretofore and he is utilizing the intervening time for the purpose of making additional preparations for the scientific work of the expedition. Of the $52,000 required $36,000 have been subscribed. Additional subscriptions are solicited to widen the scope of the enterprise and insure its thorough success.

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ICE-FIELD PATROL STARTED BY NAVY

Secretary Meyer Orders the Birmingham on Duty South of the Banks.

TO WARN SHIPS OF BERGS

Experiment May Lead to International Action—House Gets New Bill for Wireless on Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—An interesting experiment in the way of a tentative patrol of the dangerous ice fields of the North Atlantic Ocean has been started by Secretary Meyer, who has ordered the scout cruiser Birmingham to proceed from Philadelphia to south of the Grand Banks and report by wireless twice daily the observations of her officers. She will mark out the southern, eastern, and western boundaries of the ice floes and the location of icebergs, and will give signals from time to time of the position of icebergs, so that vessels in the vicinity may have warning.

The Birmingham has a powerful wireless outfit, and her radius at times is fully 2,000 miles. She will leave Philadelphia Sunday and will remain at sea probably two weeks, or as long as her coal supply will enable her to continue out.

If successful results attend the experiment it is said to be probable that the United States will take steps to have an international patrol of the danger zone established.

This action by Secretary Meyer is the outcome of a letter sent by the Maritime Association of New York to him yesterday urging the employment of the scout cruisers for such a purpose.

In spite of two recent changes in the steamer routes, which resulted in placing them more than 250 miles southward of the old lanes, it is felt that there is still danger of collision with icebergs.

Secretary Meyer said to-day there had been no consideration in the Navy Department of the plan of using battleship fire to destroy icebergs that are a menace to navigation. There is no authority in law for the use of ships and ammunition for this purpose, but it would be within the Secretary's power to order ships to conduct target practice with the targets set up against an iceberg, and the experiment could be tried out.

A substitute bill for the measure which passed the Senate on April 30, amending the act of June 24, 1910, requiring ocean-going steamers to carry wireless apparatus, was reported to the House to-day by Judge Alexander, Chairman of the Merchant Marine Committee. The Senate bill provided that after July 1 next it should be unlawful for any ocean-going steamer of the United States or of any foreign country carrying 100 or more persons, whether passengers or crew, to leave any American port unless the steamer is equipped with an efficient apparatus for radio communication in good working order in charge of two or more skilled operators, one of whom should be on duty at all hours of the day or night, the apparatus to be capable of transmitting at least 100 miles.

The substitute reported to the House postpones until Oct. 1 the date when the act shall become effective, and is framed so as to remove any doubt that it shall apply to cargo-carrying vessels as well as to passenger vessels, by providing that "it shall be unlawful for any steamer of the United States or of any foreign country, navigating the ocean or the great lakes, licensed to carry fifty or more passengers or crew or both, to leave American ports unless equipped as provided in the act."

The House bill further provides that the apparatus must be capable of receiving or transmitting messages at least 100 miles day or night "under all conditions of atmospheric disturbances when it is safe for the operator to work the set." The House bill also stipulates that an auxiliary power supply, independent of the main electric plant, must be provided.

There are twenty American cargo vessels with crews of fifty or more, to which this act will be applicable, and within the past few days the installation of wireless apparatus has already begun on nine of these. There are 114 such German cargo steamers, but of these most never reach American ports. The committee thinks there are at least 150 such British cargo steamers to which the act will apply.

KAISER FOR RADICAL REFORMS.

Tells Navigation Men the Vital Precautions Needed at Sea.

HOMBURG, May 17.—Following a conference here to-day between Emperor William and Herr Delbrück, Minister of the Interior; the President of the National Mariners' Association, and other experts in navigation, on the question of safety appliances for German ships, it was stated that the Emperor favored added precautions in the construction of ships to keep them afloat after accidents, the extension of the wireless service, and the carrying by vessels of lifeboats sufficient for everybody on board. The Emperor thought these features should be the principal objects for the consideration of those who are discussing measures to make travel by sea safer.

His Majesty, in addition, told those present at the conference that it was his desire that steerage passengers should have an equal chance with first and second class passengers in leaving a ship in distress.

The Emperor also discussed a system for reporting icebergs at sea and advised that the question of vessels, carrying searchlights, which was voted impracticable at a meeting of representatives of all the German steamship companies and of ship builders, marine architects, &c., May 6, be reconsidered. It was decided that this shall be done.

LONDON, May 17.—Sydney Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, to-day appointed a committee, consisting of nine prominent naval architects, to advise him as to the best methods to insure safety at sea by means of water-tight bulkheads or other internal sub-divisions of vessels.

Children in 'Old Scrooge' for Charity

A series of matinée performances will be given at Carnegie Lyceum, beginning next Monday afternoon, for the benefit of the Rest-a-While Summer Home for Crippled Children. Many of the stage children who appeared recently in "Disraeli" at Wallack's Theatre will offer "Old Scrooge," and the trial scene from "Pickwick Papers," under the direction of Mrs. Georgia Wolfe. The proceeds of the first three performances will be devoted to the Ever-Ready Branch of the Universal Sunshine Society and for the last three days to the Home for Crippled Children.

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Rock Island

FLOYD ALLEN MUST PAY DEATH PENALTY

Jury Finds Virginia Court House Assassin Guilty of First Degree Murder.

PRISONER SHOWS NO FEELING

Execution Date Will Not Be Named Until After Prisoner Has Testified at Other Trials.

Special to The New York Times.

WYTHEVILLE, Va., May 17.—"Guilty of murder in the first degree and punishment of death" was the verdict rendered by the jury in the Circuit Court here this morning in the case of Floyd Allen, one of the Hillsville Court House assassins, who for the last three weeks has been on trial, charged specifically with the murder of Commonwealth's Attorney William Foster on March 14.

Allen, as he sits in his cell alone to-night, maintains his composure and seems determined to keep up his nerve to the end. There is a trace of braggadocio in his manner, perhaps natural to one with his record and modes of action. Only in the painful scene with his faithful wife did he betray emotion. They were taken together from the Court House to the jail after the final events in the courtroom were enacted. Clasped in each other's arms, they wept aloud.

"I can die," said Allen, "and I can stand the ordeal, but I hate it so on your account."

Those who know him do not doubt that he will remain calm during the trial of Claude Swanson Allen, his son, next week for the murder of Thornton L. Massie, the martyred Judge, and that the father will do all he can toward saving the life of his son. Every safeguard is thrown around the condemned man and the other prisoners in the Wythe County Jail.

The death sentence and date for the execution of Floyd Allen was postponed by Judge Staples until after the trials in which Floyd Allen will appear as a witness. A formal motion that the verdict be set aside because of errors in the admission of testimony and in the granting and refusing of instructions, and because it is contrary to the law and the evidence, was overruled by Judge Staples without argument. The order will be made the basis of an appeal to the Supreme Court.

The jury was out all night, and it was not until after 10 o'clock this morning that the twelve men had been brought into agreement.

When court opened to-day the jury was called in and the foreman questioned by Judge Staples. The jurors declared there were a number of points of difference existing in the panel, and it was doubtful whether a verdict could be reached. Judge Staples declared the case was one of such magnitude he felt he must send the jury back with a few words of caution and advice.

He said that when a number of men were thrown together in intimate isolation for a long period of time, with all their thoughts and attention centred upon one matter, it was but natural there should be a tendency to different views and positions. Along with this tendency, he said, there was another tendency of the human intellect to fix deep-rooted in one's own mind unwarranted opinion in an earnest effort to convince others.

Judge Staples declared the jury had not been sworn to do other than to reach one conclusion—the guilt or innocence of the accused. He said if the jurors lost sight of that issue in any private individual opinion, they would do wrong to themselves, an unintended violence to their solemn obligation and grave injustice either to the commonwealth or the accused.

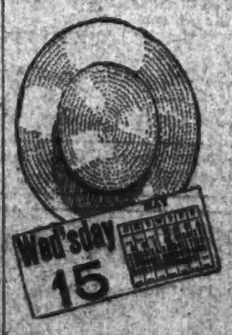
The jury again retired, and it was but a short time before announcement was made an agreement had been reached. When court reassembled, the foreman read the verdict of "guilty as charged in the indictment." Judge Staples held that was not the proper form. The foreman then explained that the verdict was one of guilty in the first degree, the penalty being death in the electric chair.

Floyd Allen was charged specifically at this time with the murder of Commonwealth's Attorney William M. Foster, prosecutor in the Carroll County Court at Hillsville last March, when the trial of Floyd Allen upon a minor charge culminated in the killing of five persons, Presiding Judge Thornton L. Massie, Prosecutor Foster, Sheriff L. J. Webb, Miss Elizabeth Ayres, and Augustus Fowler, a juror. The news of the murders sent a thrill of horror throughout the country.

The tragedy created a panic in the little mountainside town of Hillsville, where the inhabitants always held the Allen clansmen in deadly terror. Arrests of several of the Allens followed the shooting, but five of the principals escaped to the mountains. Rewards for their arrest resulted in three of them being taken, but Sidna Allen, leader of the clan, and Wesley Edwards, his nephew, still are at large.

The other prisoners, it is expected, will be tried immediately.

There was barely a handful of people in court. Whether this was because of fear that the Allens might attempt to repeat the scene enacted at Hillsville is not known, but there was no reason for such fear. Armed detectives searched persons entering the court room.



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a silk hose value that strikes twelve!

¶ Some things commoner in this world than a good silk half hose at half a dollar. In fact, a good silk half hose at that price is hard to get. Also, there are some things rarer than a good silk half hose at half a dollar—notably, half dollar hose at 29c. But good hose values gravitate to us in preference to others, because they happen to be our especial province.

¶ The particular hose in this offering are made of plain heavy all silk, and that is some consideration at 29c. Soles are of all silk or lisle, heels are spliced, and toes and heels are reinforced with lisle. Meaning they will wear satisfactorily. Colors are tan, navy, light and dark gray, maroon, green, purple, and a plentiful supply of black. There are 12,000 pairs in all, but they will not want for buyers at 29c per pair, so come in while the going's good. Come in now, today, this morning, this afternoon, right away, whatever o'clock it be. You cannot afford to miss it.

Main floor.

Men's Pajamas at 1.20
that usually sell for 2.00 & 2.50

don't go to sleep on a proposition like this!

¶ There are no two ways about this sale—it is an offering of splendid values. You can pay 2.00 and 2.50 for pajamas that have nothing on these for quality and workmanship. Of course, the number is limited—that is why the price is limited. But if life were one long carol of opportunities, we should cease to pursue them.

¶ Today's opportunities are made of fine mercerized cloths, with neat self figures and stripes. Commodious in cut, made with collar or without, finished with pearl buttons and artistic frogs. All sizes. White, blue, tan, gray, heliotrope, and alluring pinks.

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U. S. True Blue Serge Suits at $15

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THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

BOAT NOT KEPT AWAY, DUFF-GORDON SAYS

Titanic Seaman Admits Being Coached on His Evidence by Family Solicitor.

WAS TO SAY HE WAS MASTER

Accuser Reiterates Charge That the Duff-Gordons Objected to Returning to Save Some from the Wreck.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Saturday, May 18.—Searching to a degree which must have been highly uncomfortable to some witnesses were the proceedings before the Titanic court of inquiry yesterday. The public interest was shown not only by the crowded court, but also by the fact that the newspapers this morning print the evidence in extenso.

The day's session was devoted to the incident connected with No. 1 lifeboat, in which were Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon and Lady Duff-Gordon, who were accused by Fireman Hendrickson of protesting against a return to the scene of the wreck after the Titanic went down, although their boat was not full.

Hendrickson was the first witness examined, and he reiterated his statement that the Duff-Gordons objected to going back to attempt to rescue those in the water, and he stood by his original evidence despite a stiff cross-examination by Henry P. Duke, K. C., representing the Duff-Gordons.

Before Hendrickson stood down Lord Mersey, referring to Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon's present of $25 to each member of the crew, said:

"When you were here last you suggested that something had been said in the boat before you reached the Carpathia about money."

Hendrickson said:

"Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon said that he would give us a present."

"That was before you got aboard the Carpathia?" asked Lord Mersey.

"Yes, Sir," replied Hendrickson.

George Symons, the seaman who took charge of the lifeboat, was examined. Symons, in his evidence, declared that he had not turned back when he heard the cries of the passengers in the water because he was the master of the situation.

"It was not," he said, "at the instigation of anybody. I used my own discretion."

Attorney General Isaacs and Lord Mersey both put Symons through a series of searching questions, at this point Symons being induced to reiterate again and again his phrase about being "master of the situation."

Then the Attorney General unmasked his battery. After a series of questions aimed to show that Symons had been met on his arrival in England by a solicitor, who was representing a relative of the Duff-Gordons, Sir Rufus asked:

"Were you asked by this gentleman if you were 'master of the situation'?"

"Oh, yes," replied Symons; "that is what the gentleman said."

Both the Attorney General and Lord Mersey pressed the point home, eliciting the further information that Symons's visitor had suggested to Symons also the phrase about "using his own discretion."

Further questions showed that Symons's answers before the American court of inquiry were lacking in accuracy. Symons was so badgered by Sir Rufus Isaacs and other counsel, particularly Clem Edwards, who throughout the inquiry has shown the keenest intention to investigate the case to the bottom, that Lord Mersey finally said:

"Have mercy on the man."

Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon's examination by the Attorney General concluded the day's proceedings.

[By Cable.]

The London papers, following their custom, are content to give a verbatim report of the proceedings, leaving the readers to make their points, and the fact that The Daily News prints a special description and commentary by Harold Spender is somewhat significant. Spender thus writes of Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon:

"A well-dressed, pleasant-spoken, modern gentleman, clearly a man of easy life and circumstances, who had thus in the middle of the dark night at sea been suddenly faced with a question of doom and terror, Sir Cosmo was at first confident and glib, and gave us a story of the accident, which was given with some power and skill, and came with a certain freshness and relief after the halting utterances of humbler witnesses.

"But the searching questions of the Attorney General gradually pressed him back and broke down his calm and easy demeanor, and from behind that smooth exterior dragged a human soul into judgment.

"It was a terrible spectacle, this man battling pale faced, almost pleading for something still dearer than life, fighting for honor and repute.

"Then suddenly, at the height of this crisis, his story was cut off. The court was weary with the long sitting, and it broke up, leaving Sir Cosmo there on the witness stand, waiting for such help as may come to him from Mr. Duke, his counsel.

"Who," concludes Spender, "shall throw the first stone? Who shall say how he would have acted if faced with the sudden and unexpected figure of death on that cold, dark Atlantic?"

LONDON, May 17.—Fashionably dressed women were a conspicuous part of the audience at the Titanic court of inquiry to-day when statements were investigated involving Sir Cosmo and Lady Duff-Gordon as two of the five passengers of a partly-filled boat who were said to have protested against returning to the scene of the disaster to try and rescue some of those struggling in the water. An array of prominent lawyers were present to hear the testimony.

Sir Cosmo and Lady Duff-Gordon had seats near the witness stand and with their legal advisers, including Henry E. Duke, M. P.

Charles Hendrickson, a fireman of the Titanic, whose direct evidence before the court had given official color to the charges against the Duff-Gordons, was the first witness.

After the White Star counsel had asked a few questions Mr. Duke examined Hendrickson very closely regarding his statement, alleging that the Duff-Gordons were responsible for the boat not returning to the scene of the catastrophe.

Hendrickson stuck to his evidence, and although he could not specify when he first made the statement discrediting the Duff-Gordons, Sir Rufus Isaacs, the Attorney General, was able to prompt him from depositions taken at the time of the arrival of the crew in England, in which the witness had said "passengers protested" against the boat going back.

Mr. Duke's examination indicated that the case for the Duff-Gordons would be an absolute denial of the story, and they would support this with the evidence of other members of the crew, who were in the lifeboat.

Mr. Duke suggested that Lady Duff-Gordon refused to go into the boat without her husband, and after the boat was lowered she was so seasick she was unable to protest.

Hendrickson admitted that she was ill and lying on a seat, but she was able to converse with her husband.

Suggests He Sought Reward.

Mr. Duke also suggested that Hendrickson was the first to hint at a reward for the crew of the boat, and produced a document in Hendrickson's handwriting giving the names of the crew, which he had handed to Duff-Gordon to enable him to make out checks of the value of £5 ($25) for each of them.

G. Symons, one of the lookouts of the Titanic, gave his story of the lifeboat in which the Duff-Gordons left the vessel. He said the crew had taken their seats in the boat when two women rushed out of a cabin and asked First Officer Murdock whether they could get into the boat. Murdock replied, "Yes, jump in." The women were followed by two men passengers, whom Murdock also told to jump in.

Sir Rufus Isaacs—Was there room for more passengers? A.—Yes, but Murdock ordered the boat to be lowered; and there was not another passenger in sight.

Lord Mersey—There were more people on the ship and I cannot understand why Murdock ordered the boat to be lowered when it was only half filled. How soon after the passengers were in the boat was the order given to lower? A.—Three or four minutes. When we heard the cries of the people in the water, we did not go back, as we thought it would be unsafe.

Lord Mersey—What were you afraid of? The ship had sunk and she was no longer a danger. A.—We were afraid the boat would swamp.

Sir Rufus Isaacs—Was the question of going back raised? A.—Never.

Q.—You mean that none of the twelve people in the boat suggested going back? A.—No one.

Q.—So you lay on your oars in a partly filled boat, listening to people crying for help? A.—I was surprised that no one suggested going back.

Lord Mersey—Why were you surprised? A.—It seemed reasonable some one would have mentioned it.

After some difficulty Sir Rufus Isaacs drew from Symons the admission that somebody had seen him on behalf of the Duff-Gordons this week. Symons objected to questions relating to this, which led Sir Rufus Isaacs to ask: "Why are you so shy?"

Sir Rufus Isaacs examined Symons on the testimony he had given before the Senatorial committee in America, and pointed out discrepancies between it and the evidence he gave to-day. Symons later admitted that Hendrickson might have suggested going back, and the Duff-Gordons protested, but he did not hear it.

Replying to Mr. Duke, Symons said nobody interfered with Murdock, when he was getting the boat away. He did not see Mr. Ismay near the boat. No inducements had been offered to the crew of the boat to protect anyone in particular.

James Taylor, a fireman, and one of the crew of the Duff-Gordons' boat, confirmed Hendrickson's statement that the passengers objected to returning to the rescue. He could not say who they were. The suggestion was made that the boat should return, but a lady said it would be swamped. He had since identified that lady as Lady Duff-Gordon. Two of the men passengers agreed with her. Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon took no part in the conversation.

It came out that the other woman in the boat was Lady Duff-Gordon's secretary.

The witness admitted that he had been seen by somebody on behalf of Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon, to whom he had made a statement and had received seven shillings (1.75) for expenses.

James Harswill, another member of the boat's crew, agreed with Symons that nothing had been said about returning to the rescue. Witness thought it would have been safe to return. He admitted that it was inhuman not to do so, and he felt it at the time.

"Why did you not suggest going back?" he was asked.

"I was obeying the orders of the Coxswain," he answered.

Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon was then called to the stand, where he absolutely denied the stories that either he or his wife had protested against the lifeboat returning to the rescue, saying that the question of returning had not even been mentioned. He repeated the story of his leaving the Titanic and said his wife refused to leave him, although an attempt was made to force her into one of the boats. They waited, he said, until Lifeboat 1 had been loaded and asked if they could not go in it. The officers replied: "We should be glad if you would."

Sir Rufus Isaacs—Can you give any explanation as to why the boat left with so few? A.—There were no people in sight.

Sir Rufus Isaacs—There must have been people near by? A.—I thought they would go away in the port boats.

Gordon then told of rowing away from the ship. He thought they were about 1,000 yards off when the ship went down. The men then started rowing again.

Sir Rufus Isaacs remarked: "You heard the cries of drowning people. There was room in the boat, and if you had returned you could have saved some."

Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon replied:

"It is hard to know what I was thinking about at the time. I was looking after my wife. I never heard it suggested that we should return or that any of the passengers objected to doing so. I do not think it would have been possible to go back, nor did the idea of returning enter my mind."

"You know now that you could have saved many?" asked Sir Rufus Isaacs.

"I don't know," replied the witness.

"You had lots of room in the boat?" asked Isaacs.

"Yes," admitted Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon.

This concluded the direct examination of Sir Cosmo Duff-Gordon, and the court adjourned until Monday.

TITANIC WAIFS OUT FOR RIDE.

Sail with Their Mother To-day—Says She'll Never Give Them Up.

Mme. Marcelle Navratil, mother of Michel and Edmond Navratil, the two waifs of the Titanic wreck about whose identity and fate there has been so much interest on both sides of the Atlantic, was so completely worn out by the exciting experience of her meeting with the children on Thursday that it was necessary to put her under the care of a physician and nurses at the Children's Society.

Yesterday, only partly recovered, she was still kept, at her own request, in seclusion with her little ones, much to the disappointment of more than a hundred persons who called at the society's office with the hope of seeing the happy mother and her two beautiful children before they left this country to return to their own on the Oceanic to-day.

In addition to the personal calls, scores of letters were received by Mme. Navratil, all of them friendly and sympathetic, and some even importunate, offering to adopt her children and give them the most tender care, in case she was unable to provide adequately for them.

"All useless," she would say of one and all the letters. "There is nothing that can separate us now. We are going back home to Nice forever."

All yesterday morning she remained in the nurses' parlor on the fifth floor of the Children's Society Building, but in the afternoon she felt so much better that Supt. Walsh decided to let her and the children see a bit of New York. With a French representative of the society they were put in a taxicab and driven up Fifth Avenue, through Central Park, and along Riverside Drive. Returning, they stopped for tea at the home of Miss Margaret Hayes, who rescued the little waifs from the Titanic and was their guardian until their mother came for them. Michel, the elder of the two, snuggled up close to Miss Hayes all the time they were there. Edmond, the younger, contented himself with clambering all over his mother and viewing the Hayes family album.

They returned to the society's rooms toward evening. Mme. Navratil said she was delighted with the city, which, she said, seemed full of only good and kind people who were eager to do everything in their power for her and her children, strangers though they were.

WOMAN DEFENDS LOWE.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Having read the personal criticism in the daily press recently of Fifth Office Harold Lowe of the Titanic regarding alleged ungentlemanly conduct to women passengers in lifeboats, I am impelled to speak in his defence.

We grew up in the same village, and it is not difficult for me to recall his saving my brother's life, when he nearly lost his own. Whether the truth of the statement of his blasphemy exists or not, I should consider it trivial as compared to the positive knowedge of his courage and services described and proved at the Washington investigation.

The appreciation should depend upon the service done rather than the lack of courtesy in such performance. It is a commonly known fact among his associates that he is, and always has been, a total abstainer.

GWENNIE R. LEWIS.

New York, May 17, 1912.

PHILLIPS FUND NOW $583.

Contributions to the Marine Wireless Operators' Fund in memory of Jack Phillips, who was drowned in the wreck of the Titanic, received by C. C. Galbraith, the Chairman of the committee, at the United Wireless office, 42 Broadway, yesterday, bring the total to $583.50. Yesterday's contributors were:

J. A. Pohl, United Wireless Station, Port Arthur, Texas	$2.00
L. C. Nunn, S. S. Sagamore	.50
E. B. Fitler, Jr., S. S. Millinocket	1.00
F. L. Howland	5.00
C. C. Galbraith	10.00
	$18.50

It is intended to establish a permanent fund for the benefit of operators who become disabled, and for the families of those who dit at their posts.

LEAVES HER FORTUNE TO FRENCH INSTITUTE

Mme. Andre, a Paris Widow, Also Bequeaths Her Mansion and Art Collection.

ASSURES $100,000 INCOME

Benefactor, Herself an Artist, Had Gathered One of the Finest Groups of Paintings in Europe.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 17.—An invested fortune yielding $100,000 annually, a palatial mansion on the Boulevard Haussmann, and one of the finest art collections in Europe have been bequeathed to the Institute of France by Mme. Edouard André, herself an artist of some note, and the widow of a financier who was prominent under the Second Empire.

The mansion on the Boulevard Haussmann will be converted into a museum, wherein the valuable art objects it contains will continue to be enshrined. Murillo, Holbein, Gainsborough, Rubens, Van Dyck, Rembrandt, Frans Hals, Watteau, Fragonard, Ruysdael, Cuyp, Monterna, and Botticelli are represented in the André collection, also a good deal of sculpture, as well as rare manuscripts, bibelots, and costly books.

Nine Doomed for Fez Massacre.

FEZ, May 17.—A court-martial to-day condemned nine Moors to death for participation in the massacre in the middle of April, when 15 French officers and 40 soldiers were killed and 12 French civilians massacred, while 4 French officers and 70 soldiers were wounded and more than 100 Hebrews slain and a large number wounded and mutilated.

CRITICISES KAISER'S THREAT.

Socialist's Attack Drives the Chancellor Temporarily from the Reichstag.

BERLIN, May 17.—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, resorted to an unusual method in the Reichstag to-day of protesting against a sharp attack by Philipp Scheidemann, Socialist, upon the Emperor.

Referring to the recent threat made by Emperor William at a banquet in Strassburg that he would incorporate Alsace-Lorraine into Prussia, Herr Scheidemann said:

"We regard it as a momentous confession when from a competent source incorporation into Prussia is threatened as the most severe punishment that can be inflicted upon a people—a punishment like imprisonment and the forfeiture of civil rights."

Herr Scheidemann's words called forth storms of protest and cries of "Shame!" from the Conservative benches.

The Imperial Chancellor rose excitedly from his seat and gave a sign to other members of the Government, upon which they all walked out of the House. A large number of the Conservative members followed their example.

Later, however, all returned to the chamber, and the Chancellor addressed it. He declared that Emperor William was naturally angry at the recent conduct of the Alsace-Lorraine Parliament, and that his banquet speech was an expression of this anger. It was not meant, however, as any intention or desire to trespass on the rights of the Bundesrath or the Reichstag, which alone had the power to revoke the constitution of Alsace-Lorraine.

Several members of the Reichstag discussed the Emperor's remarks at the banquet which, it is reported, contained the threat: "I'll smash your constitution to fragments." This alleged utterance they condemned as indiscreet and unfortunate.

A semi-official statement issued this evening disclosed the fact that the Chancellor's action in leaving the chamber was not only a protest against Herr Scheidemann's words, but also against Johannes Kaempf, the Radical President of the Reichstag, because he failed to call Herr Scheidemann to order.

TOREADORS CRIPPLED IN RING

The Great Bombita Ruptures a Tendon, While Pastor Is Badly Gored.

MADRID, May 17.—During a bull fight to-day the famous toreador, Bombita, ruptured the achilles tendon of one leg, and it is feared that the injury will incapacitate him for further prowess in the bull ring.

Another toreador, Vincente Pastor, was badly gored in the same fight in which Bombita was injured.

HAMMERSTEIN'S LATEST HIT.

Produces "Don Quixote," by Massenet, with New Singer in Cast.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 17.—Oscar Hammerstein gave to London operagoers a delightful novelty to-night, when he presented Massenet's "Don Quixote," which was produced at Monte Carlo some years ago.

Lafont, a new discovery of Hammerstein's, scored an unqualified success in the title rôle. The production is handsomely mounted, and the episode where Don Quixote charges the windmill and is thrown into the air in a realistic fashion, was applauded to the echo.

OUR SPECIALTY

Our specialty is giving an Owner what he is entitled to, as opposed to the usual alternative of expecting him to be satisfied with what he gets.

In other words, we have reversed the worn-out theory that an Owner surrenders half his rights upon the signing of the contract.

The Owner who signs a contract with this Company insures the preservation of all his rights.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Today's Special Values
In Our Four Stores
Smith Gray & Co.

NEARLY four thousand Spring Suits and Spring Coats—the over-production of our big tailoring plant—marked 4.50 to 12.50 under price for quick disposal. Each and every garment made for a man who wishes to be *distinctly well dressed.*

20.00 & 22.50 standard value suits and coats
including over one hundred smart worsteds, serges, cheviots and homespuns, in all the new shades, mixtures and stripes. Overcoats include blacks, Oxfords, smart grays, tans and olives, in dress, business and outing styles 15.50

22.50 & 25.00 standard value suits and coats
of rarely beautiful worsteds, soft velours and cassimeres and French spun fine serges. Overcoats of blacks, Oxfords, new browns and grays and unusual English effects 18.50

27.50 & 30.00 standard value suits and coats
include exclusive and distinctive worsteds, Saxony cassimeres and rich velours. Blue serges of English weaves, new grays, browns, olives, and, in fact, every one of the correct new shades. Coats of unusual foreign fabrics for business and outing wear 22.50

32.50 to 40.00 standard value suits and coats
Every garment unusually handsome. Heathers, grays, blues and silk mixtures. Each distinctive and exclusive in style. Many imported English coats—raincoats, Chesterfields and raglans, of striking fabrics, many hand made. On these former prices range from 35.00 to 50.00 ..... 27.50

Summer Shirt Specials

85c — Printed madras and French percales—plaited and plain bosoms—all sizes and sleeve lengths; values to 1.50 .. 85c

1.15 — Imported woven Russian cords—custom tailored and cut on custom patterns in helio, tan, gray and blue, with white hair-line stripes—made in coat model—French cuffs—all sizes and sleeve lengths; full 2.00 values 1.35

1.35 — Woven madras and silk and linen mixtures in neat figured and striped effects—French or laundered cuffs—all sizes and sleeve lengths; values to 2.00 ..... 1.15

1.55 — Silk and linen Russian cords, hand tailored—all silk sewn button holes—coat model—French cuffs—every shirt guaranteed fast color and perfect fitting—the ideal Summer shirt; values to 2.50 ..... 1.55

Straw Hat Specials
10,000 Regular 2.50, 3.00 & 4.00 Straw Hats, 1.75

Included are *hand made samples, excess* and *cancelled orders* from America's *foremost* straw hat makers—also *English* straw hats of *our own special importation.*

Every known braid and weave of straw—more than *one hundred blocks and styles* to choose from—a hat and style for every man and young man—all are *this season's newest models.*

1500 Fresh New Blocked 6.00, 7.00 & 8.00 Value Aquada Panamas, 4.50

The *lightest weight* hat we know—the *most carefully made* and of a *NATURAL white color.* These hats were selected in Aquada, Colombia, by our own representatives and are guaranteed to be the very finest qualities that have ever sold at 6.00, 7.00 and 8.00. Two dozen popular models.

Brooklyn Stores Open Until 9 P. M.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

In New York's Shopping Center — "The Big Store" — In New York's Shopping Center

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

MAIN BUILDING

Popular Fiction

Published to Sell at 98c to $1.25 a Volume

Sale, Today, at 44c

All of these books are bound in cloth, with special cover designs by noted artists. The text is printed from the original plates on good quality paper, and many of the books are profusely illustrated.

Here Is a Partial List of the Titles—There Are Hundreds of Others:

THE MASTER'S VIOLIN—by Myrtle Reed.

GOING SOME—by Rex Beach.
THREE WEEKS—by Elinor Glyn.
THE WHIRLPOOLS—by Henryk Sienkiewicz.
THE PRINCE OF INDIA—by Lew Wallace.
THE DEPOT MASTER—by Joseph C. Lincoln.
SET IN SILVER—by C. N. and A. M. Williamson.
THE REJUVENATION OF AUNT MARY—by Anne Warner.
POPPY—by Cynthia Stockley.
RICHARD CARVEL—by Winston Churchill.
THE FOREST—by Stewart Edward White.
LORD LOVELAND DISCOVERS AMERICA—by C. N. and A. M. Williamson.
LADY MORTON, COLONIST—by Mrs. Humphry Ward.

BELLA DONNA—by Robert Hichens.

LADY BALTIMORE—by Owen Wister.
THE GREATEST WISH IN THE WORLD—by E. Temple Thurston.
MARIE CLAIRE—by Marguerite Audoux.
HAPPY HAWKINS—by R. A. Wason.
LITTLE SHEPHERD OF KINGDOM COME—by John Fox, Jr.
POPPEA OF THE POST-OFFICE—by Mabel Osgood Wright.
THE FASHIONABLE ADVENTURES OF JOSHUA CRAIG—by David Graham Phillips.
FRECKLES—by Gene Stratton Porter.
ALICE FOR SHORT—by William De Morgan.
ARROWS OF THE ALMIGHTY—by Owen Johnson.
THE MUSIC MASTER—by Charles Klein.
NATHAN BURKE—by Mary S. Watts.
THE COST—by David Graham Phillips.
THE LORDS OF HIGH DECISION—by Meredith Nicholson.
THE RIVERMAN—by Stewart Edward White.
DAVID HARUM—by E. N. Westcott.

Your Choice, Today, at 44c.

Many Other Special Sales, Today, in Both Our MAIN and Our GREENHUT Buildings. Come—You Will Save Money.

$35,000 to Charity

$30,000 of this sum is for charitable institutions and churches—the remaining $5,000 is to be donated to worthy families and individuals.

Full particulars at Voting Booths—MAIN Building on Fourth Floor, or at Information Desk, Main Floor. Also in GREENHUT Building, at Information Desk, Main Floor.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice President

"To-Day We Offer A Large Display of Spring Suits!"

Hackett, Carhart Fine Clothes

EXTREME VALUES

Suits Usually $15 & $18 — $13.50

Suits Usually $20 & $25 — $17.50

Suits usually $28.00 and $30.00, now $22.50
Suits usually $30.00 and $35.00, now $25.00
Suits usually $35.00 and $40.00, now $27.50

Suits $15.00 to $45.00

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway, Cor. 13th St. | 119 West 42nd St., Near Broadway | 125th St., Near 3rd Av.

Harlem and 42nd Street Stores Open Evenings

Help Wanted

The New York Times does not accept Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for a purchase of samples or cash deposit are excluded from the Help Wanted columns. If the employment is on a commission basis the advertisement must so state. The Times uses the utmost care in accepting Help Wanted advertisements to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

Views For and Against Woman Suffrage

The editorial that appeared recently in The New York Times on votes for women stirred up many readers to write their views on this important subject.

Many of the contributions, on both sides of the question, will be published in

To-Morrow's Sunday Times

They will include letters of special interest from Mrs. Schuyler van Rensselaer, Francis Lynde Stetson, Rev. Dr. Stimson, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, and Josephine Daskam Bacon, together with others less well known. Be sure to read this unusual feature.

Double AM Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

GREATEST WARSHIP IS LAUNCHED TO-DAY

The Texas, Largest in Any Navy, Will Take the Water at Newport News.

MISS LYON TO BE SPONSOR

President's Yacht with Miss Taft and Secretary Meyer's Family on Board Starts from Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The President's yacht, the Mayflower, cleared for Newport News at 6 o'clock this evening with Secretary Meyer, Miss Helen Taft, and the Secretary's family on board, together with Capt. William B. Fletcher of the Naval War College, Rear Admiral Richard M. Watts, Chief Constructor of the Navy, and the Secretary's personal aid, Lieut. Commander Leigh C. Palmer, to attend the launching of the battleship Texas to-morrow at the Newport News Shipbuilding Company's yards.

This will be the extent to which the President and the Navy Department will recognize the début of the big ship, which is to be named by Miss Claudia Lyon, the daughter of Cecil Lyon, the Texas Roosevelt leader. President Taft would probably not have gone to the launching if he had been in Washington, as with Congress in session he would have felt it his duty to remain at his desk.

A good deal has been said about the bitter feeling engendered by the selection of Miss Lyon, the daughter of one of the most active opponents of President Taft, as sponsor. Most of this feeling has been apparent among the wives of members of the Texas delegation, who resent the selection as sponsor of the member of the family of a prominent Republican when there are many eligible young women among the families of Democrats prominent in the State. There is much curiosity among the Democrats to know how Miss Lyon was selected, as Gov. Colquitt, who chose her, is a Democrat, and he must have thought of many other daughters of well-known Texas men when he decided on Miss Lyon.

The version of the story, as generally accredited in Washington, is that Col. Lyon visited the Navy Department early last Summer and sought the advice of a prominent official there and told him he wanted very much to have his daughter act as sponsor at the launching of the Texas. He was told that the matter rested entirely with the Governor of Texas.

"We cannot help you a particle," was the substance of the reply. "The Governor of Texas is the man who decides. If he picks your daughter right away before pressure begins for other candidates you can get what you want."

That was all that Col. Lyon wanted, and he posted back to Texas, satisfied that he could put the matter before Gov. Colquitt so that he would make the desired nomination. Gov. Colquitt was a candidate for re-election, and he had before him the opposition of the Prohibitionists. Help was essential to his cause, and Col. Lyon thought he saw a way by which he might return any favor the Governor might see fit to grant him. When the election came off Gov. Colquitt was re-elected with the aid of Republican votes, and without them he and his friends admit he could not have been successful.

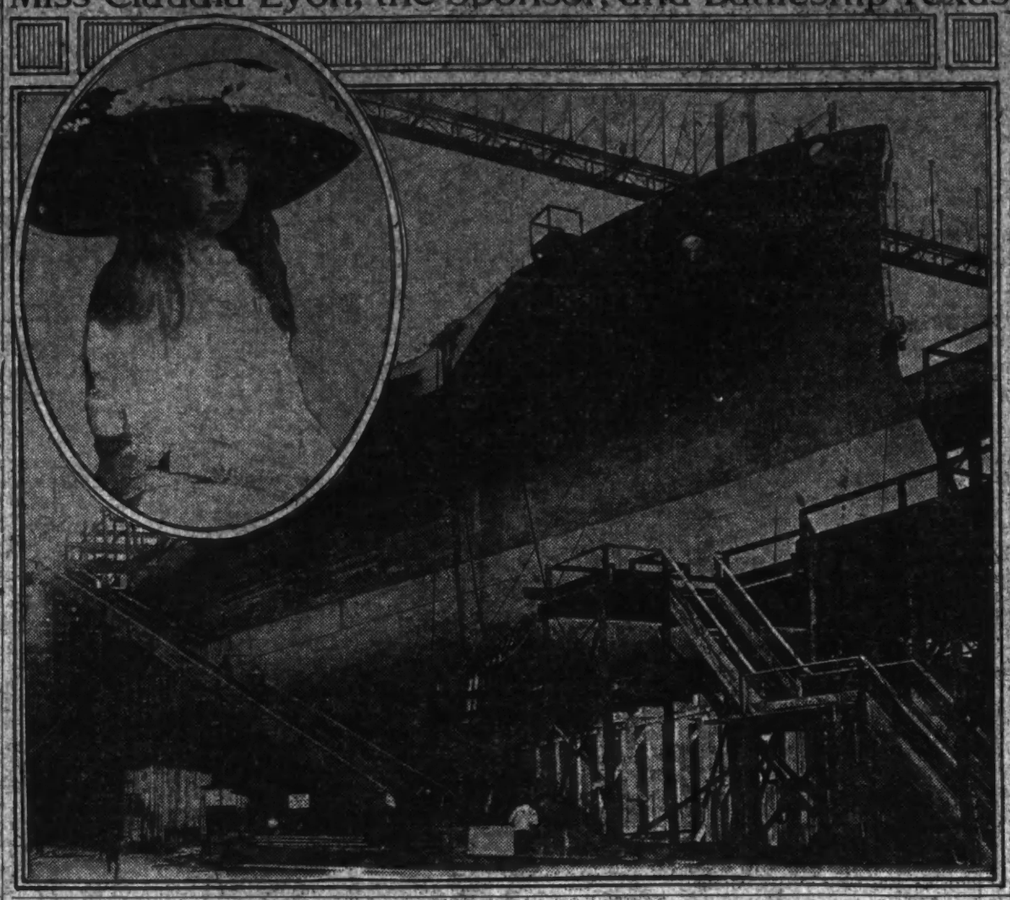
The little lady herself, who is pretty and charming of manner, has had a sad experience in coming to the launching. She arrived here day before yesterday with her mother, who was taken ill in St. Louis on the way, but recovered somewhat and was able to renew the journey, possibly a little too soon. Again to-day Mrs. Lyon was prostrated, and Miss Claudia, with relatives, had to leave her bedside and go on to Newport News to perform her distinguished part in the launching ceremony.

With the single exception of Rufus Hardy, Representative from the Corsicana District, no member of the Texas delegation in Congress will be present at the launching.

Secretary Meyer said to-day that he had not invited the Senate or House delegations nor the Texas delegation to go to the launching, although he had casually spoken of it to a few who said they could not get away on account of pressing business. Mr. Meyer said that he would order the Dolphin to take them down the Potomac if they wanted to go.

Incidentally, there is some politics in the Navy Department to get command of the Texas. She has the distinction of being the greatest dreadnought any nation has built in point of strength. When her ten 14-inch guns are mounted she will be the most powerful battleship afloat the world over. The next largest and most powerful is the King George of the British Navy, which carries ten 13½-inch guns.

Miss Claudia Lyon, the Sponsor, and Battleship Texas



6,000 POLICE OUT ON PARADE TO-DAY

Thirteen Regiments of City's Protectors Will March Up Broadway and 5th Ave.

MEDALS FOR THE HEROES

Traffic Squad to Dine at the Waldorf—Many Other Affairs All Over Town.

The annual police parade will occupy Broadway and Fifth Avenue to-day, the thirteen regiments forming at City Hall and in Chambers Street, and marching uptown to pass the reviewing stand at Forty-second Street and Fifth Avenue. The start will be made at noon. There will be 6,000 men in the line of march. At the reviewing stand Mayor Gaynor will bestow the medals for bravery displayed during the last year.

The men who will be thus honored are Acting Detective Sergt. Carrao, Sergt. Mulhall of the Labor Squad, Patrolman Eynon of the West 100th Street Station, Patrolman McCarton of the Alexander Avenue Station, Patrolman Byrnes of the East Twenty-second Street Station, and Mounted Patrolman Armitage of the Liberty Avenue Station, Brooklyn. Following the presentation of the medals, the men will fall in line behind the platoon of men so honored in former years.

It is predicted that the parade will take an hour and a half to pass the reviewing stand. It will be under the command of Inspector Max Schmittberger. His chief of staff will be Thomas F. Ryan, and the other assistants will be Inspector Kelly, Police Surgeon Palmer, and Police Chaplains Sullivan, Guiri, Morrison, and Blum.

On the reviewing stand besides Mayor Gaynor and Commissioner Waldo there will be a seat of honor for Mrs. Isabella Goodwin, the only woman detective in the department, and one for David Rutledge, the oldest patrolman on the force. He has seen forty-seven years of active service.

Among the guests who will review the parade will be Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, Gen. R. K. Evans, Col. William A. Mann, and Col. Benjamin Alvord from the United States Army; Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Gen. George R. Dyer, Col. Daniel Appleton, and Major F. L. W. Hoppin from the New York National Guard; Chief Magistrate McAdoo, Robert Adamson, Fire Commissioner Johnson, Water Commissioner Thompson, Henry R. Towne, Herman Ridder, James Speyer, Otto H. Kahn, Lispenard Stewart, T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, R. A. C. Smith, W. F. Sheehan, Schuyler Crosby, the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, and Major Sylvester, Chief of Police of Washington, D. C. Also on the reviewing stand will be Fire Chief Kenlon and Deputy Chiefs Lally, Martin, Guerin, and Crawley. It will be the first time that the uniformed rank of the Fire Department has been represented at a police parade.

One stanch figure in the parade will be that of little Bum, a stray dog who climbed through a snowdrift into the West Seventeenth Street Police Station last Christmas week and who has been there ever since, the pride of the precinct and the mascot of the forces of law and order.

Bum has accompanied nearly a score of men on many hazardous expedition and has a reputation for nosing to the rescue of little children in burning tenements. In the line of march to-day he will wear a small police helmet, a small police uniform, and carry strapped to his side a small police club. The helmet is the gift of a manufacturer of police equipment. Patrolman Bressien's young son gave the club, and Mrs. Bressien fashioned the uniform which is to decorate Bum.

LODGE SUGAR BILL NOW BEFORE SENATE

Other Tariff Reduction Measures to Go to President in Their Democratic Form.

EASIER FOR TAFT TO VETO

Leaders at Sea Over Prospects for Adjournment — Insurgents May Delay Action in the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—By strict party votes, the Senate Committee on Finance reported the Lodge Substitute Sugar Tariff bill to-day, with a favorable recommendation, and adversely reported the House Income Tax bill. The Steel bill is still pending in the Senate, with a vote not clearly in sight, and Senator Lodge this afternoon announced that at this time it would be impossible to agree to a date for voting on all the tariff bills together.

The legislative situation in the Senate is a snarl from which no measure can be extricated for passage without carrying everything else along with it. And the date for adjournment depends entirely on the votes on tariff measures. Even the appropriation bills are being held up as clubs for use at the last by the majority leaders in straightening out affairs, and the Lorimer case is lost somewhere in the confusion.

The prevailing belief is that in some form the tariff bills passed by the House—with the possible exception of the chemical schedule—will pass the Senate. The likelihood is becoming greater every day that they will pass unamended. In their Democratic form, the regular Republicans believe the President can veto the bills with the least embarrassment, and they take a real pleasure, besides, in completely blocking the chances for legislation in which the Progressives may claim a share.

The favorable report accorded the Lodge Sugar bill this morning by the Finance Committee is not significant. The measure is revision only in name, and encountered in the committee, prior to the vote, the opposition of such reactionaries as Senator Smoot, on account of its failure to reduce duties. The Lodge measure actually leaves the rates unchanged. It abolishes the Dutch color standard, which kept out the edible grades of brown sugar, throwing all imported brown sugars first to the refineries, and it abolishes the differential on the higher grades of sugar, which do not come into the country anyhow.

This measure is not likely to gather much strength on its way through the Senate. To meet criticism of the present law, Senator Smoot, who was never accused of Progressive tendencies, is willing to cut the duties about 25 per cent. Senator Bristow, representing the insurgents, would make the cut still deeper, and the Democrats, in spite of certain local interests, would cut off 33 1-3 per cent. of the present rates. The Senate factions agree that the Dutch standard must go and that duties must be somewhat reduced.

Republican leaders are confessedly at sea over the prospects of adjournment. They are nearly all willing to pass Democratic bills in the interests of ending the session. And it is still too early to say that the insurgents cannot prevent this. Such prominent Democrats as John Sharp Williams still favor concessions to the insurgents, rather than the straightout passage of the Democratic bills through the silent aid of the regulars, who would absent themselves from rollcall. But the majority of the Democrats favor pushing the Progressives to the wall and making the issue clean cut between the Republican President vetoing the bills on one side and the Democratic Party in Congress passing them on the other.

The Democrats discussed the whole situation at an extended party conference this evening. The complete lack of leadership among the Progressive Republicans was pointed to as a reason for ignoring that faction altogether. Senator Simmons, the ranking active Democrat of the Finance Committee, has been in frequent conversations with Senator Penrose, and he favors passing the Democratic bills without delay. Mr. Simmons is up for re-election, and he wants the spectacular triumph of passing Democratic bills through a Republican Senate under his guidance.

TRICKED EQUITABLE LIFE.

Got Another Man to Apply in Place of Her Sick Husband.

Mrs. Mary Jamieson, a trained nurse, who keeps a boarding house at 58 East Eighty-sixth Street, was arraigned before Judge O'Sullivan in General Sessions yesterday on a charge of obtaining a signature under false pretenses.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society, where her husband has a policy of $1,000, charges that she had a large, healthy man impersonate her husband, who is paralyzed in his right side. She then wrote to the life insurance company and one of their doctors examined this man on Jan. 8, 1911. He passed the examinations, and on Sept. 10, 1911, her husband put in a claim for damages against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, saying that his right side had been paralyzed in a wreck at Seabrook, Conn., on Aug. 27, 1911.

It was learned that he had been paralyzed for two years. The woman was indicted. She was held in $2,500 bail for pleading on Monday.

O'GORMAN BILL HEARING OFF.

Postponed to May 29—Many Bodies to Send Representatives.

The hearing before the United States Senate Sub-committee on Appropriations on the O'Gorman bill for the appropriation of $5,000,000 for the provision of sites for a new Federal Court House and a downtown Post Office has been postponed at the request of the city officials from next Tuesday to Wednesday, May 29. It will take place in the Senate office building.

The warning sent out by the Merchants' Association of the plan to substitute for the Mullet Post Office a new building of the skyscraper type on the present site has called out many protests from commercial civic organizations, and many of them will send representatives to Washington to attend the hearing.

The Board of Estimate will be represented by Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, and Borough President McAneny; the Board of Aldermen by Aldermen Henry H. Curran, Chairman of the Finance Committee; Joseph M. Handon, and Nathan Leiberman, and the Merchants' Association by Marcus M. Marks, Chairman of its Committee on Postal Affairs, and S. C. Mead, Secretary of the association. John Davis White will appear for the Bar Association, and Dr. George F. Kunz and Edward Hagaman Hall for the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society.

The City Club will send Alexander H. Spencer, Chairman of its Committee on Parks; the New York County Lawyers' Association Job E. Hedges and Charles S. Davison, and the Parks and Playgrounds Association Gutzon Borglum. J. A. Tredwell, Vice President of the Real Estate Board of Brokers, will represent that body, and among the other citizens who are expected to attend the hearing are Grosvenor Atterbury, H. B. B. Magonigle of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, Henry D. Williams, and Albert S. Bard of the Bar Association.

Resolutions indorsing the O'Gorman bill have been passed by the New York Lumber Trade Association, Typotheta, North Side Board of Trade, Board of Trade and Transportation, West End Association, Municipal Art Society, New York Association of Clothiers, and Association of Dealers in Masons' Building Materials. The New York Historical Association will also send a representative to Washington in support of the bill.

GIRL MISSING SEEKING WORK.

Left Home to Aid Her Mother and Has Disappeared.

The police of the Bronx are looking for 14-year-old Ella Schreyer of 1,463 Webster Avenue, who has been gone from her home since Wednesday. The child's father died six months ago and her mother became a janitress.

She has had a hard time making both ends meet, and Ella, the eldest of four children, proposed that she get work. On Wednesday she left the house early in the morning, saying she hoped to get a job in a moving-picture theatre. Her mother is sure she has not run off and is afraid that she has met with an accident.

GIMBELS

Come Today to See "CAMPERS' LANE"

The Vacation Camp on the Rear Cross Aisle

Safe to say that many a healthy vacation outdoors has been planned as a result of this tremendously interesting exhibition of

KENYON "Take-Down" Houses

There is a whole camp of them from little to big, with many a suggestion in the way of comfortable furnishing. These Houses range in price from $23.30 for a Child's Playhouse to $334.30 for a comfortable Five-room Camp of the modern and ideal way of living "close to Nature."

Gimbel Brothers Are the Only Authorized Distributors For KENYON "Take-Down" Houses in Greater New York. Rear Cross Aisle, Main Floor, also Fourth Floor.

Men's Motoring Dusters

Over Thirty Styles At $2 to $15

We gathered this very liberal collection of Motor Dusters to suit the fancy of every man who rides in a car. If you want three or four inexpensive Dusters to keep in your car for your guests, or need one for yourself for a single trip, they're here, as well as the finest Dusters made. There are also Dusters suitable for chauffeurs.

Of cotton, mercerized fabrics, alpaca, rep, silkoline, pure linen, silk-and-linen and pure silk; in grays, tans, mixtures and striped effects. Made for us by the best manufacturers, and comfortably proportioned. $2 to $15.

Men's $6 Dusters at $3.75

Of alpaca and pure linen, double-breasted—a very special offering for the real start of the motoring season.

Men's New $7.50 Blazer Coats at $5

The Blazer has come back. You'll see hundreds of them worn this Summer at the seashore, at the country club, on the golf course or tennis court. Here is a special purchase of 461 Blazer Coats, from a famous specialty house. They are made of all-wool standard flannel, single-breasted, with patch pockets and all seams silk sewn.

Over twenty distinct colorings, among them black-and-white, orange-and-black, several shades of blue-and-white, cardinal-and-navy, and other favorite combinations. Today $5—saving of a third. Fourth Floor

1,263 Men's Fancy Vests at $1

At this price, which does not cover the cost of materials and making, a man can pick out two, or even three, Vests for the former price of one.

For these Vests are made to sell at $2 to $3.50; in fact, some of them have been in our stock at these prices; although most of them were a large special purchase.

There are all-wool flannels, washable fabrics, and mercerized materials, in plain colors, as well as many small figures and stripes. Come promptly for first pick. Main Floor

Men's Panama Hats at $4.50

We got much the best of it in buying these excellent Panamas, which have just come from the finishers. (We bought them "in the rough," by the bale.) Otherwise they would be $6 or more, instead of $4.50.

$5 Bangkok Straw Hats, $3.95

Another full-bale purchase—of the coolest and lightest Straw Hats imaginable. The Siamese know a thing or two about keeping their heads cool in hot weather. Fourth Floor

Style and Comfort Blend In These Men's Fine Shirts and Pajamas

The Shirts are of silk, silk-and-cotton, and soft mercerized cotton; all with the favorite soft cuffs; also of percale and madras, with plaited bosom and stiff cuffs. So everybody can be happy. Patterns are remarkably fine and distinctly well-bred.

The Pajamas are of silk-and-cotton or mercerized fabrics, of cool Summer weights and with plenty of room in every dimension.

All are made expressly for GIMBELS to create a new standard of value-giving in this May Sale of Men's Furnishings. Prices:

$7.50 Pure Silk Shirts at $5. $5 Pure Silk Shirts at $3.25.
$3 and $3.50 Silk-mixed Shirts at $1.75.
$1.75 and $2 Soft and Laundered Shirts at $1.35.
$4 Silk-mixed Pajamas at $2.75. $1.50 Soft Shirts at 95c.
$2.50 and $3 Mercerized Cotton Pajamas at $1.65.
$1.50 White Madras Pajamas at $1. Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS BROOKLYN

Bronx Shoppers will find seats going to and returning from Abraham & Straus Hoyt St. Subway Station—All Brooklyn Trains are Express.

You May "Browse" in This Book Store.

Mayor Gaynor said to the Book Publishers' Association that he missed the old-fashioned store, where you could "browse" around and feast upon good books without being disturbed. This is the store for you, Mr. Mayor, as we like to have people linger at their leisure over our splendid stock.

Clearance of Fiction at 25c.

Books that were 98c. to $1.35—new titles added from the publishers each week—all bound in good cloth.

Macmillan Illustrated Book of Travel, $1.24.

Sold formerly at $2.00 to $2.50. Bound in cloth, full page pictures—boxed. Great bargain. A few of the volumes are mentioned below:

"Alaska, the Great Country," by Ella Higginson. "Mexico," by William E. Carson. "Cuba," by Irene A. Wright. "Stage Coach and Tavern Days," by Alice Morse Earle. "Boston, the Place and the People," by M. A. D. Wolfe Howe. "Among the English Hedgerows," by Clifton Johnson. "Spanish Highways and Byways," by Katherine Lee Bates. "Among French Byways," by Clifton Johnson. "The Land of the Heather," by Clifton Johnson.

"Practical American Encyclopedia," 2 Vols., $3.95.

A new Encyclopedia of general information of the English language; Bible paper, flexible leather binding; nearly 1,000 half-tones, engravings, etchings, drawings, plans and maps. Brought right up to date. Same information practically that a set costing several times as much would give.

Main floor, rear, East Building.

Men's $5.00 Silk Shirts at $3.25, And Essential This Summer.

SILK SHIRTS ARE ESSENTIAL THIS SUMMER to the man who would be considered well dressed at the seashore or country outing event. Fashion more than favors them—it insists upon them. The Shirts in this sale are of the finest fabrics that go into $5.00 garments—handsome striped corded correct effects in neat colors that please men of taste. They are accurately made, the product of one of the leading makers.

Men's $1.50 Shirts at 98c.
Fine mercerized fabrics, in plain colors, of tan, gray, white and blue; they have soft double cuffs and a separate collar to match. Extra good quality and the equal of Shirts selling elsewhere at $1.50.

Men's Accordion Knitted Bow Ties, 75c.
Silk knitted Bow Ties in the popular accordion weave, all the best color combinations; durable Ties that will be popular this Summer.

Main floor, front, East Building.

Men's Summer Clothing For the Season 1912.

THE 1912 SERGES have been ready for some weeks—and already some hundreds of them have been distributed by us. Manufacturers tell us that this men's shop is one of the largest serge outlets in America, and people who know values are not at all surprised that such is the case.

To begin with, our serge arrangements for the present season were all practically completed in August, 1911—before we were through with the serge business of that season—and our prices, therefore, have not been affected by the rise in market prices during the past winter.

Each fabric is subjected to a most rigid test as to color, service and adaptability in tailoring and the result is serge Suits that STAY blue, wear well and give perfect satisfaction.

There are but few people in Brooklyn who are not familiar with the A. & S. Serges, and to those few we would like to show these at $11.50, $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00.

FANCY SUITS as well, in all wool cassimeres or pure worsteds and in the newest and best shades of the season; blues in greatest demand, from the soft grayish blue up to the deep navy. Grays in every good shade and browns and tans as well ..... $12.50 to $30.00

TOP COATS—English slip-on models, $15.00 to $25.00; American Chesterfield models ..... $12.50 to $25.00

RAINCOATS—Rubberized English style $3.95 to $25.00; cravenette proofing worsted Coats ..... $15.00 to $25.00

Everything in separate garments for warm weather wear—serge or alpaca Coats; flannel, linen, duck or khaki Trousers, at lowest prices.

SEE NEW BLAZERS—in school colors $6.50

Second floor, Men's Building.

Men's $32 to $35 Suits to Measure, $26.50.

TWENTY STYLES of fancy tweeds, cassimeres and undressed worsteds, in stripes, gray mixtures, browns, tans and blue and black serges. Single or double breasted.

Perfect tailoring, perfect fit and correct styles. Above 42 breast measure extra charge for material necessary. Coat and Trousers only at $26.50.

Third floor, Men's Building.

HARPER'S BAZAR JUNE

YOUTH
The Bazar's pages for younger readers—full of keen interest and entertainment—now fly the old flag. "It is only right that all the Bazar's Happyland boys and girls should be 'Harper's Young People,' too."

LOVE
was theirs, different from yours, but almost as interesting. It is a Summer Norfolk, called "The Pictures of Polly." May be you can guess if it was wireless or letterless and griffless also. Anybody Polly is the heroine of an absolutely new kind of love story."

10 HELPS

The June Bazar is the busy Bazar. It sets out cheerily to do its helpful service in every American home: (1) showing the new fashions; (2) sewing for summer; (3) planning meals; (4) saving money in the home; (5) planting the garden; (6) summer receipts; (7) kitchen economies; (8) correcting faults in daily speech; (9) sane advice on health and beauty; (10) helps to home study.

KISSING THE CHAINS WHICH BIND—"I picture her as a slim, meek, figure—standing timidly on the threshold of life, not daring to enter"—and to her there are strong and helpful words in Ines Haynes Gillmore's article, "The Average Woman"

THE CALL OF THE CRADLE—The Cradle of Tears is really the birthplace of sunshine and joy. One big-hearted woman has adopted nine of these "Bargains in Babies" and a rich bachelor is educating twenty-two.

HOW LOVE PASSED ME BY—"They tell me I am a success!" is the cry in "Confessions of a Business Woman" who points to what is really her failure in life.

All News-stands, 10 Cents a Copy. Subscription, $1.00 a Year

HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW YORK

CITY AGAIN WINS THE SUBWAY SUIT

Appellate Division Upholds Legality of Proposed Interborough and B. R. T. Contracts.

COURT OF APPEALS NEXT

Efforts Will Be Made for a Final Decision in June Term on Application for Injunction.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Kings County handed down yesterday a unanimous decision in favor of the city in the three applications for an injunction against the proposed subway settlement. No opinion accompanied the decision, and the court contented itself with upholding Justice Blackmar's ruling in the lower court.

The principal matter in dispute was the preferential payment which it is proposed to pay both to the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit. The news was received with a good deal of gratification at the offices of the Public Service Commission, although it was recognized that this is not a final disposition of the matter. There is no doubt that an appeal will be taken to the Court of Appeals, but the promptitude of the Appellate Division in rendering its decision only three days after the case was argued now makes it much more probable that the appeal will be heard by the highest court before it adjourns for the Summer vacation.

As soon as notice of appeal has been served the Public Service Commission will apply to the Court of Appeals to place the cases on the June calendar. It will also ask preference in the hearings, which the court must grant by law over every other case except any that affect elections. It is expected that the final appeal will be heard within a few weeks.

It is not absolutely certain, however, that the Court of Appeals will pass on the question of preferential payments at the present stage of the subway negotiations. The commission has done everything it can to bring the matter within the purview of the courts by entering a demurrer to the original complaints in which it is admitted that it is about to take steps to complete a contract, of which the constitutionality might be doubted. But the Court of Appeals may hold that the standing of the contracts depends on their exact wording, and may decline to pass on what is still a good deal of an academic question.

Agreements Not Imperiled.

Though both the commission and the companies would prefer to get the ruling of the courts immediately, it is recognized that delay till after the contracts are executed will not imperil them. In the offer of the Interborough of last February it was specially provided that both the city and the company should reserve the right to submit to the courts the contract within sixty days after it had been signed.

At its regular meeting yesterday the commission formally adopted routes which are necessary to carry out the settlement of the Subway question reached on Tuesday at the meeting of the Public Service Commission and the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate. The first of these provides for the junction of the Broad Street Subway with the Whitehall Street tunnel to Brooklyn. This will be at a point under the East River, the subway continuing under Broad Street to South Street and thence curving in a southeasterly direction under the river to a convenient point of junction with the Whitehall Street tunnel.

In Brooklyn a route was authorized which will have an important effect on the Brighton Beach traffic. It is only a few hundred feet long, but it is one of the connecting links needed to bind the new Brooklyn Rapid Transit system into a workable whole. It provides for a two-track subway in connection with the Eastern Parkway route from a point near Flatbush Avenue and Fifth Avenue, through St. Felix Street to a junction with the subway leading to the Manhattan Bridge. This, when the Brighton Beach line has the connecting link built under Prospect Park through Flatbush Avenue, will enable trains for Brighton Beach, which now all come in on the Brooklyn Bridge, to enter Manhattan by the much shorter route of the Manhattan Bridge and the loop line.

Division of the Traffic.

At Lexington Avenue and 149th Street a junction was authorized between the present West Farms Division of the Subway and the new Lexington Avenue line. The downtown line of the present Subway will have a connection with the downtown line of the Lexington Avenue line by a track curving over the present Subway, and the uptown line of the Lexington Avenue road will make a connection with the present Subway by running under the Interborough structure. The operation of trains when the new system is complete will be governed by the streams of traffic which develop, but it seems likely that the future west side subway, to be formed by the present tracks from Ninety-sixth Street to Times Square and the new Seventh Avenue line, will serve passengers from the present Broadway division and the Bronx line as far north as 145th Street.

The new east side line, formed by the Lexington Avenue line and the present Subway below Grand Central, will then take passengers from the new Southern Boulevard and Pelham Bay Park line, the present West Farms line extended up White Plains Road, and the new Jerome Avenue elevated line. The west side elevated roads will also take some of the Jerome Avenue traffic, as there will be a connection with them, and the Webster Avenue elevated extension will be cared for by the east side elevated roads.

Chairman Willcox left yesterday afternoon for Washington. There he will take up with the Treasury Department and Post Office and Senators Root and O'Gorman the question of the new Subway route adjoining the Post Office Building, and will consult the War Department about that portion of the Staten Island tunnel which will be below high water mark. He will return in time for an adjourned meeting of the commission on Monday morning to consider other Subway routes which it is hoped to be able to send over to the Board of Estimate in time for their proposed Subway meeting on Monday afternoon.

SEEKS BRANDT'S RELEASE.

Counsel Asks Appellate Division to Keep Him Here Pending His Appeal.

Mirabeau L. Towns, counsel for Foulke E. Brandt, the convict who was remanded back into the custody of the Warden of Dannemora prison when the Appellate Division reversed the decision of Justice Gerard, sustaining a writ of habeas corpus obtained on his behalf, asked the Appellate Division yesterday to permit Brandt to stay outside the custody of the Warden of Dannemora pending a decision by the Court of Appeals on his appeal from the decision of the Appellate Division. If the Appellate Division had granted the request, Mr. Towns had intended to ask to have bail fixed so that Brandt might regain his liberty. But the Court took the application under consideration, and Brandt in the meanwhile must stay in the Tombs. The Court is expected to pass on the question of his custody either to-day or early next week.

Thomas H. O'Brien, who represents District Attorney Hogue of Clinton County, which contains Dannemora prison, said yesterday that word had reached him that another writ of habeas corpus had been obtained by Brandt's counsel, and that it would be used if Brandt was taken back to Dannemora.

The court proceedings yesterday were brief. Mr. Towns told the Court that it was only just that Brandt should be permitted to stay here until his case was disposed of by a higher court. Brandt was sentenced in 1901 to thirty years' imprisonment for robbing and assaulting Mortimer L. Schiff. He is an alien and if the Court of Appeals sustains the decision of the Appellate Division reversing Judge Gerard the case will be taken to the United States Supreme Court, it is understood. Any decision it was said, which favored the release of Brandt from prison at this time would be used by his counsel as an argument for his continued freedom until the highest court in this country should decide the case. This would keep the convict out of prison for many months at least.

FALLING BLOCK SHOT INTO BROADWAY CAR

From Hotel McAlpin Upper Story It Crashed Through Trolley Roof, Hitting Woman.

THROWN, EMPLOYES THINK

"M. E. Chadwick" on Stockings of Victim, Who Is Dying in Bellevue —Masonry Foreman Arrested.

A thirty-five-pound block of terra cotta, falling from near the top of the twenty-five-story Hotel McAlpin, under construction at Broadway and Thirty-third Street, shot through the roof of an open street car in Broadway at 8:25 o'clock yesterday morning. It fractured the skull of a woman passenger, tore through the back of the wooden seat, and bounded out into the street.

There were fifteen people in the car, which was northbound on the Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue line. Its motorman, Henry Ward, was going slowly on account of the congestion of traffic at the corner, so that he was able to bring the car to a stop almost instantly. The passengers were bewildered. It was not realized at once that any one had been hurt. Policeman Andrew Winnegar, who was seated in the car on his way to his traffic post at Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway, stepped back to the seat under the hole in the roof and found the woman stretched out unconscious. She had fallen without making an outcry.

Policemen Lafferty and McNamara, on duty at Thirty-third Street and Broadway, ran to the street car, which was in a few moments surrounded by hundreds of people. The policemen tried to stop the flow of blood with handkerchiefs and to revive the injured woman by applying cold water. A few minutes later Dr. M. H. Ward arrived from the New York Hospital. While he was treating her, Father Michael Collins came from the rectory of the Church of the Holy Innocents in Thirty-sixth Street, near Broadway, where word had been brought that the woman was dying. The policemen drew the shades at either end of the car, and the priest administered extreme unction while the surgeon remained at work.

After the emergency treatment the woman was removed to Bellevue Hospital. The name "M. E. Chadwick" was found sewed on her stockings and underwear. On her silver cuff links were the initials "M. E."

After she had been taken to Bellevue Hospital the police learned that the mesh bag which she carried had been stolen during the excitement. On the complaint of Irving Seidenfried, an insurance adjuster of 35 West 115th Street, who said he was a passenger on the car and saw the purse taken, a man who described himself as Abraham Bohm, 28 years old, of 1,472 Fifth Avenue, was arrested. He later was arraigned before Magistrate Krotel in the Men's Night Court, charged with the theft, and was held in $500 bail on a charge of petit larceny. He will be arraigned before Magistrate O'Connor in the Yorkville Court this morning.

Seidenfried said he followed Bohm to Lenox Avenue and 116th Street, where he pointed him out to Policeman O'Rourke of the East 104th Street Station.

She is suffering from a fracture of the back of the skull. She escaped the full force of the blow, although the edge of the missile probably inflicted a mortal wound. A fragment of the bone was driven into the brain. An operation was performed late yesterday afternoon, but it was stated at the hospital that there is scarcely any hope for her recovery.

No one appeared at the hospital to identify her yesterday afternoon. She wore a mixed gray suit, a white shirtwaist, and black shoes and stockings. She is about thirty years old.

The other passengers in the car escaped uninjured. The block of terra cotta bored a fairly clean hole in the roof of the car, though the woodwork of the ceiling was splintered and torn. The police found no witnesses who had seen the block falling, and its dislodgement has not yet been explained.

Believing that the thirty-five-pound weight would not have droped into the middle of the street, if it had merely slipped from a windowsill, some of the Thompson-Starrett Company employes are of the opinion that it was thrown out of one of the upper windows. Murray, however, says that the falling piece may have struck a ten-foot platform that surrounds the fourteenth floor and have glanced outward.

Murray was arrested by Policeman Winnegar on a charge of criminal negligence and arraigned in the Yorkville Court. He was paroled in the custody of his lawyers, and his case is set for hearing Monday afternoon.

ASTOR GUARDIANS QUALIFY.

Justice Gildersleeve Asks Time to Study the Will for Possible Objections.

Testimony as to the execution of the will of Col. John Jacob Astor was taken yesterday in the probate department of the Surrogates' Court. Lewis Cass Ledyard, John F. Kane, and Philip A. Browne, the subscribing witnesses, testified that all legal formalities had been complied with. A report of their testimony will be submitted to Surrogate Fowler next week.

Former Supreme Court Justice Henry Alger Gildersleeve, special guardian for Mrs. Madeleine Talmage Force Astor, appeared in the Surrogates' Court during the afternoon and entered his formal appearance. The will cannot be admitted to probate until he files his report. Justice Gildersleeve said yesterday that he had not read the will, and asked for time to read it and prepare objections, if he then deemed that course desirable. He declined to state the attitude of either himself or Mrs. Astor to the will.

Langdon F. Marvin, the lawyer who was nominated by William Vincent Astor, the principal heir under the will, as his guardian, and A. Perry Osborn, who was named by Surrogate Fowler as guardian of Ava Alice Muriel Astor, Col. Astor's daughter by his first wife, also entered appearances. Mr. Osborn would not discuss his attitude toward the will.

Lawyers pointed out yesterday that under the section of the Code of Civil Procedure governing revocations of probates that any of the infant heirs may attack a will during the two-year period after attaining majority. The law provides, however, that the revocation may not affect real property.

S. W. BOWNE LEFT $1,976,976.

Widow Receives Nearly $1,000,000—Bequests to Colleges and Missions.

Samuel W. Bowne, former President of the firm of Scott & Bowne, manufacturing chemists, who died Oct. 29, 1910, left an estate valued at $1,976,976. Of this $1,791,417 is personalty, according to the appraisal filed yesterday in the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates by Deputy State Controller Fraser. The realty holdings include a residence at 25 West Fifty-seventh Street, valued at $150,000; 409-413 Pearl Street, his equity in which is $160,000; 11-15 West Eighty-first Street, equity $75,000, and a part interest in property at 170 Wooster Street.

Much of Mr. Bowne's fortune was invested in the Scott & Bowne Company. The stock in this is divided into 10,000 shares, of which he held 9,996, worth $999,600. The two remaining shares were given by Mr. Bowne to his nephews, Peter H. Fowler, who is now President of the company, and Charles Fowler.

Mrs. Nettie Bowne receives by her husband's will $823,249. Many nieces and nephews receive legacies.

The following institutions receive bequests: New York Church Extension and Missionary Society, $49,515; Drew Theological Seminary, $181,515; Syracuse University, $19,815; Wesleyan University, $19,215; Dickinson College, $11,900; New York Deaconesses Home and Training School, $18,715; St. Christopher's Home, $18,715; Old People's Home, $18,615; Five Points Mission, $18,815; Drew Ladies' Seminary, $6,000; Woman's College of Baltimore, $9,900; Pennington Seminary, $2,067; Jerry McAuley Mission, $3,187.

Music by Nahan Franko's Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily

Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET.
In New York's Shopping Center.

White Silks for June Brides.

Most exclusive assortment of imported and domestic weaves, exceptional values for to-day's selling. Main Floor.

42 in.	White	Charmeuse,	value $4.00	at	$3.25
42 "	"	Meteor,	" 3.00	"	2.25
42 "	"	Crepe Meteor,	" 2.50	"	1.95
40 "	"	Satin Meteor,	" 2.00	"	1.58
36 "	"	Satin Majestic	" 1.50	"	1.29
36 "	"	Messaline	" 1.50	"	1.29
40 "	"	Crepe de Chine	" 1.50	"	1.29
36 "	"	Pallet de Soie	" 1.35	"	.95

The Regular $2.50 Order of
Monogram Stationery
One Quire of Correspondence Cards with Envelopes, or Writing Paper with Envelopes
Special at 35c

The price includes one quire of the new social fad Correspondence Cards and Envelopes or one quire of Correspondence Paper and Envelopes with three letter monogram or any girl's name (over 25 styles to select from) stamped in first quality gold or any plain color, at thirty-five cents.

We guarantee the execution of the work to be strictly first class; in fact, you cannot buy any better at any price. Of course, you understand that it will take about one week to execute your order. Remember that ordinarily this order would cost $2.50, and that our special price is only 35c. Mail Orders must be accompanied by money.

Books for Graduation and Commencement

My Golden School Days. A Record Book for Happy Memories	45c
The Girl Graduate. (Her Own Book)	$1.08
The School Life. (Memories from Entrance to Graduation)	90c
School Fellow Days. (A Record Book)	90c
Alma Mater Days	$1.10

All the new books suitable for Graduation Day Presents.

Simpson Crawford Co., In New York's Shopping Center

Frederick Loeser & Co.
In every detail the Leading Retail Establishment of Brooklyn.
The Subway to Hoyt Street brings the Loeser Store Within 17 Minutes of Forty-Second Street.

Lace Neckwear Sale.
Real Irish and Princess Laces.
25c. to $8.98 Instead of 49c. to $20.

TODAY WE BEGIN WHAT PROMISES to be the Neckwear event of the year, both in price and in the quality of the pieces concerned.

The Sale includes a special purchase of fine Neckwear, Collars, Yokes, Chemisettes, and odd pieces, of high grade Princess Lace, many pieces with point medallions, all well shaped and made by hand in attractive patterns.

About an equal amount of fine Irish crochet pieces, specially shaped and beautifully made in charming styles, many of them recently imported, are included. These are in both the heavy or French patterns and the baby Irish designs, and at the higher prices especially are notable for their finish.

Included are some of the most recent styles, while not a piece but has intrinsic value far beyond its little price. In fact, some of the pieces cost more to import than they will be sold for today.

The prices have in every instance been cut at least in half, and in some instances even lower. There is unusually good choosing in the higher range of prices, but the best values will naturally fall to the earliest comers.

These pieces represent values from 49c. to $20, and are practically unprecedented value at 25c. to $8.98.

Main Floor, Fulton Street.

Men's and Young Men's Summer Suits.
A Sale at $16.50
Of Standard $20 to $25 Suits.

NOT OFTEN AT THE VERY BEGINNING OF A SUMMER SEASON is it possible to buy Loeser Standard $20 to $25 Suits for a reduced price.

But it is possible now—because the maker of this Loeser Clothing used up all the remaining pieces of woolens after his orders were filled and we agreed to take all the Suits, providing they were up to our standard of fit, style and tailoring.

The fabrics are excellent and in large variety. Rarely a full range of sizes in any one pattern, but such a thoroughly good range of patterns that it is easy to pick your size in a pattern you like.

Best selection will of course be today, while the stock is largest.

Full Stocks of New Summer Suits
are ready for good service to every man. They include the broad variety of light weight fabrics that are in fashion this season. They are Suits with the mark of individuality, the impress of the good tailor. Price range from $12.50 to $35.

Main Floor, Elm Place.

Best 50c Silk Socks In the World—Today 25c.

AMERICA HAS OUTDISTANCED France and Germany in making silk Hose to sell for moderate prices—and these are the very best men's silk Socks ever made in America to sell at half a dollar a pair.

That has been the price for them here—thousands of pairs have been sold for 50 cents.

Today, however, the price will be 25c.—and we shall try to supply everybody with all they want.

Black pure thread silk with full fashioned feet and with tops and soles of lisle thread which render them unusually serviceable. We also have them in the following plain colors: tan, cadet, navy, burgundy, smoke, gray, lavender and heliotrope.

Main Floor.

Several Thousand Pairs of Women's Pure Thread
Ingrain Silk Hose, 58c.
On a Special Table Today.

AS THE HOSIERY STORE'S CONTRIBUTION to a Saturday of unusual value giving, here is another unmatched collection of handsome Silk Hosiery at low prices that to our knowledge have never been equaled outside this Store.

Fine ingrain pure thread silk, all made with mercerized lisle soles and garter tops, splendidly reinforced, AND WE GUARANTEE EVERY PAIR TO WEAR SATISFACTORILY.

In black, white and tan. A value that is not to be matched anywhere in the country at the price.

Women's 50c. Silk Boot Stockings at 39c.
Thread silk Boot Stockings with full fashioned feet and fine lisle soles and tops which render them extra serviceable. In black, white, tan, pink and sky. Splendidly made and finished.

Silk Boot Stockings at 29c.
Thread silk Boot Stockings with mercerized tops and a wonder value for the money. ALL PERFECT.

Women's $1.50 Silk Stockings at $1.
The Stockings are the product of one of the leading Hosiery makers in the country and at the one-fifty price are a value unusual. They are made of a pure thread highly mercerized lustrous ingrain silk, both with lisle lined and lisle soles with lisle lined garter tops. Only a limited quantity today at this extra low price, $1 a pair.

Main Floor.

75c to $1.25 Silk Remnants, 50c Yard

FIFTEEN HUNDRED REMNANTS of excellent spring and summer Silks and Satins, including plain and fancy Silks and Satins, Pongees, Foulards, Taffetas and others in lengths of from one to ten yards.

It is an accumulation from our own stocks. The smaller lengths women will find practical for millinery and trimming purposes. In the longer lengths there is an excellent variety and opportunity to secure material for a new summer frock at a very low price.

Main Floor, Bond Street. None Sent C. O. D.

75c. to $1 Hand Bags for 50c.

ONE OF A NUMBER of extra special Hand Bag values which present some of the best offers of the season. This lot at 50c. each is a miscellaneous one, including black seal grain and color and black suede leather Bags in the round and square shapes, mounted on gilt frames and lined with moire, some finished with leather strap handles, others with the long cord handles.

$1.50 to $2 Hand Bags at $1.
Black seal grain leather Hand Bags in the deep shape with split bottoms. Lined with leather and mounted on fancy oxidized metal frame. Fitted with purse and finished with double strap handles. Also many other styles, including Carriage, Avenue and Vanity Bags of various leathers and all made and finished in high class order.

$2 to $2.50 Hand Bags at $1.50.
Ten inch goat seal Hand Bags with leather covered frames mounted on gilt or gun metal frames in the split bottom styles, lined with leather and fitted with purse, double strap handles. Also fancy metal frame Bags, gilt, oxidized and gun metal trimmed with gilt in the desirable long and deep shapes. Some are lined with leather, others with silk. All are fitted with purse. Double strap handles.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
Half a Century in Business.
Registered Eye Physicians Examine Your Eyes Without Charge
The Time to Act Is Before Your Eyesight Is Impaired
The first signs of eye trouble should be acted upon promptly. When your eyesight is at stake it's of vital importance to you.
Perfect Fitting Glasses, $2.50 to $12
With Bifocal Lenses, $4.50 to $18
223 Sixth Ave., 15th St. 217 B'way, Astor House
950 Sixth Ave., 52d St. 101 Nassau, Ann St.
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves., New York
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

Hollender's Pilsner
THE FIRST PILSNER IMPORTED
BREWED BY ACTIEN BRAUEREI
Purveyors To The Imperial Court
(Kaiser's Table Beer)
Positively the "BEST" PILSNER Imported.

HOLLENDER'S
Turkish & Russian Bath
Largest modern Bath of the United States. THE MANAGER, 40 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, will instruct you HOW a BATH should be taken for proper results.
149 W. 125th St., near 7th Ave.

Help Wanted

The New York Times does not accept Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state the character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for a purchase of samples or cash deposit are excluded from the Help Wanted columns. If the employment is on a commission basis the advertisement must so state. The Times uses the utmost care in accepting Help Wanted advertisements to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street 34th Street
SEMI-ANNUAL SALE
MEN'S FURNISHINGS
AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES

HABERDASHERY. In Both Stores

Shirts—soft, plain and plaited bosoms. Made of Mercerized Material, English Madras and Flannel.
values 1.50, 2.00 and 2.50 1.25

Shirts, made of Silk Mixed Fabrics, English Flannel, Scotch Madras and Mercerized Cloths. Various models and sleeve lengths, custom finish.
values 3.00, 3.50 and 4.00 2.00

Pure silk knit Scarfs, accordion and crochet weaves. Plain colors, cross stripes and lace designs.
values 2.00 and 2.50 1.45

Silk Scarfs, folded and open end four-in-hands. Made of Imported Silks in plain colors, stripes and figures.
values 1.00 and 1.50 .65

Pajamas in regular and extra sizes. Made of Madras and Mercerized Materials in white and colors.
values 2.00 and 3.00 1.25, 1.95

Beach and Bath Robes, made of English Flannel, Silk Mixtures and Mercerized Cloths. values 6.50 and 7.50 4.50

Bath Robes of Austrian Terry Cloth.
value 5.00 3.50

RAINCOATS & DUSTERS. In Both Stores

Raincoats of tan or gray Gabardine Cloth. English models, with convertible collars and raglan sleeves.
value 22.50 16.50

Raincoats of gray Mixed Tweed with velvet or self collar, also single or double tan Texture Cloth. English models.
values 18.00 and 20.00 12.00

Dusters of tan linen or gray Mohair.
values 5.50 and 6.50 4.00

Dusters of linen or crash. Tan and gray. Value 3.50 2.50

HALF HOSE & UNDERWEAR.

Fine Gauze Lisle Thread Hose with extra spliced heels, soles and toes.
value 35c 25c pair, 6 pairs 1.25

Pure Thread Silk Hose with lisle spliced soles and toes. Black and colors.
value 1.35 85c pair, 6 pairs 5.00

Fine Mercerized Stripe Madras Knee Drawers and Coat Shirts. Improved shapes. value 1.00 75c each

Fine Lisle Thread Knit Athletic Shirts, shaped at waist.
value 65c 40c each

EASY TERMS

$1 DAY

LANDAY BROS.

This

Victrola

costs you only

Fifteen Dollars

Step into any one of the three Landay salesrooms. Let us demonstrate its wonderful possibilities for affording innocent pleasure.

Open a charge account with Landay. We will make the terms to suit your convenience. We can show you every model made by the Victor factory and the widest selection of Victor records in this country.

Note our addresses carefully

Victrolas from $15 to $200
Victor Records . 60c. up

Landay

Authorized Victor Factory Distributors
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400 Fifth Ave., at 37th St.
563 Fifth Ave., cor. 46th St.

SUMMER CAMPS

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

See the Camp Advertisements appearing in the New York Evening Post on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

Send stamp for the new "Camp Directory." How old is your boy or girl? How much can you afford to pay? Have you any preference as to section or kind of camp? Give us these facts and we shall be glad to advise you.

The Evening Post

20 Vesey Street, New York City

Unnecessary Trips

are saved by using the Telephone.

Why not plan to save your time?

Just Telephone.

New York Telephone Company

1 HOUR & 56 MINUTES
TO
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NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIMETABLE

ORIENTAL RUGS, FINE CARPETS RESTORED to original colors without injury.

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.

CARPET CLEANSING

42 years' experience.

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Works, cor. 8th Sts., Jersey City. Phone 155

HOLT DEFENDS JAPAN AT PEACE MEETING

He Says It Will Be Our Fault If United States Goes to War with That Country.

TAFT PRAISED FOR TREATIES

Platform of Mohonk Conference Says President Represented the Sentiment of American People.

MOHONK LAKE, N. Y., May 17.—The third and last day of the Lake Mohonk Conference was devoted to addresses by Samuel B. Capen of Boston, William C. Deming, editor of The Wyoming Tribune, Cheyenne, Wyo.; President Henry C. White of the University of Georgia; Dr. John H. Gray of the University of Minnesota; Selden P. Spencer of St. Louis, former Judge of the United States Circuit Court; United States Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill, Hamilton Holt of New York, Dr. Dunbar Rowland of Jackson, Miss., and the Rev. Frederick Lynch of New York.

The conference prize for the best essay on international arbitration was presented to the winner, John K. Starkweather of Denver, Col., a student at Brown University, who made a brief speech. Miss Eunice Peter of Chicago was presented with the prize for the best woman's essay on peace.

The platform reported by the Executive Committee was in part as follows:

The Eighteenth Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration expresses its profound gratitude to the President of the United States for his illustrious service for the cause of international peace in the effort for the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France. We believe that the President, in this memorable effort, represented the great popular sentiment of the American people, and deploring the defeat for the moment of his high purpose, we call upon the people for unremitting endeavor to secure the early conclusion of treaties of equal or broader scope with the great nations of the world.

It is preeminently the duty of the United States to maintain strong leadership in this commanding cause. We record with satisfaction the recent ratification by the Senate of the United States of the Declaration of London, which makes it impossible to establish the International Prize Court, and on the eve of the creation of the committee to prepare the programme for the Third International Conference, we urge such broad and advanced American action as shall contribute to secure the most efficient basis of organization and procedure for this and future conferences, the adoption of a general treaty, the marked development of the international court, and united action for the limitation of armaments.

We emphasize anew the need of earnest efforts everywhere for such a public opinion as shall compel the powers party to The Hague conventions to respect the same in letter and spirit, and to resort to no hostilities until all possible means of peaceful settlement are exhausted.

Hamilton Holt, in discussing the relations of Japan and America, said in part:

"On March 31, 1854, Commodore Perry, in behalf of the United States, signed with Japan a treaty of commerce and friendship which opened Japan to the world. I cannot recall a single instance from that day to this, save, possibly, the Shimomaseki affair of 1863, in which Japan has violated either the letter or the spirit of that peace pact. At the present moment an American citizen, Mr. Dennison, is serving as chief advisor of the Foreign Office, and, incidentally, it is worth mentioning that Mr. Dennison has always had an understanding with the Japanese Government that in case of trouble between Japan and America he would return home. He has not yet asked for his release.

The United States had an equally unblemished record for cordiality to Japan until the close of the Russo-Japanese war. Then a change began. Personally, I take no stock in the charge that the American war correspondents whose work at the front was so restricted by the Japanese military authorities started the anti-Japanese cry in a spirit of revenge. Nevertheless, all at once, and without any obvious reason, inspired statements began to appear in the American press that we would have to fight the Japanese.

"Senator Lodge, who is more responsible for the defeat of the great peace treaties with England and Frace than any other man save Theodore Roosevelt, has again revived the Magdalena Bay war scare by charging Japan with seeking concessions in Mexico in violation of the Monroe Doctrine. In this connection President David Starr Jordan has just written me as follows:

Magdalena Bay is in the rainless belt of Lower California, in a region in which nothing grows except cactus and a few stunted cedars. There is a good harbor and there is excellent fishing in the bay. There is a little village where the people formerly maintained themselves by gathering orchil, a lichen used as a yellow dye, but this use has been displaced by aniline dyes. There is no water except a spring, which comes up close to the sea among the sand dunes.

"The State Department has shown the Senate that this Magdalena incident is not the slightest international importance, as every one who has followed the affair might have prophesied. Why, then, are these charges repeated when in every instance they are invariably proved to be without the slightest foundation?

"If Japan, then, has only the kindest feelings toward the United States, how can we best bring about a condition in this country whereby all these slanders against Japan will cease? Doubtless there are many ways. I will mention only the one that seems to me most promising. Why should not efforts at once be taken to send over to Japan in the next few years some of the leading American editors and owners of newspapers and magazines? I broached this subject in one of my public addresses in Tokio and the idea met with much approval in the Japanese press.

"While it is doubtless impossible to expect our molders of public opinion to learn Japanese, the next best thing is to have them visit Japan. They will then know pretty well how to handle the calumnies whenever uttered by our yellow journals or by the Lodges, Heyburns, and Hobsons of our Congress.

"I repeat, therefore, that if there is ever any trouble between the United States and Japan, it will be because we deliberately seek it or else because public opinion in America is allowed to be kept in ignorance of the true attitude toward us of our great and long-forbearing sister nation across the Pacific."

Announcement was made here to-day of the inauguration of a nation-wide movement to link the churches of the United States up to the movement to secure international peace, now before the conference.

A commission on peace and arbitration of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ, composed of well-known representatives of the churches, has been formed to conduct the campaign, the purposes of which are, briefly, to organize all the churches of the Nation into a great Church Peace League, and in all possible ways interest the ministers and churches in the peace movement.

Steps will be taken to organize the 18,000,000 persons represented in the Federal Council into a Church League of Peace, and affiliate it at once with the German and English churches.

DEBS AND SEIDEL NOMINATED

Socialists Also Adopt Platform Denouncing Violence in Strikes.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 17.—Eugene Victor Debs of Terre Haute, Ind., was nominated to-day as a candidate for the Presidency of the United States by the National Socialists' Convention. Emil Seidel, former Mayor of Milwaukee, was named for the Vice Presidential nomination.

Mr. Debs was not in the hall when the result of the ballot was announced, but Mr. Seidel, in a few words, thanked the delegates and promised that he would make the campaign "as lively as the capitalist parties had ever seen."

Mr. Debs was opposed for the Presidential nomination by Mr. Seidel and Charles Edward Russell of New York. After the result of the first ballot, which gave Debs 165, Seidel 56, and Russell 54, had been given out, Mr. Seidel moved that the nomination be unanimous, and it was seconded by Mr. Russell.

Many candidates, including Kate Richards O'Hair of St. Louis and Anna Agnes Mahley of Seattle were named for the second place, but only three, Mr. Seidel, John W. Slayton, Pennsylvania, and Dan Hogan, Arkansas, remained to be voted upon. Seidel, on the first ballot, received 159 votes; Hogan 73, and Slayton 24. Mr. Hogan's motion to make Mr. Seidel's nomination unanimous was seconded by Mr. Slayton.

The suffragists scored when they succeeded in amending the section of the constitution pertaining to membership in the party to read, "and unrestricted political rights for both sexes." The adoption of the amendment followed heated debate, and the voting down of a similar change in the constitution as introduced by a New York suffragist. The successful amendment was carried, 135 to 98.

The only other business was the adoption of a section of the constitution which places the party as taking a decided stand against "violence as a weapon of the working classes."

The session was the most heated of the convention and the amendment was not adopted until after several hours of debate, which frequently ran into personalities.

The new section reads:

Any member of the party who opposes political action or advocates crime, sabotage, or other methods of violence as a weapon of the working class, to aid in its emancipation, shall be expelled from membership in the party. Political action shall be construed to mean participation in elections for public office and practical legislative and administrative work along the lines of the Socialist Party platform.

The section was opposed by the "direct action" forces who have been espousing the cause of the Industrial Workers of the World, and was favored by the so-called "yellow" or conservative faction in the party.

The report of the Constitution Committee was taken up seriatum. The most important changes made were regarding the size and duties of the National Committee and the initiation of the referendum. The new Constitution provides that the National Committee shall consist of the State Secretaries of all organized States and one additional for each State for every 3,000 members. The committee is to meet at least once a year and as often as called. The referendum must be initiated by a State organization instead of by a local one.

The new Constitution declares that no member of the Socialist Party shall vote in primary or regular election for any candidate other than Socialists indorsed and recommended by the party.

SECOND JURY DISAGREES.

Lefi's Suit for $25,000 Damages Again Results in Mistrial.

For the second time a jury in the Supreme Court failed yesterday to agree in the $25,000 damage suit brought by William H. Lefi of Gloversville, N. Y., against Percival Kuhne of the banking firm of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne. Lefi accused Kuhne of having forcibly ousted him from Kuhne's place of business when he called to protest against the high rate of interest he was being charged for a loan.

Kuhne alleged that while Lefi was in the office, the clerk attempted to serve him wit a summons in a suit to collect the money due to them, and that in Lefi's effort to avoid service he tripped and fell.

WILLETT AND WALTER MUST STAND TRIAL

Court Dismisses Their Appeal in Queens Judiciary Scandal, but Absolves Cassidy.

NO PROOF AGAINST EX-BOSS

Conduct of Willett and Walter in Obtaining Willett's Nomination Called "Significant" by Court.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court for the Second Department handed down its decision yesterday on three writs of habeas corpus applied for by Joseph Cassidy, ex-Congressman William Willett, Jr., and Joseph T. Walter. The Court upheld the action of Justice Townsend Scudder, sitting as Magistrate, in holding that there was reasonable ground to suppose that Walter and Willett had committed a crime in their way of bringing about the nomination of Willett for Supreme Court Justice on the Democratic ticket in the Second Judicial Department last Fall. Cassidy's connection with the affair, the Court held, was so remote that he should be granted the writ of habeas corpus, which had been denied to all three men by Justice Aspinall.

The so-called Queens judiciary scandal, in connection with which the three men were arrested, charged with a conspiracy to bring about Willett's nomination by improper means, followed the publication of an editorial in The Brooklyn Standard-Union, a few days before the election last Fall, in which it was charged that the Tammany method of influencing Supreme Court nominations by the payment of large sums of money by the candidate had been inaugurated in Brooklyn and Queens. The day after the appearance of the editorial the three candidates on the Democratic judicial ticket, Surrogate Herbert T. Ketcham, Assistant Corporation Counsel Patrick E. Callahan, and ex-Congressman Willett, swore out a warrant for the arrest of William Berri, proprietor of The Standard-Union, on the charge of criminal libel. Berri furnished bail and announced that he would justify his publication. His statement was followed by a conference of Ketcham, Callahan, and Willett. The warrant against Mr. Berri was withdrawn, and Ketcham and Callahan issued statements in which they declared that they had sworn to the warrant for Mr. Berri's arrest under a misapprehension.

Ex-Congressman Willett then issued a statement in which he admitted having borrowed $20,000 in the thirty days preceding the judicial nominating convention. He also admitted buying $5,000 worth of stock from Louis T. Walter of Far Rockaway, a lieutenant of ex-Borough President Joseph Cassidy, then boss of Queens County, with whom he had been interested in realty deals. This statement was investigated in special proceedings before Justice Scudder, to learn whether or not a crime had been committed. At the conclusion of the hearings Justice Scudder held Willett, Cassidy, and Walter for trial. In deciding that Cassidy was improperly held the Appellate Division decision, written by Justice Burr, says:

The acts and conduct of the relators, Willett and Walter, are so connected and interwoven that these may be considered together. The relator Cassidy, however, occupies a different position. A careful examination of all the evidence taken before the Magistrate fails to disclose any connection upon his part with any criminal acts or conduct. Giving to such evidence its fullest possible effect, nothing further appears than that, occupying the position of a powerful political leader in the County of Queens, after one or more consultations with the relator Walter, he concluded to exercise his influence over the delegates to the Democratic Judiciary Convention favorable to the nomination of the relator Willett. Whether he was led to do so from motives of friendship, politics, or gratitude for past support, or that he actually believed Willett to be the best candidate, does not appear. But we have been unable to discover any evidence that would justify the conclusion that he was influenced so to do by the payment or offer of money.

After ordering the release of Cassidy, the decision goes on to review the evidence, which showed that on Sept. 22, four days before the primaries, Willett borrowed on his note $5,000, which he took in $500 and $1,000 bills, and that on Sept. 30 he obtained $10,000 on notes at the Far Rockaway Bank, which was also paid to him in cash. The decision also calls attention to the fact that the $10,000 he obtained at the Bank of Long Island in Jamaica, three hours before the opening of the judiciary convention on Oct. 6, was also paid over to him in cash.

FLOOD SUFFERERS' FUND.

Total of $835 Received for the Relief of Southerners.

William D. Buckner of 885 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, Treasurer of the Southern Relief Fund and of the Mayor's committee to receive contributions to the Southern Flood Relief Fund, has received these contributions:

New York Southern Society	$500.00
Maryland Society	100.00
Archibald D. Gwathmey	50.00
"A Native of Georgia"	5.00
Anna Marewell Jones	5.00
"A Native of Massachusetts"	5.00
Miss Marie Eysenbeck	1.00
Mrs. Charles Stillman	5.00
E. M. Bruce, Children of Confederacy	20.00
E. A.	1.00
Willis Browning	25.00
"From a Friend"	15.00
New York Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy	25.00
Alfred L. Simon & Co.	50.00
Charles B. Schellenberg	25.00
T. D. Richardson	2.50
S. M.	1.00
Total	$835.50

Contributions will be received at the Mayor's office and by Mr. Buckner.

POLICE FUND TO BE HALTED.

Foedick Will Investigate Scheme to Raise Salaries.

Raymond B. Foedick, Commissioner of Accounts, said yesterday that he would investigate the report that the members of the Police Benevolent Association were subscribing to a fund for the purpose of having the salaries of patrolmen increased. Next week, he said, he would subpoena a number of patrolmen to appear before him.

The Commissioner said that it seemed to be the belief among the patrolmen, due to former conditions, that they must pay for every promotion or increase in salary. Much good would be done, he said, if an investigation would show that the men were rewarded solely on their merits.

SILK SOCKS

The kind that *wears* is Interwoven.

MADE of Pure Thread Silk—sheer and lustrous. And they will wear far better than any other silk socks you ever wore.

Interwoven Silk Socks are strong where the others are weak—toe, sole, heel and ankle wear-proofed by the new Interwoven patented machines.

Silks, 50c a pair.
Lisles, 25c, 35c, 50c.

AT YOUR DEALER'S

CARPET CLEANSING

BY COMPRESSED AIR IN FIRE-PROOF BUILDING

FIRE-PROOF STORAGE FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS

T. M. STEWART

438, 440, 442 WEST 51st ST., FORMERLY 326 7th AVE.

TELEPHONE 5567 COLUMBUS

FOUNDED IN 1863

St. Louis

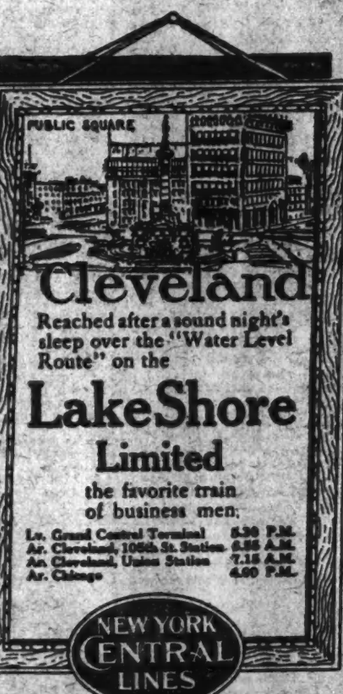
Only 24 hours from New York via the luxuriously appointed

SOUTHWESTERN Limited

the train that saves a day to St. Louis

Lv. New York 4.00 P. M.
Ar. St. Louis 3.00 P. M.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES



Cleveland

Reached after a sound night's sleep over the "Water Level Route" on the

LakeShore Limited

the favorite train of business men.

Lv. Grand Central Terminal 5.30 P.M.
Ar. Cleveland, 105th St. Station 6.55 A.M.
Ar. Cleveland, Union Station 7.15 A.M.
Ar. Chicago 4.00 P.M.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Buffalo

Unequaled service—5 day-trains and 5 night-trains at convenient hours

Empire State Express

Leaves New York at 6.30 a.m. Other trains leave at 8.45, 10.20 a.m., 12.40 and 12.50 mid-day, 6.00, 8.02, 9.38 and 11.44 p.m. and 12.25 midnight

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

20th Century Limited to Chicago

The famous "Overnight Train" over the "Water Level Route"

Lv. New York 4.00 P. M.
Ar. Chicago 8.55 A. M.

Lv. Chicago 2.30 P. M.
Ar. New York 9.25 A. M.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Detroit

Just overnight from New York, and a perfect night's rest via

The Wolverine

All Pullman cars
All special features

Lv. New York 5.00 P. M.
Ar. Detroit 7.15 A. M.
Ar. Chicago 2.00 P. M.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

An Unrivaled Collection

Railroad and Pullman tickets delivered by Special Messenger without extra charge.

For further information, address General Eastern Passenger Agent, 1216 Broadway.

New York 'Phone: 6310 Madison

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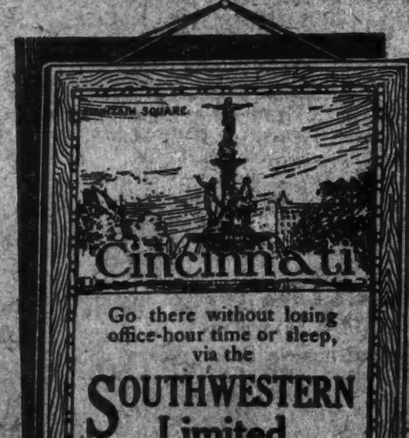


Cincinnati

Go there without losing office-hour time or sleep, via the

SOUTHWESTERN Limited

over the restful "Water Level Route"

Lv. New York 4.00 P.M.
Ar. Cincinnati 8.55 A.M.
Ar. Louisville 2.45 P.M.
Ar. Nashville 8.35 P.M.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

SPECIAL SALE SATURDAY

Young Men's and Boys'

Navy Blue English Serge Suits

Boys' Blue Serge Suits
With two pair of knickerbockers. Norfolk and double breasted models. 7 to 18 years. Value $9.75 — 6.50

Boys' Blue Serge Suits
With two pair of knickerbockers. Of imported navy serge, hand tailored. 7 to 18 years. Value $12.50 — 8.50

Boys' English Serge Suits
With two pair of knickerbockers. Single or double breasted, sack or Norfolk models, custom tailored. 7 to 18 years. Value $15.75 — 10.00

Young Men's Serge Suits
Dressy sack models of all-wool navy blue serge, mohair lined. 32 to 40 chest. Value $18.75 — 12.75

Young Men's Serge Suits
Single or double breasted models of all-wool navy serge, hand tailored. 32 to 40 chest. Value $21.50 — 15.75

Young Men's Serge Suits
Single or double breasted models of imported all-wool navy blue English serge, with soft roll lapel. 32 to 40 chest. Value $24.50 — 18.75

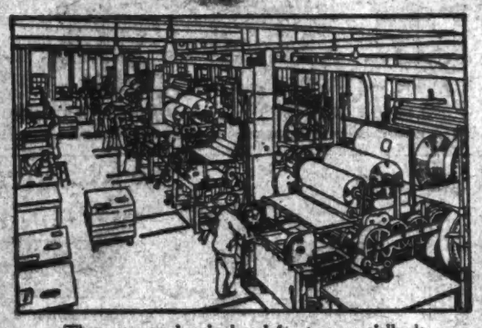
WILL CLOSE OUT SATURDAY.

85 Young Men's Suits

Hand-tailored English models of gray, brown or blue pencil stripes; navy serge, gray diagonal worsted, Scotch tweed or flannels. 32 to 40 chest.

17.50 Heretofore $24.50 to $35.00

This Page is For *Other* Manufacturers



There are one hundred and fourteen specially designed presses, including high-speed color presses.

1,950,000 families buy *The Saturday Evening Post.*

1,750,000 families buy *The Ladies' Home Journal.*

400,000 families take both.

They are paying more than $4,000,000 for these magazines this year, without receiving a single premium or discount of any kind; they pay this sum just to read them.

An endless belt carries away the mail pouches in which the magazines are packed—150 tons a day.

A capacity for the manufacture of 800,000 magazines a day is necessary to keep pace with the demand. Every 28 days we turn out of our press rooms more than 2,000,000 complete publications—more than 110,000,000 copies a year.

Every day more than 150 tons of paper are consumed in our Philadelphia plant. Last year 2,300 carloads of paper left Fitchburg, Mass., for *The Ladies' Home Journal* and *The Saturday Evening Post.* A train over 17 miles in length would have been required for last year's shipments.

The Engraving Department, where every cut, advertising or pictorial, is brought to its highest efficiency.

About 1,000 men are employed in the mills making the paper for the Curtis publications. Curiously, most of the material is sourced in Europe. Old books, ledgers and the like are macerated, bleached and turned into the white satin-finished paper as you receive it.

The paper used in printing *The Ladies' Home Journal* and *The Saturday Evening Post* during one year, if put in one strip the width of a page of these publications, would make a white band which would go more than thirty times around the earth.

In the Employees' Restaurant, where 600 dine at one time, are 17 original paintings by Maxfield Parrish.

200,000 pounds of ink were consumed last year. The tiny wire staples used in binding weighed 27,000 pounds last year.

THESE pictures show the work of an army created by the power of advertising. This is the achievement of twenty-eight years.

To you who are also a manufacturer, does it seem of only passing interest—

—That 3,500 people work night and day in this great building—

—That it requires seven mills and about 1,000 men to make the 100,000,000 pounds of paper used yearly—

—That 2,800 district managers direct a sales force of 31,000 men and boys in every ward of the cities and every lane of the country towns?

You recognize the impressiveness of these facts, but you ask—

What is All This to Me—a Manufacturer?

This: These thousands of people, these buildings, these machines, are catering to the wants of a nation. Their work is for 3,300,000 American families who buy *The Ladies' Home Journal* or *The Saturday Evening Post*—fine, intelligent, prosperous, American families, with the standards of living, the affluence and the desire for every conceivable kind of service and merchandise.

These facts challenge *you.*

Why should these millions not know you and buy of you? What a world of wants for you—the manufacturer—to reach and fill in this *nation within the nation.*

This nation of readers, the building here illustrated, this army of workers—all have been built by advertising. Not only by the advertising of other manufacturers who have told of their goods through our columns, but also by *our own advertising of our own manufactured product.* The Curtis Publishing Company is itself one of the leading users of advertising space.

We propose to you the enlargement of your production and your sales by the same methods which we have ourselves employed.

To continue to make good for ourselves we must continue to make good for others.

Of all the homes worth while in the whole country you can reach one in four through our publications.

We should like you to do two things: Send for our 40-page booklet on modern advertising: and when in Philadelphia, come and inspect this plant.

This enormous stock room, with 27,000 square feet of floor space, holds barely a month's supply of paper.

Suppose you were to pile one month's issue of *The Ladies' Home Journal* up in one single column—2 copies to the inch, 60 copies to the foot, 316,800 copies to the mile. The 1,750,000 copies would be more than 5½ miles high. More than 50 times the height of Washington's Monument.

413,000 pounds of wrapping paper and 100,000 pounds of rope are used each year in the shipping of *The Ladies' Home Journal* and *The Saturday Evening Post.*

200 truck-loads of 7,300 pounds to the load are required to transport one edition of *The Ladies' Home Journal* to the mail trains, to the express and freight stations. For *The Saturday Evening Post* an additional 145 truck-loads are required each week.

The average edition of *The Ladies' Home Journal* weighs more than 2,000,000 pounds. Seventy-five railroad cars are required to move and distribute it.

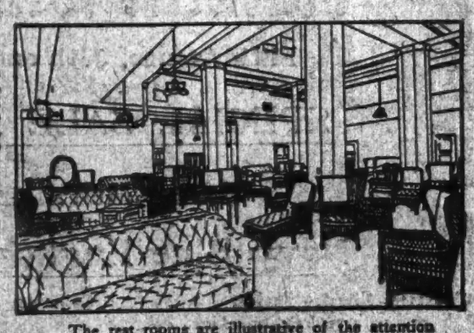
540,000 mail sacks are used each year in the dispatching of *The Ladies' Home Journal* and *The Saturday Evening Post* to all parts of the world.

More than 10,000,000 United States postage stamps are used in a year, and in addition $400,000 a year is paid to the Government for carrying the publications mailed by us. This does not include the great sums required for transporting copies to the trade and to the wholesale news companies.

The Company receives over a million and three-quarters letters a year. A single day's mail has contained 22,500 letters, containing remittances amounting to $38,700.

This warehouse, in another part of the city, has a storage capacity of 6,000 tons of paper and 10,000 tons of coal.

Ink—the smallest factor in printing—is consumed at the rate of 1¼ tons a day.

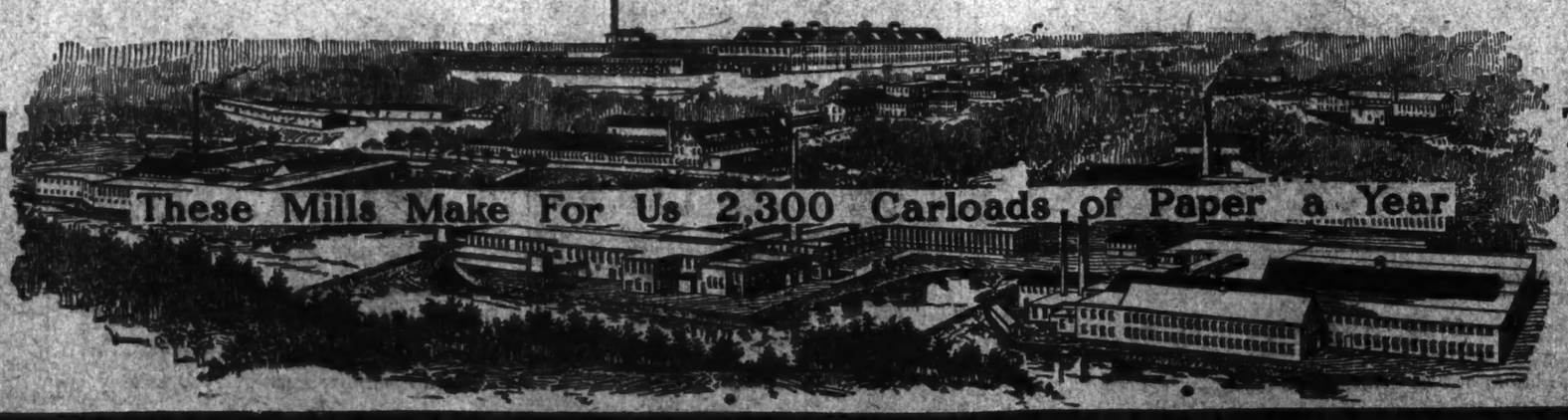


The rest rooms are illustrative of the attention given to the comfort and health of employees.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

PHILADELPHIA

The Ladies' Home Journal
Circulation More Than 1,750,000



The Saturday Evening Post
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SPEAKS FOR HONESTY OF LATIN AMERICA

Mr. Santamarina Also Says Miss Peck Was Wrong in Doubting American Exporters.

HE TELLS HOW TO GET TRADE

Pan-American Association Decides to Send Him to South America to Establish Better Relations.

The commercial integrity of South America and the honesty of her people were proclaimed by J. P. Santamarina, General Secretary of the Pan-American Trade Association, yesterday at the second and last day of the first annual Pan-American Trade Conference at the Waldorf. Mr. Santamarina also defended American exporters and manufacturers against the charge of business immorality in their dealings with South America. The trade of Central and South America was there if only North American merchants would go after it earnestly by adopting suitable and intelligent business methods. He declared that Miss Annie Peck, the mountain climber and explorer, had exaggerated, when speaking before the conference on Thursday afternoon on "The Requirements of South American Trade," when she had attributed wrongdoing to the merchants of this country.

It was not wrong intent, he said, but rather the result of misunderstanding of temperament. These things, he said, were bound to clear away when North and South America came closer together in the bonds of commerce and have a better understanding of each other.

Whether it was worse to have a salesman representing American interests in South America who understood his goods, but did not understand the language, or to have one who understood the language and not his goods was a question, the speaker thought, that was open to debate. To his mind, both were bad.

The Way to Get the Trade.

What was needed was a man who understood both languages and the goods he was selling. It was poor business to trust to an interpreter, for the interpreter was not greatly interested. He got tired, and was often of limited intelligence. The ideal South American salesman of North American goods must be a universal man, he said—one who knows the country, the people, the temperament of the people, the location of places, the steamship connections, the rail lines, and who had a good appearance and with enough acquaintance with national and local affairs of the country to talk intelligently about other things than trade.

"When you see a salesman rush into an office, hat on, cigar in his mouth, and, perhaps, chewing gum, and hear him say, 'Say, do you want to buy this? I represent the greatest firm in the world, and our goods are the best,' you may be sure that man will not do in South America, or especially Argentina, where I come from. Knowing the hustle and the way of doing things here," said Mr. Santamarina, "I can understand how that sort of way will do here, where there is little time to spend with salesmen and time is money. It is not applicable in South America. When you have first conquered the confidence and friendship of our people then you will get our trade."

Salesmen ought to carry well-defined catalogues, the speaker said, and these ought to be printed in good Spanish. He warned the United States manufacturer against getting up expensive catalogues, for even catalogues don't go far. What the people want to see are the goods and not fine cuts, touched up by an artist. Samples must be taken and shown, but he warned against samples which were better than the actual goods. Another drawback to our getting trade in Latin America, he said, was in not adopting the Spanish language in correspondence and not putting enough postage on our letters.

"If you receive inquiries, follow them up," he said, "and when the inquiries show that there is a market for your goods, then send a salesman with catalogues and samples."

Mr. Santamarina urged on his hearers the necessity of protecting their trademarks by registering them in the countries in which the goods were being advertised or sold. The lack of an international trademark protection, he said, was weakness of international trade.

Can't Do It Without Ships.

"Another drawback," he declared, "is your lack of shipping. You are now at the mercy of foreign shipping. The prices can be raised and you cannot expect trade unless you have your flag upon the sea. If you had your own ships you could triple your trade with us. You are now opening up a waterway at Panama to cut your own throats. You are building the canal for the world, but you are forgetting that 'Charity begins at home.' You say, 'We can get the ships when we want them.' Well, you can't build ships like you make sandwiches."

"The lack of our own ships has done more to harm American trade with South America than any other cause," declared Mr. Ewell. He said when there had been talk here of establishing a merchant marine falsehoods had been put into circulation by foreign shipping men.

Japan, he said, was gaining supremacy of the Pacific because of her ships and he told a story of the time of our trouble with Japan. President Roosevelt had asked a prominent army officer whether he could call Japan's bluff. This officer answered we could not, because we had no vessels to transport our troops, while Japan could land men and take the Pacific coast while we were getting together 40,000 men. The speaker described the chance we took when our fleet went around the world; how the Japanese must have laughed when they saw that fleet of foreign colliers following our warships, all of which would have scattered with the first shot.

"The first time we dispute Japan there will be war," he said. "You know how the Japs move. They are smiling in your face one day and the next day they stab you in the back. Japan has fifty ships on the ways and she is preparing for war. Why has she increased her ship subsidies? She wants vessels to transport troops. Mr. Ewell said that it was a crime to make the American people feel that they can place dependence upon a fleet without colliers or efficient transports.

Dr. John D. Long spoke on "Trade with Brazil, and Vincente Gonsalez upon "Banking with Latin America."

The conference adopted resolutions favoring a policy of commercial reciprocity with South America and urging upon Congress the passage of a subsidy bill, and in this the Trades Conference pledged its support to the National Merchant Marine Association.

A number of speakers as well as South Americans have written to the association urging the necessity of establishing an American exhibition of American manufactured products, and the conference, by the resolution, committed itself to the project.

A South American banking house has agreed to operate the new enterprise for a small commission and to guarantee payments for goods ordered. The association is also committed to work for the extension of parcels post arrangements, as an increase to international trade and will memorialize the Government to arrange parcels post agreements with those Latin-American countries with which such agreements have not been negotiated. It will also endeavor to obtain better international trademark protection.

It was announced at the close of the meeting that the Pan-American Trade Association will send Secretary Santamarina to South America in the interest of a better trade understanding.

TO-MORROW'S BOOK REVIEW.

Contents of the Review of Books Published with The New York Times May 19th.

Why the Russian Revolution Failed.
A Brilliant English Writer Tells How the "Intellectuals" Perverted the Revolutionary Movement and Guided It Into Strange Paths.

Owen Johnson Assails His Critics.
Says "Stover at Yale" is a True Picture of College Life; Questions the Poll of Yale Students, and Condemns Novels "with a Purpose."

A Lost Revolution.
How the Anarchist Gracchus Babeuf Failed to Overthrow the French Government and Establish Communism.

Literary Boston.
News and Notes About All Kinds of Books from the Hub.

Poems of Love.
Miss Barker Writes Well but Overmuch About the God.

Explanations.
Baroness von Hedemann Feels Obliged to Indulge in Some.

Joseph Conrad.
Is His First Novel's Reappearance a Sign of Popularity?

Latest Fiction.
Novels Deserving Praise and Others That Fail to Merit It.

John Masefield.
His New Novel Is a Mixture of Culture and Uncouthness.

WHITMAN WILL SEEK SOURCE OF THAW NOTE

Carmody Tells District Attorney He Does Not Wish Any Advantage Taken of White's Slayer.

MAY PROSECUTE AUTHOR

Lawyer Dismissed by Thaw Suspected of Showing Thaw's Alleged Threats to Kill Other Men.

The new developments in the Thaw case were considered at a conference between Attorney General Carmody, District Attorney Whitman, and Assistant District Attorney Nott yesterday. After the conference it was said that an investigation would be begun at once to find out whether or not that part of the letter published in The New York Herald on Thursday, in which Thaw was alleged to have written "kill" after the names of Stanford White, Frederic Gebhard, and Bancroft Davis, was a forgery, and if so, who was responsible for it.

Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for Thaw, was just as positive yesterday as on Thursday that the alleged postscript to the letter was forged. He said yesterday that the investigation would show that Thaw never wrote the names or the word "kill," as he was alleged to have done. Mr. Shearn said that he had been in communication with Thaw, who is in the Asylum for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan. Thaw had assured him, Mr. Shearn said, that he had never written the postscript or anything like it.

As soon as Attorney General Carmody arrived here from Albany yesterday he met District Attorney Whitman. The Attorney General told Mr. Whitman that he did not want any illegal advantage taken of Thaw, and that if it was true, as Mr. Shearn alleged, that the postscript to the letter Thaw is said to have written to the late J. S. Kennedy is in the handwriting of some person other than Thaw, he wants that fact established.

As THE TIMES said yesterday, there is no postscript to the original Thaw letter to Kennedy now on file in the District Attorney's office, and there is nothing in the letter to indicate that there ever was such a postscript.

Beyond the brief statement that he intended to find out if a crime had been committed, District Attorney Whitman declined to discuss the latest turn in the Thaw case yesterday. The original letter is said to have been in the District Attorney's office for several years. It was found in a mass of papers kept in an old trunk. It was in the original envelope. The signature of the original letter is not "Thaw," as the letter published in The Herald represented, but the letter "T," with a dash after it.

Should the letter as published prove to be a fraud, the District Attorney, it was said yesterday, could follow one of two courses. He could indict the person responsible for forgery in the third degree, or for selling false information to a newspaper, or if he so desired, for both crimes. It has not yet been ascertained where the copy of the original letter that was shown to ex-District Attorney Jerome came from, but many familiar with the case expressed the belief yesterday that the person who produced it was a man who was prominently identified with the defense of Thaw on his trials for murder, and who has since been dismissed from Thaw's service. This man could not be found in New York yesterday, although persons who know him well said he was in the city.

Mr. Jerome, who will oppose for the State Thaw's effort to get out of Matteawan, said yesterday that practically all he knew of the latest phase of the case was what he had read in the newspapers. He would not say where the Thaw letter is now, but he admitted that he had seen it. He also said that he had nothing whatever to do with the publication of the story.

It was reported yesterday that Evelyn Nesbit Thaw had returned to New York. Whether or not she brought the much discussed baby with her was not revealed. Friends of Thaw insist that the young woman is not the mother of the child. On the other hand persons who know the young woman say that the child is hers, that his first name is Anthony, and that he will soon be two years old.

Would Annul 12-Year Marriage.

Mrs. Sarah Taylor Mason, who has been married for twelve years, began proceedings yesterday in the Supreme Court to have her marriage with William Mason annulled. She was but 16 years old when she married, and consequently under age, and she bases her complaint on this fact.

BOOKS REVIEWED

THE LAST EPISODE OF THE FRENCH REVOLUTION. Being a History of Gracchus Babeuf and the Conspiracy of the Equals. By Ernest Belfort Bax. Small, Maynard & Co.

MULTITUDE AND SOLITUDE. By John Masefield. Mitchell Kennerley. $1.35 net.

THE MEMOIRS OF FRANCESCO CRISPI. Translated by Mary Prichard-Agnetti from the documents collected and edited by Tommaso Palamenghi-Crispi. Two volumes. George H. Doran Company.

MY FRIENDSHIP WITH PRINCE HOHENLOHE. By Baroness von Hedemann. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons.

ALMATER'S FOLLY. A Story of an Eastern River. By Joseph Conrad. The Macmillan Company.

THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE. By Maurice Baring. George H. Doran Company. $3.50.

THE WHITE GHOST OF DISASTER
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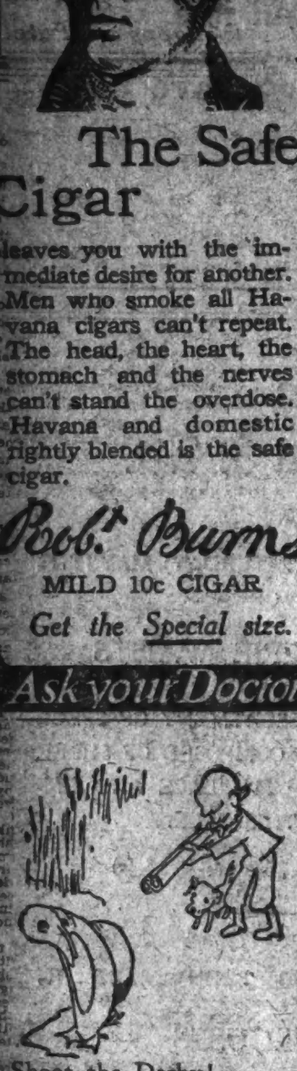

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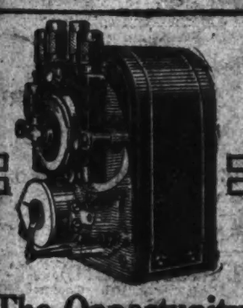

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FACES TEARING AUTO IN QUICK-STOP TESTS

Aldermen, to Get New Speed Law Data, Watch C. G. Stewart's Thrilling Experiments.

HAD TO JUMP FOR HIS LIFE

So the Aldermen Are Sure Thirty Miles an Hour Is Insane, Though Auto Dealers Protest.

The committee of the Board of Aldermen on speed regulation, headed by Alderman Ralph Folks, took a sixty-mile spin through the streets of Brooklyn yesterday to get a first-hand impression of how safe a pedestrian would be if automobiles were allowed to run from twenty to thirty miles an hour instead of from eight to fifteen miles, as under the present regulations.

Before the day was over they had seen some hair-raising tests, and the entire committee seemed convinced that twenty miles might do, but that thirty, which is the maximum under the Callan law, would be ruinous to the nerves and some of the lives of the community.

Charles G. Stewart, general manager of the Automobile Dealers' Association, who believes that the proposed regulations should permit twenty to thirty miles, organized the expedition. The Aldermen's committee included Niles R. Becker, Frank J. Dotzler, John J. Reardon, William Fink, John McCann, A. W. Shipley, F. H. Wilmot, Robert H. Boase, and O. G. Esterbrook, who was the guide of the expedition. Five touring cars carried the Aldermen, the newspaper men, and the ubiquitous moving picture artists.

The trip started at the City Hall and the route was through Fulton Street, Livingston Street, Atlantic Avenue, Flatbush Avenue, Prospect Avenue, Eastern Parkway, Bedford Avenue, Kings Highway, Ocean Parkway, and many side streets. There were observations all along the route, some of the Aldermen noting the poor traffic arrangements, others commenting on the useless congestion of Fulton Avenue at the expense of the almost unpatronized parallel arteries, Livingston Street and Atlantic Avenue; others wishing that the roads might be in better condition, and still others wondering what the Mayor could have meant when he told the little boys and girls of Brooklyn that they could play on the streets all they liked.

But especial attention was paid to quick-stopping tests, which Mr. Stewart and C. S. Henshaw, manager of the Thomas Motor Company, had devised to illustrate their contentions that the present regulation of going eight to fifteen miles an hour is ridiculous.

The Quick-Stopping Tests.

The first tests were made on a lonely spot on Kings Highway, where there were easily more trees and rail fences than pedestrians. Two forty horse power automobiles, capable of going seventy-five miles an hour and both of them, according to Mr. Henshaw, having gone thousands of miles without inspection, were used for the tests. One of the cars had smooth treads and the other anti-skid treads.

"Now we will show," began Mr. Stewart, "that any average car going at a moderate rate of speed, can come to a stop before it hits a man who steps in front of it. I mean to prove that if the average chauffeur sees a man one second before his car would hit him he can still avert an accident by applying the ordinary foot brakes."

Thereupon all the Aldermen piled into the test car. A tape was stretched across the road, between two telephone poles, and the chauffeur was told to approach the tape, on the first test, at a fifteen-mile an hour speed. Mr. Stewart took a position on the road twenty-two feet from the tape, twenty-two feet being the distance that a car travelling fifteen miles an hour would go in a second. He stood there, brave man, while the automobile came directly toward him and while the moving picture machines were busy recording the fatality, should there be one.

And never an inch did Mr. Stewart budge. The moment the car touched the tape he threw up his hands. The chauffeur shut off his power and applied the foot or service brake. The wheels screeched their disapproval of the strain, but Mr. Stewart was saved. The car stopped fourteen feet and ten inches from the tape and hence there was never a foot of life between Mr. Stewart and the hood of the car. The Aldermen were enthusiastic and agreed to speed at twenty miles an hour for the second test.

Chauffeur's Foot Slips.

This time the hero took his stand 30 feet from the tape, that being approximately the distance that a car goes a second at the 20-mile rate.

Alas, the chauffeur's foot slipped off the brake, so it was explained, and the hero, had he been a real one, would have been mowed down like a weed, for the car slid 36 feet before it came to a stop. Mr. Stewart, who has an eye for danger, stepped aside and the crowd cheered. The moving picture men said they had spoiled a film, and the test was repeated. This time the car slid 25 feet, and hence Mr. Stewart was safe by 5 feet. At 25 miles an hour he had 3 feet to spare, having stood a distance of 56 feet from the tape.

This wasn't so bad, for, it is admitted, a chauffeur's foot must slip once in a while. The worst was yet to come, for they next tried a 30-mile speed. Mr. Stewart taking his stand 44 feet from the line. This time the Aldermen had a real scare. Did the chauffeur's foot slip? No; he got it on the accelerator pedal, maybe. Anyway, Mr. Stewart jumped for dear life, and the automobile left a streak in the road 55 feet long, and 11 feet beyond the mark.

The automobile managers didn't like this. They held a consultation and decided to repeat the test with a smooth tread set of rear tires. They worked a little better, the friction surface being greater, but the car again ran over the mark by 4 feet and 3 inches. It was clear that 30 miles an hour was too fast even for the outskirts of Brooklyn.

Alderman Folks and his colleagues talked the matter over under an oak tree and made a few notations in their books. Mr. Folks observed that Kings Highway wasn't paved, and he asked that tests might be made on a smooth asphalt pavement. He suggested a quiet stretch on Webster Avenue, near Ocean Parkway, and thither the procession moved.

On a twenty-mile speed the cars were brought to a standstill on the 28 feet 8 inch mark, this record being three feet worse than on the macadamized Kings Highway. At thirty miles an hour, on the first test, with an anti-skid tread, the cars slid 38 feet, which was within one foot of twice the distance that it should have gone to prove Mr. Stewart's contention that a man would be safe if the chauffeur should have a second in which to apply the brakes. With the smooth tread the slide was 18 feet less but still 21 feet from the safety mark. All of which, notwithstanding the explanation that one of the front wheels had struck a banana peel in the first test, was proof for the Aldermen that thirty miles an hour would be positively unsafe.

Alderman Folks's Opinion.

At the conclusion of the tests, Alderman Folks said that he had enjoyed himself, but that he had a few things to say.

"These tests up to twenty-five miles an hour show," he said, "that an automobile can indeed be brought to a stop if the chauffeur sees a pedestrian a second before his car would be upon him. But one must not overlook the fact that all chauffeurs are not average chauffeurs. To make the standard of these tests universal it would require instantaneous discovery of the pedestrian, instantaneous decision to stop the engine and apply the foot brake, and instantaneous response of the machinery. We are of the opinion that these three requisites would only be found in a small percentage of cases.

"About 25 miles an hour would certainly be an insane speed, were it to apply to all parts of the city. It must be fixed somewhere below twenty-five. Perhaps twenty would not be too great. We cannot commit ourselves until we have made further observations.

"It is obvious, however, that brakes are an important necessity in the limitation of automobile accidents. We may recommend that a Commissioner of Automobiles be appointed. I don't mean that a lot of brake inspectors should be appointed, but that some department of the city should be responsible for the proper working condition of all foot brakes. We understand that the emergency brakes cannot be relied on to bring cars to a stop. The foot brake, however, which should work automatically with the chauffeur's mind, should always be in good condition."

Mr. Stewart, who said that he expressed the sentiment of the automobile dealers, still insisted that twenty to thirty miles should be permitted under the proposed regulations which the Aldermen are framing.

"In congested districts," he said, "it is not a question of speed at all. There we can't make more than fifteen miles an hour if we try, and often we can't make five. But in the open districts, where there is comparatively little traffic, we think that the regulations should specify that the policemen should have discretion before making an arrest; that the policemen should not arrest a man going thirty miles an hour if there is no one near to be endangered by that speed. If the speed limit is too low, there will be constant violations. It would be better to raise the limit and have strict observance, and there would be none who would be more willing to observe those regulations than the association of automobile dealers."

DENY A COHALAN TRUST.

All Five Brothers Unite in This—Preposterous, Says Judge Cohalan.

Accusations made by The World that the Cohalan brothers were forming a law and bond trust in New York City met with vigorous denial yesterday from all of the five brothers. These are Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, Surrogate John P. Cohalan, Timothy E. Cohalan of the Frawley-Cohalan Bond Company, and Denis O'L. Cohalan and M. J. Cohalan, who are practicing lawyers.

Justice Cohalan declared that libel proceedings might be brought.

"Probably," said Justice Cohalan, "the gross misstatements made in that article were so framed as to avoid the direct charge of libelous. It is necessary to prove not only that the facts have been distorted, but that there was malicious intent, in order to prove a libel; and it is not clear whether such intent can be proven in this article. But the idea is preposterous that there has been any attempt made to grab the law business in this city."

Justice Cohalan denied absolutely that Michael J. Egan, who was said to have received 176 appointments from the Justice, ever had been his law partner or ever had been associated with him in any way.

"We occupied adjoining offices, but that is a common occurrence in this city," said he. "Our business was independent."

The statement that Michael J. Egan had received 176 appointments and Denis Cohalan twenty-seven from Justice Cohalan since he was appointed to the Supreme Court Bench by Gov. Dix in May, 1911, was also denied by the Justice.

"I can recollect only a few appointments, such as every Justice gives to attorneys of his acquaintance," said the Justice. "And these few were bothersome and were assumed because of a sense of duty by Mr. Egan. Is it not natural that a Supreme Court Justice should give his references to men whom he knows and can trust? Just because two brothers of a family of five have been successful, must the other members go and hide themselves in order to avoid the absurd accusation that they are monopolizing a profession?"

The charge that the Frawley-Cohalan Company, which was incorporated a month ago, and has taken offices opposite the Court House as the city agents of the National Surety and Bond Company, was formed to fatten on Surrogate Cohalan's patronage, was indignantly denied by Timothy E. Cohalan, the Secretary of the company.

"We are legitimately in the bond business," said this member of the family, who is a lawyer like his four brothers, "and we don't care who knows it. But the statement that we have been soliciting business through the influence of the Surrogate and Justice Cohalan is a lie. Besides, it is a calumny against the New York Bar to believe that such a thing could even be attempted."

HEISE TRUST MUST STAND.

Appellate Division Dismisses the Appeal of E. T. Hearne's Daughter.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court dismissed yesterday the appeal of Mrs. Anna Theresa Hearne Heise from an order upholding a deed of trust she executed on Nov. 12, 1905. Mrs. Heise asserted she executed the deed under a misapprehension of its contents. Under the deed Mrs. Heise enjoys the income of $20,000, while her children, Rudolph John Heise, Jr., Frances Adele Hearne Heise, and Anna Katherine Heise, enjoy the income of trust funds of $30,000 each. Mrs. Heise has a fourth child, born after the creation of the trust, who does not share in it.

Mrs. Heise divorced Rudolph J. Heise, son of the owner of the Hotel Mumm, on Sixth Avenue, near Bryant Park, in June, 1910, naming Effie Best, a cloak model, as co-respondent. She was the daughter of Edwin T. Hearne who left her a fortune of $1,000,000 which he accumulated in the steel business. This, she said, was largely dissipated by extravagant living after her marriage and in the payment of her husband's debts.

Frank M. Wells, a law partner of John De Witt Warner, was trustee of the trust.

MEIKLEJOHN FOR AMHERST.

Brown University Dean Accepts Presidency of College.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 17.—Alexander Meiklejohn, Dean of Brown University, has accepted the call to the Presidency of Amherst College, and will begin his duties there in September, beginning the college year. He will conclude his tenure of office at Brown at commencement.

The Executive Committee of the Brown corporation has adopted the following resolution in regard to the appointment:

In view of the probable call of Dean Meiklejohn to the Presidency of Amherst College, the Advisory and Executive Committee of the corporation of Brown University would express the strong hope that if such a call should be made definitely known to him, he would decide, upon full consideration of the premises, to continue to occupy the office of Dean, which he has so long filled in Brown University with so much tact, effectiveness, and ability, but if he should conclude that his best interests and his fullest development imperatively demand his acceptance of the appointment, the committee would accept his decision, bid him God speed, and wish him the highest success in so high, honorable, and serviceable a career.

AMHERST, Mass., May 17.—President George Harris, the retiring head of Amherst College, was much pleased to-night at the announcement that Dean Alexander Meiklejohn of Brown University had been named as his successor.

"He is just the man for the place," he said. "He is fitted in every respect, and the Trustees were unanimous in their decision to tender him the Presidency."

Dean Meiklejohn will be the only President of Amherst, with one exception, who has not been an alumnus of the college and a clergyman. The exception is Prof. Merrill E. Gates of Washington, D. C., who was President from 1890 to 1899.

President Harris will sever his connection with the college next month and retire from active work. He plans to make his home in New York City. He has been President since 1899.

TURK TO CHILDREN'S SOCIETY

Young Prisoner Accused of Forgery Its First Ottoman Charge.

The first native of Turkey to come into the hands of the Children's Society appeared in the Children's Court yesterday when fifteen-year-old James Rosenberg of Constantinople was charged before Justice Mayo with the forgery of three checks, each for $25.

According to the agents of the society, Rosenberg, while employed by Benjamin Steinman, a lawyer, of 131 Essex Street, forged his employer's name to two checks, payable to bearer, on April 30 and May 6, and collected the money at the State Bank, 370 Grand Stret, where the teller recognized him as the lawyer's office boy. On Thursday, however, they declared, Rosenberg gave a third check to another boy, Solomon Levine of 102 Cannon Street, to cash, promising him 10 cents for his pains. Levine was stopped by the teller at the bank. He declared that Rosenberg had given him the check, saying that his father had handed it to him. In court Rosenberg pleaded guilty and was remanded to the Children's Society until May 20, pending an investigation of his record.

E. T. ROSENHEIMER MUST PAY

$7,500 Verdict Against Autoist Whose Car Killed Grace Hough.

A verdict of $7,500 was returned yesterday by a jury in the Supreme Court against Edward T. Rosenheimer, whose automobile killed Grace Hough last August. Walter B. Hough, the father of the girl, caused Rosenheimer to be tried on the charge of manslaughter, but he was acquitted.

A civil suit was then brought for $25,000 before Justice Gerard. Grace Hough was riding in a buggy with some friends in Pelham Road, when the accident occurred. It was charged that Rosenheimer was exceeding the speed limit and should have seen the light in the rear of the buggy.

NURITO

A RELIEF FOR

RHEUMATISM

SCIATICA and NEURITIS

A PRESCRIPTION, NOT A PATENT MEDICINE. Free from OPIATES and NARCOTICS. Further particulars and testimonials from people YOU KNOW sent upon request. They must convince you. At Hegeman's and Riker's and all druggists in $1 and $2 boxes, or sent direct. THE MAGISTRAL CHEM. CO., Flatiron Bldg., N. Y.

HOT DAY, Father Knickerbocker, but just the weather for a REFRESHING RICKEY or FIZZ.

Yes, the bottle with the RED Label. That's the GIN.

"Make it with BURNETT'S."

First Distilled in 1770.

Sir Robt BURNETT & Co's London DRY Gin

Sir Robert Burnett & Company

632-634 W. 34th St., New York

OLD CROW

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

RYE

The Standard of RYE Whiskey

Guaranteed Pure RYE Whiskey Under National Pure Food Law, Serial Number 9163

NOT BLENDED

NOT ADULTERATED

SOLD ONLY IN OUR SEALED BOTTLES EVERYWHERE

NEVER SOLD IN BULK

WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD

H. B. KIRK & CO. New York, N. Y.

Traffic, Speed and Brake Tests

Were officially made yesterday by the Board of Aldermen in Thomas Cars, *the Standard by which all others are judged,* the sturdy Thomas construction, the extra large brakes, the safety loops and the wonderfully strong yet easily controlled steering mechanism give ample assurance of safety and *mental comfort* to both driver and passengers.

THOMAS DECLARATIONS

In this advertisement we group eight positive declarations which we believe will show motorists that the product of the Thomas organization merits the serious consideration of every intending purchaser of a high-grade car.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 1

We assert that the 1912 Thomas "Six-Forty" has the most powerful and effective brakes of any car of its weight and class, insuring the utmost safety to passengers.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 2

We assert that the upholstery of the 1912 Thomas "Six-Forty" is deeper, softer, better shaped, more luxurious, more restful for touring than in any other car made in this country or abroad.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 3

We assert that by the judicious combination of three-quarter elliptic springs, secondary springs, shock absorbers, and recoil straps the 1912 Thomas "Six-Forty" goes further than any other car toward the riding comfort of the passengers, regardless of whether there may be but one passenger or five in the tonneau. This is especially conducive to comfort on long and strenuous tours.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 4

We assert that the 1912 Thomas "Six-Forty" goes further than any other car into the important details, known as refinements, which are intended to enhance the pleasure, comfort and convenience of the owner, the passengers and the operator.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 5

We assert that the carburetion and ignition of the Thomas "Six-Forty" is unexcelled in motor car construction. With seven passengers aboard it will throttle down on high gear to the remarkably slow speed of three miles per hour. This is on magneto operation and without slipping the clutch. One single miss-fire of a cylinder would stall the motor. Five miles per hour on battery is supposed to be the minimum for cars of the same weight, power and class.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 6

We assert that the low center of gravity of the Thomas "Six-Forty," made possible by suspending the gasoline and oil tanks from the chassis frame, gives the Thomas a decided advantage over all other American and foreign cars in holding the road, at high speeds, on sharp turns or on slippery pavements, and that this is a unique and distinct advance in 1912 construction.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 7

We assert that the 1912 Thomas 3-disc Clutch enables the operator to make an easier engagement and ensures a more positive drive than any other type or kind of clutch in use at the present time.

THOMAS DECLARATION No. 8

We assert that based on its original price the re-sale value of a Thomas Car represents the highest percentage of first cost in comparison with re-sale values of any other high-grade American or foreign car manufactured, and further that the trading value of a Thomas Car is greater than that of any other high-grade car built by a responsible firm.

We also assert that fewer used Thomas Cars are offered for sale by second-hand dealers than any other make of high-grade car.

Included in the Thomas price is Thomas Technical Service for Thomas owners.

Our demonstrator is at your service to prove the absolute truth of these declarations.

We ask that you compare the Thomas with cars of the highest grade.

THOMAS MOTOR CO. OF NEW YORK, BROADWAY and 64th STREET

Make Your Auto Jolt-and-Jar Proof

Now the hardest riding car can be made an easy, Comfortable Riding vehicle—on any road, at any speed, by equipping it with

HARTFORD SCIENTIFIC SPRINGS

in combination with the famous

Truffault-Hartford SHOCK ABSORBER

No radical change made in the appearance of the car as the Hartford Scientific Springs resemble the regulation springs, except that they have thinner leaves and about twice the number found in the ordinary spring.

Cost nominal—an absolutely comfortable riding car guaranteed. Let us send you an estimate on your car; advise make, model and year.

HARTFORD SUSPENSION CO., 136-150 Hay Street, Jersey City, N. J.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Rebuilt Garford Cars

40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1910.
40 H. P. 7 passenger touring, 1909.
30 H. P. 6 passenger touring, 1909.

Also several limousines and landaulets.

All have been thoroughly overhauled and refinished and are guaranteed free of repairs for 6 months.

Call and look them over.

THE R. & L. COMPANY,
Garford Distributors,
Broadway at 62nd St., N. Y.

Auto Bodies of "Class"

Can furnish the "Best" Makes of lightest weight; all aluminum; and finest material obtainable!

Fitted on your chassis; finished to suit; any desired color; the whole job complete

At ⅓ Other Houses Charge You.

More Bodies in stock than any body concern in N. Y.—hence a good selection. "Rock-Bottom" prices.

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., BODY DEPARTMENT,
1,765 Broadway, (Upstairs,) Between 56th and 57th Sts., N. Y.

MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE

250 West 54th St. Phone 4511 Col.

RENAULT, PIERCE, MERCEDES, FIAT, NATIONAL, DAIMLER, STEARNS, LOZIER.

Also many other desirable cars at

BARGAIN PRICES.

Renewed Peerless Cars

No car better at any price.

All are overhauled and repainted, and carry the New Car Guarantee; all models on exhibition; ready for delivery at very attractive prices.

Peerless Motor Car Co. of N. Y.
1,760 Broadway, N. Y. City. 1,884 Bedford Av. Brooklyn Branch. Newark Branch, 37 William St.

AUTOS AT "HEADQUARTERS"

Largest Stock Genuine Bargains in Greater N. Y. FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS. Prices $150 to $2,500.

"Square Deals" Demonstrations cheerfully given. Garages in this line and acknowledged leaders.

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., Successors to the "Broadway Auto Exchange."

PIERCE-ARROW

A fine seven-passenger, 48 H. P., six-cylinder, 1910 model, rebuilt, refinished, and guaranteed, at a moderate price. Has four doors.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 416 Central Av., Newark. New Jersey Dealers in Pierce-Arrow Cars.

Situation Wanted advertisements in The New York Times have in hundreds of cases placed reliable, capable workers in high-class positions. Employers looking for the best and employes looking for high-grade positions can do nothing better than to read and use the Situation Wanted and Help Wanted columns of The Times.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Established 12 years—THE RECOGNIZED "HOUSE OF BARGAINS."

AUTOMOBILES, 1910, 1911, & 1912 Models. Large Stock all Standard Makes and all guaranteed to be exactly as represented. See us before dealing.

TIRES at 50% of regular price. All sizes and types, new fresh goods. Send for our "Tire Price Wrecker."

AUTO TRUCK TIRES (SPECIAL) all sizes and types, first-grade goods, Kelly Springfield Blocks, Goodyear, Swinehart, Firestone, etc., at ⅓ of regular prices.

WINDSHIELDS, $15, regularly sold at $50.

TOPS, Brand new, $15 & $25.

BODIES, Touring & Toy Tonneau, $75 up.

MOTORS, 3 and 4 cylinders, at ⅓ of cost.

MAGNETOS at ⅓ of regular cost.

ELECTRIC HORNS, RUMBLE SEATS, BUMPERS, PUMPS, etc., all at Sacrifice.

TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO., 1,710-18 B'way. 'Phone 7366 Col.

Franklin Motor Car Co.

High-grade used cars are a better "buy" than cheap new ones; see our line of second-hand cars.

3RD ST. and AMSTERDAM AV.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

New Address, 42-44 West 62d St.

1910 "50" Simplex, overhauled and done up like new; seven-passenger; body and top.

J. M. QUINBY & CO.,
Newark, N. J.
also 1,706 Broadway, New York.

Automobiles

Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.

ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1730 Broadway.

BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.

BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4046 Columbus.

CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.

EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 61st St.

FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6446 Col.

KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1906-1908 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

NATIONAL Peerless Motor Car Co. HERRESHOFF

1922 Broadway, (64th St.) 'Phone 8166-7 Col.

STUTZ Motor Car Co., 1804 Broadway.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 425 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 8040.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES. 248 W. 58th St., Cor. B'way. Col. 8000.

HESS BRIGHT BALL BEARINGS ALL SIZES IN STOCK. THE HESS BRIGHT CO. 1974 BROADWAY.

DEMOUNTABLE RIMS.

HOWARD "The rim that demounts them all." 1738 B'way. Col. 1302.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION, $55. Booklet explaining WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 233 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet. 302 West 57th St.

Schebler Carburetor, J. C. NICHOLS, Direct Factory Distributors, 1673 Broadway at 52d St.

Special for 30 days: Send in your old model carburetor and procure our new three-speed adjustment Model "L" for half price.

New Tire Store

To get acquainted—(This Week Only.) 800 shoes, 34x3, 35x4, 36x4½, 36x4, 38x4½.

Choice, $14 each

Also all styles of standard, known makes. 40%,45%,50%—40% Off!

This advantage of these extraordinary low prices.

JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO., TIRE DEPARTMENT, 229 West 57th St., East of Broadway.

Automobile Exchange

With a daily circulation greatly exceeding 200,000 copies The New York Times reaches the greatest number of prospective buyers of automobiles. Advertisements in the Automobile Exchange of The Times find ready buyers for used motor cars.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

USED AUTOMOBILES. GREEN'S PURCHASING AGENCY, COR. 46TH ST. AND BROADWAY. BIG BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

Each and every car fully guaranteed and demonstration cheerfully given. EASY TERMS ARRANGED.

Stearns roadster	$1,450
Ford runabouts	175 to $200
Buicks, Model 10	275 to 875
Mitchell runabouts	250 to 350
Buick, Model 10	350 to 450
Maxwell touring cars	250 to 350
Buick touring cars	350 to 600
Cadillac touring cars	550 to 950
Rainier touring cars	350
Buick 40 H. P. roadster	450
Peerless 5 and 7 passenger cars	450 to 600
Packard 30 touring car	650
Lozier 7 passenger touring car	550
Thomas 70 H. P. touring car	950
Plymouth 2-ton truck	750
Hotchkiss truck	650
Daimler trucks	750
50 H. P. Knox truck	500

Hundreds of other big bargains.

Before buying, exchanging, or selling your car consult us. If impossible to call, write for list and tell us what you want to buy, exchange, or sell for cash. The largest and most reliable AUTO BROKERS in the world.

1,587-1,589 BROADWAY, COR. 48TH ST., N. Y.

PIERCE-ARROW.

1911, 66 H. P., 6-cylinder, with "protected touring" body; practically a 1912 body style; used very little; fully guaranteed; just finished dark blue; all metal nickeled; several rebuilt 38s and 48s are also ready.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO., 416 CENTRAL AV. NEWARK. PIERCE-ARROW DEALERS FOR NEW JERSEY.

GENUINE AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS.

50 high-grade cars at prices ranging from $175 to $650; every car in good running order; being two blocks west of costly Broadway, our prices average one-third less than those along Automobile Row; demonstrations cheerfully given; cars and prices open for themselves to investigate. Automobile Outlet Co., 836-38-40 West 54th St., between 8th and 9th Ave. Phone 9736 Bryant.

Cole 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 torpedo toy tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; easy terms if desired. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway at 56th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

ALCO 1911, four-cylinder, 40 H. P. seven-passenger fore-door, color maroon, rebuilt, fully equipped; guaranteed. AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, 1,695 Broadway.

PALMER SINGER, 1911, 6-40, pony tonneau; perfect condition; fully equipped; very snappy. Would consider small car as part payment. K. C. Darling, 1,856 B'way.

Seven-passenger, 60 H. P. touring car, fully equipped, perfect condition; run less than 10,000 miles; price $3,000; no dealers; demonstration by appointment. N 118 Times.

1911 White gasoline four-passenger torpedo, fully equipped, in excellent condition. Colt-Stratton Co., Broadway, at 56th St. 'Phone 6000 Columbus.

PIERCE ARROW, 1909, 6-40, seven-passenger touring, color Brewster green; ready for touring; must be sold. 1,856 Broadway.

ALL MAKES—BOUGHT AND SOLD. 100 cars, $150-$3,000; bodies, $25 up. 20th Century Co., 1,700 B'way, cor. 54th.

For sale, 1911 Velie, 5-passenger touring car, fully equipped; 40 H. P.; nearly new; owner needs money. 100 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Bargain.—Touring and runabouts; late model; make offer. Edward, K 233 Times Downtown.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

Packards, open, closed, elegant 7-passengers, regular customers, $4.00-$4.50 hour; monthly, $200-$600; Chalmers, $4.00-$10.00. Murray Hill 261.

Beautiful, large, private appearing touring cars, $2.50 per hour; expert chauffeurs. Lamendorf, 5718 Audubon.

Elegant 7-passenger Peerless touring car for rent. Schmidt, 100 West 81st St., 4597 River or 6701 Plaza.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

Spot cash for good automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5% commission. Green's Agency, Broadway & 46th St.

WIND BLOWS YANKS VICTORY ON HILLTOP

Clevelands Baffled by the Air Currents and Make Costly Errors.

THE SCORE.

New York	0	2	0	3	0	0	1	0	2—8
Cleveland	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Zinn, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Daniels, rf	3	0	1	0	2	4	0	0
Wolter, rf & cf	3	1	1	1	0	2	1	0
Hartzell, 2b	5	1	2	0	0	3	0	1
Cree, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	0
Simmons, 1b	5	1	2	0	1	8	0	0
Dolan, 3b	4	2	1	0	0	2	2	1
Martin, ss	5	1	2	0	1	1	6	1
Sweeney, c	3	0	1	0	0	7	1	1
Ford, p	3	1	1	1	1	0	3	0
Totals	34	8	16	5	5	27	12	4

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Hohnhurst, 1b	5	2	1	0	1	3	0	2
Olson, 3b	5	0	0	0	1	5	2	0
Jackson, cf	4	0	1	0	2	1	0	1
Birmingm, lf	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Easterley, c	4	0	0	0	1	9	2	2
Ryan, rf	4	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
Ball, 2b	4	0	2	0	0	1	2	0
Pecking'gh, ss	3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Kaler, p	2	0	1	0	0	1	2	0
†Griggs	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
George, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	37	3	10	1	7	*23	9	6

†Batted for Kaler in the sixth inning.

*Wolter out for being hit by batted ball in the eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Zinn, Cree, Simmons, Martin. Three-base hit—Ryan. Sacrifice hit—Sweeney. Sacrifice flies—Dolan, Jackson. Stolen bases—Cree, Dolan, Hohnhurst, Ford. First base on errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 2. Left on bases—New York, 11; Cleveland, 9. Double plays—Kaler and Olsen, Olsen and Easterley. Struck out—By Kaler, 4; by George, 1; by Ford, 7. Bases on balls—Off Kaler, 4; off George, 1; off Ford, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Kaler, (Zinn, Wolter.) Hits—Off Kaler, 9 in five innings (at bat, 20); off George, 1 in three innings (at bat, 14). Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

There's no denying the fact that the Yankees surely can play ball on a windy day. Stiff zephyrs swept the Hilltop yesterday and the Clevelands were defeated by a score of 8 to 3. You'd be surprised to know what a prominent part the breeze played. When the Yank batters hoisted the ball in the air the wind would start to play with it, and the Cleveland players couldn't get it with a net. The Naps just let the game blow away from them.

The wind wasn't wholly responsible for the New York victory, mind you, for the Clevelands made a lot of errors, and to get back to the wind, the breeze must also be held accountable for some of the Nap errors. There were half a dozen wild throws, some of them getting in front of the cyclone buffs of air and being diverted far out of their course. That made it look, of course, as if the Naps were trying to see how far they could throw the ball without losing it.

Then, besides that, Ford pitched a pretty slick kind of a game and his team mates played behind him with all their eyes wide open. Kaler pitched for five innings for the Clevelands and the Yankee bats and the wind blew a pain in the arm and he sent in a written resignation. "Lefty" George was elected to his place and his administration wasn't much better.

If Cleveland could have rounded up enough of those musical comedy cops to move the wind off the field, Kaler and George would have been better off.

Cleveland is quite a different team with Larry Lajoie out. The infield machinery now can throw the ball around just as wildly as a team of Zulus. Manager Harry Davis, the new Nap leader, wasn't nearly so prominent in yesterday's skirmish as he was when playing against the Giants last Fall. Nostrils! Manager Davis stayed in the background praying for the wind to subside.

Joe Jackson, the fence breaker from the moonshine country, showed he wasn't a very good windy day batter. Ford struck him out twice, which won't help Joseph a bit in trying to win an automobile.

Kaler hit Zinn on the funny bone and made him laugh his way to first base as a starter. Guy was caught stealing. Wolter walked and Hartzell landed a safe in centre, the breeze carrying it out of reach. Cree's two-bagger right scored Wolter and Hartzell. With two out in the second inning, Ryan, the Portland slugger, jammed a three-bagger to deep centre and scored on Ball's elusive tap in the vicinity of second.

The Yankees fell on Kaler hard in the third. Cree singled and Simmons doubled. Dolan's sacrifice fly scored Cree and Simmons registered on Martin's two-bagger to right. Sweeney grounded out and Ford sent in Martin with a spank to left. Daniels, who succeeded Zinn, fanned and ended the inning. Cleveland also got a run in that innings. Kaler singled and was forced by Hohnhurst, who advanced on an out and scored on a wild toss to third base by Ed Sweeney.

Hohnhurst's single, a steal, an error, and Jackson's sacrifice fly gave the Naps another tally in the fifth. The Yankees came back just then with two more. Dolan was safe on Peckinbaugh's error. Cozy stole and scored on Martin's single. Sweeney sacrificed and Martin was doubled up trying to sneak to third. Ford walked, stole second, and came through while the Clevelands were busy throwing the ball all around the lot.

The last Yankee run blew in when Dolan singled in the seventh, went to second on Hohnhurst's muff, and scored on another error by Hohnhurst, who was confidently expected to put Sweeney out at first base. The eighth the Yankees got four hits, but not a run. Wolter, who led off, crabbed the possibilities by being hit by a batted ball when he was in line for a score:

"I'LL BLOW'S THE WIND THAT PROFITS NOBODY."

With a good, strong breeze to-day, the Yankees ought to win again.

Wolter and Hartzell were the foolish victims of a double play in the sixth inning. Wolter tried to score from third base when Simmons hit a grounder to Olson. He threw to Easterley, who chased Hartzell down to third and tagged him and then ran over toward second, and got Wolter while he was in the bag.

Ice cream was on tap for the first time this season. The sense of cold stuff was about as welcome as doughnuts at a wedding feast.

Hartzell was presented with a hit in the sixth inning because when Olson picked up his roller he stood glued to the spot like a wooden Indian.

Simmons climbed into the sky to get Dolan's high fly to Olson in the third inning, and got back to earth in time to kill him off.

Zinn's arm was badly bruised by Kaler's rampant twister in the first inning, and he had to retire from the game.

Napoleon Lajoie isn't with the Cleveland team, and it will be some weeks before he recovers from his injury and is able to rejoin the club.

Jack Martin looks better at short stop every day. He was up and doing every minute yesterday.

Johnson Wins for Senators.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Washington defeated St. Louis to-day, 8 to 2. Johnson being very effective. Four fast double plays were features. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	WASHINGTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Shotten, cf	4	0	2	1	0	Moeller, lf	3	2	2	1	0
Austin, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	Foster, 3b	4	1	2	2	3
Stovall, 1b	4	1	2	5	1	Milan, cf	3	0	1	2	0
Pratt, 2b	4	1	0	3	0	Cashion, rf	4	0	0	3	0
Hogan, lf	4	0	1	2	0	Schaefer, 1b	4	0	2	8	0
Laporte, rf	3	0	0	2	0	Gharm, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Hallman, ss	3	0	0	1	1	McBride, ss	3	0	0	1	1
Wallace, ss	3	0	0	0	0	Ainsmith, c	3	1	1	7	0
Krichell, c	2	0	0	4	1	Johnson, p	3	1	1	0	2
Stephens, c	1	0	0	0	0						
E. Brown, p	0	0	0	0	1	Totals	29	6	9	27	9
Hamilton, p	2	0	0	0	2						
*Compton	1	0	0	0	0						
Totals	33	2	7	24	6						

*Batted for E. Brown in third inning.

Errors—Hallman, (2,) Moeller.

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—2
Washington	2	0	0	0	3	1	0	2	0	—8

Two-base hits—Johnson, Moeller, Shotten, Schaefer, Laporte. Hits—Off E. Brown, 2 in two innings; off Hamilton, 7 in six innings. Sacrifice hit—Ainsmith. Stolen base—Hogan. Sacrifice fly—Milan. Double plays—Stovall and Krichell; Hallman and Stovall; Foster, Cunningham, and Schaefer; Krichell and Pratt. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Washington, 4. First base on balls—Off E. Brown, 2; off Hamilton, 1; off Johnson, 1. First base on errors—Washington, 2. Struck out—By Hamilton, 4; by Johnson, 7. Wild pitch—E. Brown. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart.

Russell in Poor Form for Athletics.

PHILADELPHIA, May 17.—Detroit won the opening game of the series here to-day, 6 to 3. Russell issued ten passes, while every one of the home team's errors was costly. Dubuc kept Philadelphia's hits scattered. Bush put up a sensational game at shortstop. The score:

DETROIT.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Bush, ss	3	2	0	2	3	Lord, lf	4	0	0	3	1
Jones, lf	4	0	0	0	0	Oldring, cf	4	1	0	1	0
B'nan, cf	5	0	1	0	0	Collins, 2b	4	1	2	5	5
O'rford, rf	5	0	1	1	0	Baker, 3b	3	0	1	2	3
Del'h'ty, 2b	4	1	2	2	3	Murphy, rf	4	1	2	1	0
Mor'ty, 1b	3	1	1	14	0	M'F'land, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Louden, 3b	4	1	1	0	3	Barry, ss	4	0	0	0	2
Stanage, c	5	0	2	5	3	Egan, c	2	0	1	5	1
Dubuc, p	4	1	1	1	1	Russell, p	2	0	0	0	3
						*Strunk	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	6	8	27	15	†Lapp	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	33	3	6	27	13

*Batted for Egan in ninth inning.

†Batted for Russell in ninth inning.

Errors—Louden, (3,) Collins, Baker, (2.)

Detroit	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	—3

Two-base hits—Moriarty, Murphy. Sacrifice hit—Jones. Left on bases—Detroit, 12; Philadelphia, 6. Stolen bases—Bush, Delehanty, Baker. Struck out—By Dubuc, 6; by Russell, 1. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; Philadelphia, 2. First base on balls—Off Dubuc, 3; off Russell, 3. Hit by pitcher—Moriarty by Russell, Delehanty by Russell. Wild pitch—Dubuc. Passed ball—Stanage. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Dineen.

White Sox Win Dedication Game.

BOSTON, May 17.—Chicago won from Boston, 5 to 2, in a game replete with sensational plays, hair-breadth decisions, and tense moments. Victory came in the ninth, with two men out. Then Pape's luck, which had held Chicago to one run on twelve hits, deserted him. Walsh, who had shut the locals out after the first, scratched a hit, Rath doubled, Lord was passed purposely, Lange was hit, Engle erred on Bodie's grounder, Collins singled, and Chicago had four runs.

Decisions were against Chicago, and Manager Callahan kicked himself out of the game in the eighth during general Chicago objections to a decision by which Bodie was out at second trying to stretch a hit. Callahan earlier had been presented with the finest collection of flowers ever given a ball player, it is believed. This was dedication day for Fenway Park, the locals' new $350,000 home. The second largest crowd of the season turned out. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Rath, 2b	4	1	2	2	2	Hooper, rf	4	1	1	0	0
Lord, 3b	4	1	1	2	1	Engle, 2b	4	1	1	1	2
Lange, lf	3	1	2	2	0	Pape, cf	4	0	2	2	0
Lange, lf	0	1	0	0	0	Lewis, lf	4	0	1	2	1
Bodie, cf	5	0	3	1	0	G'dner, 3b	3	2	0	0	4
Co'ns, rf	3	0	2	1	0	E'dley, 1b	4	0	0	11	0
Zeider, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	Wagner, ss	4	0	0	5	2
M'F'ld, rf	2	0	0	0	0	Carigan, c	4	0	0	7	5
Weaver, ss	4	0	0	2	3	†Papa, p	0	0	0	0	0
Bl'b'm, ss	0	0	0	0	0						
Kuhn, c	4	0	1	6	2	Total	33	2	5	27	14
Walsh, p	2	1	2	0	1						
*Fmier	1	0	0	0	0						
Total	36	5	14	27	14						

*Batted for Weaver in ninth inning.

Errors—Engle, (2,) Wagner, Pape, Rath, Lord, Lange, Walsh.

Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	—5
Boston	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Hooper, Engle, Callahan, Kuhn, Colling, Rath. Three-base hit—Bodie. Double play—Rath, Weaver, and Zeider. Stolen bases—Speaker, Gardner. Left on bases—Boston, 9; Chicago, 7. First base on balls—Off Pape, 3; off Walsh, 2. First base on errors—Boston, 4; Chicago, 2. Hit by pitcher—Lange. Struck out—By Pape, 5; by Walsh, 7. Time of game—Two hours and twelve minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

International League.

At Rochester.

			R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	5	2
Rochester	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4	7	1

Batteries—Swift, Mason, and Wells; Hughes and Blair.

Baltimore at Buffalo—Rain.
Providence at Toronto—Rain.
Newark at Montreal—Wet grounds.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New York State League.

All games postponed—wet grounds.

Connecticut League.

At New Britain—New Haven, 6; New Britain, 0.
At Holyoke—Bridgeport, 8; Holyoke, 1.
Hartford vs. Springfield—rain.

New England League.

At Haverhill—Brockton, 2; Haverhill, 0.
At Lawrence—Lawrence, 5; Fall River, 4. (12 innings.)
At Worcester—Worcester, 12; New Bedford, 4.
At Lowell—Lynn, 6; Lowell, 4.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Harrisburg, 8; Johnstown, 1.
At York—York, 4; Altoona, 1.
At Lancaster—Lancaster, 4; Trenton, 3.
At Allentown—Allentown, 4; Wilmington, 0.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; St. Paul, 3.
At Toledo—Toledo, 3; Louisville, 2.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 2; Columbus, 1.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Minneapolis, 2.

Virginia League.

At Newport News—Newport News, 4; Portsmouth, 1.
At Petersburg—Petersburg, 5; Lynchburg, 4.
At Richmond—Roanoke, 5; Richmond, 1.
At Norfolk—Norfolk, 4; Danville, 1.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 2; Memphis, 1.
At Mobile—Mobile, 2; Chattanooga, 1.
At Atlanta—Montgomery, 3; Atlanta, 1.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 8; Nashville, 1.

United States League.

At Chicago—Pittsburgh, 10; Chicago, 2.
At Newark—Reading, 3; Washington, 2.
At Richmond—New York, 4; Richmond, 3.
Cincinnati at Cleveland. Wet grounds.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Cleveland, 3.
Detroit, 6; Philadelphia, 3.
Washington, 8; St. Louis, 2.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Pittsburgh—Rain.
Brooklyn, 13; St. Louis, 5.
Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 4.
Philadelphia, 7; Chicago, 5.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester, 4; Jersey City, 3.
Other games postponed; rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	22	6	.786
Boston	16	9	.640
Washington	15	12	.520
Detroit	14	14	.500
Cleveland	11	12	.478
Philadelphia	10	13	.435
New York	7	15	.318
St. Louis	6	18	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
New York	19	4	.826
Cincinnati	20	6	.769
Chicago	12	13	.480
Pittsburgh	9	13	.409
St. Louis	11	17	.393
Boston	10	16	.384
Philadelphia	6	13	.381
Brooklyn	5	15	.348

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Jersey City	8	5	.632
Rochester	14	6	.640
Buffalo	10	8	.556
Toronto	10	10	.500
Baltimore	9	10	.474
Newark	8	12	.400
Providence	7	12	.368
Montreal	7	12	.368

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Washington.
Chicago at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Rochester (2 games).
Newark at Montreal.
Providence at Toronto.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

NATIONAL CLUB AND HALEY LOSE LICENSE

Athletic Commission's Action for Violation of No-Decision Rule at Fight.

The New York State Athletic Commission yesterday completed its investigation in the case against Referee Patsy Haley and the National Sporting Club for the violation of rules in giving a decision to Jim Stewart against "Gunboat" Smith last week, and at the conclusion of the hearing announced that the licenses of both referee and club were revoked. The hearing, which was an adjournment from Wednesday, was public.

The commission granted a postponement Wednesday at the request of Nathan Vidaver, counsel for Haley and the club, in order that he might issue subpoenas to Jimmy Kelly, a manager of fighters, and Jim Buckley, manager of "Gunboat" Smith. Kelly was to tell of an alleged conversation with Commissioner Frank O'Neil in which the Commissioner is reported to have said that he would revoke the license of the National Sporting Club and impose a fine of $500 for violation of rules. This conversation was said to have occurred before the hearing began and the defense desired to prove that the Commissioner was prejudiced and was thereby incompetent to preside at the hearing.

When the hearing opened yesterday the Commissioners asked for Mr. Kelly, but he was not present. Attorney Vidaver was also absent, but he had sent an associate, Attorney George N. Boehm, to handle the case.

The question as to whether one of the Commissioners could be put under oath to give testimony in a case which they were trying, was brought up by Attorney Boehm yesterday and it proved the straining point for the patience of Commissioner O'Niel. The Frawley law gives the commission the right to act as an examining board in such matters and on Wednesday last Attorney Vidaver brought up the question of putting Commissioner O'Niel under oath to testify regarding his alleged conversation with Jimmy Kelly. Yesterday Attorney Boehm again brought it up.

"Just a moment," flashed back Commissioner O'Niel. "I have too much respect for myself personally and for the commission as a body to stand for any more such ridicule from yourself, Mr. Vidaver or any other lawyer. Where in a court of law did you ever hear of a Judge, trying a case, being put on the witness stand to testify under oath? If you have any complaint to make about me or have any such thing as impeachment in mind there is a proper place to carry the action. That place is to the Governor of the State. If you think I should be impeached take your case to him and I am sure you will receive justice."

The testifying referred to involved the conversation with Mr. Kelly. As soon as Mr. O'Niel had finished his sharp retort Attorney Boehm answered that there was no intention of attempting to impeach or make charges against the Commissioner, and added that the defense would be satisfied to have him give a simple statement of what was said to Mr. Kelly.

"No," Commissioner O'Niel replied emphatically, "is the answer to the question as to whether I told Mr. Kelly any such thing as has been reported. But if you wish to hear what I did say to Mr. Kelly I will gladly tell you."

When the attorney answered that he would like to hear, Mr. O'Niel replied:

"I said that Tom O'Rourke, a former dog-fighter from Boston, was a menace to the boxing game in this State, and that as long as I am in a position to do so I will do everything possible to keep him out of a legitimate sport."

This rejoinder brought up the question of Mr. O'Rourke's connection with the National Sporting Club from the attorney, who asked the Commissioner if he did not know that Mr. O'Rourke was not connected with the club.

"I do know, and so does every close follower of boxing know that he is very much connected with the National Sporting Club," said the Commissioner.

The battle in the courts will be another chapter to the contest which the club has been waging against the State Athletic Commission since the license was revoked last September on the grounds of an illegal lease. The seconding of boxers by a club manager caused another breach, then came the reported resignation of Tom O'Rourke and testimony in the Abe Attell case caused the commission to order an investigation, which was subsequently called off. But an order to Jeff Smith, a boxer of ordinary ability, to box in Albany before appearing at the National Sporting Club brought out a writ against the commission, secured by Nathan Vidaver, the club's attorney. Next came a refusal from the club management to recognize a special ticket issued by the commission, which all the other clubs recognized. The decision affair was the final case, and as all persons interested testified that they knew there was a rule forbidding decisions, the outcome was expected. The promoters of other clubs do not look with favor on these battles with the commission, and the attempt to enforce decision bouts. The other clubs have gone on without any such trouble, and there was talk yesterday of them signing a general statement, asserting their satisfaction with the no-decision rule and approving of the efforts of the commission to work for the best end of the sport.

SUPERBAS WIN A GAME.

Come Out Victors in Poor Pitching Contest at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—In a game featured by heavy hitting and erratic pitching and fielding, Brooklyn won from St. Louis this afternoon, 13 to 5. Catcher Mike Murphy made his début with the locals. Erwin and Konetchy made home runs. The score:

BROOKLYN.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	ST. LOUIS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Moran, rf	5	1	1	1	0	Huggins, 2b	3	2	1	2	3
D'hert, 3b	4	2	0	1	3	Ellis, lf	4	0	1	2	0
R.Smith, 3b	3	2	2	2	4	Mowrey, 3b	4	0	0	1	1
Northen, cf	6	1	2	1	0	Konetchy, 1b	5	1	3	12	1
Wheat, lf	5	2	2	2	0	Miller, rf	4	0	1	0	0
H'mmel, 2b	3	0	1	1	3	Hauser, ss	4	1	2	1	3
Tooley, ss	4	1	1	1	3	Oakes, cf	4	1	2	3	0
Erwin, c	5	1	1	5	1	Wingo, c	3	0	0	8	2
Tingling, p	3	2	2	0	3	Geyer, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Dale, p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	40	13	14	15	17	Woodburn, p	0	0	0	0	2
						Harmon, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Murphy, c	1	0	0	4	0
						*Bliss	1	0	1	0	0
						†Magee	1	0	0	0	0
						‡W. Smith	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	34	5	11	27	13

*Batted for Dale in fourth inning.

†Batted for Woodburn in sixth inning.

‡Batted for Harmon in ninth inning.

Errors—Ellis, (2,) Moran, Tooley, Oakes.

Brooklyn	2	1	1	6	0	0	0	1	2	—13
St. Louis	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Wheat, Moran. Three-base hits—Oakes, Wheat, Tooley. Home runs—Erwin, Konetchy. Sacrifice hits—R. Smith, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Wingo. Stolen bases—R. Smith, Northen. Double play—Tooley and Daubert. Wild pitch—Harmon. Bases on balls—Off Geyer, 3; off Dale, 2; off Woodburn, 2; off Harmon, 3. Struck out—By Tingling, 1; by Dale, 3; by Woodburn, 1; by Harmon, 1. Hits—Off Geyer, 1 in one inning; off Dale, 3 in three innings; off Woodburn, 1 in two innings; off Harmon, 4 in three innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 12. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Bush.

Boston Downs Reds, 6 to 4.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 17.—Boston took the final game of the series here to-day, 6 to 4. Dickson was effective until the ninth inning, when Marsans's single, Bates's triple, and Hobitzel's sacrifice fly tied the score. In the tenth inning, however, with two men on bases, Sweeney tripled and scored himself a moment later on Miller's single. Gasper was hit frequently when hits meant runs. The score:

BOSTON.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	CINCINNATI.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
M'D'ld, 3b	4	1	1	1	5	Marsans, lf	5	1	1	1	0
C'bell, cf	6	0	1	4	0	Bates, cf	4	1	2	2	0
Sw'ney, 2b	4	1	2	5	2	Hob'tz'l, 1b	5	1	2	11	1
Miller, rf	5	0	2	3	0	Mitch'l, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Kirke, lf	5	0	1	4	0	Egan, 2b	5	2	0	1	7
Hosser, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	Phelan, 3b	4	0	0	4	2
Devlin, ss	4	1	1	3	4	Esmond, ss	4	0	0	4	2
Kling, c	4	2	2	2	0	McLean, c	4	0	0	6	2
Dickson, p	3	1	0	0	2	Gasper, p	3	0	1	0	1
						*Grant	1	0	0	0	0
Total	37	6	10	30	14	†McDonald	1	0	1	0	0
						Total	44	4	7	30	15

*Ran for McLean in tenth inning.

†Batted for Gasper in tenth inning.

Errors—Houser, Esmond, 2.

Boston	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2—6
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	2—4

Two-base hits—Campbell, Sweeney, McDonald. Three-base hits—Bates, Sweeney. Sacrifice hit—Dickson. Stolen bases—Marsans, Grant. Sacrifice flies—Egan, Hobitzel. Double play—Egan, Esmond, and Hobitzel. Left on bases—Boston 5, Cincinnati 3. First base on balls—Off Dickson, 1; off Gasper, 3. Struck out—By Dickson, 1; by Gasper, 2. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

AUSTRALIANS LEAD SURREY.

Colonial Cricketers Score Heavily Against County.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 17.—The Australians increased their lead to-day in the cricket match with the Surrey County eleven. When play ceased last night the antipodeans had scored 105 runs for the loss of 5 wickets, while Surrey made 139 in the first innings. The Australians added 187 runs before losing their last wicket, making the aggregate for the inning 292. Surrey replied with 205, leaving the colonials to get but 52 in their second effort. The match will be concluded to-morrow.

The South Africans fared badly against Yorkshire, scoring 170 in their first innings. Yorkshire ran up a total of 296 for 8 wickets, giving the county a lead of 126 and 2 wickets on the first innings.

BASEBALL CLUB FOR SALE.

New York Team in United States League Is on the Market.

The New York Club of the United States League is on the market. A prominent contractor of the Bronx, who is said to be the largest shareholder of the new club, yesterday offered to sell the franchise to one of the principal promoters of semi-professional baseball in New York, but the offer was declined.

The club has not been a success either financially or as a winning combination. After losing three straight games to Reading and one to Washington at Bronx Oval, the club encountered two rainy days here, and then left to fill engagements in other cities. More rain caused a postponement at Washington and one at Reading, making four games at these two cities instead of six, and only one resulted in a New York victory. The team was scheduled to come back to New York on Wednesday for a three-game series with Richmond, but these games were transferred to Richmond. The next scheduled game in New York is on May 23 against the Pittsburgh team.

Manager Billy Jordan, who is now in Richmond with the team, announced before leaving that the New York team would "stick" as long as the league lasted, owing principally to the prestige which the league would enjoy through having a club here. It was expected that the club would prove a strong attraction on the road, especially in cities like Reading and Richmond. Being in last place, as the New York Club has been since the opening day, has not tended to draw the crowds anywhere.

Phillies Hit at Right Time.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Philadelphia hit the ball when hits meant runs and won the final game of the series from Chicago to-day, 7 to 5. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	CHICAGO.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.
Knabe, 2b	5	0	1	4	5	Sheck'd, lf	3	2	0	2	0
Titus, rf	3	0	1	0	0	Miller, cf	2	0	1	4	0
Magee, lf	4	0	0	3	0	Schulte, rf	4	0	2	3	1
Lud'r'e, 1b	4	1	2	11	1	Zim'm'n, ss	5	1	0	2	2
C'vath, cf	5	1	1	4	1	Saier's, 1b	4	1	2	9	0
D'wry, ss	3	1	1	2	4	Tinker, ss	5	1	2	2	3
Dooley, ss	2	0	1	0	3	Evers, 2b	4	1	1	6	3
Doolin, c	4	1	2	5	1	Archer, c	5	0	1	3	1
Alex'der, p	2	0	1	0	0	Brown, p	0	0	0	0	0
Seaton, p	2	0	1	0	1	M'Intire, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Richie, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	11	27	15	Cole, p	1	0	0	0	0
						*Lennox	1	0	0	0	0
						†Goode	1	0	0	0	0
						‡Saier	1	0	0	0	0
						Total	37	5	8	27	11

*Batted for Brown in second inning.

†Batted for McIntire in fourth inning.

‡Batted for Richie in seventh inning.

Errors—McIntire, Doolin.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—7
Chicago

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.

CAUSES OF DISCONTENT.

The men of finance and of the great industries resent bitter attacks upon them by agitators, and wonder what it is that, getting into the heads of the people, has put into their hearts so deep a hostility to "big business." A clear light was thrown upon the matter by the great coffee merchant who testified before the "Money Trust" investigating committee in Washington on Thursday, and, under the questioning of Mr. UNTERMYER, told about the Sao Paulo coffee valorisation scheme by which the market supply of coffee was limited and the price advanced. From the testimony of Mr. SIELCKEN it appears that a great many millions of dollars were advanced to Sao Paulo to finance the valorization plan, and some of these millions were furnished by prominent banking houses in this city. That is to say, the money of the American people, deposited in banks operating under American laws, was used to create a "corner" in Brazilian coffee, thereby compelling the American people to pay higher prices for their breakfast beverage.

Mr. SIELCKEN's testimony was somewhat reluctantly given, but it was revealing. The coffee planters of the State of Sao Paulo in Brazil were suffering from low prices and a depression of the trade. The State thereupon enacted the law for Federal valorisation, and imposed an export tax of something over 3 cents a pound, the proceeds to be used to support the valorisation scheme. In 1906 a loan of $15,000,000 was negotiated to support this "corner" in coffee, and some of that money was obtained in New York. In this loan there was a profit of 9 per cent. In 1908 a loan of $75,000,000 was negotiated to help the State of Sao Paulo in its benevolent plan for the improvement of the coffee trade. This second loan yielded a profit of 11 per cent. This great sum was advanced on the basis of a production of 7,000,000 bags of coffee, and the money was used and the market controlled by a committee of seven, of which Mr. SIELCKEN was the American member. We quote from the report of Mr. SIELCKEN's testimony:

> He admitted that at a meeting of the committee on Jan. 5, 1909, it was agreed to sell no coffee in 1909 for less than 7.2 cents a pound. At another meeting, on April 27, 1909, the committee agreed to sell not over 500,000 bags, and discussed the law the Brazilian Government was proposing for the destruction of coffee. In January, 1910, the committee was informed that this plan for destruction of coffee was withdrawn, and it was then agreed that not over 500,000 good bags should be sold in 1910. On Jan. 5, 1911, the committee decided that 1,200,000 bags might be sold in April, 1911, and no more that year.

From statistical reports of the coffee trade Mr. UNTERMYER read into the record the information that for several years, while the production of coffee amounted to 6,000,000 bags, the price ranged from 6½ to 7 cents a pound. Now the production is 14,000,000 bags, and the price is from 13 to 14 cents a pound. It is evident that the valorisation plan has been successful; by withholding coffee from the market, the price has been forced up. Mr. SIELCKEN testified that the committee is now holding out of the market about 4,000,000 bags of coffee, of which 900,000 bags are in New York warehouses.

These disclosures, which are not exactly new, though they are now presented in a manner to attract the attention of the people more than ever before, are of high value for public enlightenment. For one thing, they show the working of Government control of prices, one of those beneficent reforms advocated here of late by gentlemen who have studied problems of industrial regulation. We have had "corners" of agricultural commodities in this country, but never by Government aid, though, of course, no "corner" can be operated without banking support. From the point of view of consumers of coffee, however, that is to say from the point of view of all the people, the story of this valorisation plan is chiefly interesting as an artificial interference with the market, compelling consumers to pay two prices. It was shown before the House committee that the price of coffee has doubled. In this country there has been unsparing condemnation of the combination of the growers of cotton and of tobacco who hold back supplies from the market in order to compel the paying of higher prices. That is precisely what has been done in Sao Paulo, but there it was done with the support of the Government under a law enacted by the Government.

This is a pretty plain case of restraint of trade. The point in interest so far as we are concerned with getting at the causes of popular discontent and agitation, is that our great banking concerns have advanced millions of money to finance this flagrant conspiracy in restraint of trade, this conspiracy which has materially increased the price of coffee to the people, and yet they wonder why the people listen to agitators like Mr. BRYAN, why they give Mr. ROOSEVELT preference votes in many States, why they applaud Senator LA FOLLETTE, why there are so many Progressives in the Senate and the House, why an investigation of the "Money Trust" is ordered, and why muckraking magazines have a great circulation. Everybody knows that the country is aflame with resentment against the banks and the trusts, yet here we have the plain evidence that the banks and the trusts are supplying the fuel that feeds the flame.

It is of little avail to talk about what would have happened if the coffee planters of Sao Paulo had been ruined, of how there might have been no coffee to be had at any price, and that therefore the valorisation scheme was a blessing. Ruin does not come in that way to the producers of the necessaries of life. Nobody can make the people of the United States believe that they would have been without coffee, and in view of these facts, it is useless to try to make them believe that but for the valorisation plan, aided by our own bankers, coffee would not have been cheaper. Inquiries into the causes of discontent have elicited many answers, and none more striking than this one. The men of big business who have been wondering how the people could be so foolish as to be discontented would act the part of wisdom if they should cease marveling at the phenomenon and begin removing the chief causes of unrest. It is reckless, it is worse than reckless, it is stupid, to go on supplying the Bryans, the Roosevelts, and the La Follettes with this endless supply of material for their disturbing appeals.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOODS.

Many thousands of persons who have lost all their belongings in the Mississippi floods are now sheltered and fed in the relief camps established by the United States Government. This will be temporary relief only; these camps cannot long be maintained. The Federal Government has acted promptly and well, and the sanitation of the camps is better than might have been expected. The idea that the Government's aid to the afflicted, however, will be adequate to relieve their suffering, and to tide them over until crops are planted and produce marketed, should not be permitted to prevail. Large sums of money, which must be raised by private subscriptions, are needed in the flooded districts. A private dispatch, which we are permitted to print, from a prominent citizen of Natchez, Mr. SIM LOWENBURG, indicates the extent of the calamity in his immediate district:

> The Government is feeding in this immediate section 12,000 people. There is much suffering. The great majority will be absolutely destitute when the Government withdraws its rations. I think that funds to be raised to be spent for the actual needs, to relieve sickness and distress, will be a real charity. There is no chance for these people to make a crop. The water will not be off the land before June 15, and the suffering after the Government withdraws its rations, in my opinion, will be beyond description. A fund to be used judiciously at that time I believe will relieve lots of distress, and I strongly recommend a fund for this purpose.

A large part of the emergency appropriation of Congress will be required for the work of improving the levees from Cape Girardeau, Mo., to the Gulf of Mexico. Nearly $1,500,000 will be expended immediately for this purpose. The Governors of Mississippi and Arkansas have not yet asked for aid for the sufferers, but Mr. LOWENBURG's dispatch confirms other reports that aid will be needed in Mississippi, while the Governor of Louisiana declares that funds are required in that State. The committee of prominent citizens appointed by Mayor GAYNOR to collect funds for this purpose is now working briskly. Contributions for this committee will be received by Mr. WILLIAM D. BUCKNER, Treasurer, at the Prospect Park Bank, 885 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, and also by Capt. HENRY MITCHELL, U. S. A., at 147 Fourth Avenue, Manhattan.

THE SULZER DIPLOMATIC BILL.

The hearings of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs in the matter of the Diplomatic and Consular bill of its Chairman, Mr. SULZER, have been published. They are exceedingly interesting. Especially significant is the enthusiastic support for the bill that was offered by the representatives of commercial bodies throughout the country. Mr. RISH, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the New York Chamber of Commerce, appeared before the House Committee to explain and enforce the action of the Chamber in its unanimous approval of the bill. He gave striking instances within his own experience of the need of its provisions. He dwelt especially on the immense benefit the country would attain if the Consular and Diplomatic Service of the country could be put upon a permanent basis of efficiency and become an honorable and attractive profession.

This, in substance, is the aim of the bill. By providing that no applicants shall be appointed to the service who have not shown relatively superior fitness for it; that promotions shall be made for merit, properly attested; that appointments and transfers shall be by grade, instead of being made with reference to specific posts, and that the vicious influence of partisan or personal favoritism shall be as fast as possible abolished, the bill puts the service on a professional and business footing.

It is extremely gratifying to see that in the committee there was a general feeling, entirely irrespective of party or section, that the aims of the bill were right and expedient. The only criticism of any of its provisions came from members of the committee who desired to make the provisions of the bill more sure to accomplish these aims. The condemnation of favoritism was unanimous, not only among the members of the committee, but among the gentlemen who appeared before the committee. The bill carries out the purposes of the various Executive orders that have done so much to improve the character of the service, and does more. It advances the security of tenure, facilitates the application of the merit system, and strengthens the hands of the President and the State Department in proper administration. It confirms and promotes the change from the provincial and almost barbaric conditions that have prevailed in a past not very remote and aids the progress of the service to a fitting level of efficiency and dignity.

PANAMA LAKE AT LAST.

With the closing of the gates in the Gatun Dam, just reported from Panama, the last stage in the great work of piercing the Isthmus comes to its visible and undeniable beginning. All that remains to do now can be called completion, and the triumphant end is in plain sight.

When these gates were closed the little Chagres River ceased to be a wild mountain torrent and became a docile brook running into a great lake. The lake, to be sure, is as yet hardly a pond—is little more than a puddle at the foot of the dam—but it will grow and grow, as the waters come down from the hills, until, a few months from now, the Republic of Panama will be little more than a rim of land around a body of water through which will pass such part of the world's commerce as business calls from Atlantic to Pacific or the other way.

The Culebra Cut apart, the so-called digging of the canal has for the most part not been digging at all. It has been the building of artificial shores for the northern and southern extremities of the lake that is to be, and the success of the great undertaking, as an engineering work, depends upon the strength and permanence of these dams. Only as regards that at Gatun has anybody ever felt any doubts. There is the possibly weak link in the colossal chain that has cost us so many millions—and some abrasion of the National conscience as well. But we have the best of reasons for hoping and quite good enough reasons for believing that the Gatun Dam will stand as long as do the hills it so much resembles. Men who ought to know—who must know—say that its foundations are all right.

Within a year people who go to Panama will see there, not a canal from ocean to ocean, but a short canal leading from each ocean to a great lake that can be entered by means of locks about like other locks, except that they are bigger. Vast expenditures of brains and money will be covered up with water looking as if it had always been there, and the thoughtless may be inclined to ask, "Is that all there is to see?" That is why everybody who can should go to Panama now, while there is appeal to the eyes as well as to the imagination.

THE SOCIALIST CONVENTION.

The Socialist National Convention at Indianapolis is supposed by its members to represent 1,000,000 voters this year. EUGENE V. DEBS, its perpetual candidate for President, polled somewhat more than 420,000 votes in 1908. That his vote will be more than doubled this year is very doubtful, especially as the convention, determined to abide solely by its own issues, has refused to approve either the American Federation of Labor or the anarchistic Industrial Workers of the World. The Industrial Workers were defeated in a vigorous effort to secure recognition and turn the Socialist movement, whatever it may amount to, to their own account. But the convention angrily left to the labor organizations the solution of their own problems, and incorporated in its platform a plank denouncing violence and riot.

The platform of the Socialists charges to existing social and political conditions all such evils as poverty and child labor, and most insanity and crime. Anti-trust laws, with their resultant prosecutions, indictments, and investigations, it condemns as "futile and ridiculous." It is the aim of the Socialists to abolish poverty, crime, insanity, trusts, Government, and courts. Resolutions were adopted yesterday favoring woman suffrage. It is needless to say that this would be a much better world if the real evils these Socialists protest against could be abolished. But their destructive force has thus far been negligible, while their constructive force is purely mythical.

Thus far the Socialists have elected one Representative in Congress, Mr. BERGER of Wisconsin. They assert that they will elect many more this Fall. They maintain a compact and workable political machine, but they will probably encounter few opposition this year. Their largest vote was in 1904. It was then nearly twenty times larger than that obtained by the first Socialist candidate for President in 1892. In 1910 W. J. GHENT estimated the total Socialist vote of the United States at 620,000. It was an optimistic estimate, as the combined vote of the two Socialist candidates for President in 1908, when the Socialist Labor Party, so called, supported GILHAUS, was about 434,000.

THE SITUATION OF RUSSIA.

Two incidents set forth in our latest foreign dispatches call attention to the interesting position which Russia has come to occupy within the last year. On the one hand, the Russian representative in the conference over the Chinese loan has, for the time at least, withdrawn on the ground that the terms of the loan did not sufficiently protect the special interests of his country. This view was shared by the Japanese representative, though he did not himself withdraw.

The situation thus indicated is an unfortunate one. It is essential, if the Chinese question is to be solved peacefully and for the lasting good of all concerned, that special interests shall practically be subordinated, and particularly that the principle of the open door shall be maintained in connection with that of the integrity of China. These two principles are, in effect, threatened only by Russia and Japan. That is to say, these two countries alone have the power to seize special advantages. They both profess a determination not to use that power. It is extremely desirable that they should carry into actual practice this equitable profession. The "six-Power loan" is now essential to the preservation of order and unity in China. The logical condition to the loan is the strict observance of the open door. It would be an international misfortune of the gravest character if it should fail.

On the other hand, we have the news that Russia has gone to the unusual length of asking the recall of the French Ambassador to St. Petersburg, on the ground that he has not kept the French Government sufficiently informed of the Czar's wishes in the matter of the war of Italy upon Turkey. Since this is a function that may be supposed to belong quite as much to the Russian Ambassador at Paris, it may be inferred that there is a substantial difference of view between the two Governments. Such information as has been permitted to get out confirms this inference. While both countries have been "correct" enough in their general attitude of neutrality, it has been plain that France has had more sympathy with Italy and Russia more with Turkey. Each has tended to incline toward its own neighbor. Though both are apprehensive as to the future, their fears are differently directed. Russia is naturally desirous to renew its influence in Turkey, and France wishes good feeling, at least, on the part of the Power that seeks a hold on North Africa. Between the disturbance in the Far East and the menace of the Near East, Russian diplomacy faces a serious situation which her statesmen are not disposed to treat with indifference.

SYNDICALISM REJECTED.

THE TIMES printed yesterday a list of pressmen's unions which have declined to take part in a strike for which they had no justifying grievance, and which was not justified by the grievance alleged by those who had struck in Chicago. There are twenty-seven of these unions, and there are four which are prepared to support a strike in violation of contract and in support of a demand for privileges above union standard. The marvel is that a single union could be found to support acts so prejudicial to unionism.

Doubtless a vote of public opinion at large regarding what is substantially a plan to acclimate syndicalism in the United States would be more nearly unanimously negative. And yet a vote of twenty-seven against four taken within the limits of unionism is not unsatisfactory. It will tend to foster a sense of responsibility among strikers, encouraging them to be right in their position before they ask others to risk their interests. Every wrong strike is a reproach to unionism, and every strike based upon breach of contract is a wrong strike. Nevertheless, it takes some moral courage for one union to condemn another, and the twenty-seven which took that position are entitled to honorable mention and the thanks earned by those who manfully do their duty.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

This Story Wholly Satisfactory.

Rarely does a news story come into prominence, especially one full of sensational adventure, that is in so nearly every feature satisfactory to the demands of art and sentiment as is the one about the little NAVRATIL children. For once truth and the facts "compose" as neatly as if an adroit imagination had arranged them, and "Nature," usually so indifferent to symmetry and consistency, has taken care to eliminate the unessential and to produce an ending as pleasing to everybody as ever brought a novel to its necessary and inevitable termination.

It is far from an unimportant detail of the story that the mother should be in age and looks just what she should have been to make particularly effective the tableau presented when at last she clasped her lost children in her arms. The children, too, were of a beauty and lovableness that could be seen and appreciated by other than parental eyes. They were worthy of their amazing adventure, and all who were brought in contact with them played to perfection their allotted roles in the exciting and affecting drama. From the moment when the boys were tossed into the boat that carried them away from the sinking Titanic, they had efficient as well as loving attention and protection, and at no time was there any danger that the pretty babies would be doomed to the chill, institutional charity of an orphan asylum.

Even the villain—of course the play had to have a villain—went to his own death with a hero's generosity and unselfishness, for after he had put the children in the boat he stepped back in full contentment to take his desperate chance with those so many, so nearly all, of whom were to die in the next hour. Though he had robbed her of her children, Mme. NAVRATIL now has nothing harsher to say of her fugitive husband than that he was "unreasonable," and she does well to think kindly of the man who died so well.

But why does she return to Nice? She has the best of proofs that this is a good country for boys like hers—that everybody would be good to her and them—that places for them all would be found here.

Stability for the Aeroplane.

From Paris comes the news that the aviator MOREAU has constructed an aeroplane that will do in the air what a boat does on the water—will, that is, take care of itself in greater or less degree and keep right side up because that is the easiest, or natural, thing for it to do.

In other words, if this report be true, the aeroplane, hitherto a machine with only one tendency of its own, and that the tendency to fall if not incessantly guided and controlled, has been "stabilised" to the extent that a moment's inattention or inability on the part of its operator does not mean disaster and probable death. This is great news, for though a few aviators have denied the need of stabilising the aeroplane, that was little more than their way of expressing the opinion that stabilization could never be effected. They all knew in their hearts how desirable it was to attain automatic equilibrium, and that only by its attainment could the aeroplane be rendered safe enough to be considered a practicable means of transportation for any considerable number of people.

The nature of MOREAU's device is not revealed as yet, but doubtless it will soon be explained, and his rivals will soon decide whether his enthusiasm has led him into exaggeration or whether he has really solved the great problem. Till now every aeroplane has been like that invented by the WRIGHT brothers, in principle if not in form, the differences being mere variations. Automatic stability, however, will be a real improvement and a long advance. It will enable anybody to fly who can run an automobile or a motor boat, and to do it with some approach to the same safety. It will put an end, or at least a limit, to the frightfully frequent fatalities which still mark the history of aviation. And it was time.

Stern Duty Well Performed.

That the man RICHESON is to expiate by a shameful death the atrocious crime he committed cannot, of course, be a subject of rejoicing. None the less is Gov. FOSS to be commended for accepting and bearing the responsibility which his office placed upon him, and for performing, firmly and well, a duty to society which was no less a duty because to a man of any sensibility it was abhorrent.

The Governor is himself opposed to capital punishment, for reasons that many besides himself consider adequate, but he must have realised that he could not have commuted RICHESON's sentence with consistency or justice had he not at the same time announced that he would sign no murderer's death warrant. That a conscientious Governor could not do, since it would be an unpardonable usurpation of power.

Undoubtedly Gov. FOSS would have been glad to find a good excuse for saving even this assassin from the chair. Only poor ones were available and he has rejected them. He was told with truth that RICHESON had the heredity that often produces maniacs and has at times shown signs of mania. He was also told, however, that the man knew perfectly well what he was doing when he killed AVIS LINNELL—that before and after the crime he acted with as much discretion as a criminal ever shows—that his motives were logical and comprehensible—that he is now in the possession of his senses. That meant that the law demanded RICHESON's life, and the Governor submits to necessity.

Hanging, or the modern substitute for hanging, is not "played out" in Massachusetts, and the insanity plea, when a mere technicality or pretense, is not effective there.

BUSINESS AND ELECTIONS.

One Who Thinks Presidential Campaigns Do Not Occasion Slumps.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Facts do not seem to warrant the popular impression that Presidential election years are bad for business. Since the year 1872 election years have been, with the exception of 1884, prosperous. The years 1872, 1880, (gold payments resumed,) and 1892 were what are called boom years, wonderfully prosperous. On the other hand, 1907, currency panic; 1861, war panic; 1873, 1893, (gold standard in doubt,) and 1907, (Roosevelt panic,) were not election years.

The Marine Bank failure, involving Grant and Ward, caused a depression in 1884. The trouble was confined to the stock market.

The present year, when finally closed up, will probably be found as good as the average, if not better.

Think it over before blaming the Presidential elections. Bad legislation, such as the Legal-tender act, the Silver Purchase act, and too much tariff, are the real sources of mischief. THOMAS FIELD.

Brooklyn, May 14, 1912.

SUBWAY GUARD'S UNIFORM.

Shall He Wear in Hot Weather White, Tan, or Blue?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Now that warm weather is approaching, I cannot help wondering whether the Subway officials are going to compel the guards to wear that last Summer's white uniform.

These uniforms quickly become soiled and have a disagreeable appearance. Why not let the Subway guards dress in tan or blue material that would wash? It would be quite as cool, and would not show dirt. E. W. B.

New York, May 13, 1912.

If Roosevelt, Why Not Bryan?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has not the personal campaign of Col. Roosevelt for the Republican nomination made Mr. Bryan the candidate for the Democrats? Never before in American history, with the possible exception of the Jackson campaign, were political addresses made by aspirants for the Presidency that compared with those of Roosevelt and Taft for intellectual barrenness and lack of reasoning force. Their vituperative attacks upon each other demonstrate their misjudgment of the mentality of the independents who decide elections. Their mutual charges of insincerity and claims to being "progressive" focus attention upon Mr. Bryan.

Who doubts Mr. Bryan's sincerity or honesty? If tariff reform is to be the paramount issue, who has expressed sounder views upon that subject that Mr. Bryan? Dropping the initiative and referendum, Mr. Bryan is the ideal candidate. He is the original Progressive, and he has been in public life for twenty years without a stain upon his reputation. Why not Mr. Bryan?

Boston, May 15, 1912.

UNPOLICED WOMEN'S PARADE

Mrs. Blatch Contrasts Its Mishaps with Last Year's Perfect Policing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to present to your readers a few facts in contravention of the ideas of the officer of the National Guard printed in your issue of yesterday? First, he asserts that we "did not take advice from any one." What foundation has he for such an assertion? He does not give his name; therefore I am unable to say whether he is in touch with our office or not. He certainly cannot know whether we took advice from any one. As a matter of fact, our formation was the result not only of the advice of a man widely conversant with military affairs, but was also the result of our own experience in our parade of 1911. We marched last year in fours. We marched over exactly the same route, only in the reverse direction. The procession started last year and this at the exact time we had advertised. We were also in the loft-building district at precisely the same hour this year and last.

In 1911 the head of the procession left Fifty-seventh Street and Fifth Avenue at 4 o'clock exactly. It reached Union Square at 5 o'clock. From Twenty-third Street down to Seventeenth and through Seventeenth to the Square there was just about the same crowd as we found this year when we marched up from Washington Square. If any of your readers will turn back to the file of your newspaper and look up the issue of Sunday, May 7, 1911, he will find, I am confident, accounts of the large crowds in the Twenty-third Street district and of an enormous body of spectators gathered in Union Square. I remember that some of the newspapers calculated that at least 15,000 people were packed at the north end of the Square. But a wide lane was kept open for us through this mass of humanity by the police.

The breaks in our procession of this year, which the officer of the National Guard says were due to our lack of knowledge as to how to conduct a parade, were really owing to the fact that every marcher, except those at the head of the parade, had to fight his or her way through a dense crowd from Fourteenth Street to Twenty-third Street. Our divisions were magnificently marshaled. They stood in the side streets, ready for the signal to be given, and were prepared to march at the appointed moment. But when the signal came the division found the street opening packed with people, and not a policeman in sight to aid the Marshal in opening even a narrow way through which the group could reach the avenue.

At the hearing which we recently had with the Police Department both Deputy Commissioner Dillon and Inspector McCluskey admitted that, while they had been told the parade would be nearly five times as large as that of last year, the police detailed to duty were smaller in number. It seems to us that it would be well for voting citizens to demand why there was such a deficiency of police, instead of giving their energy to creating reasons for the confusion in our shortcomings.

HARRIOT STANTON BLATCH.

New York, May 16, 1912.

HOSPITABLE TO SUFFRAGISTS.

The Times's Readiness to Present Both Sides Evokes Comment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent "R. G." implies that THE TIMES is too prejudiced, cowardly, and untenable in argument to publish the most effective reasons furnished by correspondents favorable to female enfranchisement. THE TIMES, on rational grounds, and in kindness toward the innocent majority of women who do not want to vote, and the few wildly clamorous for the privilege, has expressed itself in temperate and logical terms of dissent and discussion. It may occasionally reject hysterical and abusive letters, but it appears astonishingly tolerant and liberal in the publication of many preposterous in tone.

As a matter of certainty, should the widely circulated influential press refrain from all mention of the female suffrage movement it would shortly expire a lingering death for need of nourishment. In its enterprising pursuit of news, the subject is brought to its diagnosis, and it is published for the serious attention or curiosity of its readers. Its columns seem to be open, but not in invitation to suffragettes in labor pains of thought, and such liberality may furnish a vehicle to secure converts influenced by the fallacious presentation to those aimless in aims and eager for novel excitement. PEACE LOVER.

New York, May 16, 1912.

The Terrible Clam.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the article on clams in last Sunday's TIMES. It seems to me high time that the important question, Are clams edible? was considered seriously by the scientific men of this enlightened age. To the furthering of this discussion I beg to state that my family, for four generations of which I am certain, and in all probability for a much longer period, has been unable to swallow the shellfish under consideration. The very sight of it upon a plate or reposing in harmless soup has been known to give rise in my young son to symptoms of shuddering and paleness. Can the writer of the aforementioned article suggest, in his capacity as a man of science, a remedy for this condition? Might it be possible, by removing the obnoxious creature from its natural surroundings in plate, soup, or brine, placing it in a location hitherto unassociated with it in the patient's mind—such as Madison Square or West Tenth Street—inducing in the patient the state of hypnosis or hypnolepsy, and suggesting to him blandly the amiable qualities of the gentle clam; might it be possible, I ask, by this means to overcome an antipathy so prohibitive of the true enjoyment of life? ANXIOUS READER.

New York, May 17, 1912.

Dishonest Advertising.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with great interest one of your announcements headed "Help Wanted," in which it is stated that THE TIMES will not accept advertisements offering situations in which conditions of employment are not clearly stated. I am also gratified to see that you exclude from your "Help Wanted" columns advertisements calling for cash deposits. In my search for a position in this city I have been swindled by unscrupulous persons asking money for samples which, on receipt, have proved utterly worthless. If newspapers did not assist in the perpetration of swindles the schemers would soon be out of business, and it is a pity that your contemporaries do not imitate your worthy example in protecting the public.

New York, May 17, 1912. J. M. H.

WILD-FLOWERS.

We poor-folk know this story:
From His abode of glory
God looked on earth and space;
And, calling the great angels
Who serve as His evangels,
He bade them seek each place
Where we, who toil in wanting,
May find no time for planting
Aught save for hunger's needs;
There, in rock-waste and heather—
Where earth-grains cling together,
Bade them plant flower-seeds.

The angels heard, and heeding,
O'er barren places speeding,
They sowed the little seeds—
Seeds of wild-flowers, growing,
Nodding and bravely blowing
To laugh 'mid rocks and weeds.
Now, gardens full of posies
Fair as the rich-folk's roses,
Grow bravely in our sod;
For, where no corn may flourish,
Still do His angels nourish
The flower-beds of God!

ANNE McQUEEN.

CHURCH UNION ISSUE DEFEATS DR. LEWIS

Methodist Protestant Conference Elects Dr. Davis President and Delegate Baker Resigns.

FOUR BALLOTS FOR BISHOPS

Methodist Episcopal Conference Probably Has Elected Dr. Shepard—Large Vote for Dr. Downey.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 17.—Strong opposition to union of the Methodist Protestant Church with other denominations, notably the Methodist Episcopal Church, developed this afternoon when the Rev. Dr. Lyman Elwyn Davis of Sharpsburg was elected President of the ensuing General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church, which began its twenty-first quadrennial session this morning at St. John's Church, this city. Dr. Davis defeated the former President, the Rev. Dr. T. H. Lewis of Westminster, Md., by a vote of 78 to 71.

In a speech seconding the nomination of Dr. Davis the Rev. J. C. Broomfield of the Pittsburgh Conference criticised Dr. Lewis, who is Chairman of the Methodist Protestant Commission on Church Union, for his efforts to bring about union with the Methodist Episcopal Church. Others advanced the same reason for their opposition to Dr. Lewis.

After the election Daniel Baker, a lay delegate, of Baltimore, took exception to the criticisms of Dr. Lewis, resigned from the conference, and left the meeting place. Later Mr. Baker was urged by leading members of the conference to reconsider his action, and he said he "would sleep over it."

The report of the Committee of Church Union probably will be made next week. There is no intimation as to what its recommendations will be. The Rev. Charles H. Beck of Ohio was re-elected Secretary of the conference.

Dr. Lewis in his report as Chairman of the Executive Committee touched upon all the main issues before the church. It suggested that the President of the conference be given powers to construe the law of the church in the intervals between the meetings of the committee. This duty has fallen upon the President in an unauthorized way and the comittee suggested that the powers be duly conferred upon the President.

The report of the Rev. Charles H. Beck, Secretary Treasurer of the Board of Home Missions, showed that the total receipts from all sources since the last quadrennium were $147,516, and total disbursements for the same period, $206,024, or $55,512 more than the receipts.

A considerable portion of this amount, the report says, is covered by loans made to churches and by investments set forth in the statement of the assets which were $276,483, a gain of $62,467 in the last four years.

The report showed an encouraging increase in the establishment of new missions, chapels, and churches.

DR. SHEPARD MAY BE BISHOP.

Dr. Downey of New York Lost Ground on Third Ballot.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 17.—While W. O. Shepard of Chicago making a gain in votes but lacking the necessary 536, the third ballot on Bishops in the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church to-day resulted in no election. The ballot was taken this morning and announced at an adjourned session late this afternoon, when another ballot was taken, the result of which will be announced to-morrow morning.

With the continuing of the balloting numerous candidates are dropping from sight. Of the 244 which started on the first ballot yesterday only 108 names were mentioned on the third. Dr. D. O. Downey, New York, and Matt S. Hughes, Pasadena, Cal., gained also on the third ballot, but while they were first and third respectively, on the second ballot Dr. Shepard's gain of 79 votes, making a total of 457, placed him in the lead on the third ballot, and left Dr. Downey and Dr. Hughes second and third with 389 and 378 votes, respectively.

It is predicted to-night by delegates that Dr. Shepard's election will take place when the fourth ballot, taken to-night, is counted.

OWEN JOHNSON'S OFFER.

Further Comment on the Essay Competition in The Times.

College newspapers and magazines continue to discuss Owen Johnson's two-fold prize offer for the best discussions of plans for the social organization of colleges and universities. Some of these comments are given here:

From College Topics, University of Virginia.

In an open letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES, Owen Johnson, the author of "Dink Stover at Yale," offers two prizes for essays outlining the best constructive plan for the social organization of a university. A reward of $150 will go to the undergraduate who contributes the best working scheme, and a bonus of $100 to the graduate who presents the most practicable suggestions. The competition will close June 2, and the announcement of the winners will be made in THE SUNDAY TIMES of June 9. * * * Mr. Johnson's plan is to secure the opinions of the American student body about the real social conditions in their institutions.

From The Michigan Daily, Michigan.

In an effort to draw out new ideas and suggestions relative to the social organization of universities Owen Johnson, author of "Stover at Yale," is conducting a prize contest open to all American collegians. The purpose of the contest is to draw forth ideas, opinions, and information that will aid in bettering the social life at American schools and assist them to better their social conditions and organizations.

A first prize of $150 and a second prize of $100 are offered for the best papers by students relative to the social conditions at the universities they attend. The contest is being conducted through the columns of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

From The Oberlin Review, Oberlin College.

Owen Johnson, author of "Stover at Yale," has offered a prize of $150 for an essay by any undergraduate upon the general subject of a constructive plan for the social organization of a university. Mr. Johnson has become interested in this phase of college life, and the competition is the result. The contest is under the supervision of THE NEW YORK TIMES and closes June 2.

College News in The Times.

From The New Yorker, New York University.

We have noticed with much interest the new feature which THE NEW YORK TIMES has inaugurated in the Sunday edition under the heading of "College News." This department touches on phases of undergraduate life and activities, which, until now, have not been presented to the reader of the daily newspapers in a full and systematic manner. It is a good thing that lets the public in general and college alumni in particular should receive carefully reported and carefully edited college news, for the real strength of a university is based on its intimate connection with its alumni and its other friends.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has in a certain extent solved this problem, for it has devoted an entire page to real live college news. We appreciate the fact that one of the largest New York papers has seen the advisability of taking college news out of the general heap of sporting results and miscellaneous stories, and has put it in a particular place, where the reader can always look and expect to find some genuine, up to date, and solid news of the college world.

PEKIN DOGS GUESTS AT HOTEL LUNCHEON

In Honor of Vi Sin, Winner of 51 Ribbons, and Father of Coy Fah Sin.

EIGHT WOMEN ALSO PRESENT

Chinese Cocktails Savor an Exquisite Celestial Menu—Pets, on Tabourets, Get Choicest Dainties.

Mrs. Arthur L. Holland, wife of Dr. Arthur L. Holland, of 134 West Eighty-first Street, dropped into the Vanderbilt Hotel the other day and informed the management that she wished to arrange for a luncheon for sixteen to be held in the Chinese Buffet on the afternoon of May 17.

"There will be eight ladies," she said, "and eight——"

She hesitated effectively for the space that a breath is held.

"And eight gentlemen," supplied the management, deferentially. "And now what will you——"

"No, not eight gentlemen," corrected Mrs. Holland. "Eight dogs, eight dear little Pekinese dogs."

And that is why the Vanderbilt was astir yesterday with unwonted preparations. That is why guests thirsty for their usual May afternoon Chinese cocktail were shooed out of the buffet. That is why each tall pillar served, but to conceal an expectant photographer and why reporters lurked in every corner as the hour of two sounded Orientally from the Chinese clock.

For Mrs. Holland's guests and their scrubby, long-haired little escorts were arriving, all a-flutter with the tremendous excitement of the adventure, and to an accompanying chorus of coo's and coddling whispers and short, hoarse, sadmannish barks, the procession moved toward the feast, in and around the honor of Vi Sin, the little Pekinese bride of Mrs. Holland. He was the real host of the day. In honor of his triumphs on the bench, the other Pekinese dogs were invited, while their respective mistresses just came along.

Vi Sin's Glorious Record.

Vi Sin has belonged to Mrs. Holland for only six months, and in that brief time, says she, he has won fifty-one ribbons, six silver cups and many special prizes at the shows in Boston, Baltimore, Chicago, and New York. She had the greatest difficulty in persuading Mrs. Ashton Cross of Egham, England, to part with Vi Sin of Alderbourne, and even then she had to pay an enormous price for him. She would not say how much yesterday, but the words "enormous price" are Mrs. Holland's.

Vi Sin was one of Mrs. Cross's three best dogs, and, as every one knows, Mrs. Cross owns the finest Pekinese kennels in the Occident. Didn't J. Pierpont Morgan valnly offer her $30,000 for Chur Ehr of Alderbourne, the champion of them all? If he did not, then Mrs. Holland has been greatly deceived. Well, when Vi Sin, after taking ribbons and other distinctions in England, crossed the Atlantic and proceeded to run away with all the Pekinese honors in this country, it seemed only right that there should be some social affair to mark his progress and that other Pekinese favorites should be invited to pay him tribute.

So with Vi Sin leading the way in Mrs. Hollands arms, the others advanced upon the dining room. There was Pin Kee, leashed by a long pink ribbon to Mrs. Arthur Radclyffe Dugmore, whose husband took such perfectly wonderful pictures of lions and other Jungiese animals in Africa. There was To To, with Mrs. William Shannon. There was Ti Tu, who came over from Philadelphia with Mrs. W. S. Belding.

There was Mme. Wu, with Miss Hilda Wood, and Ehr Sin with Mrs. Woodward of Ardsley—one of her ninety dogs. To see Mrs. Carl E. Akley advancing all devotion to Wu Ting-Fang you would never have guessed that she is credited with having brought down with her trusty rifle the largest elephant ever shot. But that's what they say. She is the wife of the man who gave such valuable specimens of wild animals to the Museum of Natural History.

Baby Fah Sin's First Party.

And last of all came dear little Fah Sin, the five-months-old daughter of Vi Sin, and the treasured possession of Doonya Holland, Mrs. Holland's daughter. It was the first time that Fah Sin had ever been allowed to come down stairs and dine with the grown-up dogs. It was the wildest dissipation, for instead of her usual fare of scraped beef and a puppy biscuit to chew on she was served with a little fish and some squab. The Oriental gold walls of the Chinese Buffet at the Vanderbilt looked down on a richly laid table in the shape of a T-square, with great vases of golden flowers and baskets of spiced candies and Celestial nuts. At each plate was a card with the name of the guest and the picture of Vi Sin. At every other place was a teakwood chair, and beside each teakwood chair was a teakwood tabouret. On each tabouret was a Chinese serviette, and on each serviette sat a Pekinese dog.

The very menu was fitted for the occasion. There were:

Hors d'Oeuvres Pekinese.

Consomme en gelee, Ouen-Teu-Fang.

Truite de Riviere, sautee Broad Oak Beetle.

Pigeonneau roti Chur Ehr of Alderbourne.

Salade Yang-Tze-Kiang.

Glaces Fantaisees au Dragon.

Gaieux Assortis a la Kote.

Cafe.

Camera Frightened the Dogs.

The photographers remained on the scene long enough to snap it when the guests were all seated, each woman in her chair, each dog on his tabouret. There was a blinding flash of the powder and each dog was off his tabouret, some trying to hide under milady's skirts, some making a frankly mongrel and bourgeois effort to get under the table. The awed reporters were put out, but they were welcoming to watch the luncheon through the convenient open work of the guarding screens.

These apertures were so ample and well placed that some passing guest called it a "Peek-in-Easy" luncheon and fled. One who peeked was a pretty Gaelic maid employed by the Vanderbilt. She eyed the little wisps of dogs scornfully.

"If I only had Jack's Irish bull dog," she murmured with a little blood thirsty sigh.

But nothing so untoward marred the serenity of the luncheon, except, perhaps, when a little pigeonneau roti went down the wrong way or a few gateux assortis were refused by mistresses with a tremor for dear little digestions. The dogs themselves had no regular covers or menu. They simply partook of what their mistresses saw fit to give them. Now it was a bit of squab to be eaten from milady's hand. Now it was a bit of ice cream to be licked from milady's spoon.

Most of the dogs sat docilely on their stools, but a few climbed over into adjacent laps, and little Fah Sin began the meal with a nap. Later she woke up and had a little luncheon and this so exhilarated her that she mounted the table and to a very chorus of delighted squeals, soft cries of "Sweetey, Sweetey," and envious barks, her frail legs took her the length of the table. It was a moment of vast excitement.

Although the menu discreetly refrains from mentioning them, there were such things to be had yesterday as Chinese cocktails. Several of the dogs were treated to the inspiring sips, but Miss Doonya Holland decided that Fah Sin was too young.

"She's just a debutante, you understand," explained Miss Doonya.

No man attended the luncheon.

The Judaeans at Hotel Majestic.

The Judaeans will hold an informal meeting at the Hotel Majestic on Sunday evening, May 26, and the guest of honor will be Hermann Struck, the Berlin artist. Addresses will be delivered by Leo Mielziner on "The Jew in Art," by the Rev. Dr. J. L. Magnes on "The Natural Beauty of Palestine," and by Prof. Leigh H. Hunt on "Etching." Mr. Struck will respond with an address in German with stereopticon illustrations. Dr. Henry M. Leipziger, Supervisor of the Board of Education lectures, will preside.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Lord Montague of Beaulieu, who arrived yesterday from England, will be at the Ritz-Carlton for a visit of several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Heth Lorton will give a large reception to-day at their new country place, Matoa, at Garden City, L. I.

Mrs. A. Scott Cameron gave a bridge party yesterday at the Gotham. There were five tables and the prizes were leather card cases.

Mrs. J. Langdon Erving and Mrs. Philip Kearney, daughters of the late Mrs. George Crocker, have taken houses at Santa Barbara, Cal., and intend remaining there for a year or so.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustave E. Touchard, Jr., are going to Washington, D. C., for the Chevy Chase Club tennis tournament, in which Mr. Touchard is to take part.

There will be a competition between the members of the Ladies' Class of the Fencers' Club on Tuesday afternoon at their clubrooms, to be followed by a tea.

Mrs. Anita E. Minton, whose marriage to Hamilton Fell will take place on Wednesday, May 29, in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, will have Mrs. Garrison Adams as matron of honor. Henri Harnickell will be the best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew have gone to Washington for a short stay. They are booked to sail on June 25 for Europe.

The wedding of Miss Helen Tweed and Mr. Wadsworth on Thursday next will be attended only by a limited number of relatives and friends. Mr. Wadsworth's ushers will include his three cousins, Hamilton Gibson, Willard Wadsworth, and Joseph Ty Wadsworth, and also the bride's brother, Harrison Tweed.

Invitations have been received here from Sir Arthur and Lady Eliott for the wedding in London of their daughter, Miss Vera Eliott, to Edward Boles Cowles at St. George's Church, Hanover Square, on Tuesday, June 4, at 2:30 o'clock. The reception will be held at 20 King Street, Portman Square, the Eliott town house.

Mr. and Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay and Miss Barclay, who have opened their country place at Casenovia, N. Y., are at the Hotel Gotham for a brief visit.

MISS DURANT WEDS COUSIN.

Married to William Clark Durant of Prince Rupert, British Columbia.

The marriage of Miss Heloise T. Durant, daughter of J. Lathrop Durant, to William Clark Durant of Prince Rupert, British Columbia, a third cousin of the bride, took place yesterday at noon in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the Rev. Dr. William M. Grosvenor, Dean of the Cathedral, officiating.

Only the relatives and a few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony. The bride wore a traveling suit. Her brother, Lawrence T. Durant, gave her in marriage. Basil Durant, another brother, acted as best man.

Shortly after the ceremony Mr. Durant and his bride started for Prince Rupert. Mr. Durant formerly lived in this city, but now has business connections in Prince Rupert. Mrs. Janet L. Durant, the bride's mother, is sailing to-day for England to spend the Summer.

R. D. ALSOP TO WED IN LONDON.

Son of Rev. Dr. Reese F. Alsop of Brooklyn to Marry Miss Julia Chapin.

In St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London, on Wednesday will be held the wedding of Miss Julia Sanford Chapin and Reese Denny Alsop, son of the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Reese F. Alsop of 96 Remsen Street, Brooklyn.

Miss Chapin is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Chapin of 34 Kensington Square, London, but who formerly lived in Boston. Mrs. Chapin was Miss Adele Le Bourgeois of New Orleans.

Mr. Alsop arrived in England early in the week. He was graduated from Yale in 1906 and from the Columbia Law School in 1910. His father was for twenty years rector of St. Ann's Church on Brooklyn Heights, and is honorary Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Garden City, L. I.

Miss Geishenen's Wedding Plans.

The wedding of Miss R. Corinne Geishenen, a daughter of Mrs. Henry J. Braker by her first husband, the late William H. Geishenen, and Charles D. Rafferty, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert T. Rafferty of Pittsburgh, will take place on Saturday morning, June 15, in the Lady Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral. Mgr. Taylor will officiate. Miss Geishenen will have no attendants, but will walk with her elder brother, William H. Geishenen. Mr. Rafferty will have no attendants, and the two families only will be asked to the ceremony. Miss Geishenen is a sister of Miss Madeleine Geishenen and of Walter Geishenen. The engagement was announced in these columns in April.

Justices to See Miss Butler Wedded.

Miss Margaret E. Butler, daughter of Michael E. Butler, the Democratic executive member from the Twelfth Assembly District of Kings County, and John J. Barry, son of the late Commissioner of Correction, John J. Barry, are to be married on Wednesday, June 5, in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, Brooklyn. A reception for the two families will be held afterward at the bride's home, 588 Third Street. Many of the city officials are expected to attend the wedding, including Mayor Gaynor, Senator Gorman, Borough President Steers, Supreme Court Justices Luke D. Stapleton and Isaac N. Kapper, and Justice George J. O'Keefe.

McCollom-Ewing Wedding on June 1.

The marriage of Miss Marion Ewing, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. William Alexander Ewing of 134 West Fifty-eighth Street, and Harold Chaffee McCollom, will take place on Saturday, June 1, at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents. Only the relatives and a few intimate friends have been invited, and after the ceremony a reception will be held at the Hotel Gotham. Miss Ewing will have only one attendant and maid of honor, Miss Marjorie Stuart Baird. Mr. McCollom will have his brother, Dr. William E. McCollom of Brooklyn as best man.

Minister, 53, to Wed Organist, 29.

The Rev. Alexander S. Van Dyck, a widower of Philmont, N. Y., and Miss Bertha Marie Tamm of 153 East Sixty-second Street, took out a marriage license yesterday at the City Hall. The Rev. Mr. Van Dyck gave his age as 53. Miss Tamm, who is the daughter of Charles Fritz Tamm, is 24 years younger. She is an organist. The marriage is to take place in the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church on June 5.

Miss Hopkins to be a June Bride.

The wedding of Miss Bessie Hopkins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Hopkins of 224 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, to Joseph Finch Lockwood, is to take place on June 1. It is to be a home ceremony at 4 o'clock, with only relatives and intimate friends in attendance. Miss Jessie Kennard Hopkins will be her sister's only attendant, and Harold Monteith Lockwood is to be his brother's best man. Mr. Lockwood is the son of Mrs. Husted Lockwood of New York and Hackensack, N. J.

Miss Cramp to Wed J. B. Mulford, 3d

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., May 17.—Mr. and Mrs. Courtland D. Cramp of 2,118 Delancey Street this afternoon announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Amy Cramp, to John B. Mulford, 3d. Miss Cramp is a granddaughter of Charles H. Cramp, the shipbuilder. She was introduced into society two years ago. Mr. Mulford is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer K. Mulford of Wyncote, Penn. He is a member of the Class of 1912 at the University of Pennsylvania, a member of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity, and the Sphinx Senior Society. No date has been fixed for the wedding.

Engagements.

The engagement is announced of Miss Christine Bullock, daughter of the late Judge Bullock of Brooklyn, to the Rev. O. D. Sewell, pastor of the Searles Congregational Church in Great Barrington, Mass. No date has been set for the wedding.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Madelene Tillson, daughter of George W. Tillson of 570 Parkside Avenue, Flatbush, and Nelson Raymond Clark. Miss Tillson was graduated from Wellesley 1911, and Mr. Clark was graduated from Harvard in 1909.

DANES IN SILENCE RECEIVE DEAD KING

Grief-Stricken Sons and Grandsons Walk Behind the Hearse to Copenhagen Church.

THERE TO LIE IN STATE

Royal Yacht, Escorted by Warships, Brought the Body from Travemuende to the Capital.

COPENHAGEN, May 17.—The body of King Frederick VIII. of Denmark reached the Danish capital to-day and is now lying before the altar of the old Castle Church at Christianborg. There it will remain a week, when it will be taken on its final journey to Roskilde, nineteen miles from this city, and placed in the tomb containing the bodies of most of the former Danish kings, in the spired church of that picturesque little town.

From Toldboden Wharf in the inner harbor, where the Royal yacht Dannebrog landed the body of the dead sovereign at noon to-day on its arrival from Travemuende, the coffin was borne by twelve officers to a hearse which was in waiting. It was then conveyed through streets lined with troops and filled with silent crowds to the church of Christianborg Castle, King Christian X. of Denmark and King Haakon of Norway, with other male members of the royal family, walking behind. The Queen Mother, the new Queen, and other women of the family followed in state carriages.

Despite the military escort and the salutes of the guns the ceremonial was marked with extreme simplicity. The spectators appeared to be witnessing the grief of a private family, rather than the obsequies of a monarch.

The royal yacht, escorted by two Danish warships, reached the entrance to the harbor just before noon and proceeded slowly toward the pier, the guns of the fortifications and the naval ships firing at intervals of a minute.

On board the yacht were the new King and Queen, the young Crown Prince, King Haakon of Norway, the King's brother; Prince Charles of Sweden, and other relatives, who had gone out earlier in the morning to join the widowed Queen and her children, coming from Germany.

Members of the Cabinet, the Deputies, the diplomatic corps and officers of the army and navy stood bareheaded on the pier in rain as the royal yacht drew alongside.

The Dannebrog was flying the royal standard at half-mast, the vessels in the harbor had their colors lowered, while the sailing ships had their spars "cockbilled."

Members of the Cabinet and the Government officials went on board as soon as the yacht had made fast and filed through the aftercabin past the casket, the widowed Queen standing at the door and giving her hand to each as they entered. Many of the Social Democrat members of Parliament were among those who thus paid their last respects to the dead king.

After this was over, the casket was carried on shore by six naval and six army officers.

The two Kings and the Royal Princes, all of whose faces were working with emotion, were scarcely able to control their sobs, as they took their places behind the hearse.

While the procession was waiting for the escort to form an incident occurred which was characteristic of the simplicity of the event. The new King, who is almost a giant in height and easily the tallest man present, approached his father's favorite white saddle horse, which was led with an empty saddle in the procession behind its master, and caressed it for several minutes. He seemed to find this of assistance in controlling his emotion. The young Crown Prince and his brother, Prince Knud, in simple sailor suits, stood by in awe and then with solemn faces walked hand in hand with their father when the procession finally moved.

Preceded by an escort of cavalry, artillery, bluejackets and the King's bodyguard of Grenadiers in their scarlet coats and with their rifles bound with crape, the procession went first through the grounds of the Royal Palace of Amalienborg, passed the United States Legation with the Stars and Stripes overhanging the street, and then through the new market square and business thoroughfares to Christianborg.

In addition to the townspeople, probably 100,000 visitors from outside the city lined the route eight to ten deep, swarmed on the roofs, at the windows, on the tops of omnibuses, delivery wagons, lamp posts and other vantage points.

After a march of about an hour the procession reached the Castle Church. On arrival at the church the casket was borne in by the officers and placed on a catafalque.

Here the funeral lost its public character and only the royal family and their relatives entered and listened to the private memorial service, remaining for some minutes in silent prayer before returning to the royal residence at Amalienborg Castle.

The church is to be reserved to-morrow and Sunday for private devotions, but on Monday and following days it will be thrown open to the general public, who will be allowed to march past and view the body of the dead sovereign lying in State.

BERLIN, May 17.—Emperor William has ordered the officers of the Hessen-Homburg Hussars, of which the late King Frederick of Denmark was an honorary commander, to wear mourning for three weeks. In addition three officers of the regiment will go to Copenhagen to participate in the funeral.

Engaged for "Pirates of Penzance."

Blanche Duffield, who played the prima donna rôle in "Baron Trenck" at the Casino Theatre recently, and Josephine Jacoby, who was the Katisha in the revival of "The Mikado" two seasons ago, have been added to the Gilbert and Sullivan company that is now playing "Patience" at the Lyric Theatre, and will make their first appearance with that organization in the revival of "The Pirates of Penzance" on June 3.

Joe Weber's Niece Will Wed.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Albert H. Raymond, an actor, and Ella G. Lazarus, daughter of Michael Lazarus and Sarah Weber. Mr. Raymond is of the vaudeville team of Raymond and Caverly and Miss Lazarus is a niece of Joseph M. Weber, the comedian. The date of the wedding has not been set, but it will take place at the Hotel Marie Antoinette with the Rev. Dr. Harris officiating.

Mrs. Ava W. Astor Sails To-day.

Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, who has been at the Ritz-Carlton since her arrival on this side, following the death of Col. John Jacob Astor in the Titanic disaster, is returning to England and will sail on the Oceanic this morning accompanied by her young daughter, Miss Muriel Astor. She came over to be with her son, Vincent Astor.

To-day's Weddings.

Dr. Edward Ewing Pratt, Ph. D., of Columbia University, a former member of the Faculty of the School of Philanthropy and at present head statistician of the New York Food Commission, will be married to Miss Helen Tredway Woodford this afternoon at the Broadway Tabernacle. Miss Woodford has been connected with the Consumers' League.

The marriage of Miss Harriet Amelia Bigelow, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Payson Bigelow of 103 Waverley Place, to Paul Billingsley, will take place to-day at All Souls' Church. Owing to the recent death of the bridegroom's mother only members of the two families will attend.

Miss Cornelia Hoyt, daughter of Mrs. Jesse Hoyt of this city, and George Robert Leslie, Jr., of Flushing, L. I., will be married this afternoon at 3:30 at Little Forest Farm, the country home of the bride's mother at New Canaan, Conn.

The wedding of Miss Blanche Griffith to Marion Hollingsworth Gaillard will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in St. Agnes's Chapel. A small reception will be held afterward at the home of the bride's guardian, Mrs. James F. [illegible]

THRONG OFF FOR EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Nine Steamships Sailing To-day.

Nine transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

GEORGE WASHINGTON (Bremen)—Mr. and Mrs. William Bamberger, H. Barnett, Chandler P. Barton, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bell, Miss Dorothy Bell, C. J. Billwiller, Alessandro Bonci, Mme. Bonci, Miss Grace Briars, Mrs. Frederic Bronson, Miss May Butler, W. F. Chandler, E. C. Clapp, Mrs. W. A. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Cole, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Cross, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Dannenburg, Miss C. Bartlett Dean, E. N. Dickerson, Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Fiske, Miss Mary Garden, Gustav T. von Glahn, Mr. and Mrs. Moritz Gose, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Barton Hasekon, Capt. F. Holst, Mrs. E. S. Hoyt, Mrs. Collis P. Huntington, Miss Charlotte Ives, Dr. and Mrs. Waldo C. Johnston, Miss Jean Marchand, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Meyer, Mrs. J. Gilman Miller, Mrs. Sheffield Phelps, Miss C. Phelps, Miss E. Phelps, Francis Rigg, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Rose, Isaac E. Rose, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Smith, Miss D. Smith, Henry Lee Smith, Mrs. C. Q. Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Stein, Miss Elsa Stein, Robert Ralston Steward, Miss E. Steward, Mrs. E. Summerfield, Miss F. M. Tucker, Mrs. H. W. Williams, Dr. and Mrs. Dr. Sydney Welham, Dr. Harris Wrede.

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CARMANIA (Liverpool)—W. A. Allen, Miss E. Allen, Miss Gladys Baldwin, Mrs. H. Barbour, Miss Elsie Barbour, Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Barrett, R. S. Byng, Mrs. Mary J. Blakelee, Mrs. Ethel Campbell, Mrs. W. J. Chase, Edwin Church, Mr. and Mrs. James Clark, Alexander Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cochrane, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Cornish, H. E. Cornwall, Mr. and Mrs. W. Donaldson, B. N. Exton, Mr. and Mrs. Jules Fawcett, Mrs. J. Foster, Mrs. C. C. Gardner, Miss Violet Gordon, H. Harper, Mr. and Mrs. Percy L. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hilles, Mrs. S. F. Howard, the Rev. Dr. R. W. Howes, Miss Mary M. Ingersoll, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Jackson, Edmund M. James, Thomas Lees, Mrs. J. A. Loring, Mrs. J. C. Madison, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Moore, F. C. Mc. Mrs. J. H. Norton, Mr. and Mrs. C. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Pearson, Miss L. Randall, Mrs. R. B. Shipley, A. J. Simpson, Arthur S. Spurreon, Mrs. S. Steine, Mr. and Mrs. L. Stein, Robert L. S. Stein, Mrs. Minnie Stokes, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick K. Trask, Mrs. Marie Turner, Col. J. S. Van Doren, Mrs. Van Doren, Miss J. Welsh, Mrs. G. Wendell, and Miss F. G. Wendell.

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MINNEWASKA (London)—Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Adamson, Mrs. Ida Adderley, Mrs. J. C. Alexander, Miss Stella Allison, Mrs. L. L. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. G. Barmore, R. H. Bedell, Prof. and Mrs. C. A. Briggs, the Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Bruce, Miss A. M. Burt, Frank H. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. A. Cooper Cliffe, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Coles, Mrs. J. H. Coe, Mrs. and Mrs. Percy Dashwood, Mrs. T. Denby, Mrs. E. J. Gamble, Mrs. Earl C. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Jackson, R. A. Johnstone, Dr. T. J. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Kimball, Mrs. E. Lambert, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Lawrence, Col. George Montgomery, Forest Robinson, Miss O. E. Smith, Harry C. Starr, Miss C. F. Stillman, Mrs. R. H. Thayer, R. P. Towne, Mrs. A. G. Towne.

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CANADA (Marseilles)—Mrs. W. R. Barnes, Miss Alice C. Boughton, Mrs. C. W. Bowen, Mrs. E. A. Bradshaw, J. F. Dacey, J. M. Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Earley, Miss Alice Earley, G. McLeod Harper, Mrs. Harper, Miss M. Hilliard, Lieut. S. C. Leasure, U. S. A.; Miss Juliet W. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar S. Taylor, and Miss Belle A. Watson.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of those who came on them were:

MAURETANIA (Liverpool)—Lawrence Abraham, M. H. Adams, Marquis Brevare Alaincourt, P. V. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Alfred, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Apfel, Mrs. J. J. Armstrong, Miss Marjorie Armstrong, E. E. W. Ashey, Miss M. Bakewell, Commander J. Paul Brevra, Alexander Benson, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Berlyn, J. M. Britton, J. H. Brook, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Brown, Guy Charteus, W. S. Chase, Dr. M. Chester, Mr. and Mrs. Louis P. Church, Miss Anna B. Clark, R. Coke, A. Colten, the Rev. A. J. Comerford, James L. Cotter, W. D. Crawley, Mr. and Mrs. Midgley Crocker, F. Dale, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Daniels, Miss A. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Dixon, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Durney, E. N. Eames, G. H. Emerson, J. Lucius English, Mrs. L. L. Eyre, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Felder, Mrs. Ezra C. Fitch, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. W. Francis, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Fuess, Mrs. J. W. Griswold, G. W. Hammond, George Allen Hancock, C. C. Hardwick, A. Dalton Harrison, A. J. C. Hart, T. H. Hawks, Mr. and Mrs. Percy R. Heaton, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Higham, C. R. Hosmer, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hunnybun, H. Ives, Mrs. David James, H. S. Ladew, Miss Elsie Ladew, H. Law, Miss Ethel Mackenzie, Sir Donald Mann, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Martin, Lord Montague of Beaulieu, Frank Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. W. Morton, E. R. Nisbit, H. J. Owens, F. A. Park, L. C. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Paterson, C. H. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Ralli, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred W. Smithers, R. S. Stewart, Mrs. Frederick F. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Morse, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Welsh, Miss Welsh, J. L. Welsh, Miss Charlotte Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Whittemore, F. E. Woodbury, F. S. York, Count Carlo di Carpenetto, and Mrs. N. B. Scott.

PENNSYLVANIA (Hamburg)—Mrs. M. Amling; Miss Irene Amling, Charles Becker, Herman Brandt, Gustave Bauer, Miss Marie Urban, Alexander Wallach, Gustave Webber, Mrs. Marie Werner, Miss Gertrude Werner, and Miss Esther Salden.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Craig Campbell, former soloist at the Church of the Transfiguration, has been engaged by Arthur Hammerstein for the tenor rôle in Mme. Trentini's new opera next season.

The three-hundredth performance of "Bunty Pulls the Strings," at Stoller's Comedy Theatre, will take place next Saturday night, May 25. The management hopes to continue the play throughout the Summer.

A special view of the Carnegie Alaska-Siberia motion pictures will be given at Maxine Elliott's Theatre Monday afternoon, when Capt. Kleinschmidt, who did the photographic work, will be present to explain the films.

The Aero Club of America, including many of the visitors who have been attending the recent Aero Show, will go to Cohan's Theatre next Tuesday evening to see Blanche Ring in "The Wall Street Girl." Miss Ring will introduce some new features in her songs.

"The Garden of Allah" at the Century and George Arliss in "Disraeli," at Wallack's, end their runs in town this evening. "The Garden of Allah" will open at the Auditorium, Chicago, on Labor Day, and Mr. Arliss will resume his run at Wallack's on about the same date.

The election of officers for the National Federation of Theatre Clubs will take place at the Berkeley Theatre next Monday evening at 8 o'clock. As soon as permanent officers are chosen practical working plans will be presented to the members.

George C. Tyler, who has bought on his own account the rights to "The New Sin," by E. Hastings, writes from Paris that in all probability he will bring over the company that is now appearing in the piece at the Criterion Theatre, London. "The New Sin" was first put on for a special matinee at the Royalty Theatre, and was then given at regular per[illegible]

DENOUNCES CHARITY, BREAKS UP MEETING

Uninvited Speaker Creates Scene at President Mitchel's Conference on Work in Schools.

SPEAKS "FOR TAXPAYERS"

Pauperizing Doles Mustn't Debase City's Pupils and Impoverish Property Holders, Shouts Dr. Berg.

An uninvited speaker, who pressed his way to the front after Edward T. Devine, President of the Charity Organization Society, had called for a vote on resolutions giving organized charity a foothold in the public schools, made a fiery denunciation of charity, which disrupted the Board of Estimate's conference on public schools at the Colony Club yesterday afternoon.

The intruding speaker's remarks were greeted with hisses at first, then with calls of "time" and "sit down," and finally they were cut short by an announcement of President John Purroy Mitchel, the Chairman, that the conference was adjourned.

The intruding speaker was Dr. H. W. Berg, who said he was a delegate "from a humble body of 5,000 men, of whom the honorable charity workers and their leaders probably never heard—those taxpayers of New York City who form the Real Estate Owners' Association and so pay a great proportion of the taxes."

Mr. Devine had interrupted the arraignment, and after adjournment he strode over to Dr. Berg, who was still standing in front of the Chairman's stand denouncing charities. Mr. Devine started to speak to him, but Dr. Berg cut him short.

"I will have no words with you," he shouted. "You insulted me while I was speaking, and I cannot converse with you. Who are you, anyhow?"

Some one among the men who hastily came forward as the women delegates withdrew from the room informed Dr. Berg that the man attempting to speak to him was Edward T. Devine, the best-known charity worker in the city and the head of various charitable enterprises, from which he received in salary and fees something like $20,000 a year.

"Oh, yes," Dr. Berg retorted, "maybe I should have known this famous worker, but who among us poor men who labor for our money has time to learn who these charity personages are? And he gets $20,000 a year! Indeed, the charity leaders are practical."

Mr. Devine walked rapidly away.

The Purpose of the Conference.

The conference was attended by some 200 delegates from various charitable organizations, most of them women. President Mitchel, as Chairman of the Board of Estimate's Committee on School Inquiry, had arranged the conference, to devise ways and means for closer cooperation between all the organizations having an interest in public school work and the schools themselves.

As an outcome of the conference, Mr. Mitchel will name a committee of nine to devise a plan for establishing a central organization to plan school charity work, and will name a committee of three to arrange for co-operation with public institutions whose work affects the welfare of school children.

Dr. Josephine Baker of the Health Department made a plea for free clinics. Lillian Wald of the Henry Street

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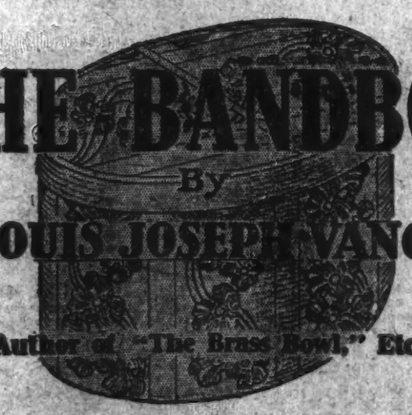

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FLANNERY DISBARRED FOR REALTY JUGGLING

Appellate Division Finds Against Young Lawyer Who Cleaned Up $2,000,000.

CLIENTS WERE THE LOSERS

Charges That He Secretly Bought Their Land, Reselling It to City, Before Referee for Months.

Joseph A. Flannery, the young lawyer, who made a fortune out of real estate through condemnation proceedings begun by the city, was disbarred yesterday by the Appellate Division. Flannery has been under fire for several years because of his methods in obtaining clients who owned property that the city wished for various purposes. It has been said that Flannery was only the legal representative of a syndicate of influential men, and that the money he had made was divided among the members of this syndicate.

Flannery is said to have made about $2,000,000 in the last eight years by his real estate operations alone. He is a shrew and clever man and one likely to gain the confidence of even the most conservative real estate owner.

Six charges were made against him to the Bar Association, and five of them were sustained. Presiding Justice Ingraham wrote the decision disbarring Flannery, and it was concurred in by Justices Laughlin, Scott and Dowling. The court's powers over lawyers have just been increased by the Legislature, and it is within the power of the Appellate Division to censure, suspend, or disbar lawyers charged with misconduct. In the case of Flannery the court inflicted the heaviest penalty by depriving him of the right to practice his profession.

Flannery's charges were before Referee Hamilton Odell for months. Last month a motion was made before the Appellate Division to disbar him. In presenting the case against Flannery, William D. Guthrie said:

"This man is not inexperienced, but most successful, able, and unusually shrewd, a man of unscrupulous cunning. The seriousness of the charges would warrant this court in making a signal example of him. He should not be permitted to prey any longer on the public as an officer of this court."

Flannery Won't Discuss Charges.

Flannery was in consultation with his counsel, ex-Judge Hatch of Parker, Hatch & Sheehan, until a late hour last night. When the talk was over he refused to discuss the disbarment proceedings beyond declaring that an appeal would be taken at once to the Court of Appeals. Flannery said that he had remained silent for three years under the many attacks and that he would continue this habit of silence until after the case is disposed of by the highest court in the State.

"I am strongly tempted to break silence," said Flannery, but my counsel advises me to say nothing at this time. When I do speak, the whole truth will be made known. There will be a good many chips hewn out of this log of slander, and some of my busiest enemies may be hit by a few of them. If I do not succeed in getting a ruling this month, it will be the fault of the Bar Association, and not mine."

Some of his friends said yesterday that anybody familiar with the many cases of condemnation proceedings in this city, and in other cases where the city has become involved in realty proceedings, knows that where a real estate expert fixes the value of a parcel of real estate, where the Commissioners for the city accept the valuation and where there has never been any question about the payment, more than one person must be acquainted with the details. No one man, they said, could carry all of it through unless he had the evil eye or the power to put strong politicians to sleep and have them do things without waking up.

Flannery first attracted public attention through a report from an accountant in the office of Controller Metz. Mr. Metz became inquisitive concerning the transfer of land at Hunt's Point. In September, 1909, a committee made a pretty general report concerning Flannery's operations up to that time, and told especially of the city buying land at Hunt's Point.

The Courts Against Him.

All of the charges against Flannery are taken up in turn in the decision. Of the five sustained the first one disposed of was that of the appearance of Flannery as counsel for the East Bay Land and Improvement Company, which owned six acres of land at Hunt's Point that the city wanted for park purposes and a public bathing beach. Flannery was charged with organizing a dummy company of his own and putting employes in as Directors. One of these, Leon A. Rains, bought the six acres of land, it was charged, at $15,000 an acre, and later transferred it to Flannery by means of a third person. The East Bay Company got less than $60,000 for the six acres, and out of this paid Flannery $5,500. Then Flannery got $247,600, it was alleged, from the city for two acres. This was admitted by both Flannery and Rains that the purchase was made for Flannery alone.

The second charge against Flannery was that while acting as the counsel for the Boulder estate he bought, through a dummy, a John F. Gribbon, the property at 56 Forsyth Street, for $31,000, and then, still posing as its counsel, got for the estate an award from the city of $31,906. But in the meantime Flannery bought through another dummy, it was alleged, an unexpired leasehold for $4,200 that had been condemned for $11,381, thus getting $43,500 for a piece of property that had cost him only $35,906.

The third charge accused Flannery of buying the property at 55 Eldridge Street in the name of Helen Richardson and James K. Walter, stenographer and clerk in his employ, while pretending to represent its former owner, Theresa Friedman. The dummies paid $40,000 for the property, and the city paid a condemnation price, including interest, of $54,855.

The next charge was that Flannery deceived the Condemnation Commissioners in regard to a number of city lots in the Bronx, originally owned by the Camman heirs. There were 48.74 lots, and 21.48 were condemned by the city. The remaining lots were to be sold at auction and the published notice said no bid under $95,800 would be received. The only person who made such a bid was Laura Grace Dean, and the lots were sold to her. It was charged that she was the daughter of a broker employed by Flannery, and that she bought the property for the Local Realty Company, another one of Flannery's dummy concerns. It was charged that a secret agreement was made between Flannery and the Camman heirs that $95,800 would be accepted by the heirs for the whole tract, and that Flannery could have the lots not turned over to the city. The entire tract was valued at $207,145 by a real estate expert.

The last charge was that Flannery, while he was acting as the attorney for Phoebe J. Leask bought through Walter A. Rains a piece of land owned by Mrs. Leask for $7,000. The city wanted the land for park purposes, and later paid $12,647 for it.

Herman S. Mendelsohn Disbarred.

The Appellate Division handed down a decision yesterday disbarring Herman S. Mendelsohn. Attention to Mendelsohn was attracted by the number of suits for personal injuries which he started on behalf of his father-in-law, Samuel Hyman. He obtained several settlements of these claims in a brief space of time. The decision disbarring him states that he aided and abetted his father-in-law in the commission of perjury in these cases.

Sunshine Society to Raise $30,000.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 17.—After obtaining enough pledges to raise a $30,000 mortgage on the Bensonhurst Sanitarium, Brooklyn, the International Sunshine Society in convention here heard reports from various branches, and left for Lakemont, where a Sunshine Lodge is located.

HEARD ARCHBALD WAS TO GET $16,000

Christy G. Boland Testifies to Coal Company Dealings with Commerce Court Judge.

ASSISTED IN BUSINESS SALE

Price on Property Increased by Attorney Acting as Agent So as to Provide for Commissions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Investigation of the charges against Judge R. W. Archbald of the United States Commerce Court to-day reached the point where the first of the Boland Brothers—William P. and Christy G.—took the stand.

The one heard first was Christy G. Boland, who refused to discount the note for $500 bearing Judge Archbald's indorsement, which was brought to him by Edward J. Williams of Scranton in connection with the Venezuelan land deal, in which Williams and John Henry Jones were concerned.

Boland told the committee this afternoon that when Williams brought this note to him, he, Boland, refused to discount it because he did not think it proper for him to discount a note bearing the indorsement of Judge Archbald, then on the bench of the Middle District of Pennsylvania, because both the Bolands were interested in the Marion Coal Company, which was involved in litigation in the Peale case, then pending before that tribunal.

According to C. G. Boland's sworn testimony, Williams told him it would be of "material benefit" for him to discount the note. Still Boland declined to do so, and then, he testified, he was told by Williams that a mistake was made in not discounting the note. This occurred, said Boland, before the court issued an injunction preventing the Marion Coal Company from selling to anybody but Peale during the pendency of the suit.

A new name was brought into the case during Boland's testimony—that of George W. Watson of Scranton. Boland asserted that when he and his brother, William P. Boland, were about to dispose of their Marion Coal Company interests, Edward J. Williams of "option" notoriety came to the Bolands and told them that George W. Watson could sell the property for $100,000 if there was $5,000 in it for Watson as commission.

Called to Archbald's Office.

Boland testified that he was, a few days later, called into Judge Archbald's office and found Watson and the Judge there, Watson explaining on that occasion that the Judge would help the Bolands sell the Marion property. Judge Archbald, so Boland testified, wanted to know what guarantee there was that Watson would get his commission of $5,000, whereupon Boland and his brother, William P. Boland, gave Watson an agreement making a guarantee of the $5,000 if the sale were consummated.

Watson had offered to sell the Marion coal property to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad for $140,000, Boland said, but had been turned down by that railroad, although Watson understood that the Bolands were willing to take less than $100,000 for the property. At that time, said Boland, there was a case in which the Marion Coal Company was involved before the Federal court in Pennsylvania, and also a case before the Inter-State Commerce Commission in which the Marion Coal Company was complainant against the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western for alleged discrimination in rates.

Though Boland admitted that he did not know that Judge Archbald had asked for any compensation should the proposed sale of the Marion property be consummated, he declared Watson had told him the jurist should get compensation, as should certain officials of the Lackawanna Railroad who were aiding in the transaction.

Judge Arranged a Conference.

A conference was arranged, Boland said, by Judge Archbald with officials of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, at which Watson raised the price to $140,000 or $160,000, which President Truesdale of the railroad company refused to pay, ending the negotiations.

As to Watson's reasons for increasing the price $40,000 or $60,000 in excess of Boland's offer, the witness said Watson told him certain persons had to be paid if the deal went through, among them Judge Archbald.

"Just what did Watson tell you about Judge Archbald's part in the matter and concerning compensation for the Judge?" Representative Littleton asked the witness.

"Did he say that the Judge had ever said how much he ought to be compensated?"

"I'm not sure," said Boland.

"Did Watson ever indicate that the Judge had named any sum?"

"My understanding now is that it was $10,000 to $15,000, but I'm not sure," said Boland.

"Did Watson give you to understand that Judge Archbald had demanded such or any financial consideration?" Mr. Littleton continued.

"That was only my conclusion," said Boland.

"Do you know anything about a scheme to entrap Judge Archbald?"

"No. I did not know anything particular about the Katydid culm deal," said Boland. "I was not concerned in it."

Chairman Clayton asked further about the division of the profits from the sale of the Marion Company to the Lackawanna, as outlined by Watson.

Large Commissions Named.

"Did you understand that Judge Archbald was to get $10,000 if the property was sold at $40,000 in excess of the price you asked, and $15,000 if Watson succeeded in getting $80,000 in excess?" the Chairman asked.

"That was my understanding of it from Watson," said Boland.

"Did Judge Archbald ever say anything beyond the fact that he would assist in the disposal of your interests?" asked Representative Littleton.

"No, the Judge merely told me he would assist."

Boland also told of a telegram, a photographic copy of which is in possession of the committee, which Watson wrote to be sent to Judge Archbald. This telegram read:

Oct. 6, 1911.

Hon. R. W. Archbald, Judge Court of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

Wire me East Strasburg what time tomorrow I can meet you in Washington.

G. M. WATSON.

"I saw Watson write that telegram in his Scranton office," said Boland. "I think Watson went to Washington the following day."

Edward J. Williams surprised the committee with mere contradictions to-day when he was placed on the stand at his own request to make a correction in his prior testimony relative to the letter which Williams had taken to C. P. Conn of the Laurel Electric Line concerning the Katydid culm bank.

This letter was signed by Williams, and referred to Judge Archbald as "the party" Conn had been dealing with, but Williams several days ago was unable, he said, to recall this letter. Williams to-day put this letter up to William P. Boland by declaring that Boland had dictated the letter, and that the letterheading had been clipped off the top of the document with scissors in Boland's office.

Mr. Worthington, of counsel for Judge Archbald, prefaced the reappearance of Williams on the stand with this statement:

"As we were coming into the committee room here this morning Williams beckoned to Judge Archbald. Judge Archbald told Williams he could not talk with him. Then I went over to Williams. He told me he had refreshed his recollection about the letter signed by Him March 18, 1910, addressed to Charles F. Conn of Scranton. In this letter Judge Archbald was referred to as "the party you have been dealing with." Williams said he had testified the other day that he had no recollection of the letter. To-day he told me he recalled all about it; that William P. Boland dictated that letter, and that he, Williams, saw Boland's stenographer cut off the top of the letter containing the Boland letter heading.

Williams was then called to the stand, and said: "I remember now that W. P. Boland dictated that letter. Boland forced me to go to see Conn. Boland said there was a big storm coming and told me to go over and get the Katydid culm bank property turned over."

When Chairman Clayton inquired what was meant by "big storm coming," Williams exclaimed, "Well, it's come, hasn't it?"

Williams insisted to-day that he saw Boland dictate this letter to his stenographer, Mary Boland, who cut off the letterhead with scissors. Williams denied that he himself had dictated the letter, and saddled the responsibility on Boland.

"Did you not tell us under oath the other day that Judge Archbald might have written this letter of March 18 to Mr. Conn?" insisted Chairman Clayton.

Admonition to Williams.

"Yes," rejoined Williams, "I did testify that way the other day, but I was mistaken. I forgot all about this letter the other day. I thought it over and the letter came back to my mind, and now I remember that Boland dictated that letter, and gave it to me, telling me to mail it to Conn. William Pryor was with me when I went to get the letter. When I saw him here the other day it reminded me that he was with me then."

"Hereafter," Chairman Clayton admonished Williams, "when you desire to change your testimony you must notify the commission to that effect, and not Judge Archbald or his counsel, as you did this morning."

William Pryor was sworn immediately after Williams had finished altering his testimony. A copy of the March 13 letter to Conn was shown to him, but Pryor denied ever having seen this document before. He also declared rather emphatically that he did not are with Williams when he delivered it to Conn.

"I was not with Williams on that occasion," Pryor testified, "and what Williams has testified to here to-day is all news to me."

Pryor's name is attached as witness to the assignment contract in which appears the "silent party" reference to Conn who was figuring in the Katydid culm bank transactions. Williams, when first on the stand last week, testified that "silent party" meant Judge Archbald. Later Williams said he did not know who was meant by "silent party," and repudiated the whole assignment which bore Williams's signature.

"I attested the 'silent party' assignment," Pryor testified to-day. "I saw Williams read it over and then sign it. I was then in the employ of Boland. Williams was perfectly sober on that occasion."

The hearing was adjourned until Monday owing to pressure of business in the House.

ADVANCE IN PAPER PRICES.

Chicago Jobbers Put 10 Per Cent. Increase Into Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 17.—The price of paper has been advanced 10 per cent. Increased cost of production is assigned as the cause. The higher prices were confirmed by several Chicago paper companies. The increase has been general with paper mills, and went into effect on May 1, but the advance on the part of the jobbers did not become effective until this week.

Managers said a change of working conditions in the mills by which three eight-hour shifts supplanted the two-day shift, with the consequent increase of employes and greater pay rolls, was chiefly responsible for the advance. It was said that the increase would not exceed 10 per cent. on any line. It will effect all lines of paper with the exception of the cheapest manila print paper, which is the last to advance and the last to come down.

FINISHING CO. IN TROUBLE.

Creditors of Big Nyack Concern Considering a Reorganization.

The Peerless Finishing Company of Nyack, one of the largest concerns in this part of the country for finishing, dyeing, and printing silk goods, held a meeting of creditors yesterday at the Astor House, at which about sixty creditors were present, to consider the question of a reorganization. The company became short of working capital by putting in about $100,000 in improvements to the plant and in new buildings.

A committee of creditors has been investigating the company's affairs with a view of granting an extension of two years.

The committee reported yesterday that the liabilities are $362,225, of which $64,622 is secured by mortgages, $66,000 are bank loans, $60,490 notes to creditors, $58,963 accounts payable, $17,496 advanced by customers, and various other items. The assets are $533,236, among which are real estate $237,468, machinery $172,228, copper $53,468, designing and engraving $18,270, accounts receivable $18,974, inventories $23,810, and cash $7,419. The committee reported that with new capital the business ought to net $50,000 to $75,000 a year on a volume of $500,000 a year. It was finally arranged that a committee of four be appointed, with power, to investigate the company's affairs. The committee consists of Peter Van Vlanderen, Bertram H. Sanders, Isaac E. Pyne, and George W. Sherman.

Kentucky Sues for License Fee.

The State of Kentucky began suit yesterday in the Supreme Court, New York County, to recover $1,000 in penalties from the publishing house of Charles E. Merrill Company of 44 East Twenty-third Street, for doing business in Kentucky without taking out a Kentucky corporation license.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain states:

North Carolina—Fair Saturday; slightly warmer in western portion. Sunday fair, warmer; light westerly winds, becoming variable.

South Carolina—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light westerly winds, becoming variable.

Georgia—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light west to northwest winds, becoming variable.

Florida—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday, except occasional showers in extreme southern portion; light north and northwest winds.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Saturday and Sunday; light northeasterly winds.

Louisiana—Fair Saturday and probably Sunday; light to moderate northeast and east winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate southeast and south winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday.

Utah—Unsettled Saturday; showers and slightly cooler at night or Sunday.

Oklahoma—Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Saturday.

Arkansas, Kansas, Tennessee, and Missouri—Fair, warmer Saturday, Sunday fair.

Kentucky—Fair, somewhat warmer Saturday. Sunday fair; warmer in eastern portion.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair; moderate southwest and west winds.

Indiana—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday fair in southern, unsettled and somewhat cooler in northern portion; light to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable Sunday.

Illinois—Fair, warmer Saturday. Sunday probably fair; cooler in northern portion; moderate southwesterly winds, becoming northwesterly Saturday night.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday; slightly warmer in southern portion; local showers and cooler at night or Sunday; moderate southwesterly winds, becoming variable Sunday.

Upper Michigan—Showers Saturday or Saturday night. Sunday probably fair; variable winds, becoming northwesterly.

Wisconsin—Local showers Saturday; cooler in southwestern portion. Sunday fair; moderate southwesterly winds, shifting to northwesterly.

Minnesota—Local showers and cooler Saturday or Saturday night. Sunday fair; warmer in northwest portion; moderate winds, becoming northwesterly.

Iowa—Fair Saturday; warmer in central and eastern portions; showers and cooler at night in northern portion. Sunday fair; cooler in eastern and southern portions.

North Dakota—Fair Saturday; cooler in southern portion. Sunday fair, warmer.

South Dakota—Cooler and generally fair Saturday. Sunday fair.

Nebraska—Fair Saturday; cooler in the afternoon or night. Sunday fair.

To the Bondholders and Preferred Stockholders OF THE Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited.

Under the terms of the Plan approved by the Bondholders at the Meetings held on 29th February and 15th April, 1912, First Mortgage Bonds of a new Company to be formed, to the par value of $[illegible], are offered as follows:

$500,000 of the new Bonds to the Bondholders of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited, at 85% with 140% bonus of new Common Stock.

$375,000 of the new Bonds to the Preferred Stockholders on the same terms and conditions.

In case any or all of the Bonds offered to the Preferred Stockholders are not subscribed for, such unsubscribed Bonds shall be allotted among the Bondholders of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited, in the event of the $500,000 of Bonds above referred to being oversubscribed.

The Bonds of the new company will be issued in denominations of $100, $500, and $1,000 only, and will be dated 1st July, 1912.

Forms of Application may be obtained by Bondholders and Preferred Stockholders who desire to avail themselves of the right to subscribe, from The Royal Trust Company, Montreal; the Bank of Montreal London, England, and Messrs. Cramer, Mitchell & Sholes, 1411 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Payment for the full amount of the Purchase Price must accompany the Application, and must be made by Bank Draft or certified cheque, payable at par at Montreal, to the order of The Royal Trust Company.

Should the issue be oversubscribed, the Subscriptions will be reduced and the amounts overpaid by Subscribers returned to them.

Interim Certificates representing Bonds and Stock allotted will be mailed to Subscribers as and when same are received by The Royal Trust Company.

The present notice is given on the assumption that the properties and assets of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation will be purchased by the General Bondholders' Committee. Should the said properties not be so purchased, this notice will, of course, thereby become ineffective, and the amounts paid by Subscribers will be returned to them.

Any Bondholder or Preferred Stock Shareholder, whose Application and Payment has not been received by The Royal Trust Company on or before the 8th June, 1912, shall be considered as having abandoned his rights to subscribe.

The new Company has been incorporated under the name of "Asbestos Corporation of Canada, Limited." We are informed that Mr. W. G. Ross, of Montreal, has agreed to accept the office of President and that the following gentlemen have agreed to serve upon the Board, viz.—Messrs. William McMaster, Henry Fuller and Thomas McDougall, of Montreal; E. Howard R. Mitchell, of Philadelphia, and Uzal H. McCarter, of Newark, N. J., and that another Director will be nominated by the English Interests.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY.

Montreal, 1st May, 1912.

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The Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Mortgage and Deed of Trust securing the above issue, dated May 10, 1907, HEREBY INVITES PROPOSALS for the sale of as many of the above bonds as can be purchased for the sum of Ten Thousand One Hundred and Fifty Dollars, ($10,150.). Sealed proposals will be received at the office of The Standard Trust Company of New York, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, June 3d, 1912. Bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 110 and accrued interest) will be accepted proportionately and paid for on Wednesday, June 5th, 1912, when delivery is to be made with accrued interest to that date.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Recover Part of Previous Day's Loss—Trading Much Less Active.

Part of the recovery which occurred in the last hour of trading on Thursday was lost on the initial sales yesterday, but it soon appeared that the market was under less selling pressure than it had been on the previous day, and that it had, on the other hand, a larger measure of support. This held quotations firm after the opening and encouraged some upbidding of prices, but the whole operation was conducted within much narrower limits, both in respect to the range of quotations and the volume of trading, than were Thursday's transactions. Not all of the improvement which took place under these conditions was retained until the close, and it was in only a few of the active stocks that the net gains exceeded fractions. The anthracite shares, particularly Lehigh Valley, were among those to show larger gains. Traders here had the encouragement of the further indications supplied by the day's proceedings at the miners' convention that, after their prolonged discussion, the miners would uphold the subcommittee which reached the agreement with the operators now the subject matter of the vote. For this the financial community was still waiting when the Stock Exchange adjourned for the day. In another direction a still more noteworthy reflection of the day's news was found in the advance of over 2 points in Brooklyn Rapid Transit and in the lesser gains made by the Interborough-Metropolitan issues. The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court upheld yesterday the decision of the lower court in the preferential payment case, holding the proposed agreement between the city and the traction companies constitutional. This question has still to be passed upon by the Court of Appeals, from which it is hoped that a decision may be obtained before adjournment is taken for the Summer. But the financing to be done by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company will be arranged as soon as the city has formally approved the proposed agreement, without waiting for the decision of the final court. This will have to be done, of course, subject to a favorable decision by the Court of Appeals. The subway situation has worked out to the satisfaction of both the traction companies concerned, and the strength of their securities is a reflection of the benefits which are expected to flow from the clearing up of these long-delayed negotiations.

Following within a week of the reduction made in its minimum rate of discount by the Bank of England, the reduction from 3½ to 3 per cent. announced yesterday by the Bank of France carries with it a pretty clear indication that neither political nor purely financial matters are regarded abroad as presenting the troublesome problems which were confronted some time ago. The Bank of France increased its rate to 3½ per cent. last September, when the Moroccan situation was causing alarm, and the present reduction partakes of the character of an assurance that, in the opinion of the management of the Bank of France, the outlook is clear. Our own monetary situation remains very easy, and the declining rates abroad will tend to maintain this ease, particularly as it shows that there will be no obstacle in the way of our withdrawing from the other side the balance of the money which we are still lending in Europe. Estimates of the week's currency movements indicate a large cash gain by the banks, while bank clearings are still running ahead of the corresponding weeks one and two years ago. The percentage of gain was much higher at New York than elsewhere, but the increase outside of the city was substantial.

There was nothing in the accounts of the first day's hearing before the Banking and Currency Committee in its search into the affairs of the alleged Money Trust either to cause any uneasiness or to supply the financial community with any information which it did not previously have. Meanwhile some of the banks here are still at work compiling the information which the committee recently sought by circular, and it is probable that a number of institutions which have not so far replied will do so as soon as the detailed information which the committee has sought is gathered together. Opinion regarding the propriety of answering all the questions which the committee put is still divided, but in some quarters of the financial district the feeling prevails that the wiser course is to supply the information and trust to the committee to so handle it that there will be no violation of the secrecy properly attaching to confidential transactions between banks and individual customers.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3½ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 3½@3½ per cent. for four months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for five and six months, and 4@4½ per cent. for eight to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime to four to six months' maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $367,470,807; balances, $20,720,796; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $411,616.

The local banks lost $789,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 2 15-16 per cent. for short bills and 2¾@2 15-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2½ per cent., and Berlin, 4½ per cent. The money rates were 2@2¼ per cent. in London and 4 per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f. 22c. and the Berlin check rate on London 20 marks 46 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8720; demand, $4.8690.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 3-64; check, 5.18¼ plus 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ less 1-32; check, 95¼ plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.15¼; check, 5.18¾ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40⅝; check, 40.33.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20⅝ plus 1-32; check, 5.20⅝ less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8425; 90 days, $4.8310.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.86; 90 days, $4.83⅞.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.22¼ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ plus 1-32; 90 days, 5.22⅛.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 94¼ less 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94⅜; 90 days, 94⅛ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, 30c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London, at 23¼d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 61⅝c. Mexican dollars were quoted 48 4/8c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Texas Stock on Rebound.

Whether it has been helped by the advancing price of gasoline and the opening of another touring season, or the freer competition which is supposed to exist in the oil business, now that the Standard is conforming to the trust law, Texas Company stock has looked much better to investors lately. It advanced 7¾ points yesterday, closing at 109¾. Since last Saturday the shares have advanced 11¾. Following the death of John W. Gates, whose connection with the Texas Company was thought to be one of its chief assets, Texas stock sold down last year from 128¾ to 74½, a loss of 52 points. It has sold as low as 51 this year. John D. Rockefeller characterizes the oil business as a highly speculative risk, and brokers are accustomed to wide fluctuations in the price of the oil companies' shares.

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Quieter Stock Trading.

In sharp contrast to the activity on the Stock Exchange on Thursday was the dullness which developed yesterday. There were 486,308 shares sold Friday, as against 926,699 sold on the previous day. The falling off in activity was general throughout the list, though it was chiefly noticeable in Reading, Steel, Lehigh Valley, and Union Pacific, which had been leaders in the earlier activity. While yesterday's total was the smallest for any session so far this month, there were times when it looked as if the market were quickening and would show a substantial volume of trading. In the first hour there was a loss of 40,000 shares, as compared to the first hour on Thursday, but in the next hour the number was greater by 25,000. From 12 to 1 there was a loss of 108,000, from 1 to 2 a gain of 28,000, and in the final hour a loss of 94,000.

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Meaning Mr. Whitridge?

"Among the freak communications, of which the Public Service Commission receives a large number," says a bulletin from that body, "was one from a Third Avenue resident of New York City, who asked for information from the best authority possible as to the official date for the opening of the straw hat season for men." This is not the first time that the commission has been the recipient of a Third Avenue communication which it failed to take seriously.

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B. R. T. Higher.

Along with Texas Company and American Woolen, Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company made a new high record yesterday. It advanced to 88, a net gain of 2⅝ points, on transactions of 22,100, compared with the previous day's sales of 16,950 shares, which resulted in a net loss of ⅛ after the early advance. At 88 the price represents an advance of 11¾ points from the low price of the year, on Jan. 2. The highest price since 1900 was 94⅞, made Jan. 6, 1906, and the lowest level of 26¾ was made in November, 1907, during the panic liquidation.

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Slump and Rally in Wabash Bonds.

Wabash refunding 4s, which have had an extensive advance since the first of the year, sold off sharply yesterday morning, on the news of the poor showing of operations for the three months under the receivership. On sales of $71,000 the price sagged from 69 to 67. From the low point a rally carried the price back to 68½, and the close was at 68¾. Most of the activity was in the morning session on the first recovery, $558,000 of the regular bonds and $286,000 of the trust certificates appearing. The recent advance in the bonds began with this month, the price rising from 64¾ to 71½. Yesterday's low price was 4½ points from the high of the year, reached a few days ago.

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Further Increase in Clearings.

Last week's improvement in bank clearings, after a halt in the upturn, by comparison with 1911 and 1910, which had occurred early in the month, is continued in the latest statistics. Dun's compilation of the bank clearings for the leading centres of the country for this week shows a total of $3,089,712,851, which is a gain of 12.9 per cent. over the same week last year and of 16.8 per cent. over the same week in 1910. At New York the gains were largest, but they reflect, according to Dun's, not only activity in the speculative markets, but in commercial lines as well. The gains here are 16.4 per cent. and 21.8 per cent., respectively, over the same weeks in 1911 and 1910. Outside cities report gains of 7.9 per cent. and 7.4 per cent. over the same years. "The effect of floods and inclement weather in the territory adjacent to New Orleans," says Dun's, "is seen in a loss of 19.3 per cent. at that city compared with a year ago, but aside from this there is no marked falling off at any point."

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity.		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Apr.	1,'13	100⅝	100⅝	5.19
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'13	100¼	100¼	4.00
Beth. Steel Co.6	Nov.	1,'14	103½	103⅝	4.56
Ches. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'14	99¼	99½	4.74
C.,H. & D., purchase money..4	July	1,'12	99⅜	99⅝	4.11
Chi. & Alton..5	May	15,'13	99⅜	99⅝	5.53
Chi. Ill. Rys..5	July	1,'14	98½	98⅝	5.75
Erie 6	Apr.	8,'14	100¾	101¼	5.37
Erie 5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	5.17
Erie 5	Apr.	1,'15	98⅞	99⅛	5.53
Gen. Motors....6	Oct.	1,'15	99½	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber..4½	July	1,'15	97⅞	97⅞	6.50
Hudson Co..6	Feb.	1,'13	99⅞	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N..5	Aug.	1,'14	98	98¼	5.85
Int. Harv. Co..5	Feb.	15,'15	100¼	100⅜	4.75
Minn. & St. L.5	Feb.	1,'13	92	94½	
Mo., K. & T...5	May	1,'13	99¼	99⅜	5.25
M. C. of Mass..5	Sept.	1,'12	97⅞	98¼	6.00
N. Rys. of M..4½	June	1,'12	97⅜	98½	6.30
N. Y. Central..4½	Mar.	1,'14	100⅜	100⅝	4.21
N. Y. Central..4½	May	1,'15	99⅝	100	4.50
Pac. T. & T...5	Jan.	5,'13	100⅜	100⅝	3.98
S. L. & S. F...5	June	1,'12	99⅞	99⅞	6.26
Southern Ry..5	Feb.	1,'12	100⅛	100⅜	3.78
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec.	1,'18	104¼	104½	4.14
Westinghouse..6	Aug.	'18	101⅜	101⅝	4.70

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday continued firmness was shown with trading inactive. Copper was up about ⅛c for all deliveries up to August. Tin was a shade lower in the asking price. Lead and spelter were unchanged.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday.		Thursday.	
Standard copper—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	15.90	16.05	15.72½	16.00
May	15.92½	16.10	15.75	16.00
June	15.95	16.12½	15.82½	15.87½
July	15.95	16.15	15.87½	15.95
August	15.95	16.15	15.90	15.97½
Lead	4.12½	4.25	4.12½	4.25
Spelter	6.80	6.90	6.80	6.90
Tin	46.25	46.60	46.25	46.75

The final figures for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin, on the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, follow, compared with the closing quotations for Thursday:

	Friday.			Thursday.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	74	0	0	73	0	0
Copper, futures	74	5	0	73	5	0
Pig tin, spot	212	10	0	212	10	0
Pig tin, futures	207	10	0	207	10	0

The market finished steady. Spanish pig lead was up 1s 3d at £16 10s. Spelter was unchanged at £25 15s and Cleveland warrant at 54s 1½d.

EARNINGS OF UNITED CIGAR.

Holding Company Gets Dividends of $1,520,842—Surplus $1,303,478.

The Corporation of United Cigar Stores, the holding company for the United Cigar Stores Company, in annual meeting yesterday re-elected George J. Whelan President, and a financial statement for the year ended April 1 was presented.

Dividends received, less charges, were $1,520,842. Deducting $216,000, the interest on $3,600,000 6 per cent. bonds, and adding the previous surplus of $720,275, made a total surplus of $2,024,818. Deducting dividends of $721,140, left the present surplus $1,303,478.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Advances General in Industrials and Mining Issues, with Some Sharp Gains.

Trading on the Curb yesterday was well diversified, and although there was some falling off in the activity of issues which have absorbed attention in recent markets, it was compensated for by increased trading in the general list. There were many sharp advances. Consolidated Rubber Tire was one of the conspicuous gainers, going up from 11⅛ to 14½ and closing at 14 after sales of 3,500. The two Goodrich issues were also conspicuously strong and active, the common rising from 85 to 88¼, which was the closing level, and the preferred from 107¼ to 108. Lehigh Valley Coal Sales also advanced from the opening level, going from 250 to 254 and closing within one point of the top. Marconi appeared in the regular list for the first time, and rose from the opening at 11 to 11⅝. The close at 11¼ was after sales of 2,000 shares. Mining issues made many small gains over opening prices. Nipissing had a conspicuous movement, rising from 7⅝ to 8⅛ and reporting sales of 3,500. There were more issues reporting sales in the bond list than in any recent market, but price movements, where they occurred, were toward fractionally lower levels.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000.	*Allied Sec. Co.	90	91	89	91
250.	Am. Writ. P.	4⅜	4⅜	4⅛	4⅜
4,500.	Brit.-Am. Tob.	27⅛	27⅞	27⅛	27⅛
8,000.	Coa. Rub. Tire.	11⅛	14	11⅛	14
1,000.	B. F. Good. Co.	85	85½	85	86¼
1,200.	B. F. G. Co. pf.	107⅛	108½	107¼	108
25.	Hendson Oil	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜
100.	Int. Rub. t. r.	16	16	16	16
100.	Kayser pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
150.	R. S. Krauss	53	53	52½	52½
148.	Lehigh Val. Coal Sales Co.	250	254	250	253
175.	Loose-Wiles Bis. Co.	34½	34½	34¼	34½
120.	L.-W. B. Co. pf.	102	102¼	102	102¼
2,875.	Manhat. Transit.	2 5-16	2½	2 5-16	2⅜
2,000.	Mason'd of Am. new	11	11⅜	11	11⅜
6.	Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	235	240	235	240
83.	Standard Oil of N. J.	535	535	535	535
400.	Unit. C. Stores.	201	203	201	201
150.	U. S. L. & H., new	22	22	21	21
210.	F. W. Woolworth	83	184	83	83½

MINING STOCKS.

800.	*Beaver Con.	46	46	46	46
4,500.	Big Four	55	58	52	52
1,000.	Braden Cop.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
800.	Caledonia Mining	75	75	75	75
1,000.	C. O. D. Con.	13	13	13	13
1,100.	Con. Ariz. Sm.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
500.	Davis-Daly Cop.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,800.	*El Paso Con.	83	83	81	82
300.	Giroux Mining	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1,000.	Greene-Can.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
1,200.	*Greenwater	8	8	8	8
800.	Gug. Ex. new.	55¾	56	55	55
800.	La R. Con.	3 9-16	3 9-16	3½	3¼
600.	Mines of A.	3¼	3¼	3	3¼
1,000.	Mother. Gold.	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
150.	Nev. Hills.	1⅜	12	1⅜	12
7,400.	N.-U. M. & S.	6	6	5	5
8,500.	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅞	8⅛	7⅝	8⅛
120.	Stiv. H. Con.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
300.	So. Liva Oak.	2¼	2 2⅜	2¼	2⅜
2,250.	So. U. M. & S.	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
200.	Tuolumne Cop.	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾
1,500.	*Wettl. Sil. Ex.	55	64	55	62

BONDS.

$16,000.	Adams Exp. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
150,000.	Beth. Steel 5s.	91¼	91¼	91	91
5,000.	Chic. Elec. 5s.	98¼	98¼	98¼	98½
15,000.	N. Y. City 4½, old	101¼	101¼	101	101

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

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The bid and asked prices of listed stock and bonds of which there were no sale on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	May 17.		May 16.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Coal Prod. pf.	109¾	110	109¾	110
At., Gulf & W. Indies	7	7⅜	7	7⅜
At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	14	17	14	17
Baldwin Locomotive	53⅜	54¼	53⅜	54¼
Bay State Gas	⅞	1	⅞	1
Borden's Con. Milk	128½	129½	128¼	129½
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	60		40	
Havana Tobacco	3	4	3	4
Houston Oil pf.	65¼	66	66	66
International Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.	102	105	102	103
Kayser	75		75	
Kolb Bakery pf.	96¼	98¼	96¼	98¾
R. J. Reynolds	205	210	205	210
Standard Oil (old)	588	590	585	590
Standard Oil Subsid.	470	490	470	490
Studebaker Co.	38½	40	38½	40
Studebaker Co. pf.	90	98	90	98
Sulzberger pf.	99¼	101	99¼	101
U. S. L. & H. pf. new	85	90	85	90
F. W. Wlw'h pf. flat	113	114	113	114

RAILROADS.

Am. Light & Trac.	300	305	300	305
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	108	110	108	110

MINING STOCKS.

Am. Porcupine Gold	32	34	32	34
British Col. Copper	4⅜	5	4⅜	5⅛
Butte & New York	11-16	⅝	½	11-16
Dia. Black Butte	9	10	9	10
Diamond Field Daisy	10	11	9	10
First National	2½	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Florence	65	70	65	70
Guggenheim Explors.	225	235	220	225
Inter. Smelting & Ref.	120	123¼	120	123¼
Ker Lake	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Mason Valley	11⅛	11⅞	11⅛	11⅞
McKinley-Darragh	1 11-16	1⅞	1 11-16	1⅞
Ohio Copper	1⅛	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
Pacific Smelters	8-16	⅝	8-16	⅝
Preston East Dome	½	⅝	½	⅝
Ray Central	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2½
Stewart	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1 8-16
Tonopah Mining	6¾	7	6¾	7
Tonopah Extension	2 8-16	2¾	2 8-16	2¾
Tri-Bullion	9-16	11-16	9-16	11-16
Tularosa	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1⅛
Union Mines	⅞	1	⅞	1
United Copper	1	1¼	1	1¼
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅝	3 7-16	3⅝	3 7-16

BONDS.

Bing. & Garf. R. 6s.	126	130	128	130
Braden Copper 6s	120	122	120	122
Braden Copper 7s	119	121	119	121
Insp. Cons. convt. 6s	104½	105	104¼	105
Jones & Laughlin 5s	100¾	101¼	100¾	101¼
Mason Valley 8s	120	130	120	130
Montreal Tramway 5s	100¾	102¾	100¾	102¼
N. Y. State 4s, new	100¾	101	100¾	101
So. Bell T. & T. 5s	100	100¼	100	100¼
Western Pacific 5s	84	86	85	87

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday.		Thursday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American Oil	23¾	24	21¼	21⅝
Atlantic Refining	880	890	880	890
Borne & Scrymser	125	175	125	175
*Buckeye Pipe Line	138	145	138	140
Chesebrough Mfg.	550	650	575	650
Colonial Oil	125	150	125	150
Continental Oil	800	900	800	900
Crescent Pipe Line	58	63	58	63
Eureka Pipe Line	295	305	300	310
Galena Signal Oil	225	235	225	235
Galena Signal Oil pf.	135	145	135	145
Indiana Pipe Line	100	90	95	95
National Transit	37	40	37	40
New York Transit	288	290	285	295
Northern Pipe Line	110	120	110	120
Ohio Oil	95	100	98	100
Prairie Oil & Gas	260	270	255	265
Solar Refining	500	600	600	650
So. Pipe Line ex div.	190	193	188	194
South Penn. Oil	600	630	600	630
S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	140	150	140	145
Standard Oil (Cal.)	160	170	158	164
Standard Oil (Kan.)	205	225	205	220
Standard Oil (Ky.)	375	425	375	425
†Standard Oil (Neb.)	216	#220	216	225
Standard Oil (N. J.)	533	537	534	538
Standard Oil subsid.	485	500	490	500
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	395	405	395	405
Standard Oil (Ohio)	170	190	170	190
Swan & Finch	500	700	550	700
Union Tank Line	50	55	50	53
Vacuum Oil ex rights	140	150	145	150
Vacuum Oil warrants	40	50	45	45
Vacuum Oil, w. i.	140	150	145	150
Waters-Pierce	1,000	1,400	1,000	1,800

*Dividend. †Ex dividend.
Standard Oil subsidiaries "en bloc" quotations include all stock dividends as well as Vacuum rights.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	May 17.		May 16.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
British-American	23	28¼	27¾	28¼
Conley Foil	295	300	295	300
Johnson Finfoil & Met.	175	185	168	175
J. R. Young	170	175	165	175
McAndrews & Forbes	175	195	170	180
Porto Rico-American	235	245	230	240
R. J. Reynolds	215	225	205	215
United Cigar Stores	201	208	199	201

Sporting Note.

The baseball teams of the New York and Boston Stock Exchanges will play their annual game at the Westchester Country Club next Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

In the evening there will be a dinner at the Plaza, for which the charge will be $10 a plate.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Heavy dealings in Brooklyn Rapid Transit made that stock prominent on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in the late afternoon, at a time when the market as a whole was comparatively quiet. The business in B. R. T. totaled 5,050 shares, which placed it only after Steel common, Reading, and Union Pacific in respect to volume. A firm tone was reflected by the general list, in the face of special softness which developed in a few stocks in the early trading. Commission houses handled a good volume of business in American Can and Lehigh Valley. Sales totaled 60,925 shares, distributed among fifty-two stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,570.	Amal. Copper.	63¼	64	62¾	63¾
250.	Am. Beet Sugar	73¾	73¾	73	73¼
1,570.	American Can.	33½	35¾	37⅛	36⅝
20.	Am. Car & F.	58¾	58¾	58¼	58¼
160.	Am. Ice	27¼	27¼	27	27¼
10.	Am. Linseed	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
2,100.	Am. Smelting.	82	82¾	82	82¾
40.	Am. Sugar	131	131	130½	130¾
10.	Am. Woolen	30½	30½	30½	30½
300.	Anaconda Cop.	42¼	42¼	42	42¼
120.	At., T. & S. F.	105¾	106¼	105¾	106¼
10.	Balt. & Ohio.	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾
50.	Beth. Steel.	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
10.	Beth. Steel pf.	75	75	75	75
5,550.	Brooklyn R. T.	88¼	88½	85¾	88
90.	Canadian Pac.	265	267½	265	267
60.	Ches. & Ohio.	78¾	79¼	78¾	79¼
760.	C., M. & St. P.	106¼	106¾	105¾	106
185.	C., R. I. & P.	¼	¼	¼	¼
	Paul rights	¼	¼	¼	¼
80.	Consol. Gas	142½	142½	142	142
40.	Corn Products.	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝
10.	D. & R. G. pf.	38	38	38	38
200.	Erie	35¾	36	35¾	35¾
20.	Erie 1st pf.	54	54	54	54
30.	Gt. Northern pf.	131½	132	131½	132
980.	Gt. N. ore ctfs.	42¾	42¾	42¼	43¼
230.	Inter.-Met.	20¼	20¼	20	20¼
150.	Inter.-Met. pf.	59¾	59¾	59¼	59¼
90.	Int. Harvester.	122	123	122	123
10.	Int. Paper	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
1,620.	Lehigh Valley.	174⅜	176¾	174⅜	176¾
20.	Louis. & Nash.	158¾	158¾	158¾	158¾
60.	Mo., K. & T.	25	25	25	25
130.	Mo. Pacific.	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
40.	Nevada Con.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
230.	N. Y. Central.	119	120¼	119	120
180.	Northern Pac.	119¾	120	119¼	119⅞
60.	Pennsylvania	123⅞	124¾	123⅞	123⅝
9,940.	Reading	174⅜	176¼	174⅜	176¼
70.	Rock Island.	27⅜	29¼	27⅞	28¾
50.	Southern Pac.	111⅛	111⅞	111⅛	111⅞
90.	Southern Ry.	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
20.	Tenn. Copper.	43⅛	43⅝	43⅛	43⅜
70.	Texas Pac.	24⅜	25¼	24⅜	25⅛
230.	Union B. & P.	15	15⅝	15	15⅝
6,700.	Union Pac.	169⅜	171	169¾	170¾
20.	U. S. Rubber.	59¾	59¾	59¼	59¼
16,240.	U. S. Steel.	69¼	70¾	69¼	69⅞
80.	Utah Copper.	62¾	63	62¾	62¾
60.	Va.-Car. Chem.	51⅛	51⅝	51⅛	51⅝
20.	Wabash	7	7¼	7	7¼
180.	Wabash pf.	20	20¾	19¾	20¾

50,925					

MINING STOCKS.

500.	Adanac	26	26	26	26
250.	Caledonia	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
1,000.	C. O. D.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
200.	El Paso	79	79	79	79
200.	Elkton	62	62	62	62
800.	Jim Butler	60	60	59	59
1,900.	McNamara	26	27⅛	26	27⅛
200.	Montana	3.12½	3.12½	3.12½	3.12½
400.	Midway	68	68	68	68
100.	Ophir	1.45	1.46	1.45	1.45

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, May 17, 1912.

Total sales May 17, 1912..... 498,406
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 58,066,306
Same period last year..... 39,811,439

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1	1¼	245	Allis-Chalmers	1	1	1	1	...
2	2½	100	Allis-Chalmers 1st pd.	2	2	2	2	...
5¾	6	100	Allis-Chal. pf. 1st pd.	5¾	5¾	5¼	5¼	— ¼
83⅝	83¼	24,500	Amalgamated Copper	83½	83⅞	82½	83⅝	— ¼
61	61¼	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	61¼	61¼	61¼	61½	+1¼
73⅝	73¾	1,700	Am. Beet Sugar	73	73½	73	73⅝	+ ⅛
38⅝	39	18,500	Am. Can	38	39¼	37⅝	39	+ ⅜
117	117¼	4,300	Am. Can pf.	117¼	118	116	117¼	+ ¼
58	59	600	Am. Car & Foundry	58⅝	58⅝	58¼	58⅝	+ ⅛
117⅝	118⅛	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	118¼	118⅝	118¼	118⅝	— ⅛
53⅞	54⅛	400	Am. Cotton Oil	54¼	54½	54¼	54½	+ ¼
6	6¼	800	Am. Hide & Leather	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼	...
26¾	27	300	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	26¾	27	26½	27	— ¼
27⅛	27½	2,000	Am. Ice Securities	27⅛	27⅝	27	27⅛	...
14¾	14⅞	100	Am. Linseed	14¾	14¾	14¾	14⅞	+ ⅛
37	38⅝	300	Am. Linseed pf.	37	37⅞	37	37⅞	— ⅛
14¾	14½	140	Am. Malt	14¾	14¾	14¼	14⅞	— ⅛
85	85½	8,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	84⅜	85¾	84½	85½	+ ⅜
88¾	89¼	200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf B.	88½	88½	88½	88⅞	+ ⅛
130⅞	131	900	Am. Sugar Refining	130⅜	131	130⅜	130⅝	— ⅛
122½	124	25	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	124	124	123	124	...
145⅜	145¾	400	Am. Telep. & Teleg.	145¼	145⅝	145⅜	145⅝	...
257½	258	10	Am. Tobacco	258	258	258	258	...
103¾	104	400	Am. Tobacco pf. new	103⅝	103¾	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅛
30¾	31⅛	1,000	Am. Woolen	29⅝	31	29¾	31	+2⅛
92¼	92⅝	400	Am. Woolen pf.	91¾	92¼	91¾	92½	— ⅛
87⅝	88	200	Am. Writing Paper pf.	88½	88½	88½	88⅝	+1
42⅜	42½	12,000	Anaconda Copper Co.	42¼	43⅛	41⅝	42½	+ ⅛
106⅞	106½	7,300	Atch., Top. & S. F.	105⅝	106⅞	105⅝	106⅝	+ ⅛
108⅛	108⅜	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	108½	108½	108¼	108½	...
140	140¼	300	Atlantic Coast Line	140	140⅝	140	140	+ ⅝
107⅝	108	200	Baldwin Loco. pf.	107⅜	108	107⅜	108	...
102⅞	103⅜	700	Baltimore & Ohio	100	103½	100	103¼	+ ⅛
38⅝	39	600	Bethlehem Steel	38¾	39	38½	39	+ ⅛
71	72¼	600	Bethlehem Steel pf.	70½	71¾	70½	71¾	— ⅛
87¾	88¼	22,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	87	88	87	88	+1⅜
145	145½	300	Brooklyn Union Gas	145	145	145	145	...
266⅜	266½	12,600	Canadian Pacific	265	267¼	265	266⅜	—1½
25⅞	26⅛	100	Central Leather Co.	25⅜	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝	— ⅛
78⅝	79½	5,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	78⅜	79½	78½	79	+ ⅛
106	106⅛	7,450	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	106	106¼	105¾	106	— ⅛
141¾	142¼	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	141⅝	141⅝	141⅜	141⅞	— ⅛
137⅞	138⅜	600	Chi. & Northwestern	137⅞	138½	137⅝	138¼	+ ⅛
158	159	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf.	153¼	153⅝	153¼	153⅝	+2⅛
2⅞	3	500	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	2½	2⅞	2½	2⅞	+ ⅛
6¼	6¾	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t.r.sta.	6	6	6	6	—⅛
20	20½	2,200	Chino Copper	20⅛	20¼	20	20	+ ⅛
142⅜	142⅝	600	Consolidated Gas	142¼	142⅝	142⅜	142⅝	+ ⅛
15⅝	16	400	Corn Products Ref.	15⅝	16	15⅝	15⅞	+ ⅛
171½	172	600	Delaware & Hudson	170¾	171⅛	170¾	171½	+1
20¾	20⅞	600	Denver & Rio Grande	20¾	20⅝	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
37¾	37⅞	400	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	38	38	37⅝	37⅞	— ⅛
32	33	200	Distillers' Securities	32	32¾	32	32½	+ ⅛
25⅜	25⅝	2,700	Erie	25½	26	25½	25⅝	+ ⅛
53⅜	54	400	Erie 1st pf.	53⅜	54	53⅜	54	...
109½	111	100	General Chemical pf.	109½	109½	109½	109½	+1½
169¾	170	315	General Electric	169½	169⅝	169	169⅝	+1½
24	24⅜	200	General Motors	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
71	72	200	General Motors pf.	71½	71¾	71½	71¾	— ⅛
3⅞	4⅛	4,500	Goldfield Consol.	4	4	3⅞	4	— ⅛
181¾	182⅛	700	Great Northern pf.	181¼	182	181¼	182	+1⅛
42⅞	43⅛	10,625	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	42½	44	42½	43⅝	+1⅛
126⅞	126⅞	400	Illinois Central	126	126¾	126	126⅞	+1⅛
19	19⅛	1,000	Inspiration Con. Cop.	19¼	19½	19	19½	+ ⅛
20⅜	20⅝	7,800	Inter.-Met. v. tr. ctfs.	20⅛	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	+ ⅛
59¾	59¾	5,700	Inter.-Met. pf.	59½	60	59½	59⅝	+ ⅛
121⅝	122	2,200	Int. Harvester	121½	122¼	121½	122	+ ⅛
17½	17⅝	2,000	Int. Paper	17⅜	17⅝	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
60¾	61	1,900	Int. Paper pf.	58⅝	60⅞	58⅝	60⅞	+ ⅛
25⅞	25⅝	200	Kansas City South.	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅝	— ⅛
15	15	100	Lake Erie & Western	16	16	16	16	+ ⅛
35	41	100	Lake Erie & West. pf.	38	38	38	41	+ ⅛
176¼	176⅝	84,727	Lehigh Valley	174½	176¾	174¼	176¾	+ ⅛
159	159½	600	Louisville & Nashv.	159	159	159	159	+ ⅛
84⅛	86	50	Mackay Cos.	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
71⅝	71⅞	11,100	Mexican Petroleum	70¾	71⅞	70¾	71⅞	+ ⅛
25⅞	26	700	Miami Copper	26	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
48¼	48⅜	200	Minn. & St. Louis pf.	48¼	48¾	48¼	48¾	+ ⅛
142⅝	143	672	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	143¾	143⅝	142¾	142⅝	— ⅛
153	154⅛	184	M., St. P. & S. S.M.pf.	154	154	154	154	...
25⅛	25⅝	300	Mo., Kansas & Texas.	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
39⅞	39⅝	2,800	Missouri Pacific	39¾	39¾	39¼	39½	+ ⅛
125	125½	100	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf.	125	129	125	125	— ⅛
17⅞	18¼	400	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	17¾	17¾	17¾	17⅞	— ⅛
57⅞	58	500	Nat. Lead Co.	57¾	57¾	57¼	57⅝	+ ⅛
66	68	100	Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	63	68	63	68	...
21⅝	21¾	1,525	Nev. Consol. Copper	21⅝	21¾	21¼	21⅝	...
119⅛	119½	2,800	New York Central	119	120¼	119	120	+ ⅛
130	135	800	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	135¾	138⅞	134½	135	...
38	38½	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	38	38	38	38	...
90¾	90¾	100	N. Y. State Railways	90	90	90	90	...
112⅜	112⅝	1,100	Norfolk & Western	112½	112⅝	112¼	112⅝	...
82⅞	83¼	800	North American	82	82¾	81⅞	82⅝	...
119½	119¾	1,500	Northern Pacific	119⅝	120	119¾	119¾	...
1⅝	2	20	Ontario Mining	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	...
51	51⅛	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	51	51	51	51	...
123¾	124⅛	1,585	Pennsylvania R. R.	123⅝	124¼	123¼	124¼	...
109¾	110	400	P., C., C. & St. Louis	110	110	109½	109½	— ⅛
21	21⅛	400	Pittsburgh Coal	21⅜	21⅜	21¼	21¼	...
88	89	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	88½	88¾	88½	88¾	...
100	100¼	105	Pullman Company	160	160½	160	160	...
6¼	6⅝	200	Quicksilver	6¼	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	...
18½	19	4,200	Ray Consol. Copper	19¼	19¼	19	19	— ⅛
34½	35¼	800	Ry. Steel Spring	35	35	34½	34½	— ⅜
175¾	176¼	75,500	Reading	174⅜	176¾	174¾	175⅝	— ⅛
23¾	24⅛	900	Rep. Iron & Steel	23¾	24	23½	23⅞	— ⅛
79	80	800	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	80	80	78½	79½	— ⅛
27⅜	28¼	650	Rock Island Co.	27⅝	28¼	27¼	28¼	— ⅛
55	56	500	Rock Island Co. pf.	56	56½	56	56	— ⅛
101¼	101½	100	Rumely (M.), Co. pf.	101¼	101½	101¼	101½	...
37⅛	38¼	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	...
52⅝	52⅞	1,000	Seaboard Air Line pf.	52½	53	52½	52⅞	...
181	181¾	600	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	181	181¾	180	181¾	...
50⅝	51	200	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron.	51	51	51	51	...
111¾	111⅞	900	Southern Pacific	111¼	111⅝	111¼	111⅞	+ ⅛
28⅜	28⅝	1,300	Southern R'way ctf.	28¼	28⅝	28¼	28¼	...
74⅛	74⅜	200	South. R'way pf. ctf.	74	74½	74	74¾	+ ⅛
62	63	10	Standard Milling pf.	62	62	62	62	...
43⅝	43⅞		Tennessee Copper	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	...
100⅞	100⅝	9,870	Texas Co.	100¾	100⅝	100¼	100⅝	...
24⅝	25	2,100	Texas & Pacific	24¾	25¼	24¾	24⅞	...
39¾	40¼	700	Third Avenue	40	40¼	40	40	...
37⅞	37⅝	400	Tol., St. L. & West.	38	38	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅛
8¼	8⅝	800	Tol., St. L. & West. pf.	8⅜	8⅝	8	8¼	...
14	15	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	15	15	15	15	...
207	208½	100	Twin City R. Transit.	206¾	208¼	206¾	208¼	...
189	189½	4,500	Union Bag & Paper	15	189½	15	189½	...
67	68	200	Union B. & Paper pf.	68	68¾	68	68¾	...
170½	170⅝	30,950	Union Pacific	169⅜	171	169¾	170⅝	...
57⅞	59¾	200	United Cigar Mfrs.	59½	59½	59½	59½	...
82¾	83	400	United Rys. Inv.	82½	82⅝	82½	82⅝	...
61½	62	800	United Rys. Inv. pf.	62	62	61¾	61¾	...
21	21⅜	800	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	...
55	57	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf.	55½	55¾	55¼	55¼	—1
78⅝	79⅜	4,000	U. S. Realty & Imp.	77¾	79	77¾	78⅝	+ ⅛
2⅞	3⅛	100	U. S. Red. & Ref.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	+ ⅛
3	3⅛	100	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf.	3	3	3	3	...
62½	63⅜	800	U. S. Rubber	59	63¼	59	63¼	+ ⅛
79½	79⅝	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	79⅜	79⅝	79⅜	79⅝	+ ⅛
72	72½	7,600	U. S. Steel	70⅝	72⅝	70⅝	72⅝	+ ⅛
111⅜	111⅞	100	U. S. Steel pf.	111⅜	111⅞	111⅜	111⅞	+ ⅛
62⅜	62¾	9,000	Utah Copper	62⅜	62¾	62⅜	62⅝	— ⅛
81⅝	82	1,000	Va.-Caro. Chemical	81½	81⅝	81½	81⅝	— ⅛
8	8¼	1,800	Wabash	8	8	7¾	8	+ ⅛
20⅝	20¾	6,800	Wabash pf.	20⅜	20¾	19⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
60	62¾	40	Western Maryland pf.	61	61	61	61	...
82½	83	200	Western Union Tel.	82½	83	82½	83	+ ⅛
74½	75	1,200	Westinghouse E. & M.	75½	75½	74¾	75	+ ⅛

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales May 17, 1912..... $3,413,000
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 335,487,000
Same period last year..... 349,408,000

Panama 3s, coup 20,000..... 101⅛
Argentine Gov 6s 1,000..... 96⅝
Atl Coast Line 4s 6,000..... 90
City of Tokio 5s, interim ctfs 5,000..... 90
Rep of Cuba 5s 1,000..... 103½
N Y State 4s, 1961 1,000..... 101
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 10,000..... 47½
N Y City 4s, 1957 2,000..... 100¼
4s, 1958 1,000..... 99½
10,000..... 99¾
20,000..... 99⅝
4½s, 1963, temp ctfs 6,000..... 101
9,000..... 100⅝
4½s, 1957 1,000..... 107½
Allis-Chalmers 6s 5,000..... 65½
Am Cot Oil 5s 7,000..... 98
Am Smelt Secur 5s 21,000..... 104⅜
Am T & T col 4s 3,000..... 90⅜
Am Tobacco 6s 2,000..... 120½
Atch T & S F gen 4s 20,000..... 99
Atlantic C L 1st 4s 5,000..... 91⅜
Atl & B P gen 4s 2,000..... 102½
Balt & O 4½s 5,000..... 99½
14,000..... 99¾
1,000..... 99⅝
adjustment 4s 265,000..... 102⅝
2,000..... 99⅝
stamped 1,000..... 103⅝
5,000..... 91
conv 4s, 1960 2,000..... 84½
Bkn Rap Tran 4s 1,000..... 103⅝
1,000..... 103⅝
conv 5s 5,000..... 107⅝
Cent Pac 1st ref 4s 5,000..... 97⅜
Ches & Ohio gen 4½s 1,000..... 93⅝
gold 4s 14,000..... 88⅜
4½s, 1992 1,000..... 93⅝
Chi & Alton 3s 5,000..... 71⅜
Chi & Erie 1st 5s 21,000..... 93
Chi Ind & Louis 4s 1,000..... 86
Chi Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 1,000..... 80⅜
1,000..... 80⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s 1,000..... 71⅝
14,000..... 71¾
2,000..... 71½
Chi, Ok & G con 5s 4,000..... 91⅛
Chi, R I & P gen 4s 6,000..... 71⅝
Chi Ind & L 6s 1,000..... 91
Chi Ind & So 1st 4s 1,000..... 96
2,000..... 96⅜
Chi Term Trans Co 5s 5,000..... 99
Chi Tel 1st 5s 1,000..... 100⅝
Chi, Mil & St P Terminal 5s 2,000..... 102⅜
conv 4½s, ser A 1,000..... 99⅝
Ill Div 3½s 5,000..... 89⅝
Ill Div 4s 1,000..... 97
W, St L & P Div 4s 1,000..... 103⅝
Chi, M & P 2d 4s 5,000..... 97½
2,000..... 95½
C & N W gen 3½s 1,000..... 85⅞
1,000..... 85⅝
conv 5s 5,000..... 107⅝
sub 5s 5,000..... 97⅜
Clev Cinc Chi & St L gen 4s 5,000..... 96½
Cleve & Mahon Val 5s 5,000..... 103
Colo Ind 5s, 1st 5,000..... 94
Colo & So 4s 1,000..... 84
Col Ind Tel 5s 1,000..... 100⅝
Col & Hock Val 4½s 1,000..... 101
conv 4½s 7,000..... 101⅛
Colo & Sou 4s 2,000..... 86
Cuba R R 6s 2,000..... 94
Del & Hud 4s 1891 3,000..... 107⅜
Del Lack & West 4s Mor 1,000..... 107
Denver & R G 4s 1,000..... 91⅝
Den & R G West 4s 1,000..... 87⅞
1,000..... 87½
1st & ref 5s 10,000..... 86⅛
20,000..... 86
Det Riv Tun 4½s 5,000..... 100
Dul S S & Atl 5s 10,000..... 91⅝
Dul & Iron Range 5s 1,000..... 99
Dul So Shore & Atl 5s 1,000..... 99
Elgin Jol & East 1st 5s 1,000..... 101
Erie gen 4s 1,000..... 97⅝
1st ext 4s 1,000..... 97⅝
Fla C & Penin 5½s 1,000..... 100
Fla East Coast 1st 4½s 1,000..... 97
Fla Ry & Nav 5s 1,000..... 100
Ft W & Rio Gr 1st 4s 1,000..... 90
Gal Har & S A 5s 1,000..... 100
Ga Car & Nor 5s 1,000..... 120⅝
Gt Nor C B & Q coll 4s 10,000..... 95⅞
Gt Northn ref 4½s 10,000..... 101
Green Bay & West deb ctfs A 1,000..... 70
Hock Val 4½s 1,000..... 104⅝
Hous & T C 1st 5s 1,000..... 107⅜
Hud & Manh 5s 1,000..... 107
Ill Cent ref 4s 1,000..... 93⅝
14,000..... 93¾
20,000..... 93⅞
2,000..... 93⅝
Int Met 4½s 10,000..... 82
Int Rap Tran 5s 10,000..... 87
Int Steel 5s, J & D 1,000..... 95⅜
Iowa Cent 5s 2,000..... 84
Kan City Sou 3s 1,000..... 71
Kan & M 1st 4s 3,000..... 96
2d 4s 4,000..... 86⅜
Kan City Term 4s 5,000..... 87½
Lack Steel 5s, 1st 1,000..... 104
1925 5,000..... 84
Lake Shore & Mich So 3½, 1997 4,000..... 83⅛
5,000..... 83⅛
Lexgett & Myers 5s, temp bonds 2,000..... 130⅞
6s, temp bonds 12,000..... 94⅜
Long Dock 6s 2,000..... 94½
Lou & N unifd 4s 9,000..... 89⅝
5,000..... 89⅝
1,000..... 89⅝
42,000..... 89⅝
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 13,000..... 94½
Mex Petroleum 1st ref conv 6s, Series A 1,000..... 99
Mil & Nor 5s, 1932 1,000..... 85⅝
Mil Spar & N W 1st 4s 4,000..... 93⅝
Minn Union 6s 9,000..... 115⅝
Mo. Pac 4s, 1938 20,000..... 95
Mo Pac conv 5½s, 1917 6,000..... 93⅝
Nat Rys of M gen 4s 2,000..... 86
N Y Cent gen 3½s 1,000..... 86⅞
Nine 5s, 1914 1,000..... 101
Lake S col 3½s 1,000..... 82
N Y C, N L H & Prov col tr 6s 6,000..... 100⅝
pur money 4s 9,000..... 88⅜
N Y N H & H conv deb 4s 5,000..... 125⅛
6,000..... 125½
conv 3½s 10,000..... 90⅝
conv 6s 2,000..... 90⅝
N Y Rys tm rct 4s 3,000..... 72⅛
14,000..... 72⅜
temp adj 6s 6,000..... 72⅜
Nor Pac 4s 1,000..... 100⅝
1,000..... 100⅝
Nor Pac 3s 1,000..... 69¾
Nor Sec 4s 1,000..... 93⅝
Nor Pac-Nor Sec 4s 1,000..... 93⅝
Nor Ry 1st 6s 3,000..... 107⅜
1,000..... 107⅞
1,000..... 107½
Nor Ry gen 4s 15,000..... 78⅞
15,000..... 78⅝
10,000..... 78⅝
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s 10,000..... 91⅞
Pac Tel & Tel 6s 2,000..... 100
Pa conv 3½s, 1915 1,000..... 97⅛
Penn gtd 4½s 1,000..... 103⅝
Penn 4s, 1948 3,000..... 106⅜
P & E 1st 4s 1,000..... 40
P Lorillard Co 5s temp bonds 10,000..... 121⅜
P Lorillard Co 6s temp bonds 1,000..... 95
1,000..... 94⅞
Public Serv Corp sinking fund 5s 8,000..... 94½
6,000..... 94⅝
Reading gen 4s 2,000..... 93
St L & S F 2d 4s 2,000..... 84½
St L, I M Mt. & S unifd & rfd 4s 2,000..... 89⅝
St L & C F gen 6s 1,000..... 87
St L S W con 4s 10,000..... 83
2,000..... 82¾
2,000..... 82
St P M & M con 4s 5,000..... 99⅝
Seaboard A L rfd 4s 2,000..... 81¼
gold 4s stmpd 2,000..... 87½
So Pac conv 4s 25,000..... 95
So Pac 4s 1,000..... 93⅝
So Ry 1st 5s 1,000..... 107⅜
1,000..... 107⅞
1,000..... 107½
So Ry gen 4s 15,000..... 78⅞
15,000..... 78⅝
10,000..... 78⅝
Spok Int 1st 5s 1,000..... 110⅝
500..... 110⅜
Stand Mill 5s 1,000..... 100
Tenn C I & R gen 5s 1,000..... 103
Term Ass of St L ref 4s 5,000..... 94⅝
Tex Co conv 6s 5,000..... 100
2,000..... 100⅛
21,000..... 100⅛
10,000..... 100⅛
2,000..... 100⅛
9,000..... 100⅛
11,000..... 100⅛
2,000..... 100⅛
Tex & P 1st 5s 5,000..... 103⅛
Third Av ref 4s 11,000..... 83⅜
T, P & W 4s 2,000..... 93¾
Tri-City 5s 1,000..... 99½
Underground Elec Rys Lon 4½s 4,000..... 96⅛
Union Pac 1st 4s 1,000..... 101⅝
U Pac 1st & ref 4s 10,000..... 93⅝
5,000..... 93⅝
10,000..... 94⅛
10,000..... 93⅝
U S Leather 6s 10,000..... 101⅛
U S Rubber 6s 2,000..... 104⅛
4,000..... 104⅝
U S Steel Corp sinking fund 5s 10,000..... 102⅛
5,000..... 102⅛
registered 500..... 102
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s 1,000..... 90⅜
Va & So con 5s 1,000..... 96⅛
Wabash 1st 5s 5,000..... 107⅛
11,000..... 107
Wab R R ref & ext 4s 24,000..... 69
2,000..... 69⅜
2,000..... 69⅝
1,000..... 69¼
5,000..... 67⅜
3,000..... 67⅛
15,000..... 67⅛
18,000..... 67⅛
10,000..... 67⅜
1,000..... 68⅛
45,000..... 68
40,000..... 67¼
11,000..... 67⅜
2,000..... 67⅜
33,000..... 67⅜
10,000..... 67⅛
10,000..... 67⅜
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Cent Trust ctfs 1,000..... 27¾
2d Pf Co ctfs 1,000..... 8¾
Wash Marvld 4s 4,000..... 87¼
W U Tel col tr 5s 6,000..... 103⅛
Westn Un fund 4½s 1,000..... 99⅛
Real estate 4½s 5,000..... 99⅛
2,000..... 99⅝
West Shore 4s 5,000..... 100
1,000..... 100¼
registered 1,000..... 100
Wheel & L E 1st 5s 1,000..... 97
Wheeling & L E 1st cons 4s 1,000..... 91⅛

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¼	101	Fan 5s, r, 1923	100⅝	--
2s, c, 1930	100⅝	101⅜	Fan 5s, r, 1951	101⅛	102
4s, r, 1925	102⅛	102⅜	Fan 5s, c, 1951	101⅛	102
4s, c, 1925	102⅜	102⅝			
4s, r, 1925	114	114⅜			
4s, c, 1925	114⅛	115			
Fan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	--			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	202	220	Mo, K & T pf	63	69
Alb & Susq	205½	--	Morris & Es	175½	177
Alles & W	123	--	N C & St L	160	170
Allis-Ch pf	4	4½	Nat Biscuit	157½	158¾
A B S & F	95½	96	Nat Lead pf	102	104¼
Am C Oil pf	74½	100	Nat Rys of Mex 2d pf	21	23½
Am Ehp	315	--	N O, M & C pf	39	42½
Am Loco	41¾	42¼	N Y Air Br	50	55
Do pf	107	109	N Y, C & St L	87	90
Am Malt pf	57¼	58	Do 1st pf	104½	--
ex div	105¾	107¾	Do 2d pf	85	90
Am Snuff	135	140	N Y Dock	20½	--
Do pf	102	106	Do pf	40	48
Do new	100	106	N Y & Hon	170¾	180
Am S F	87¼	88½	No Ohio Tr	62½	65
A T & C	70	71½	& Light	90	95
Am Tob pf	105¾	107	Norfolk Sou	50½	59
Ann Arbor	35	38	N & Wn pf	88	91
Do pf	80	90	Palmr Pr pf	110½	112
Assets Real	119	123	Pan Coast	90	105
B & O pf	85	90	Do 1st pf	85	105
Bat Mining	1¾	3	Do 2d pf	90	100
Br Term	109¾	113¾	Pac Mail	52½	53
B, R & P	103	108	Pac T & T pf	85	90
Do pf	120	150	Penn-Dodge	200	250
Buf & Co	85	89½	Lorillard	179	184
Can So	67¾	69	Do pf	110½	111
Cent L pf	94	94¾	Pere Marq	--	80
Cen of N J	270	280	Do 2d pf	--	55
C & S A	118	119½	Phila Co	38	40
Chi Alt	20	25	Do pf	85	88
Do pf	40	50	Pitts, C, C & St L pf	110	112
C, B & Q	207	--	Pitts Co	106½	106¾
Chi Gt W	17¾	18	Pitts, Ft W & C	139	142
Do pf	35	35½	Pitts & L E	110	115
Chi Ind & L	20	30	Pr Steel pf	100	--
C, I, St L & C	120	125	Ry & Ld pf	103	--
C, C, C & St L	87	88	Ry Steel Spr	35½	36
Do pf	105½	106	Do pf	93	95
Cle & Pitts	100	--	Ry Steel Spr	35½	36
Col F & I	23	25½	Do pf	93	95
Do pf	111	114	Rutland pf	56	62
Col Southn	12¾	13¼	St L & S F	23	24½
Do 1st pf	74	75	Do 1st pf	62	65¾
Do 2d pf	69	72	Do 2d pf	50	55
Con Coal	132	140	St L S W	11	12
C P R	253	257	Sec stk ctf	85½	89
Cur Car Sup	95	--	Ry S Spr pf	100	101
Do pf	99	100	Read 1st pf	93½	95
D, L & W	540	550	Do 2d pf	80	90½
DM & F D	5¾	9	Rens & Sar	185½	--
Det & Mac	115	--	R, W & Ogd	122	--
Do pf	105	111	Do pf	90	--
Det Un Ry	68	71	Rio G W	100	--
D, S S & A	104	113¾	Do 1st pf	74	75
Do pf	90	95	Do 2d pf	68	72
Du S P & P	98½	99	Rock Isl Co	27¾	28
Erie 2d pf	43¾	44¼	Do pf	55	56
E & TH pf	105	--	St L S Wn	22½	25½
Fed M & S	15	17	Do pf	70	75
Do pf	43	44	Seab Air	24½	25
Gen Chem	136	145	Sears-R pf	123	--
G & St Tel	115¾	--	Sloss-Shef S & I pf	95	100
Gr Consol	54½	--	So Porto R	6	8
GW Helme	125	170	Sugar	70	81
Do pf	100	112	Do pf	105	110
Haw El Ky	110¾	--	Southn Ry	23	23½
Do	110	--	M & O ctfs	89	93
Hock Val	120	--	Stand Mill	25	28
Homestake	98	95	Texas Pac	19	20
Ill Cent	92¾	--	Land Tr	89	--
Ing-Rand	105	--	T P & W	154	--
Do pf	98	--	Tol, St L &	30½	32¾

LUXURIOUS OFFICES HID FIRM'S DEBTS

So High-Salaried Employe of Artistic Garden Ornament Makers Invested His $5,750.

JURY GIVES IT BACK TO HIM

For the Erkins Company, Whose High-Salaried Employes Were Allowed to Buy Its Stock, Failed.

A jury in the Supreme Court of Brooklyn yesterday returned a verdict to Justice Kelby for $5,750 and interest against Roy H. McNaught, former President, and H. W. Clarke, former Treasurer, of the Erkins Company, which manufactured artistic garden ornaments and had elaborately furnished offices and an imposing staff of high-salaried employes at 305 Madison Avenue, until it went suddenly into bankruptcy in June, 1910.

The plaintiff, Joseph F. Eastmond of 2,515 Clarendon Road, Brooklyn, himself one of the high-salaried employes, sued to recover losses he had sustained through purchasing stock in the corporation, and charged conspiracy to defraud, alleging that he was only one of several victims who were induced to buy stock with promises of large salaries, and who presently found that their salaries were being paid out of their own money. McNaught, the former President of the concern, is a son of Col. James McNaught of Tarrytown, formerly General Counsel for the Northern Pacific Railroad.

According to Eastmond, he was attracted to the Erkins Company by a newspaper advertisement telling of a "retiring partner of a going concern" who was ill and wanted to sell out his interest. He met Clarke first, who introduced him to McNaught, and together they took lunch near the offices of the firm. There, he says, "McNaught made his illness very realistic" by describing in detail how he was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and making his lunch a cocktail and a cup of coffee, with no solids. It was represented to him, he says, that the concern had thousands of dollars in undivided profits, and the report of an expert accountant and ratings by financial agencies were shown him in proof of its prosperity. He was also taken through the luxurious offices and the company's factory at 143 Varick Street, where, he was told, it used a valuable secret process to manufacture its products.

He was assured, he said, that the stock of the concern was worth more than par, and that if he bought 50 shares at $115 each he would, after an apprenticeship in the factory and office to learn the business, be made sales manager of the company inside of six months. So he invested $5,750, receiving a written contract to that effect, with a salary beginning at $25 a week and running up to $3,000 a year.

When he finally worked his way up to the office of the company, however, he declared, he found that another man, Harry E. Dunton, was sales manager, and that the latter had been induced to invest $10,000 for eighty-seven shares of the company's stock, with practically the same sort of contract as he had himself. By way of explanation, he says, he was told that he was to be "a sales manager" and Dunton "general sales manager." Further investigation, he said, showed that there were eight or nine other salaried employes in the office and factory, each of whom was likewise a stockholder, with investments in the stock ranging from $2,500 to $10,000—a total of about $50,000.

Investigating still further, he says, he discovered that, far from being a profitable concern, the company had many outstanding debts, which it could not pay, and that its "secret process" of manufacture was no secret at all. Furthermore, he said, McNaught never had another sick spell in his presence from the day they met, but was instead active at the office every day and spoke no more of retiring. Clarke had started at $100 a week each, and the weekly pay roll was about $800, according to Eastmond.

Then Eastmond, after vainly trying to have his money refunded to him, brought suit through his attorneys, Emanuel Tepper and Lewis Schuldenfrei, alleging conspiracy to defraud. Another alleged victim, A. A. Rath of 818 Lenox Road, who had invested a similar sum, has also brought suit since then. Not long after Eastmond's investigations the Erkins Company went into bankruptcy. Instead of the $75,000 and subsequently $100,000 at which the firm was capitalized the total realized was about $10,000.

At the trial Clarke, upon promise of release from liability, testified for the plaintiff, putting in evidence a contract which he said had been drawn up by McNaught and himself, whereby they were to share in the profits of the sale of the company's stock, and also to share liability, if there should be any. The contract, according to McNaught, was never signed.

At the McNaught home in Tarrytown last night it was said that the younger Mr. McNaught was not at home. His father insisted that the troubles of the Erkins Company were all due to bona fide losses, and that no misrepresentations whatever had been made by his son, but that Eastmond had been asked to make a close examination and assure himself of the firm's assets and standing. All the other losers except Eastmond and Rath, he said, had contented themselves with pocketing their loss and made no complaint. He said the case would be appealed.

ANNULS TRADE AGREEMENT.

Secretary MacVeagh Decides to Abrogate Pottery Ruling with Limoges.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Secretary MacVeagh decided to-day to abrogate on Aug. 1 the American Government's agreement with the Limoges, France, Chamber of Commerce, under which chinaware and pottery have been imported to this country since 1906. The agreement, which fixed the method of appraising these wares, has given rise to many complaints from pottery manufacturers in this country and customs officers, who declared it did not form an equitable means of appraisement.

Secretary MacVeagh's action follows the recommendations of a commission appointed to investigate. The commission reported that the Government was deprived of its lawful duties on importations from Limoges, and that the agreement was inherently defective. The Limoges Chamber of Commerce will have until July 1 to present reasons for continuing the agreement.

WHEAT DROPS TWO CENTS.

Total Slump of Nine Cents from the Recent High Prices.

CHICAGO, May 17.—Severe calling of margins to-day resulted in a drop of more than 2c a bushel from the price of wheat. This meant a fall of more than 9 cents from the high figures which recently prevailed. The market, however, though wilder than under ordinary conditions, was relatively steady as compared with the previous day, when, just before the close, a flood of stop-loss orders brought about a condition amounting to nearly a panic.

Most of the trade to-day seemed to be in the nature of an effort on the part of owners to capture disappearing profits. Accordingly the pressure lessened quickly on the weak spots, which were reached when the holdings of smaller speculators were sacrificed. At one time July wheat sold as low as $1.06¾, as compared with $1.06⅝ last night.

The unexpected improvement in the crop outlook, which by many was regarded as chiefly responsible for the radical change of sentiment from the bull to the bear side, was further emphasized by advices from the fields. In general the crop, though late, was regarded as promising.

In the end the market was irregular, varying from ¾@⅞c off to ⅜@ advance as against the prices twenty-four hours previous. Reports that the breaks in quotations yesterday and to-day had caused a revival of flour business and led to cash wheat sales, had a helpful effect in steadying the market late in the day.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

All-Silk Woven Fabrics Pay More—Other Textile Decisions.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has taken action on protests filed by Spielmann & Co. and Siegman & Weil regarding the classification of merchandise described as all-silk woven fabrics in the piece. The goods were returned by the Appraiser of the Port as being yard dyed, not weighted, and was assessed for duty under the provisions of Paragraph 290, act of 1909. The importers requested that the board submit to analysis the official samples of the merchandise in controversy. This was done, with the result that the classification of the goods imported by Siegman & Weil was found to be correct, the Collector's assessment being affirmed.

In the case of Spielmann & Co. some of the goods were found to be properly assessed, while lower duty on the remainder was granted at the rate of $2.75 per pound, but not less than 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 290. J. H. Thorp & Co. were sustained in a protest dealing with woven fabrics in chief value of silk, yard dyed, not weighted, and containing more than 45 per cent. in weight of silk. Duty was assessed at the appropriate rate under the provisions of Paragraph 392 of the present tariff. The board held that the goods were properly dutiable as silk velvets at the rate of $1.50 per pound, but not less than 45 per cent. ad valorem under the same paragraph. The Collector is directed to make a liquidation of the entries.

The board declined to reverse the Collector in the case of D. S. Hesse & Brother. Duty at the rate of 60 per cent. ad valorem, according to the component material of chief value, was levied on trimmings, ornaments, nettings, and other articles composed in chief value of cotton, silk, or glass beads. The importers asked for lower rates, but the board decides that there was no error in the classification made by the customs authorities. Protests by Rusch & Co. and Johnson & Faulkner, covering importations of silk velvets with cotton fillings, were assessed at the appropriate rates, according to weight per square yard, under the provisions of Paragraph 390 of the Aldrich-Payne law. Claims for lower rates than those assessed were overruled.

CROCKERY TRADE SLOW.

Few Out-of-Town and Not Many Local Buyers This Week.

Few out-of-town buyers made their appearance in the New York crockery and glassware market this week, and local buyers were conspicuously absent also, according to the Crockery and Glassware Journal. Mail orders were reasonably frequent, but the aggregate business received in this way reached no great proportions. The demand for china and earthenware was principally confined to dinnerware, particularly open stock patterns.

The call for steins and Summer specialties dominated the demand for German fancy goods, which otherwise were generally inactive. Pressed glass goods were very slow, but the demand for blown tumblers was apparently as great as ever. The week's trading in cut glass was erratic.

Domestic manufacturers of crockery report a slight increase of business, a good demand having been in evidence for jardinieres, pedestals, and other art wares. Glass lamps were in good call, but the demand for decorated lamps and metal goods was nominal.

LUXURY IMPORTS INCREASE.

Diamonds and Other Objects Reach Value of $200,000,000 in 1912.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Articles listed as luxuries imported into this country during the fiscal year ending next month will exceed in value $200,000,000, and in many of the divisions the imports break the record.

Luxuries include diamonds, works of art, laces and embroideries, wine, tobacco, ostrich feathers, toys, perfumes and cosmetics, and jewelry. Works of art, according to a statement issued to-day by the Bureau of Statistics of the Commerce and Labor Department, will show for the nine months ended with March a total exceeding by 50 per cent. the highest records of any previous year, and will approximate $40,000,000 in value for the full year, compared with $22,500,000 in 1911.

Diamonds and other precious stones show a total of $30,500,000 for the nine months, indicating a total of about $41,000,000 for the year, thus exceeding any earlier years except 1910 and 1907.

Laces and embroideries also are an important factor, as imports of these articles will amount to about $44,000,000 for the year. This is an increase of fully 50 per cent. in a decade. Manufactures of cotton form more than three-fouths of the total value of the entire group.

Other luxuries which help to bring up the grand total are tobacco and its manufactures, imports of which for the year will reach $32,000,000 in value, and toys of which $9,000,000 worth will be imported.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was quiet and unchanged, with prices on the basis of $5@$5.10 for fine granulated, net, less 2 per cent. for cash. The following prices are net, less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of 60 two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of 24 five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners', granulated, $5.35; 2 EX powdered, $5.20; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three, one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.20; Eagle, two-pound bags, fine granulated, $5.40; three and one-half-pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.50; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; Confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.95; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.90 to $4.40, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.35.

The market for raw sugar was unchanged, with a slightly easier undertone. Little business was reported. Prices steady at $3.92 for centrifugal, 96 test; $3.42 for Muscovado, 89 test, and $3.17 for molasses, 89 test. The early London cable on the best sugar market reported trading active on the decline, with May quoted at 11s 11¼d; June, 11s 11¾d, and August, 12s 1¾d. The late cable, covering the Curb market, quoted May at 11s 10d; June, 11s 10¾d, and August, 12s 1¼d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The molasses market was quiet and unchanged. Only a moderate business was reported, chiefly in the better grades. Syrups were quiet, but steady, with continued light offerings. Quotations: New Orleans centrifugal, common, 14@15c; fair, 16@19c; good, 20@23c; prime, 26@32c; New Orleans, open kettle, 26@30c; syrups, common, 9@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

RICE.—The rice market was inactive. The undertone was firm under the influence of continued complaints regarding crop prospects in the South. Offerings were small. Quotations: Screenings, 3¾@3¾c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4¾@4¾c; good, ordinary, 4¾@4¾c; prime, 5@5¼c; choice, 5⅜@5⅝c; head, Japan, 4@4¼c; Patna, 6¼@6¼c; Rangoon, 5⅛@5⅜c; Siam, 5¼@5⅜c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was generally demoralized by the recent sharp break in wheat. Quotations were largely nominal. The following are prices quoted on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.65@$6; Winter straights, $5.30@$5.50; Winter patents, $5.55@$5.70; Spring clears, $4.70@$5; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.40@$4.60; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $5.85@$7.15; Kansas straights, $5.35@$5.45. Rye Flour—Quiet. Quoted: Fair to good, $5@$5.10; choice to fancy, $5.15@$5.40. Cornmeal—Steady. Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.25. Buckwheat Meal—Quiet. Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.80@$1.85; coarse, $1.75@$1.80. Feed—Western steady, city quiet. Quoted: Western Spring, $28.50; standard, middling, $28.50; flour, middling, $31.10; red dog, $31.80; city bran, $29.10, bulk; $30, sacks; middlings, $29.10@$32.50; red dog, $32; hominy chop, $29@$30 bulk, $30.30@$31.20 sacks; oilmeal, $37.50@$38.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at $5.60 for standard white in barrels at New York. Quotations: Standard white, petroleum barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $5.60; bulk, $3. Standard white, cases, New York, $10.50. Water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.60; bulk, $6. Water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.50. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 76@77c; out-of-town raw, 75@76c; Calcutta, raw, 86c.

NAVAL STORES.—There was a firmer tone in the market for turpentine at the close yesterday, in sympathy with the better ruling of the Southern market. Rosin was also firm. Tar was quiet at unchanged prices. Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 51c. Tar, $5.50. Rosin, common to good, strained, $5.65@$5.70; E, $5.85; D, $7.15; E, $7.20; F, $7.60; G, $7.65; H, $7.70; I, $7.75; K, $7.90; M, $7.95; N, $8; WG, $8.05, and WW, $8.15.

STIMULUS FOR DRY GOODS.

Fairly Active Buying Follows Return of Good Weather.

Trading in the New York dry goods markets showed a slight improvement yesterday under the stimulus of the return of fair weather. Fairly active buying of seasonable merchandise was in evidence in secondary distributing centres, although the absence of out of town buyers that usually marks trading on the last two days of the week was noticeable. Mail orders received from various parts of the country, though individually small, are said to have been many, and gave promise of good business to come as soon as weather conditions permit the movement of goods from the shelves of retailers.

Road orders for Fall goods in the various lines indicate that the majority of retail stocks is pretty well depleted. It is generally believed that stocks of Spring goods are, as a rule, in the same condition because of the conservatism shown in the initial buying, and that duplicate orders on the lines will be very satisfactory when the retail trade recovers from the depression caused by the continuance of unfavorable weather conditions.

Yesterday's activities were not for the most part confined to any one class of merchandise, as has frequently been the case of late, but were evenly distributed among the various lines. Of the really seasonable merchandise, white goods and dress linens are said to have been most in demand. Wash goods were fairly active. Movements of sheer hosiery and lightweight underwear were slow, the demand for the latter goods for the most part being confined to requests for job lots. Laces and embroideries for the current season were not especially active.

COTTON REPORT IN JULY.

Senate Passes House Bill Changing Date of Issuance from June.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Senate to-day passed, without debate, the House bill changing the date of issuance of the cotton acreage report by the Department of Agriculture to the first Monday in July of each year. Heretofore the law required that it be issued in June.

A section relating to condition reports was eliminated by the Senate Committee, and the bill, therefore, must be agreed to in conference and signed by the President before it becomes a law.

FEW COTTON GOODS ORDERS.

Conditions Unsatisfactory to Exporters—China a Disturbing Factor.

In spite of the increased shipments of domestic cotton goods reported by the New York Custom House for the week which ended May 11, the present condition of affairs in the local market is generally unsatisfactory to exporters. Little new business is coming forward from China and the Red Sea districts, and the belief expressed in the trade is that no material improvement will develop before Aug. 1.

Merchants operating in the districts around Aden are said to be generally well stocked, and until a good part of the merchandise now on hand is moved there is little chance of substantial orders being placed. The continuance of the war in Tripoli, with the attendant high freight rates charged by the steamship companies operating in the affected territories, and the increase in prices named a few weeks ago, also tend to keep business at a low ebb. The situation in China is perplexing, the prevalence of interior disturbances in that country making merchants cautious about sending goods inland. Under normal conditions Chinese business is an important factor in the export trade in cottons, and consequently an early settlement of present troubles is hoped for.

The recent lack of business has tended to weaken the tone of the local market, and by the time satisfactory orders come forward again it is generally expected that prices will be somewhat lower than at present.

About the best business done at the present time is with the Philippines, although South American orders are said to be coming in in fair number.

RESTRICT WALL PAPER SALES

Manufacturers' Letters Indicate an Agreement Regarding Customers.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 27.—Letters indicating an agreement among wall paper manufacturers and jobbers not to sell to the 5 and 10 cent stores again were introduced as testimony in to-day's hearing in the Government's trial of eight wall paper manufacturers and jobbers for alleged conspiracy in restraint of trade.

One detailing a refusal to sell to the 5 and 10 cent stores was written by Judge Grenville F. Ingelesy, Secretary of the Imperial Wall Paper Company of Glens Falls, N. Y., to Mr. D. Wilson, sales manager of the William Campbell Wall Paper Company of Hackensack, N. J. It said in part:

"As they doubtless will write to you, we want you to give them the same answer, changing the verbiage. Be sure to say that manufacturing conditions are the sole reason that you cannot supply them."

A letter from the C. C. Aler Company of Columbus, Ohio, to the York Card and Paper Company of York, Penn., said:

"We are parties to the agreement not to sell to people of this class and we shall not do so."

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

NICOLA SERAPHINE, liquor dealer of 2,531 Amsterdam Avenue, has filed a petition with liabilities of $8,643 and no assets. He owes George Ehret, brewer, $6,442 for rent, loan, and beer.

STEINHARDT & CO.—Samuel Steinhardt and Jesse D. Kornicker, composing the firm of Steinhardt & Co., ladies' tailors at 6 and 8 East Forty-sixth Street, have filed a petition with liabilities of $4,147 and assets of $2,404.

LEOPOLD SCHILLER of 1,160 Tiffany Street has filed a petition with liabilities of $5,546 and assets consisting of four lots at Belleport, L. I., $115, and one share of stock of the Schiller Supply Company, dealer in hardware and painters' supplies at 870 Third Avenue, of which he was manager, and which stock has been pledged for a loan. Among the creditors are the Schiller Supply Company, $955, and the National Wall Paper Company, $592.

HOWARD LAUNDRY.—Schedules of the Howard Laundry at 1,199 to 1,204 Third Avenue show liabilities of $54,803 and assets of $26,982. Among the creditors are the Water Department of New York City, $1,503; New York Soap Works, $2,225; Louis Heller, $3,151; Levy, Heineman, $1,400, and Tillie Alexander, $1,350.

ISAAC PERLBERG.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed on April 15 against Isaac Perlberg, manufacturer of waists and dresses at 119 Spring Street. He put in an answer denying the allegation in the petition.

MORRIS I. PERLOWITZ.—Judge Hough has granted a discharge to Morris I. Perlowitz, salesman, of 106 East 106th Street, who has been in bankruptcy three times.

Owing to an unintentional typographical error the Judgment List printed on Sunday contained the name of the Auto Supply Company as a judgment debtor. The judgment debtor was the Auto Selling Company.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aaronson, Morris—L. Wisansky, $1,400.
Betts, Anna R.—S. J. Brooks, costs, $109.
Same—St. Vincent's Retreat for the Insane, costs, $109.
Brahnes, Samuel—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y., $1,024.
Barcuian, Manoog—A. Kewrkhian, $109.
Cohen, David—B. Keenan, Sr., et al., $264.
Comings, Hill L.—A. E. Brody et al., $112.
Capen, Joshua W.—E. T. Burrowes Co., $188.
Coobran, Mary—A. Kee, $251.
Consoli, Alfredo—E. Sterzaicka, $270.
Carroll, Martin—Hayden Automatic Block Machine Co., $123.
De Camp, Anna R.—G. C. Engel, $439.
Donals, Charles, Adolf Donals, and Jennie Gasch, (not summoned)—L. L. Spielmann, $464.
Denman, Abraham, and Mayer Klotzman—Public Bank of N. Y. City, $179.
Ellis, John—National Metal Bead Co., $204.
Fay, Joseph M., Margaret M. Fay, (not summoned,) and Clinton M. Koons, (not summoned)—J. Fitzhenry, $220.
Fanshawe, Henry R.—A. G. Strance, $109.
Fink, Meyer—S. Hoersheimer, $162.
Feldstein, Ida—City of N. Y., costs, $216.
Same—G. W. Linch, costs, $107.
Fiorio, Felix—Henry Morgenthau Co., $412.
Gisshoff, Henry—Standard Computing Scale Co., $180.
Goldsmith, Frank—F. R. Le Compte, costs, $109.
Greenwald, Samuel—Clark Hutchinson Co., $139.
Goldenberg, Samuel—S. Fleitz et al., $206.
Gill, Thomas—Central R. R. Co. of N. J., costs, $107.
Hart, Wm. W.—J. J. Radley et al., $226.
Hanley, James M.—J. Doyle et al., $4,260.
Kernan, Eugene F.—National Marine Bank of Baltimore, $551.
Kurzman, Jacob and Lena—C. Schuster, $3,786.
Koenig, Mark, Joseph Wieselthier, Joseph Wieselthier and Mary Wieselthier—M. Haben, $264.
Hoefner, John H.—A. Origet & Co., $251.
Krone, Joel—John Behrens & Co., $167.
King, Albert, and Orlean Nealy—E. Bonn, $940.
Kohn, Walter J., and Ewald Braun—E. F. Bushnell et al., $201.
Kurth, Arthur R., and Elizabeth Wolfram, (not summoned)—J. H. Wolfram, $118.
Lippman, Jacob—C. C. Lathrop, $1,053.
Lowenhaupt, Walter D., and Mortimer Kaplan—Barnes Advertising Agency, $176.
Lowenberg, Louis—L. C. Noble, $188.
Lange, Rudolph—C. L. Adrian et al., costs, $108.
Laskow, Abraham, Abraham Rose, and Joe Laskow—I. Goldwitz, $253.
Latimer, Jacob—D. Roling, $1,238.
Lavin, John, and Richard Butler—Bernheim Distilling Co., $240.
Miles, Joseph R.—C. Abrams, $1,585.
Mirre, Gerardo, and Vito Balcrano—H. O. Stuart, $305.
Milliken, Conrad, trustee—H. Carusa, costs, $108.
McCormack, E. J.—J. O'Connor, $1,109.
McClarty, Clint C.—E. L. Giroux, costs, $145.
Hoelsle, Mary A., and Anne E. Smith—G. C. Smith, costs, $117.
Miller, Samuel R.—C. S. Clark, $102.
Michalik, John—Consumers Brewing Co. of New York, Ltd., $165.
Nathan, Samuel—A. E. Shulman et al., $864.
Nallenbogen, Isidore, and Michaelis Borchardt —L. Grinberg, $843.
Nelson, Helen—H. Cora, $230.
O'Connell, Timothy, Jr.—Aetna Life Insurance Co., $1,000.
O'Reilly, George M.—H. J. Mandel, $1,448.
Preston, E. Wesley—E. B. H. Meyers, $1,886.
Peters, Henry—Louis Sutter & Brothers, Inc., $149.
Reed, Emery—Elmore Motor Car Co., $182.
Rosenthal, Joseph—T. E. Stutson et al., $956.
Raabe, Herman and Henry—H. Weinfeld et al., $236.
Rubenstein, Rubin—J. Talcott, $1,171.
Riegel, Jean—Brooklyn Heights R. R. Co., $111.
Scott, William and Virginia—L. J. Carr, $150.
Schilling, John—J. Hesters, $551.
Springer, John H.—Leonard Bros., $181.
Serino, Tony—Consumers' Brewing Co. of New York, Limited, $792.
Swain, Thomas F.—W. L. Chapman, $348.
Shapiro, Sidney and Isaac L.—Casualty Co. of America, $191.
Suratt, Valeska—F. J. Welton, $104.
Schaefer, Rudolph L.—Amsterdam Rubber Co., $168.
Siegel, Fred—J. Arnauer, $164.
Taylor, James E.—E. F. Bushnell et al., $171.
Tillack, J. L. Theodore—G. B. Wilson, $122.
Trowbridge, James A., George D. Mackay, and William Read, as surviving partners—E. J. Atkins et al., costs, $226,084.
Trimmer, Wesley H.—C. M. Rosenthal, $404.
Toch, Fanny—Public Bank of the City of New York, $2,750.
Tyson, David J.—J. J. Dickinson, $2,268.
Tillford, Charles W.—Butler Bros., $102.
Watson, John F.—Alfred Peats Co., $508.
Wolf, Isidor—M. Scheierman, $116.
Wenzel, John—E. Hubert, $115.
Columbia Gold Placer Co.—S. Pickelman, $1,975.
E. W. Sweet & Co.—W. G. Schermerhorn et al., $379.
Graf & Graf Restaurant and Hotel Co.—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $369.
People's Wet Wash Co.—J. Stevenson & Sons, Inc., $116.
Scalzo Realty Co.—Manza Construction Co., $265.
Eden Mfg. Co.—A. S. Rosenthal Co., $182.
Brill Contracting Co.—Interborough Door and Sash Co., $904.
Same—M. L. Rohman, $818.
Amalgamated Chemical Co. and Julius Weil—White Tar Co., $106.
United Surety Co.—D. Musco, $1,848.
Columbus & Dorfman Construction Co.—Italian Savings Bank of the City of New York, $4,183.
Charles H. Tucker & Co.—Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., $183.
Cann-Friedman Printing Co.—M. Cantor, $225.
Same—Same, $275.
Elm Forwarding Co.—W. Bader, $618.
Hasbrouck Piano Co.—Cleveland Varnish Co., $222.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Einhorn, Moses—L. Lewis, Feb. 20, 1912, (reversed,) $204.
Bellows, Edward F., Wayne B. Bellows, and E. F. Bellows Agricultural Co.—L. Josephthal et al., April 27, 1908, $479.
Chapin, Charles E.—T. Parsons et al., Feb. 19, 1912, $441.
Downey, Bernard—W. Chapman, May 15, 1912, $300.
Lefkowitz, Isaac—C. Mandli, April 17, 1912, $483.
Liederman Realty Co.—S. Thaler, Jan. 29, 1912, $124.
Murphy, John P.—S. Dryfoos et al., Feb. 20, 1912, $119.
Meek, William M.—R. Rosenberg, Feb. 14, 1912, $149.
Olsen, Peter—Union Stove Works, May 13, 1912, $172.
Levy, Morris and Harry—A. Maris, May 4, 1912, $105.
G. H. Masten Realty Co.—M. Weinhandler et al., Jan. 24, 1912, $471.
Macdonald, Dwight—M. Berlinger et al., Dec. 5, 1910, (reversed,) $797.
Headley, Fannie C.—The Chelsea, Jan. 24, 1911, $107.
Same—Same, Nov. 28, 1910, $1,818.
Briggs Avenue Realty Co.—H. Dellasky, Oct. 24, 1911, $448.
New York Suburban Land Co.—J. F. Smith, March 18, 1912, $150.
Same—Same, April 21, 1911, $804.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

All Weaken Early, but Rally Generally at the Close.

The grain markets broke heavily again with further forced liquidation in the future market due to continued favorable weather and hopeful crop reports. Late there was general recovery, and a comparative steady close in all markets. Weather conditions were the best of any day this month, and the prediction was favorable. Provisions were irregular and lower early, closing firm. Cotton shows little rallying power with demand held in check by seasonable weather. Spots are lightly offered, but demand is comparatively quiet.

WHEAT.

The wheat market, after declining 1c to 2¼c a bushel, rallied just before the close, and final prices were comparatively steady. At Chicago the December delivery was ⅛c net higher. Generally the market was from ⅛c to 1c net lower. The selling movement during the morning was a continuation of the acute liquidation started in the market previously and accentuated by the heavy overnight margin calls and continuation of very favorable weather conditions throughout the entire West and Northwest. Crop reports of a hopeful character from the soft Winter wheat States and of a very optimistic character from the hard Winter wheat States and the Northwest predominated. The Modern Miller advices were of improvement in all the Winter wheat sections. A report emanating from an association of Kansas millers covering the entire State estimated the crop there at 90,000,000 bushels to 100,000,000 bushels, compared with 78,000,000 bushels indicated by the Government report and 51,000,000 bushels last year. The weekly exports of wheat were heavy owing to the large shipments of Canadian wheat, totaling 7,000,000 bushels, against 5,860,000 bushels the previous week. The Argentine exports were 5,872,000 bushels, against 2,720,000 bushels last year; Australian, 812,000 bushels, against 806,000 bushels; India, 1,368,000 bushels, against 1,144,000 bushels. The indicated world's exports for the week were 24,400,000 bushels, against 11,700,000 bushels the previous week, and 16,300,000 bushels last year. The foreign markets, owing to the large supplies of wheat now headed toward Europe, are showing no interest in even Manitoba wheat on new orders. Cash quotations were nominal, with No. 2 red quoted at 1.09¾, free on board; No. 1 Northern, 1.24½; No. 2 hard Winter, 1.20¾; No. 1 Manitoba, 1.14¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was active and irregular, with the May delivery showing a good deal of strength, while late deliveries were weak. Toward the close the whole list rallied under a let-up in the offerings of contracts on the future market. The market early was advanced on the May on apparently technical conditions, while the forward deliveries were weak. Weather conditions were decidedly favorable, and the predictions were favorable. Cash corn was reported weak and generally lower through the West. American exports for the week were 62,000 bushels, against 583,000 bushels last year; Argentine, 3,655,000 bushels, against none last year. Cash corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 83¼, free on board.

OATS.—The market was active and very weak again, with further forced liquidation. The weather and crop news was favorable, and stop orders were reached in quantity, as was the case in other grain markets. Late with a let-up in the liquidating pressure, prices showed strong recovery, closing unchanged to ⅝c net decline. Cash oats were lower, with Standards and No. 3 white 61c nominal; No. 2 white, 61½c.

PROVISIONS.

The market was irregular and unsettled. Prices at times showed a good deal of weakness, but the development of moderate buying orders caused good recovery. Hogs were comparatively firm, and with receipts of only 75,000, the contract market developed a better tone at the close, leaving off at the best of the day.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	....	....	$1.19	$1.20
July	1.14⅝	1.13⅜	1.13¾	1.14¼
September	1.05¼	1.04¾	1.04¾	1.05⅛

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	1.13	1.10¾	1.12¼	1.11¼
July	1.09	1.06⅝	1.08¼	1.08⅞
September	1.04	1.02¾	1.03⅝	1.03⅝
December	1.04¼	1.03	1.03¾	1.03¾
Corn—				
May	73⅜	71	72	72⅝
July	75⅞	73⅝	74⅜	74⅝
September	73⅜	72	72	72
December	63	62¼	62¾	63
Oats—				
May	53⅜	52¼	53¼	53¼
July	50⅞	49½	49⅞	50
September	42⅝	41⅝	42¼	42¼
December	43¼	42¼	43¼	43¼
Lard—				
May	....	....	10.72½	10.70
July	10.82½	10.67½	10.82½	10.82½
September	11.02½	10.90	11.00	11.02½
October	11.10	10.95	11.10	11.10
Ribs—				
May	....	....	10.55	10.50
July	10.40	10.25	10.40	10.35
September	10.60	10.42½	10.55	10.50
Pork—				
May	....	....	18.40	18.35
July	18.35	18.30	18.65	18.55
September	19.00	18.80	18.90	18.72½

COTTONSEED OIL.

In sympathy with the easier tendency of the lard market during most of the day and the favorable weather through the South, there was scattered liquidation of cottonseed oil. Several interests expressed the belief that there are liberal buying orders on the scale down, presumably for the account of refiners who are short, but otherwise the demand noted was not particularly aggressive. Sentiment appears mixed with the opinion in certain quarters that a scalping market will probably be witnessed until the supply and demand situation is better defined. Crude was quoted at 6c to 6.13 in the Southwest and 6.37 nominal in the Valley and Texas, displaying no feature.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.05	7.10
May	7.10	7.10	7.09	7.13
June	7.10	7.10	7.06	7.16
July	7.19	7.15	7.19	7.19
August	7.24	7.21	7.23	7.24
September	7.28	7.24	7.27	7.29
October	7.24	7.23	7.22	7.28
November	....	....	6.72	6.70
December	6.68	6.68	6.63	6.62

COTTON.

The aspect of the cotton market was not essentially changed during yesterday's session with little evidence of a pronounced movement of values impending. Many students of the situation are obsessed with the idea that the large speculative interests are satisfied to operate according to climatic changes, with the uncertainty as to the date of issuance of are Government report a restrictive influence on outside dealings. The list, without displaying symptoms of weakness was almost continually several points under the finals of Thursday, but closing quotations were literally unchanged.

A set-back ranging from 8 to 18 points occurred on the opening call with reports that prominent uptown interests were placing short lines encouraged by the highly favorable cotton weather. The subsequent course of values, however, made it apparent that those anticipating a lower level were not inclined to exert much energy toward bringing this about, or at least, did not force their advantage. There was no rain reported excepting for scattered showers in Tennessee and light precipitation along the South Atlantic Coast, and although there are some complaints of cool nights, the forecast was for higher temperatures and no moisture was expected.

There are still many messages being received principally from the central belt and most sections of the East, dwelling on the late start of the belt and the poor preparation, also alluding to a smaller acreage this year, but it is natural for such advices to command but meagre attention. In the main they represent past conditions, and it is admitted that with prevailing weather, betterment is taking place. The accounts from Texas and Oklahoma continue optimistic, and some crop experts traveling through Georgia and Alabama are noting rapid advancement of the crop, due to the more seasonable weather.

A setback of several points was witnessed just after midday on the rumors that there would be no Government report on June 4. Later advices are that Senator E. D. Smith of South Carolina made the statement that the bill changing the date of the acreage report to July was passed by the Senate, (which bill does not call for a change in the date of the condition report,) and will go direct to the President for signature. The assumption, therefore, was that a condition report would be received on June 4, and a statement on acreage early in July.

The week-end figures were about in line with expectation. Spinners' takings were 387,000 bales against 301,000 last week and 178,000 a year ago. Into sight was 73,000 as against 69,000 last year; since Sept. 1 14,996,000 bales against 14,471,000 a year ago. The visible decreased 184,000 bales against the reduction of 212,000 last week and a decrease of 100,000 last year, when the total was 2,104,000 bales against a present total of 2,313,000 bales. Southern spot markets were mainly unchanged. New York spot cotton was 10c. decline. Middling, 11.05. The foreign market was a shade disappointing yesterday, but exhibited no feature. Spot sales at Liverpool were 8,000 bales.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Bid.
May	11.25	11.17	11.21@11.22	11.27
June	11.23	11.22	11.22@11.23	11.28
July	11.34	11.22	11.33@11.34	11.34
August	11.30	11.29	11.40@11.41	11.40
September	11.29	11.29	11.40@11.42	11.40
October	11.48	11.36	11.47@11.48	11.48
November	....	....	11.50@11.52	11.51
December	11.57	11.45	11.56@11.57	11.58
January	11.54	11.40	11.53@11.54	11.52
February	11.44	11.40	11.54@11.56	11.53
March	11.62	11.47	11.61@11.63	11.61

COFFEE.

Coffee showed little or no improvement in the volume of trading and

GRAND TRUNK HEAD HERE.

Fellow-Passenger on Mauretania with Canadian Northern Official.

Among the passengers arriving from Liverpool yesterday on the Cunarder Mauretania was Alfred W. Smithers, Chairman of the Grand Trunk Railway, who is on his way to Montreal to attend a conference of the Directors, called to choose a successor to President Charles M. Hays, who was lost on the Titanic.

Mr. Smithers said that the death of President Hays had been a great blow to him as he was a very great friend of his. It was also a big loss to the Grand Trunk Railway, he said, as he was considered one of the ablest railroad men in America.

When asked if it was true that Sir Donald Mann, the Vice President of the Canadian Northern Railroad, was to be appointed to the Presidency, Mr. Smithers replied:

"Several names have been suggested but no decision has been made and in any event it would not be Sir Donald Mann. We cannot afford to take a millionaire Director and Vice President from another company and make him President of the Grand Trunk Railway. No definite action will be taken until I return to London."

Sir Donald Mann, who was a passenger on the same ship with Mr. Smithers, laughed at the idea of his being appointed President of the Grand Trunk Railway. It was ridiculous, he said. He had been away four weeks and found the conditions in England very good from a commercial point of view. The people had forgotten the coal strike in the excitement over the loss of the Titanic.

The Canadian Northern Railway was going ahead rapidly, Sir Donald said. They had just commenced work on 700 miles of railroad which was to be completed in 1913 and that would give the company a direct line from Quebec to Vancouver. Work had also been commenced on the Mount Royal tunnel in Montreal, which would give the Canadian Northern a terminal in the heart of the city at a cost of $15,000,000.

Lady Mann came from Canada on Thursday to meet her husband, as she was anxious to see him after his recent operation for appendicitis in London. Unfortunately she was not aware of the Customs regulations and neglected to provide herself with a pier pass and was refused admission by the inspectors.

Lady Mann became so upset that she burst into tears. A messenger was taken to Acting Deputy Surveyor Racklewicz, who was in charge, and he immediately made out a pass and sent it to the gate for her. By that time Lady Mann was so nervous that she declined to go on the pier but waited until her husband came hurrying down looking for her. They drove away to the Hotel Plaza together.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK County.—ROBERT D. DOUGLASS and others as surviving executors of the last will and testament of ROBERT G. DUN, deceased, plaintiffs, against MARY R. CHISHOLM and WALTER CHISHOLM, individually and as executors, &c., and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 13th day of June, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, 8,308-8,310 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, in the City of New York, on the 17th day of May, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain piece or parcel of land now situate in the Twenty-third Ward of the City of New York, County and State of New York, formerly in the Townsaip of West Farms, County of Westchester, State of New York, being part of lot Number 70 and all of lots Numbered 71 and 72 as the same are laid down on a map of Woodstock, filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester November 9th, 1849, and amended June 6th, 1850, and described as follows, viz.:

Beginning at a point on Prospect Avenue distant seventy feet southerly from the point where the easterly line of Prospect Avenue adjoins or intersects the southerly line of lot Number 69, as laid down on said map, running thence along the land now of William Jost, easterly about three hundred and sixty-six 6-10 feet to the stone wall or fence adjoining land formerly of William W. Fox and John Collins; thence southerly along said stone fence or wall about two hundred and sixty-three feet; thence south sixty-one degrees forty-five minutes west fifty-three feet five inches; thence westerly along the northerly side of lot Number 73 on said map four hundred and three feet six inches to the easterly side of Prospect Avenue; thence northerly along the easterly side or line of Prospect Avenue about two hundred and ninety-five feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said several dimensions more or less.

Being the same premises which were conveyed to the said Ellen M. Chisholm by the Mutual Life Insurance Company by deed bearing date November 28th, 1881, and recorded in New York Register's Office, Liber Conveyances 1,624, Page 340, November 29th, 1881, save and excepting the land conveyed by said Ellen M. Chisholm to William Jex by deed bearing date 31st August, 1885.

Excepting out of the premises above described the following parcels of land:

All that part of the said mortgaged lands above described, known as parcel Number 76 on the Damage Map of the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in a certain proceeding in the Supreme Court, entitled "Matter of opening One Hundred and Sixty-third Street from Third to Westchester Avenue," the report of the Commissioners in said proceeding having been confirmed by an order of the Supreme Court dated 15th day of March, 1901, and entered March 18th, 1901, and on all that other part of the said mortgaged lands known as parcel Number 80 on the Damage Map of the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in a certain proceeding in the Supreme Court, entitled "Matter of opening Prospect Avenue from Westchester Avenue to Boston Road," the report of the Commissioners in said proceeding having been confirmed by an order of the Supreme Court dated April 17th, 1895, and entered May 20th, 1895."

Excepting also out of said premises all that part of the said mortgaged lands bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of Prospect Avenue, distant one hundred feet and forty-four one-hundredths of a foot northerly from the northeasterly corner of One Hundred and Sixty-third Street and Prospect Avenue, and running thence northerly along the easterly line of Prospect Avenue seventy-five feet, more or less, to the southerly line of premises formerly embraced in a mortgage made by Ellen M. Chisholm to the Mutual Life Insurance Company, recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York in Liber 1,617 of Mortgages, Page 164, and released therefrom by release dated August 31st, 1885; thence easterly along the said southerly line of said premises one hundred and twenty-five feet; thence southerly and parallel with Prospect Avenue seventy-five feet, more or less; thence westerly parallel with One Hundred and Sixty-third Street one hundred and twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning.

Excepting also out of said premises all that part of the mortgaged premises described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side or line of East One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, forming the corner with the easterly side or line of Prospect Avenue; running thence easterly along said southerly side of said East One Hundred and Sixty-third Street one hundred and ninety-eight feet and forty-one one-hundredths of a foot; thence southerly and nearly parallel with Prospect Avenue seventy-seven feet and seventy-one one-hundredths of a foot to the northerly line of the Johns property adjoining; thence westerly along the line of said Johns property one hundred and ninety-eight feet and forty-one one-hundredths of a foot to the easterly side or line of Prospect Avenue; and thence northerly along said easterly side of Prospect Avenue sixteen feet and one one-hundredth of a foot to the place of beginning.

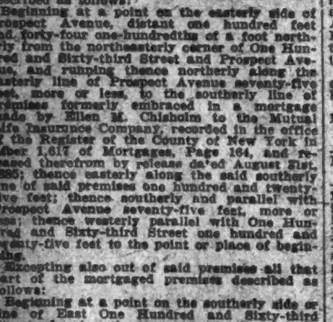
Excepting also out of said premises all that part of the said mortgaged lands above described as known as parcel Number 75 on the Damage Map of the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in a certain proceeding in the Supreme Court, entitled "Matter of opening Stebbins Avenue from Dawson Street to Boston Road," the report of the Commissioners in said proceeding having been confirmed by an order of the Supreme Court dated the 26th day of June, 1896, and entered the 17th day of February, 1897.

Dated New York, April 26th, 1912.

JAMES COTTER CONNELL, Referee.

ALEXANDER & GREEN, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 165 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; the street number is No. 981 Prospect Avenue, Borough of the Bronx, City of New York:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is $38,620.85, with interest thereon from the 20th of April, 1912, together with costs and allowances amounting to $7048.01, with interest on $5544.76 from June 18th, 1910, on $120.27 from April 15th, 1911, and on $133.86 from April 11th, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $1,000 and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage upon which there is outstanding twenty-eight thousand one hundred and forty-four 47-100 dollars, with interest on twenty-five thousand six hundred and sixty-four 96-100 dollars from September 1st, 1911, and on two thousand four hundred and eighty 42-100 dollars from March 22d, 1912. Said premises will also be sold subject to any restrictions of record affecting said premises and to any state of facts which an accurate survey would show.

Dated New York, April 26th, 1912.

JAMES COTTER CONNELL, Referee.

The sale in the above entitled action is hereby adjourned to Friday, May 24th, 1912, at the same hour and place. Dated New York, May 7th, 1912.

JAMES COTTER CONNELL, Referee.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FREDERIC A. CAMPBELL, Bankrupt.—No. 14,608.

Pursuant to the order of this Court, the undersigned, Trustee of the above named bankrupt, offers for sale that part of the property, assets and effects of the said bankrupt's estate known as the Fulton Mills, carried on by the bankrupt under the name of F. A. Campbell & Co., and all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in and to the capital stock of Frederic A. Campbell & Company, (being the entire issue thereof,) a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York to carry on the business of the said Fulton Mills, being principally the manufacture of "Fulton" coffee, and carried on at Nos. 21 and 23 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The property known as Keen's English Chop House consists of interior decorations, furnishings, tables, chairs, silverware, plated ware, china, crockery, carpets, machinery, bedroom furnishings, bar fixtures and accessories, wines, liquors, etc. and all such other property as is usually kept in a modern restaurant, chop house and hotel, and all the right, title, and interest of the trustee in and to the lease of the premises at which the said restaurant and hotel are located, and the unexpired term thereof, and the good will of said business, known as "Keen's English Chop House."

The property to be sold known as Fulton Mills consists of office furniture and fixtures, partitions machines and machinery for roasting coffee, safes, chairs, tables, stock of merchandise, "Fulton" coffee, tea, etc., accounts receivable; the registered trade name "Private Estate Coffee;" coffee urns, coffee pots; horses, wagons, automobile delivery wagons; mules and all other property belonging to the said business, known as the Fulton Mills, F. A. Campbell & Co., together with the trade name "Fulton Mills," and the good will of said business.

The property above named, to wit: Keen's English Chop House, may be inspected at the premises, Nos. 68, 68, and 70 West 36th Street, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M. and 2 P. M. and 5 P. M., on any day excepting Sundays up to the day of sale, and including the morning of the day of sale.

The property above mentioned, to wit: Fulton Mills, may be inspected at the premises, Nos. 21 and 23 Fulton Street, New York City, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any day excepting Sundays up to the day of sale and including the morning of the day of sale.

Keen's English Chop House will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, official auctioneer of this court, at the premises, Nos. 68, 68, and 70 West 36th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 10:30 A. M., on the 28th day of May, 1912, and the Fulton Mills will be sold at public auction by the same auctioneer, at the premises, Nos. 21 and 23 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 2 P. M., on the 28th day of May, 1912.

A deposit of 10 per cent. in cash or certified check of the amount of the bid will be required from all bidders at the time of the making of their bids.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the property from said sale unless it shall bring 75 per cent. of the appraised value thereof, and reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated New York, May 17th, 1912.

JOHN E. CONRON, Trustee, 10th Av. and 13th Street, New York City.

EDWARD ROSEN, Attorney for Trustee, 128 Broadway, New York City.

Any further particulars or information desired as to the property to be sold or the manner of sale and terms of sale may be obtained from the trustee or his attorney.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of SAMUEL H. BECKER, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt:

Pursuant to an order duly made in this matter, the receiver of the estate of the alleged bankrupt will sell property belonging thereto, consisting of a stock of men's clothing and fixtures now contained in the store at 282 Market Street, Newark, New Jersey.

The sale will be at public auction on May 31, 1912, at 10 A. M., at 282 Market Street, Newark, New Jersey. The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any or all of the property from said sale at public auction unless it brings at least 85% of the appraised value. The property may be inspected at the above address on May 27, 28, and 29, 1912, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Further information may be obtained from SPAULDING FRAZER, Receiver, 164 Market Street, Newark, New Jersey, or from ELGIN L. McBURNEY, Attorney for Receiver, 302 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MERCADANTE, REGAN & CO., (a corporation,) Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property, belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of bottled wines, (12 years old,) office fixtures, furniture, and typewriters, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 113 Leonard Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of May, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

Said property may be inspected at the above address two days prior to the day of the sale between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

WILLIAM CHILVERS, Receiver.

MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM DUKMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 29th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, flannels, cotton goods, ladies' and children's dresses, skirts, ribbons, notions, &c.

SOL. L. YOUNGENTOB, Trustee.

WALTER T. KOHN, Attorney for Trustee, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,471.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMPLEX CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Simplex Construction Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Simplex Construction Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,875, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 30 Church St., City and County of New York, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1912, at 12:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1912.

NO. 16,484.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY LIVERMAN, individually and as a member of the firm of LIVERMAN & ISRAELIT, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Harry Liverman, individually and as a member of the firm of Liverman & Israelit, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Harry Liverman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room 1,875, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 30 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 16th, 1912.

NO. 16,462.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROLAND M. P. OUFFROY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Roland M. P. Outfroy of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Roland M. P. Outfroy was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditor will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 17, 1912.

NO. 15,800.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNA C. PANDICH, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Anna C. Pandich of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Anna C. Pandich was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 16, 1912.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of CAB & TAXI COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 14,854.

To all persons asserting claims against Francis C. Huntington, as Receiver of the above-named company, or against the moneys in his possession as such Receiver:

SIRS: PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that an order was made by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, on the 17th day of April, 1912, and was on that day duly filed and entered in the office of the Clerk of said court in the above-entitled proceeding, where it may be inspected, directing all persons, firms, or corporations who have or assert any claim or claims, including claims for expenses of administration of this estate, against the Receiver in the above-entitled case, or against any of the sums of money in his possession referred to in a petition made and filed herein on April 10th, 1912, which said petition is on file in the office of the Clerk of the said court, except those parties who assert claims arising out of alleged injuries to their person or property alleged to have been the result of the conduct of the business of the bankrupt by the Receiver, and all persons, firms, or corporations claiming to be creditors entitled pursuant to the terms of the order of this court dated July 14, 1911, to the payment of 50 per cent. of the amount of their claims in cash, to file said claims duly verified with A. S. Gilbert, Esq., at his office, No. 48 Exchange Place, Manhattan, New York, on or before June 1st, 1912. You and each of you, including those who have heretofore filed claims in the office of Honorable Nathaniel A. Prentiss, are hereby notified that unless you file verified claims with the said A. S. Gilbert, Esq., at his office as aforesaid on or before June 1st, 1912, you will be forever barred, foreclosed, and enjoined from making any claims against the receiver herein or against the funds referred to in his petition verified April 10th, 1912, herein above referred to, and you are hereby directed to file said claims, if any, on or before the said 1st day of June, 1912.

You are further notified that the first hearing upon all claims which may be filed pursuant to said order of April 29th, 1912, will be held before the said A. S. Gilbert, Esq., as Special Master at his office, No. 48 Exchange Place, Manhattan, New York, on the 4th day of June, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard. Yours, &c.,

PHILBIN, BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Attorneys for Receiver, Office and Post Office Address, 52-54 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NO. 16,472.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY STERN and ADOLF ROSENBERG, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of EXCELSIOR RAINCOAT COMPANY, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Henry Stern and Adolf Rosenberg, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of Excelsior Raincoat Company, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said Henry Stern and Adolf Rosenberg, individually and carrying on business under said firm name were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 6th day of June, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 17 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—RAPHAEL GREIFF, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Raphael Greiff, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 3, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 24th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM C. ROTHMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William C. Rothman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 25, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 24th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAM LEVY, also known as Samuel Levy, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Sam Levy, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 20th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 24th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—LESLIE L. B. WILSON & COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Doing business under the copartnership name of L. B. WILSON & COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Leslie B. Wilson, one of the above-named bankrupts, has filed his petition, dated May 15th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM E. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 17, 1912.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—MORRIS H. MINTZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Morris H. Mintz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 27th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 24th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY SILBERT, Bankrupt.—No. 16,486.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Silbert, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 9th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 24th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated May 17, 1912.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG AMERICAN
Largest S.S. Co. Over 400 SHIPS
In the World. 1,210,000 TONS

Atlantic Service
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

MAY SAILINGS
†Pennsylvania ...22d, 11 A. M.
Cincinnati ...28th, 1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic...30th, 10 A. M.

JUNE SAILINGS
†Victoria Luise....6th, 9 A. M.
Pres. Lincoln.....8th, 11 A. M.
Amerika .....13th, 9 A. M.
†Pretoria .....15th, 9 A. M.
Cleveland .....20th, 10 A. M.
Hamburg .....22d, 12 noon
Ka'n Aug. Victoria.27th, 9 A. M.
Pres. Grant .....29th, 10 A. M.

JULY SAILINGS
Cincinnati .....4th, 12 noon
†Pennsylvania .....6th, 10 A. M.
Amerika .....11th, 9 P. M.
Pres. Lincoln.....18th, 9 A. M.
Cleveland .....25th, 9 A. M.

‡2d Cabin only.
†Will call at Boulogne 2d cabin only.

Mediterranean
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa.
S. S. MOLTKE
May 29, July 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. Moltke August 20, 11 A. M.

SUMMER CRUISES
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Land of the Midnight Sun.
Eight delightful cruises
during JUNE, JULY and AUGUST
from HAMBURG to NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, SPITZBERGEN.
DURATION 14 TO 28 DAYS,
Cost $62.50 and up
Splendid service, large steamships "VICTORIA LUISE," "KRONPRINZESSIN CECILIE," and "METEOR."

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Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
To the fishing country down in Maine—
Go by the Fall River Line.
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arr. Fall River Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $4
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way, Phone 5121 Cort.

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50 ¢
The most economical way is via Steamers FRANK JONES KAATERSKILL of the
CAPITAL CITY LINE
which leave Pier 40, North River, at 5:30 P. M., foot of 129th Street at 6 P. M. daily, including Sunday. Fare 50 cents. For particulars apply to
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Pier 40, N. R.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON $2.65
Via Boat and Rail.
PROVIDENCE Direct $1.75
WORCESTER, Boat and Rail $2.45
WEEK DAYS and SUNDAYS at 5:40 P. M. FROM PIER 28, foot West Houston St.
Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office: Broadway & 25d St.

JOY LINE 2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL
Providence Direct, $1.50 Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Steamers leave Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M., West 42d St. 9 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:30 A. M. Daily except Sunday. Landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Direct rail connection: Music. Restaurant.

1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Steamboats leave foot of West Houston Street, 5:30 P. M.; foot of West 129th Street, 6 P. M. Phone 9226 Morning.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri., Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 5:30 P. M. Daily passenger service resumed May 20th (stopping at Yonkers 7:30 P. M.) 'Phone 1097 Spring.

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YELLOWSTONE PARK
CANADIAN ROCKIES
GRAND CANYON
CALIFORNIA, Etc.
Low-Rate Summer Vacation Tours. All Expenses Included. Send for Program.
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Including Hotels, Drives, &c.
5 Days .....$27.50 and up
9 Days .....$38.50 and up
FRANK TOURIST CO.,
Tel. 1840 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

Europe, $170 Complete Tour, July 12. Send for circular. Marstons, 81 W. 34th St., N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,270.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DONATO MADDALONI, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Donato Maddaloni was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 32 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM E. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 17, 1912.

STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania May 22 July 3 Sept. 11
June 12 July 24 Oct. 2
Lusitania 1 A.M. Aug. 21 Oct. 23
May 29 July 10 Sept. 18
June 19 Aug. 7 Oct. 9
1 A. M. Aug. 28 Nov. 6

CARMANIA CARONIA CAMPANIA
MAY 18, 10 A.M. July 13 June 1, 10 A.M. July 31 June 6, 1 A.M. July 17
June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10 June 29, 10 A.M. Aug. 24 June 28, 1 A.M. Aug. 14

The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.

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Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

CARPATHIA a June 4 a July 18
SAXONIA June 12 Aug. 1
PANNONIA a b June 20 a b Aug. 8
IVERNIA July 3 Aug 22

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours. Round the World Trips $600. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery

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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

New 45,324 Ton OLYMPIC Sails from NEW YORK MAY 25 1:00 P.M.
JUNE 15 JULY 6
JULY 27 AUG. 17

NEARBY SAILINGS
Lapland .....May 18, 10:00 AM
Minnewaska.....May 18, 10:30 AM
Oceanic.....May 18, 12:00 N'n
Celtic.....May 23, 12:00 N'n

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York...May 25 Philadelphia...June 8
St. Paul.....June 1 St. Louis.....June 15

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 59, N. R.
Minnewaska.May 18, 10:30 AM Minnehaha.Je. 8
Minnetonka.Je. 1, 10:30 AM Minnewaska.Je. 15

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland .....May 18 Zeeland .....June 1
Kroonland .....May 25 Vaderland .....June 8

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic.....May 28, noon Majestic..June 1
Olympic (new).May 25, 1 PM Oceanic...Je. 8
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Celtic...May 23, noon Baltic.....June 8
Adriatic.May 30, noon Cedric.....June 13

FROM BOSTON To THE MEDITERRANEAN
CANOPIC, June 5, 4 P. M. | CRETIC, June 20

CANADIAN SERVICE
LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA
Montreal via Quebec to Liverpool
LAURENTIC May 25, June 22, July 20
*CANADA June 1, June 29, July 27
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*TEUTONIC June 15, July 13, Aug. 10
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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Forty-fifth Street Plot Near Fifth Avenue Acquired for Sixteen Story Loft—Ninth Avenue Estate Sale—Greenwich Village Deal—West Side Transactions—Bronx Block Purchased.

An important commercial improvement is to be made in Forty-fifth Street, just west of Fifth Avenue, as the result of the purchase of the five old houses at 25 to 33 West Forty-fifth Street by the Chatham Construction Company, of which George Backer, a well-known operator, is President. The property, which is on the north side of the street, opposite the Harvard Club, has a frontage of 100 feet, by 100.5 feet deep. It was acquired from the Century Holding Company, (Lee & Fleischman,) which bought the plot about a year ago from the Tilden Investing Company, which took it in trade for the Tilden Building, in Fortieth Street, near Sixth Avenue. The property had previously been bought as the possible home for the New York Club, but this was abandoned in favor of the site in Fortieth Street, west of Fifth Avenue.

The Chatham Construction Company is having plans prepared for a sixteen-story business building, to cost about $450,000. Wallis & Goodwillie are the architects.

West End Avenue Sale.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Annie M. Campbell the two-story and basement building 114 West End Avenue, on a lot 23.3¼ by 100, adjoining the southeast corner of Sixty-fifth Street, to Louis Richard, owner of the fifty-foot plot adjoining on the south.

Washington Smith Estate Sells.

The executors of the estate of Washington Smith have sold to an investor 132 and 134 Ninth Avenue, old buildings, on a plot 44.8 by 60; 363 West Nineteenth Street, a twenty-two-foot four-story dwelling, and the four-story flat 415 West Eighteenth Street, on a lot 21 by 92.

The late Washington Smith built the Ninth Avenue houses over sixty years ago and acquired the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Street houses shortly after. The property has not changed ownership during this period. The buyer, who already owns several houses in this section, will hold for investment. William H. Archibald was the broker in the transaction.

Deal in Greenwich District.

The six-story commercial building at 507 Hudson Street, under lease to the United States Government, has been sold by the Kuland & Whiting Company for the Greenwich Investing Company to Mrs. Lizzie A. Bentley. The plot is 23 by 100, on the west side, between Christopher and Tenth Streets. The Greenwich Investing Company takes in part payment two four-story apartments at 1,445 and 1,447 Pacific Street, Brooklyn.

Lexington Avenue Purchases.

H. & M. Mandelbaum have purchased 568 Lexington Avenue, a four-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 73, adjoining the northwest corner of Fifty-fifth Street, from Florence L. Reid of Newport, R. I.

A few months ago the Mandelbaums bought the southwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Fifty-first Street from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company and resold to I. Koch, who has since acquired two adjoining parcels. John N. Golding negotiated yesterday's transaction.

O'Reilly & Dahn have sold for Mary A. Thornton 1,688 Lexington Avenue, a five-story flat, on plot 20 by 95, to a client. It is between 105th and 106th Streets.

Two East Harlem Deals.

Edward Kauffman has purchased from M. F. Abbe, 109 and 111 East Ninety-second Street, two five-story flats on a plot 38 by 100.8, adjoining the northeast corner of Park Avenue.

A. D. Davis has purchased from Irving Margulies 1,712 Madison Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a lot 18.5 by 70, at the northeast corner of 113th Street.

Activity on Washington Heights.

Two more five-story apartments on Washington Heights were disposed of yesterday to an investor. The property, which is known as 548, 550, 552 and 554 West 163d Street, two structures, each on a plot 42.2 by 100, were sold by the World Securities Company. They adjoin the southeast corner of Broadway and were acquired by the sellers in November, 1908, for $110,000.

On Thursday the two new five-story apartments in the Fort Washington section, at 110 to 116 Audubon Avenue and 583 West 171st Street, were sold to an investor by the Harvey Realty Company. They were erected last year and cover a plot 95 feet on the avenue and 100 feet on the street.

Bronx Borough Deals.

The Home of the Daughters of Jacob, a charitable institution, now at 302 East Broadway, has purchased, represented by its attorneys, L. & J. Joseph, a plot of thirty-six lots, comprising the block bounded by 167th Street, Teller Avenue, 168th Street, and Findlay Avenue. The home will in the near future erect on the property a number of buildings for the use of its inmates. The improvement will involve an expenditure of about $500,000, including the land. W. E. & W. I. Brown were the brokers in the transaction.

Hugo Wabst has sold the plot on the south side of Beach Avenue, About 800 feet from Boston Road, to a builder, who will improve the same.

Mrs. B. A. Devoe has sold through McLernon Brothers and B. H. Weisiker, 2,391 Walton Avenue, a three-story brick dwelling on lot 20 by 95, located 149 feet north of 184th Street. The buyer will occupy.

An investor has purchased from John Butterfass 409 East 169th Street, a four-story flat on a lot 72 by 88, near Webster Avenue. Alexander Selkin was the broker.

John L. Brill sold 1,841 Clinton Avenue, a two-story dwelling, on lot 22.6 by 87, north of McKinley Square.

Long Island Sales.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company has sold at Rockville Centre to Charles Moeller, a plot 40 by 100, at Allen Street and Sopper Avenue; to Benjamin Kisser and John Kisser each a plot 40 by 100, on Mount Avenue; to A. Hatto, a plot 40 by 100, on Langdon Boulevard; to Arthur Sauer, a plot 40 by 100, on Columbia Avenue.

Buys 1,400 Lots at Rahway.

The Independent Land Development Company has purchased a tract, consisting of 1,400 lots, 25 by 100 each, at Rahway Park, Rahway, N. J., from the Peerless Realty Company. The property has a trolley frontage of 4,000 feet, and is on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The company intends to improve the property at once for buildings. The President of the new company is Henry Gerber, and an office has been opened at 302 Broadway.

Suburban.

Ewing, Bacon & Henry, Inc., in conjunction with the Briarcliff Realty Company, have sold 120 acres at Yorktown, Westchester County, to Walter Stern, for a country home.

The James Jay Smith Company have sold to E. A. Harris two plots near Palmers Cove, New London, Conn. Also a bungalow near the Groton Club, to Prof. George Vogt of New York.

Recent Buyers.

The Wauneega Realty Company is the purchaser of Belmoral Court, at the southwest corner of Broadway and 163d Street, sold by the Henry T. Bulman Company.

James Chesney is the purchaser of the two apartment houses at the northwest corner of Audubon Avenue and 171st Street, sold by the Harvey Realty Company.

William Mertens is the buyer of the flats 828 and 830 Amsterdam Avenue, sold by the Peters Realty Company.

The William Klein Realty Company are the buyers of the plot, 50 by 95.6, on the west side of Castle Hill Avenue, 220 feet south of Starling Avenue; running through to Purdy Street.

Estimate Commissioners Report.

The Estimate Commissioners who were appointed in the city's proceedings to acquire the property required for ferry purposes in the vicinity of Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, Brooklyn, and adjacent to the water front, have prepared their final report and will present it for confirmation to the Supreme Court on May 22.

Newark Auction Sale To-day.

The Newark auction sale of 880 lots, including forty-four business lots on Bloomfield Avenue and twenty-three business corners on Bloomfield Avenue, Roseville Avenue, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, and Thirteenth Streets, Newark, will be held to-day by Bryan L. Kennelly on the premises at 2 P. M.

Commercial Leases.

The Duross Company has leased the building 49 Sixth Avenue, consisting of four stories and basement, for Joseph A. Vellone of Hackensack to Schlorer & McHarg of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for a term of ten years at an aggregate rental of $20,000.

Hubert & Cabel have leased for Francis K. Pendleton to Friedman & Zomback the four-story building at 832 Monroe Street, and for the Deiches estate to the Unique Passementerie Company the second loft at 89 Mercer Street.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased the store at 9 Lawrence Street to G. B. Seely's Sons.

The Corn Exchange Realty Company has taken a twenty-one-year lease of the ground at 299 Madison Avenue, northeast corner of Forty-first Street, 25 by 100, from Fannie L. Hellmuth. The lease starts on Oct. 1 and shows an annual rental of $16,000.

Newport Rental.

De Bois & Eldridge have rented for Mrs. Charles Fairchild her cottage on Washington Street, Newport, R. I., fronting on the harbor, to Mrs. Charles Whitney of Boston.

Manhattan-Bronx Building Loans.

The City Real Estate Company has loaned $425,000 to the Wellwyn Realty Company on the new apartment to be erected on the site of the private residences at 258 to 260 West Seventy-second Street.

Among the loans on new operations in the Bronx are $136,000 by the City Real Estate Company to the Moorehead Realty and Construction Company at Southern Boulevard and 180th Street, 152.3 by 99.8 feet; $105,000 by the Atlantic Mortgage Company to the Defender Construction Company on the east side of Crotona Parkway, 274.5 feet south of 177th Street, a plot 109.9 by 85.11 feet, and $100,000 by the same company to the same builder on another plot, 109.9 by 100, on the east side of Crotona Parkway, 109.9 feet south of 177th Street.

Notes.

William H. Peckham has retired from the Frank L. Fisher Company and has associated himself with Howell C. Perrin at 503 Fifth Avenue, corner of Forty-second Street, in the general real estate brokerage business.

Through the agency of Walter C. Nicholson & Co. the home of Mrs. E. A. Houghton, known as the Houghton Place in Riverside, Conn., has been leased for three years to Amelia Adams of New York.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

AT 3,206 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

163d St, 1,026 East n e corner of Prospect Av, 100.8x125x75x214.11; to Stebbins Av; $23.7x 891.6, two-story dwelling and several one-story buildings and vacant; also Stebbins Av, s w corner of 163d St, 17.8x144.1, vacant; foreclosure, adjourned to May 24.

By J. H. Mayers.

Hone Av, 1,825, w s, 218.8 ft n of Walker Av, 25x100, Westchester; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, B. F. Levy, $4,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed yesterday for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

84th St, 211 West; for a one and two-story studios, 25x70; J. J. Boyle, 1,931 Broadway, owner; W. E. Young, 1,931 Broadway, architect, cost $6,000

26th St, 53 to 59 East and 4th Av, 352; for a sixteen-story store and loft, 100x—x19.9; I. Unterberg, 68 Franklin St, owner; Schwartz & Gross and B. H. Marcus, 347 5th Av, architects, cost $300,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Water St, s e, 221.4 ft w of Jackson St; to a two and one-half story dwelling; J. & D. Reardon, 237 South St, owners; L. A. Sherbart, 194 Bowery, architect, cost $5,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, MAY 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,498, w s, 22.11x100; William and Julius Bachrach to Arolf Realty Co, 149 Broadway, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, J. Bachrach, 149 Broadway $100

AMSTERDAM AV, 2,205 and 2,210, s w corner of 170th St, (500 West,) 37.6x100; William H. Davidow to Ellenmay Realty Co, 16 and 18 West 22d St, B. & S., all liens, May 11; attorney, Olcott, G. B. & McM., 170 Broadway $1

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner 8th St, 25x75, foreclosure April 15; Hy. M. Stevenson, referee, to Harry Applebaum, 274 South 2d St, Brooklyn, May 17; attorney, B. Alexander, 135 East Broadway $3,500

BEEKMAN PLACE, w s, 87 ft s of 50th St, 19x100; William H. Davidow to Ellenmay Realty Co., 16 and 18 West 22d St, B. & S., and all liens, May 11; attorneys, Olcott, Gruber, B. & McM., 170 Broadway $1

BOWERY, n e corner of Delancey St, 25x26x 25x22.10; Lillian W., wife of and William D. Weaver, heirs of Byron A. Stief and another, to Thos. Price, 2 Rector St, and 201 West 79th St, 1-3 part of any mortgages of party of the first part, all liens, Oct. 21, 1911 ..... Secure services

ESSEX ST, 100, s s, 18.11x78.1; Essex St, 102, s s, 18.10x76.1; Montrose Realty Co. to N. Y. & Brooklyn Mercantile Co., 128 Essex St, (mtg $27,000,) May 14; attorney, Title Insurance Co. $5,000

GREENWICH AV, 80, e s, 22x97.10; Elizabeth Stuhl to Jacob Stuhl, at Bronxville, N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) May 13; attorney, P. Klein, 61 Park Row $100

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 50 ft s of 123d St, 50.11x94.10; (foreclosure May 6;) Warren Leslie, referee, to Reuben Sadowsky, 535 West End Av, (mtg $34,000,) May 15; attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway $8,000

LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 123d St, 50x94.10, (foreclosure May 6;) Charles J. Leslie, referee, to Reuben Sadowsky, 535 West End Av, (mtg $44,000,) attorney, Paul Hellinger, 320 Broadway $10,000

MORNINGSIDE AV, 171, East, s s, 24.11x75; Alfred and Jennie Lederer to Jennie Lederer, 19 East 119th St, (mtg $16,500,) May 17; attorney, Harry Greenberg, 61 Park Row $1

MULBERRY ST, 197 and 199, n w corner of Kenmore St, 75 to 85, runs n 59.9x w 99.4x s 45.10x e 100.2 to beginning; Michael Brigante Co. to Alessandro Delli Paoli, 216 East 19th St, (mtg $130,000,) May 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s w, 30 ft s of 106th St, 26x100; Charles B. Barkley to Farrand D. Brower, Harriman, N. J., (mtg $63,000,) May 14; attorneys, Brower, B. & S., 149 Broadway $100

VAN CORTLEAR PLACE, n s, 146.8 ft e of line between lands of Dyckman, Camp, and Seybal, runs n 91.8x w 50x s 80.7 to place x s 51.4 to beginning, being Lots 101 and 102, Map 738 of North Marble Hill, (foreclosure Feb. 21;) Charles J. Carroll, referee, to Park Mortgage Co., 41 Park Row, March 21; attorneys, Fettretch & S., 41 Park Row $5,000

WATER ST, 695, s s, 25x70; E. Aymar Sands, trustee of Heleb A. Howell, to Bertha, wife of William Friedler, 295 East 62d St, C. A. G., May 17; attorney, G. J. Frankenstein, 115 Broadway $10,500

WILLETT ST, 10, e s, 22.4x100; Willett St, 12, e s, 25.5x100, (partition April 16;) Edw. S. Clinch, referee, to Dora O. Bloch, 316 West 79th St, all liens; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $44,750

2D AV, 61, s w, 20.1x80, (partition April 16;) Edw. S. Clinch, referee, to Louis R. O. Detleff, 622 Courlandt Av, all liens, May 16; attorneys, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $20,000

47TH AV, s w corner of 20th St, 100x80; regular; Mary Di Scalfani to Mail Co. Realty Co, 49 Wall St, quitclaim, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

47TH ST, 67 East, n s, 25x98.2; Mary, wife of Thomas J. Mooney to Louis Traub, 23 West 117th St, (mtg $20,000,) May 16; attorney, Hugh Cohn, 19 Avenue A $100

47TH ST, s s, 262 ft w of Avenue D, 25x49, (probably meant for an interior lot, but reads as above, with rights of s s 1 through 739 East 6th St;) Morris Friedman and others, heirs of Leo Friedman, to Samuel Friedman, 108 East 81st St, (mtg $29,000, on this and 734 and 736 East 6th St,) ½ part; attorney, Max Stefisert, 206 East 57th St $1

47TH AV, 2,442, s s, 24.11x76.3; Paul Seip to Dora Steinman, 21023 7th Av, all liens; May 17; attorney, George Steinman, 116 Nassau St $1

21ST ST, 120 East, n s, 20x92.6, with rights to Gramercy Park; Jennie F. Morrison to Charles Morrison, 321 Broadway, (mtg $15,000;) and all liens, Aug. 30, 1909 ..... $1

20TH ST, 28 East, s s, 20x102; Rough Rider Realty Co. to Peter H. Fowler, 194 Berkeley Av, Orange, N. J., (mtg $53,000,) and all liens, May 17; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $100

21ST ST, 209 East, n s, 20x92.6, (partition April 16;) Edw. S. Clinch, referee, to Samuel Kosminsky, 141 Avenue C, all liens, May 16; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $100

28TH ST, 20 East, s s, 25x98.9; Rose Mitchell to Clarence W. Paxton, 14 Lexington Av, (mtg $24,000,) May 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway $1

47TH ST, s s, 311 ft w of 2d Av, 19x100.5; Mary Maguire to Mary Molley, 150 East 40th St, (mtg $8,000,) May 15; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway $100

32D ST, 224 East, s s, 20x100.5; same to same, (mtg $6,000,) May 25, 1909; attorneys same.

57TH ST, n s, 90 ft e of 3d Av, 90x100; Rosanna Waxelbaum, executrix, &c.; Joseph Waxelbaum, to 206 East 57th Street Construction Co., 505 5th Av, May 15; attorneys, Liebman & Taney, 32 Broadway $100

64TH ST, 42 East, s s, 17x100.5; Lee W. Todd and others to Cass Gilbert, at Ridgefield, Conn., May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

71ST ST, 112 West, n s, 24.11x102.2; Martin P. Lodge to Lord, and Investing Co., 319 Broadway, (mtg $30,000,) acknowledged May 14, 1912; executed, —, 1911; attorney, Solon B. Lillienstern, 135 Broadway $100

84TH ST, 852-840 East, s s, 100x102.2 (partition April 16;) Edward S. Clinch, referee, to Catherine Sandford, 144 West 118th St, all liens, May 16; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway $39,000

64TH ST, 35 East, n s, 20x102.2, (partition April 16;) Edw. S. Clinch, referee, to Charles F. Zenker, 251 East 84th St, all liens, May 16; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.

84TH ST, 852-850 East, s s, 100x102.2, (partition April 16;) same to Ella L. Murphy, 19 West 20th St, Bayonne, N. J., May 16; attorney same $50,000

SAME PROPERTY; Ella L. Murphy to Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum, 15 West 67th st, May 16, (mtg $50,000;) attorney same $100

111TH ST, 230 to 238 West, s s, 125x100.11; Harry Hellinger to Rosie Sadowsky, 535 West End Av, quitclaim, and C. A. G., Aug. 2, 1910; attorneys, Pinson & Beall, 6 Nassau St $1

114TH ST, 95 to 106 East, n s, 50x100.11; Fannie Miller to Hyman Rubin, 150 Delancey st, quitclaim and correction and confirmation deed, Nov. 25, 1911; attorney, T. Goodelman, 63 Park Row $100

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Shapiro to same, all liens, Nov. 15, 1911; attorney same $100

119TH ST, 11 West, n s, 14x76.10x14.6x73; Burtis C. Magie to Samuel Siskind, 9 West 119th St, and Louis Seletzky, 11 West 119th St, (mtg $4,427.50, and all liens,) May 7, attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

123D ST, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x100.11; Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co. to Classic Holding Co, 1,980 7th Av, (mtg $42,000,) May 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Co, 160 Broadway $100

127TH ST, 220 East, n s, 20.6x99.11; Henry W. Unger, referee, to Julius Seiring Bank, 2 to 4 Spring St, May 16; attorneys, Wayland & R., 256 Broadway $15,000

131ST ST, 240 West, s s, 17.10x99.11; Henrietta Chappell and others, executors, &c, of Emma and William Chappell, to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, (mtg $5,000;) May 16; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St $1

137TH ST, 612 West, s s, 65x99.11; James W. Buehner to Palmer Realty Co, 27 William St, (mtg $23,500,) May 14; attorneys, Kendall & H., 27 William St $100

140th ST, 240 West, s s, 25x99.11; Samuel Prick, executor of Anna L. Bachmann, to Annie M. Oberhofer, 2,301 Cambreling Av, May 17; attorney, James M. Tully, 27 Broadway $27,000

151ST ST, 527 West, n s, 40x99.11; William H. Davidow to Ellenmay Realty Co., 16 and 18 West 22d St, B. & S., all liens, May 11; attorneys, Olcott, G. B. & McM., 170 Broadway $1

156TH ST, n s, 41.6x99.11; Christin Yore to Justin Balard, Montvale, N. J., (mtg $45,000,) May 13; attorney, H. A. Vien, 320 Broadway $1

191ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. Nicholas Av, 100x100; Morganthau Realty Co. to 191st Street Construction Co., 35 Nassau St, B. & S., May 10; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

M. Realty Co., 128 Broadway, May 15, 2 yrs, 6 p. c.; attorney, Goldsmith, C. & W. $18,000

BROADWAY, 1,000, w s, 100x irg; Edward Hirsh to Henry Acker Co, 2,472 Grand Av; May 15; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway $100

167th AV, w ½ of Lot 308, map of Wakefield; Harold B. Lippincott, referee, to George B. Raymond, 1,958 Marion Av, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,250

134TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Alexander Av, 150x100; Campbell Carrington to Silas R. Pomeroy, New Rochelle, N. Y., May 15, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

148TH ST, 457 East, 25x99.11; Frieda Stern to John L. Mason and another, 241 East 122dSt, May 17, (mtg $12,500;) attorney, F. A. Stroll, 38 Park Row $100

169TH St, n s, 272 ft w of Elton Av, 28x100; Peterson Realty Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, (mtg $15,000,) May 15; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av $100

SEDGWICK AV, w s, 150 ft n of land of John E. Eustis, runs w 200x n 97x e 185.6x s 66.5; Hannah T. Dahlen to Edward W. Harris, 56 West 54th St, April 16, (mtg $11,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Edward W. Harris to Alumni Association of the Gamma Chapter of Delta Phi, a corporation, 277 Broadway, May 4, (mtg $11,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

TAYLOR AV, e s, Lots 71 and 72, map of Clasons Point, 25x100; Beach Estates Improvement Co. to Margaret Schwalbenberg, 2,100 Ellis Av, April 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

TELLER AV, e s, 45 ft n of 163d St, 40x100; Putham Realty Co to Rockland Realty Co, 509 Willis Av, May 15, (mtg $28,000;) attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av $100

TINTON AV, s e corner of 161st St, 100x100; Jonas Weil and others to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St, May 17; attorney, B. J. Weil, 5 Beekman St $100

UNDERHILL AV, w s, 150 ft s of Eastern Boulevard; Charles Wodin to Elizabeth Ehrlich, Hackensack, N. J., May 11; attorneys, Whalen & Dunn, 97 Cedar St $1

UNION AV, e s, 71.8 ft n of 163d St, 87.6x125; John T. Dooling, referee, to Charles S. Albert, 418 East 140th St, (mtg $28,000;) May 14; attorney, Edward J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St $1,000

WEBSTER AV, w s, at centre line of Irving Place, —x—, gore; Esther L., wife of Theo. C. Bacon, to Philip Livingston, 118 East 61st St, quitclaim, May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, (6 deeds) $1

WEST ½ of Lot 267, same property, 50.8x114.8; John F. Lavins to Leopold Krajewski, 784 East 230th St, May 17; attorney, same $100

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 100 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, 150.10x—; Edward Hirsh to Henry Acker Co, 2,472 Grand Av; May 15; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway $100

167th AV, w ½ of Lot 308, map of Wakefield; Harold B. Lippincott, referee, to George B. Raymond, 1,958 Marion Av, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,250

134TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Alexander Av, 150x100; Campbell Carrington to Silas R. Pomeroy, New Rochelle, N. Y., May 15, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

148TH ST, 457 East, 25x99.11; Frieda Stern to John L. Mason and another, 241 East 122dSt, May 17, (mtg $12,500;) attorney, F. A. Stroll, 38 Park Row $100

169TH St, n s, 272 ft w of Elton Av, 28x100; Peterson Realty Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, (mtg $15,000,) May 15; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av $100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 150 ft n of 181st St, 50x100; William L. Phelan to Sarah Taub, 1,434 Bryant Av, May 16; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

BAILEY AV, 1,492, e s, 19.11x97.4; James E. J. Martin to Maxim Hunnstain Real Estate Co., 260 Miller Av, Brooklyn, May 14; attorney, Annie Lashinsky, 302 Broadway $1

BAILEY AV, 2,490, e s, 19.11x85; same to Rachel Podolsky, 302 New Jersey Av, Brooklyn, May 4, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, same $1

BAILEY AV, 2,488, e s, 20.10x85; same to Dora Lashinsky, 247 Clinton St, Brooklyn, May 14, (mtg $9,500;) attorney, same $1

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 109.9 ft s of 177th St, 109.9x121.8; Crotona Parkway, e s, 274.5 ft s of 177th St, 109.9x128.4; Crotona Parkway, e s, 210.7 ft s of 177th St, 84x304.2, to Daly Av; Blamere Place, e s, 126.5 ft s of Crotona Parkway, 76.2x101; Blamere Place, n s, 90.11 ft e of Crotona Parkway, 101.7x101; Daly Av, w s, 252.5 ft s of 177th St, 25.8x 101.7; Tremont Avenue Land Co. to Defender Construction Co., 35 Nassau St, May 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

CASTLE HILL AV, n e corner of Gleason Av, 83x105; Edward A. Schiff to Frank A. Antes, 2,115 Gleason Av, May 16, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

EAST ½ of Lot 267, map of Wakefield, 50.8x 114.6; John F. Lavins to Anton Chmiel, 710 East 216th St, May 17; attorney, Eugene L. Brisach, 261 Broadway $100

ELSMERE PLACE, n s, 21.8 ft e of Marmion Av, 75x100; 177th St, s s, 20.10 ft e of Marmion Av, 25x100; Tremont Avenue Land Co. to Defender Construction Co, 35 Nassau St, May 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $100

LOTS 473 and 474, Block P, map of Mapes estate; Paul L. Kiernan, referee, to Max L. Friedman, 1,915 Lexington Av, May 16; attorney, Hessel Markowitz, 2 Rector St $1,850

SAME PROPERTY; Max L. Friedman to Max Barkowitz and another, 379 Knickerbocker Av, Brooklyn, May 16; attorney, samp $1

LOTS 284 and 285, map of part of Hunt estate; Mary A. Rice to Agnes Heffel, 1,852 Wallace Av, April 10; attorney, J. J. Mulhearn, 1,722 White Plains Av $100

MORRIS AV, 2,066, s s, 25x100; Sarah Taub to William L. Phelan, 2,049 Ryer Av (mtg $5,000,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

PARK AV, 4,237, e s, 25.5x99; Evelina A. Stenthal to Housey Realty Corporation, 440 Tremont Av, May 15, (mtg $4,100;) attorney, Fred A. Wagner, 440 Tremont Av $100

SEDGWICK AV, w s, 150 ft n of land of John E. Eustis, runs w 200x n 97x e 185.6x s 66.5; Hannah T. Dahlen to Edward W. Harris, 56 West 54th St, April 16, (mtg $11,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Edward W. Harris to Alumni Association of the Gamma Chapter of Delta Phi, a corporation, 277 Broadway, May 4, (mtg $11,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

TAYLOR AV, e s, Lots 71 and 72, map of Clasons Point, 25x100; Beach Estates Improvement Co. to Margaret Schwalbenberg, 2,100 Ellis Av, April 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

TELLER AV, e s, 45 ft n of 163d St, 40x100; Putham Realty Co to Rockland Realty Co, 509 Willis Av, May 15, (mtg $28,000;) attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av $100

TINTON AV, s e corner of 161st St, 100x100; Jonas Weil and others to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St, May 17; attorney, B. J. Weil, 5 Beekman St $100

UNDERHILL AV, w s, 150 ft s of Eastern Boulevard; Charles Wodin to Elizabeth Ehrlich, Hackensack, N. J., May 11; attorneys, Whalen & Dunn, 97 Cedar St $1

UNION AV, e s, 71.8 ft n of 163d St, 87.6x125; John T. Dooling, referee, to Charles S. Albert, 418 East 140th St, (mtg $28,000;) May 14; attorney, Edward J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St $1,000

WEBSTER AV, w s, at centre line of Irving Place, —x—, gore; Esther L., wife of Theo. C. Bacon, to Philip Livingston, 118 East 61st St, quitclaim, May 8; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, (6 deeds) $1

WEST ½ of Lot 267, same property, 50.8x114.8; John F. Lavins to Leopold Krajewski, 784 East 230th St, May 17; attorney, same $100

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 100 ft n e of Southern Boulevard, 150.10x—; Edward Hirsh to Henry Acker Co, 2,472 Grand Av; May 15; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway $100

167th AV, w ½ of Lot 308, map of Wakefield; Harold B. Lippincott, referee, to George B. Raymond, 1,958 Marion Av, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $6,250

134TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of Alexander Av, 150x100; Campbell Carrington to Silas R. Pomeroy, New Rochelle, N. Y., May 15, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

148TH ST, 457 East, 25x99.11; Frieda Stern to John L. Mason and another, 241 East 122dSt, May 17, (mtg $12,500;) attorney, F. A. Stroll, 38 Park Row $100

169TH St, n s, 272 ft w of Elton Av, 28x100; Peterson Realty Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, (mtg $15,000,) May 15; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 6 per cent unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, s e, 309 ft s of Fairview Av, 100x100; James A. Lynch and another to M. to same, May 15, due as per bond. 6 p. c.; attorneys, same $17,000

SAME property; same to same, May 15, due Nov. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, same $22,000

WESTCHESTER AV, n s, w corner of Tiffany, 66.11x irregular; Henry Acker to Edward Hirsh, 53 East 80th St, May 15, due Nov. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway $15,000

4TH ST, s s, 173 ft w of Washington Av, 25x 106.8; Ferdinand Stieger to Jacob Littau, 504 East 165th St, May 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $7,500

5TH AV, w s, 100 ft n of Nelson Av, 25x100; Hilda C. Swenson to Grace L. Burton, 2,881 Broadway, May 15, (installments;) attorney, W. P. Duckworth Co, 61 Park Row $500

140TH ST, s s, 278 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 50x20; Elizabeth M. Wolski to Ida Cox, Friedlander, 44 West 77th St, May 15, 5 years; attorneys, Lindsay, K. & P., 27 William St $25,000

131ST ST, 604 and 606 East, 54x100; Fanny Grizen to Gus Fuld and another, 204 West 110th St, May 17, due July 1, 1917; attorneys, Kurzman & M., 25 Broad St $32,000

154TH ST, n s, 125.5 ft e of Morris Av, 25x 100; Ferdinando Marone to Loomis L. White and another, trustees, Shrewsbury, N. J., May 10, due June 1, 1917; attorneys, Miller, L. & T., 20 Broadway $4,500

230TH ST, s s, e ¼ of Lot 267, map of Wakefield, 50.8x—; Anton Chmiel to Mary A. Levins, 1,123 Nelson Av, May 17, 3 years; attorneys, Bogart & B., 61 Park Row $1,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 626, store and basement; J. J. and C. A. Kissling, executors, to the Warwood Company, 649 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, S. P. Fleischman, 299 Nassau St $1,800

BROADWAY, 55, rooms 19 to 22; W. H. Mairs to J. P. Mueller Company, on premises, 5 years from July 1, 1912; attorney, H. A. Moore, 52 William St $2,300

CLINTON ST, 178, store and basement; Mayer Landsberger to Morris Lipstain, 220 Madison St, 2 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Nathan Cohen, 217 East Broadway $540

MULBERRY ST, 75, store and part of cellar; Rose Pannacchia to Teresa Cappello, 69 James St, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Jos. M. Mageo, 258 Broadway $360

MANHATTAN AV, 404, south store floor; Emil F. Breiha to Harris Finkson, on premises, 3 years from May 1, 1912; address, 346 Av A $450

VARICK ST, 85, a strip, 2.6x50.8; Rector, &c., Trinity Church to Knickerbocker Trust Company, trustee, 90 Broadway, 1 year from May 1, 1912; address, 60 Broadway $20

2D AV, 88 to 90, north store and basement; Julius Burnstein to Benjamin Rubin, 88 2d Av, 4 5-12 years from Dec. 1, 1911; attorney, M. Asofsky, 151 East Broadway $1,140

2D AV, 272, store, &c.; Louise H. Chamnitzer to Theodore Plattner, 112 West 120th St, 5 years from June 1, 1912; address, 112 West 120th St $1,000

3D AV, 858, all; Susan Mount to Thomas H. O'Brien, 858 3d Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; address, 858 3d Av $3,500

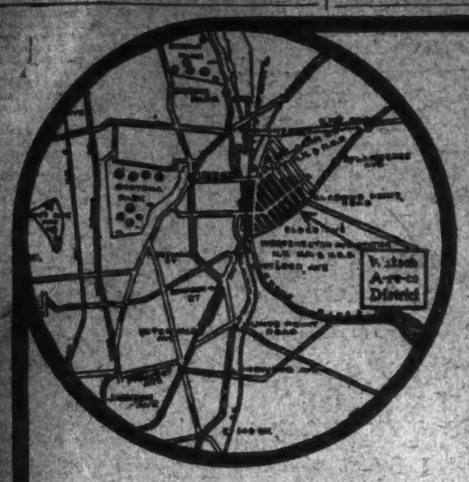
6TH AV, 394 to 396, all; Mary B. Delafield to Max Zimmermann, 112 West 120th St, 5 years from May 1, 1830; address, 3,028 Creston Av $10,500

116TH ST, 221 to 223 West, all; Cornelius S. Pinkney and another to Simon Strauss, Inc., 223 West 118th St, 10 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Arnold Lichtig, 141 Broadway $4,200

12TH ST, 49 East, upper store, w s; John F. Smith to Lena Rosner, on premises, 3½ years from April 1, 1912; attorney, Morris Asofsky, 204 East Broadway $1,000

161ST ST, 581 West, corner store and basement; Maurice B. Mendham to Emma Braumann, 581 West 161st St, 7 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Morris Koh

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



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Phone, write, or call for tickets (the office is open Sunday from 10 to 2 P. M. for that purpose), or meet our agents at train entrance gate wearing yellow badges at either Grand Central or 125th St. stations. Come—spend an afternoon in the country—no obligation on your part—a pleasure on ours.

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If you want to see photographs that you'd think were taken in Switzerland—and yet were snapped within 18 miles of New York City—send for Larchmont Gardens booklet. But unless you are temptation proof, don't send for the booklet. For you'll read—then buy, and build a bungalow.

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A Few Higher.
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A new Fashion Centre for Fine Retail Trade

Both construction and location make the Frances Building, with its entrance on Fifth Avenue, well suited to high-class business interests.

It is dignified and artistic in its architecture. The entrance is unusually wide and the hallways throughout the building are built on the same liberal scale. Each floor is so arranged as to give maximum amount of light and air.

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Fireproof construction and sprinkler system throughout, reduce insurance rates one-half. Space can be arranged to suit tenants.

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Representative in Building

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A Fine House at Moderate Price

New and very conveniently arranged 2-story stone, bay window front house in Prospect Park East, one of the famous EASY HOUSE-KEEPING HOMES in the most select neighborhood in Brooklyn; 9 rooms and bath; honor-built throughout; hardwood trim, parquet floors; open hearth in foyer hall, electric light, hot-water heat; will decorate to suit; near Prospect Park station, Brighton Beach L; only $1,000 cash required, balance easy terms; title guaranteed free. JONES, 101 Fenimore St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

A Genuine Home Bargain

$300 cash and $35 a month is all that is required to own a gem of an EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOME in 54th St., between 11th and 12th Avs.; price $5,750; 2-story, tapestry brick front; 8 rooms and bath, furnace heat, combination gas and electric fixtures; will decorate to suit; Title policy free of charge; one block from 54th St. station of Sea Beach or West End L. OWNER, 1160 54th St., Brooklyn.

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Beautiful Mapleton

IN THE PARK SECTION OF BROOKLYN.

Never in the history of Brooklyn home building has there been presented to the buyer such a favorable opportunity for owning your own home

The most artistic, sanitary, and up-to-date construction known to the science of building—one and two-family brick houses.

Prices, $4,250 to $5,500.

Terms, $100 cash and balance monthly, like rent.

Send for particulars and our illustrated photographic booklet.

You will be interested.

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Phone Cort. 7440. Special Manager.
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Attractive place at Great Neck, located on a nice elevation and commanding a good view of the surrounding hills. House recently finished, latest modern improvements. Excellently planned. Nice rooms and two baths. Hardwood floors. Can be bought on easy terms, if desired.

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LIME AND BROWNSTONE.
EIGHT ROOM.

OUR NEW OPERATION

OF 28 HOUSES

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION.

Hot-water heat. Selected hardwood trim. Bookcases in library. Mirror doors. Gas ranges with water heaters attached. Parquet floors. Electric lights. Tiled kitchen and bath. Laundry and servants' toilet in cellar. Showers. Burglar-proof doors. Streets asphalted.

$750 CASH. BALANCE AS RENT.

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COR. AVE. D AND EAST 26TH ST.,
Near Flatbush Ave.

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806 Grant Av., 2-family detached	$4,100
1,008 Ave. M, 1-family brick	$3,850
199 Berriman St., 1-family frame	$3,000
297 Montauk Av., 1-family, driveway	$3,500
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Will accept one hundred cash for my one-family brick house, 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, hardwood trim, richly decorated, 30 minutes via elevated railroad to Manhattan. Address T. M., 518 Times Downtown.

$5,000.—Practically new two-family brick, adjoining Prospect Park, athletic grounds; easy terms; beautifully decorated; good tenants; Church Av. station Brighton Beach L, Franklin, Smith, Church, Fleid Av. cars. Owner, 602 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION.

DeKalb, near Marcy Av., 75x100; also Park Slope section, 100x181; suitable for steam-heated or cold water apartments; builders' conditions will subordinate. LEVY BROS., 5 Beekman, N. Y.

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New House and Garage, $5,750; overlooking Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn. 861 Ave. G, Brooklyn.

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Will accept $100 cash; tiled bath; parquet floor; hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; 30 minutes, elevated railroad to Manhattan. Address A. E., H 284 Times Downtown.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

TUXEDO PARK
FOR RENT FURNISHED,

season or year, one of the finest places in the Park; complete in every detail. Particulars by

DE BLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
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AT LAWRENCE, L. I. New, well-furnished house, with large grounds and garage, in fine neighborhood, near depot. To rent for season; 8 rooms, all large; $750. Address E. E., Room 1,908, 15 East 26th St.

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Beautiful villa, shore front, Long Island; great bargain. Winterroth Pianos, 8 Union Square, Manhattan.

Cottages for rent or for sale; have bargains. Rytzel, Cedarhurst, L. I.

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High, Healthful, Beautiful, Accessible.

Only a few minutes north by N. Y. Central. (Broadway Subway express is available at 231st St.) Beautiful all-year homes and grounds for sale from $6,000 to $45,000. Some at bargain prices—one shown above 129; below cost because owner's business in California now. Little cash. Terms very attractive. List, with photos, on request. Booklet.

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In the City of Yonkers, N. Y.

A residential park of delightful, well-kept homes, laid out amid broad streets, beautiful trees, flowers and shrubbery.

Overlooking the Hudson River, on the west and Van Cortlandt Park on the south.

Artistic bungalows and other homes built to order, at prices from $5,000 upward. Terms reasonable.

Three rapid transit lines to the property.

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On North Street; 7 acres and a little remodeled Colonial house; 8 rooms, open plumbing, electric light, hardwood floors; trees and flowers galore; stable, garage, chicken houses; fine highway between White Plains and Harrison; 6 minutes' motoring from either station; 10 minutes from bathing beach at Rye; price, $25,000, which is land value, or will rent.

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If you are interested in securing a home site, with magnificent old trees and shady lawns, near the water, let us show you the most beautiful spot in Westchester; boating, bathing, fishing, &c.; quiet, refined surroundings; large plots, with all improvements, at a reasonable price; sold only to persons acceptable to us. 71 Nassau. 4143 Cortlandt.

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Residence plots on highest land in New York City.

Reached in 25 minutes from 42d Street by Broadway Subway to Van Cortlandt.

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For sale, two artistic, well planned houses; one stucco, one brick and wood; 10 rooms two baths, electricity, fine floors, fireplaces, laundry; attractive proposition to right people, making purchase very little more than rent; price, about $11,000. KENNETH MYGATT, Pelham Manor, N. Y.

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Old-fashioned residence, attractively and completely furnished; 5 master's rooms, 3 servants' rooms, 3 bathrooms; shade, garden, 1½ acres; good location. Rent season to October at reasonable figure. Davis & Robinson, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

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EDWARD M. WEST, Inc.
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Woods of Larchmont.—Artistic cottage; 7 rooms; 2 baths; good location; $6,000. C. Biatchly, 105 East 22d St. New York City.

2 corner lots, 80x100, near Clason Point Road, to be sold cheap. Apply Mcdonough, 1,575 Bronxdale Av., Morris Park.

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New Colonial House 9 rooms, 3 baths, with every convenience, sleeping porch, water front, private bathing beach and boat house. Will sell at cost or rent $125 per month, unfurnished.

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SCARSDALE.—Rent or sale, stucco house, 12 large rooms, 2 baths, 1½ acres, fine shade; small brook and duck pond; stable, 4 rooms, bath. Angell, 16 East 42d St.

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Owner Wants Your Offer

9-acre country seat, White Plains. Everything about this attractive house, the many outbuildings, the finely shaded grounds, which include vegetable garden with berries, grapes and fruit, and also formal gardens; shows unusually good value at asking price of $22,000. Quick business means genuine bargain.

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Gentleman's country place for rent by the year; 1¾ acres of ground; house 14 rooms; steam heat; electric lights; stable; garage; $3,200 per year. Apply George L. Hubbell, Garden City, L. I.

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IN THE IDEAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE GARDEN CITY CO.

East of Franklin Av., between the famous Garden City Hotel and beautiful Hempstead; Washington Av., corner of Garden St.; Colonial houses on large plots; now ready for occupancy; architecturally correct, honestly built. Price and terms right.

The Bush Building Co., Garden City.

Sunday May 19, Sun Will Shine
At Bayview Section, Freeport.

Near bay, depot, trolley. House, 8 rooms, bath; large barn; plot 70x140. Every improvement. Easy terms. ONSLOW-MOORE Company, Freeport and 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.
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COUNTRY HOUSES

A choice tract of 20 acres, all cleared and under cultivation; fine soil; high, with unobstructed view of Sound; long road frontage on two roads; one mile to shore, trolley and village; $400 per acre; exceptional terms. Edwin N. Rowley, Northport, L. I.

WILL SACRIFICE A LARGE PLOT FOR BUILDING SITE, 30 MINUTES OUT, ON NORTH SHORE, NEAR THE WATER; DRIEST ROAD TO BAY; GOOD SECTION; MUST HAVE QUICK ACTION. N-68 TIMES.

A.—A.—I? you are interested in a home or land on Long Island, send at once for my Long Island magazine, giving reliable information; it is free. President, Room 202, 347 5th Av.

A home for the same as rent; 7-room house, modern improvements, large plot, low price; 35 minutes out; also beautiful water front property. T 97 Times.

LONG BEACH.

—Choice 100-ft. corner plot in best developed section, near ocean. Bargain price. Address Owner, 170 West 35th St.

Belle Harbor.—Ten-room frame house, one block from ocean; bargain; on reasonable terms. Owner, L. Bonnesen, 314 East 35th St.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MURRAY, MARY ELLEN.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, one of the Surrogates of the County of New York, notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply to the Surrogates' Court of the County of New York under the provisions of the final clauses of Section 2,564 of the Code of Civil Procedure for the issuance to him of letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of Mary Ellen Murray, late of the City, County, and State of New York, deceased, and all persons who are or claim to be creditors of said Mary Ellen Murray, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims to one of the Surrogates of the County of New York, at the office of the Clerk of the Surrogates' Court of the County of New York, in the Hall of Records, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on or before the 18th day of June, 1912.

Dated New York, May 14th, 1912.

NORMAN J. MURRAY,
OLIVER W. BEALS, Attorney for Norman J. Murray, 287 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

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Weequahic Tract
NEWARK, N. J.

Fronting on Weequahic Park

On the Lehigh Valley Main Line

The Lehigh Valley Railroad is to build at once a large new station directly opposite the property at Elizabeth and Meeker Avenues. All express and local trains will stop at this station, giving excellent commuting service to New York City.

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Handsome houses and beautifully located building plots for sale. The opportunity for a profitable investment is the best ever offered in this city.—Now is the time to buy. Come and see for yourself.

Streets curbed and paved, parkway strip in center, water, gas, sewer services run to curb. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust Co.

Take McAdoo Tubes to Newark and Mt. Prospect cars to property.

Maps and further information,

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Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

VALUABLE CORNER PLOT

on the trolley, near Highland Av. station, Orange; 40 minutes out on D., L. & W.; 100 feet by 150 feet, (equal to 6 city lots,) on corner of Orange Heights Av. and Oxford Terrace; fully improved; will sacrifice to quick purchaser on easy terms. Write owner, Room 10,075, Metropolitan Building, 23d St., N. Y.

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FOR SALE—Fine Piece of Property, about 25 acres, for development and housebuilding; high altitude, overlooking the Passaic Valley; large road frontages; splendid train service; only 7 minutes from Erie station; electricity, water, and telephone; price $20,000. Address the owners, Y 117 Times.

GENTLEMAN'S FINE COUNTRY ESTATE of 39 acres for sale. Ideal location; inspiring scenic view; one hour from New York, on Lackawanna; splendid train service; residence 17 rooms, 5 baths; electric light; farmer's house and complete outbuildings, all in fine shape. This is a very fine place, if you are looking for that kind it will suit you. Ask C. H. NEVIUS, 116 Main St., East Orange.

BARGAIN.

Owner must sell beautiful home, best section South Orange; oak floors, hardwood trim, beam ceilings, large living room, open fireplace, 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; little cash; easy payments; no reasonable offer refused. Hope, Room 55, 156 Broadway.

ARTISTIC ORANGE HOME

near Highland Av. station, Orange, N. J.; 40 minutes out on D., L. & W.; no finer location in all the Oranges; big bargain for some one. Send for particulars to OWNER, Room 10,076 Metropolitan Building, 23d St., New York City.

HILLTOP BUNGALOW, $175.

Among the pines and cedars, magnificent views, only 32 minutes Lackawanna; 22 trains on Erie; near station; communities 13c.; near river, boating, bathing, and fishing; large plot $150, $10 down, $5 monthly. Phone 4909 Beekman. W. M. LANE, Room 324 World Building.

Beautiful Modern 8-Room

suburban home; all improvements; exclusive, healthy location; fruit, trees, etc.; going West; must sell immediately; easy terms. Call to-day. C. Hulstrom, 190 Bergen Av., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

Ridgefield, N. J.—Bargain on the westerly slope of Palisades; 9-roomed house with improvements; 7¼ lots; corner; no obstructions; hen house to accommodate 200 head; good place for country store or bakery; 12 minutes from three trolley lines. Owner, Box 175 Ridgefield, N. J.

A GEM OF A BUNGALOW

for year-around living; five rooms, bath; electricity, gas, water, large veranda, plenty grounds; beautiful view; must sell; $3,750; easy terms, if taken at once; 40 minutes to New York; good express service; will send tickets. Owner, Box 79 Times Downtown.

INVEST IN BERGEN COUNTY!

I have a few choice lots in a rapidly growing town of 1,500; most desirable section; excellent train service; $400 a lot, on easy terms; fifty houses finished this Spring. Owner, Box 249 Times Downtown.

Modern, well-built house, eight rooms, bath, &c.; cemented cellar; Thatcher furnace; on high ground; ¼ mile from railroad station; corner plot, 100x200; fruit, stable, poultry house; $4,000. H., Box 65, Rochelle Park, N. J.

Almost given away; brand-new bungalow, with improvements; large plot; near school and station; only 25 minutes from Broadway; Lackawanna Railroad; price $1,800; easy terms. Nicholson, Lyndhurst, N. J.

Beautiful country home, Fanwood, N. J.—New, 9 rooms, 2 baths, open fireplace, finished in hardwood, all latest improvements; large plot; $3,700; very easy terms; write for photographs. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

WILL SACRIFICE SUMMER COTTAGE

at Schooleys Mts., N. J. Furnished
Write for particulars.
OWNER, P. O. Box 1431, N. Y. City.

Fanwood, N. J.—A large building plot, 100x 165, corner, with oak trees, for $500; $5 per month buys it; near station; beautiful location; write for particulars. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

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Will sacrifice for immediate sale beautiful 8-room private residence, almost new, containing every modern convenience and comfort. Situated within 20 minutes of New York City, on the Palisades, where climatic conditions are ideal the year around. Satisfactory terms to responsible buyer. Full particulars on application. Matthews, Times.

$4,250 ON EASY TERMS

buys seven-room country home, five minutes from express station. Road of Anthracite, 55 minutes from N. Y. City. All city conveniences. Write for cuts and plans.

BARGAIN,
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A JERSEY GEM.

Must sell at once this charming house, in select Bergen County suburb, high up in the hills; short distance from city; 7 rooms and bath; open plumbing, large attic, concrete cellar, steam heat, gas and electric fixtures, stationary tube, combination gas and coal range, beam ceiling in dining room, built-in bookcases and sideboards; a big bargain at $4,500; payable $500 cash, balance like rent. Address Builder, 185 Times Downtown.

BREATHE THE AIR THAT BUILDS

and "Get Next to Nature," the "Great Outdoors," the social club life on the water, the bungalow life in the Pines, and enjoy Motor Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Sailing, at

OCEAN GATE, N. J.

Choice lots, $50 and higher. Shore fronts and business sites at attractive prices, convenient terms. Free guest train next Sunday. Send for free tickets and views.

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45 West 34th St.

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AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.

40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone,
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

ON account of moving to Boston, will sacrifice my $7,500 house for $6,000. Liberal terms. Address Opportunity, Post Office Box 1,431.

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Beautiful illustrated booklet sent free on application.

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Maplewood, N. J.—New seven-room stucco house; open fireplace, hardwood floors, tile bath; near station; $500 cash, balance as rent. Owner, Box 301, Maplewood, N. J.

Farms every description everywhere, direct from owners; free illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

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Taught by Native Graduated Teachers.
Class and private lessons at the school or residence.
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WILL TEACH pure English to a refined foreigner by easy, personal instruction. T 102 Times.

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NEW IDEA
High Class Dwelling Apartments of
7, 8 AND 10 LARGE SIZED ROOMS.
SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.
UNIQUELY ARRANGED WITH 2 AND 3 BATHS.
LIKE PRIVATE HOUSES.

All latest improvements. Observation Roof.

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5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
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New Fireproof Apartments

nearing completion; two suites on a floor; ready for occupancy Aug. 15th

Making leases now from Oct. 1

7 to 10 Rooms

Rentals $2,800 to $4,400.

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Summer apartment rates from May 1.
2 rooms furnished, with bath.
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Handsome extra large, light apartments of eight rooms and bath; with all modern improvements; rents reasonable; possession Oct. 1st.
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230 West 107th St., off Broadway,
To sublet to October 1st, 1912,
One six-room apartment.
One seven-room apartment;
Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements. Will rent at a sacrifice.

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TWO LOFTS, 50x100.
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power, live steam, fine shipping facilities.
LOW RENT includes FREE HEAT, LIGHT.
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749-761 E. 147th, near Southern Boulevard.

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in piano and white goods factory section;
LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES;
power, live steam, fine shipping facilities.
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St. James Place, near Fulton St.

End apartment; all light rooms.....$40
Large apartment, 7 rooms and bath.....$45
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REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
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By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
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FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
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Securities, accounts, etc., Latham Alexander & Co., in liquidation, special circular at our office.

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WINTERROTH PIANOS,

105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Pianos for seashore, country; uprights, $175; pianos, $261; easy payments; player pianos, $395 up.

Help Wanted

The New York Times does not accept Help Wanted advertisements which do not clearly state character and conditions of the employment offered. Advertisements calling for a purchase of samples or cash deposit are excluded from the Help Wanted columns. If the employment is on a commission basis the advertisement must so state. The Times uses the utmost care in accepting Help Wanted advertisements to save applicants seeking employment through its columns the time and expense involved in investigating misleading announcements.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Andrew Long, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. Opinions by Clarke and McLaughlin, JJ. (McLaughlin and Miller, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Lillian D. Hayes, appellant, vs. New York Life Insurance Company, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Caroline J. Taylor, appellant, vs. Nathan H. Heft, respondent.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke and Dowling, JJ. (Dowling and Laughlin, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Joseph B. Wildman, respondent, vs. Frank C. Jones, as executor, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J.

Francis M. Hutchins, appellant, vs. United States Trust Co., individually, &c., respondent.—Judgment and order modified, as stated in order, and, as modified, affirmed, with costs to respondent. Opinion on former appeal (142 App. Div. 928). Scott, J., dissenting.)

Universal Talking Machine Manufacturing Company, appellant, vs. Max Landay and another, respondents.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

James S. Pearon et al., appellants, vs. Putnam-Hooker Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The Forty-two Broadway Company, respondent, vs. Laura B. Fitch, as executrix, &c., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Samuel Riker, Jr., respondent, vs. Helen S. Gwynne et al., appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

William S. Andrews, respondent, vs. Daniel L. Dresser, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Franklin Matthews, appellant, vs. Victor Hotel Company, respondent.—Determination affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Stanley Dwight, as trustee, plaintiff, vs. Harriet J. Gibb et al., appellants; Lillian C. Jaffray et al., respondents.—Judgment modified, as stated in opinion, and, as modified, affirmed, with costs to appellants payable out of the fund. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Rose Brabeven, appellant, vs. American Fidelity Co., respondent.—Judgment and orders affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

In the matter of Blackwell's Island Bridge.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

German Savings Bank in New York, respondent, vs. Catherine M. Dunn, impleaded, appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements, with leave to defendant to answer on payment of costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Electric Storage Battery Co., respondent, vs. Empire State Surety Co., appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., respondents, vs. New York Elevated Railroad Co. et al., appellants.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Richard Carvel, respondent, vs. Herman F. Rindskoff, impleaded, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of George W. Adams, deceased.—Decree affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Annie T. R. Hebe, appellant, vs. Frank M. Wells, individually, &c., respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Wallace W. Sweeney, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. Arthur E. Titus, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. No opinion. Order filed.

Herman C. Boedicker, respondent, vs. Degnon Contracting Co., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Charles Skalla, an infant, respondent, vs. Stewart Automobile Co., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Robert Bugrein, appellant, vs. Alfred T. Stanley, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Germania Life Insurance Co., respondent, vs. Phebe A. Ind., appellant.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Nellie O'Gorman, appellant, vs. Minnie Pfeiffer, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

In the matter of Emma E. Black.—Order modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Settle order on notice.

Abraham Leopoldstadt, appellant, vs. Maurice Kahn, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted and order of payment by plaintiff of $20 trial fee and $10 costs of motion. Opinion per curiam. Order filed.

Moss F. Mosse, respondent, vs. Walter J. Salomon, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Moss F. Mosse, appellant, vs. Walter J. Salomon, respondent.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Hattie G. Ryerott, appellant, vs. Henry C. Fuller, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Edward B. Roemer et al., respondents, vs. 88 Per Cent. Automobile Supply Company, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted. Opinion per curiam.

Ernest I. Mayer et al., respondents, vs. Thomas Madigan, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Louis Oppenheimer, respondent, vs. Emanuel Van Raalte and another, appellant.—Order modified as directed in opinion and as modified affirmed, without costs. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Sadie Babad, appellant, vs. Colton Dental Association and another, respondents.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Brody, Adler & Koch Company, respondent, vs. Belle W. Hochstadter and another, appellants.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, without costs, to extent stated in opinion. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

The same vs. the same.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

In re Arthur Wilson, and another, respondents, vs. Thomas Bracken, impleaded, appellant.—Orders reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motions granted. Opinion by Scott, J. Orders filed.

The same v. the same.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

In the matter of Herman S. Mendelsohn.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Sidney C. Lash.—Respondent suspended for two years and until the further order of the court. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of James A. Flannery.—Respondent disbarred. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. (Miller, J., taking no part.) Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Erlanger, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers.—Fowler, S. Will for probate. Chas. H. Howard.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lynch, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Guy, J. Amsterdam Elec. L. & P. Co. v. Gayner—De Lancey Nicoll.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Loweth v. Marcus—Chas. P. Sanford. Wood v. Ade Realty & Mtge. Co. (2)—Joseph Pool. Strebridge Litho. Co. v. Brady—William A. Boyd.

SUPREME COURT.—Erlanger, J. Plunkett v. Nibeling—Joseph Pascocello. McCarthy v. Weil—S. Howard Cohen.

CITY COURT.—Lynch, J. Sisay v. McMorrow Bldg. & Const. Co.—Walter C. Booth.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Erlanger, J. May C. Maguire v. Jacob Steiner—Joseph S. Schwab.

CITY COURT.—Lynch, J. Harry F. Bowsky v. Timothy J. Healy—William W. Kindgren. Harry W. Fairfax v. Real Estate Home & Exp. Co.—Isidor Greenbaum. Mark Jacobs v. Heyman Fishman—Alfred Katz.

RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

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Hamilton HOTEL Bermuda

The largest and finest. Accommodating 500. Special Summer tariff. Temperature 70-85. Hamilton Hotel Co., Ltd., Bermuda, or 329 5th Ave., N. Y. City.

HOTEL BELMONT, BERMUDA.

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Help Wanted

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CHURCH SERVICES TO-MORROW

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH,
224 Street and Amsterdam Avenue.
Dr. GOODCHILD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Offence of the Cross."
8 P. M.—"The Bible and Woman Suffrage."
Everybody welcome.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 52d St., between 5th and 6th Aves., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
West 46th Street.
9:40 A. M., Sunday School and Bible Classes. Young Women: Rev. Robert Walker, Leader. Young Men: Dr. Addison Moore, Leader.

Public Worship: Sermons by
REV. EMORY W. HUNT, D. D., LL. D.,
President Denison University,
PASTOR J. M. HALDEMAN,
11 A. M.—"Why I Am a Christian." (A Confession of Faith.)
8 P. M.—"The Doctrine of Priesthood! Are There Priests on Earth, Having the Right to Hear Confession and Give Absolution from Sin; or, Is There One Priest Only—Our Lord Jesus Christ in Heaven?"

HOPE BAPTIST, Broadway, 104th St.
Rev. E. S. HOLLOWAY, Pastor.—11, "Great Question of Jesus." 8, "Why Faith in God?"

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, Corner 31st Street,
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor,
will preach Sunday morning and evening.
11 A. M.—"An Old Cure for a New Disease."
8 P. M.—"The Man Without a God."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue, near 126th St.
J. HERMAN RANDALL, Pastor.
Morning, 11 A. M.—Subject, "The Water of Life." Evening, 8 P. M.—Subject, "The Seventy-eight Florence Crittenton Homes."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av., Rev. Harold Paterson.—11 A. M., "The House Not Made with Hands"; 8 P. M., "Promises for the Man Who Tries."

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 A. M.
Address at 8 P. M. by Rev. HORACE G. UNDERWOOD, D. D., of Korea.
Wednesday 8 P. M. Prayer Meeting.

MADISON C. PETERS, Pilgrim Church, Madison Av. and 121st.—11, "Why the Growing Poverty Among the Masses in the Land of Plenty?" 8, "The Beautiful Lives and Glorious Deaths of Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus."

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway, 76th St. Henry A. Stimson, D. D., Pastor, 11 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH,
Orange Street.—Rev. NEWELL DWIGHT HILLIS, Pastor. Services at 10:45 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Dr. Hillis will preach at both services. Morning subject, "What the Fathers Have Told Us; An Appeal from the Hours to the Years and the Centuries."
Evening subject, "The New Socialism, and the Church of To-day."

Disciples of Christ, (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D.
Welcome to oldest church. Disciples of Christ.

Ethical Culture.

BROOKLYN SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE,
Dr. HENRY NEUMANN, Leader.
Brooklyn Academy of Music.
Sunday, May 19, 1912, 11 A. M.
Address: "The Relation of the Ethical Movement to the Historic Religions," by Mr. Alfred W. Martin, Associate Leader New York Society for Ethical Culture.
The Public is Cordially Welcomed.

Jewish.

FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL, SUNDAY AT 11.
CONFIRMATION EXERCISES.
SERMON BY DR. WISE.
"WHY THE SIMPLE LIFE?"
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 92d St. Wm. M. Horn, Pastor. Services, 11 A. M.-8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West, at 65th St., the Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH (St. James.) Madison Av., 75d St.—DR. REMENSNYDER, Pastor. Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Sunday school 9:45 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

Bedford Street, corner Morton. Sermon morning, 10:45; evening, 7:45. Rev. GEORGE W. DOWNS, Pastor.

MADISON AV. M. E. CHURCH,
Corner 59th Street.
Rev. WALLACE MacMULLEN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Rev. Arthur J. Smith, D. D.; 8 P. M.—Sermon by Mr. W. B. Oliver. Wed. eve. Prayer Meeting led by Dr. MacMullen.

7th Av.—METROPOLITAN TEMPLE—14th St. SANFORD HOLLIVER HEARN, Minister.
DU BOIS H. LOUX, Associate.
EDWARD KINNEY, Organist. Vested Choir. Sermons by the Pastor. 11 A. M., "HOME"; 8 P. M., "THE LURE OF THE HIGHEST."

SAINT ANDREW'S M. E. CHURCH,
Seventy-sixth Street, west of Columbus Av.
GEORGE CLARKE PECK, D. D., Minister.
Worship at 11 and 8.

ST. JAMES METHODIST CHURCH,
Madison Avenue, corner 126th Street.
Rev. ARCHEY DECATUR BALL, D.D., Pastor.
11, "The Second Coming of Christ."
8—"The Handwriting on the Wall."

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Av. and 86th St.
Rev. GEO. P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 and 8—SERMON BY
Pres. FRANCIS L. PATTON, D. D.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 45th St., west of Broadway. J. LEWIS HARTSOCK, Minister. 11 A. M., "The Soul of the World." 8 P. M., sermon to "Business Men"—ten-minute prelude on the "Police and the Courts."

18TH ST. M. E. CHURCH, 305 West 18th Street.—George H. BARBER, D. D., Pastor. 11 and 8. Rev. WM. J. THOMPSON, D. D., Professor Drew Theological Seminary.

61ST STREET METHODIST, near 5d Av. Rev. BENJAMIN F. SAXON, Pastor. Sermons by the Pastor, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.—Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor; Rev. J. PAUL DRESSER, Associate Minister. Services at 11 A. M. with sermon by the Pastor. Following the service the Pastor will speak on the recent Church Convention in Washington, D. C.

New Thought.

CHURCH OF THE HEALING CHRIST,
DURYEA'S HALL, 47 WEST 72D ST.
Subject, "Security."
Service 11 A. M. Speaker, W. John Murray.
ALL SEATS FREE.

MARY ETHERIDGE CHAPIN,
Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., near 5th Av.
Sunday Mornings 11 A. M.
"MAKING THE BEST OF IT."

NEW THOUGHT CHURCH, The Academy, 113 West 70th St. Sundays, 11. Dr. F. W. Sears, Speaker. Public invited.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 8 West 58th St. Sunday, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M. Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited.

UNION MEETING,
ADVANCED THOUGHT CENTRES.
Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., cor. May 19th, 3:15 P. M. Speakers: Mrs. Vance Chesley, Susie Louise Dix, Walter Weston, Delmar Eugene Croft. Music. All welcome.

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
(Formerly the Fourth Avenue.)
EARL HALL, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
(entrance 117th St. and Broadway.)
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D., MINISTER.
Preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
WEST 57TH ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Evening Subject: "THE COUNTRY'S GREATEST NEED."
9:45 A. M.—Young Men's Bible Study Club. 2 P. M.—Sabbath School.
Devotional Meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M.
ALL WELCOME.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D.
will preach both morning and afternoon. The Preparatory service Wednesday Evening will be conducted by Rev. W. I. Chamberlin.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
P. Hilyard Erickson, Assistant.
Mr. Erickson will preach.

LABOR TEMPLE, 14th St. and 2d Av. Rev. JONATHAN C. DAY, Superintendent. Address, Mr. Day, 8 P. M. Recital, 3; illustrated lecture, 4; pictures, 5.

Presbyterian.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor, will preach at 11 A. M.
Ordination Service at 8 P. M.

MADISON SQ. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 24th Street.
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The pastor will preach 11 A. M., Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Ave.
Rev. JOHN B. MACKAY, Ph. D., Minister.
Rev. LOWRIE D. CORY, Assistant Minister.
11 A. M., sermon by Rev. W. W. WHITE.
8 P. M., Dr. CARTIER, "The Immigrant in New York."

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
11 A. M.—"SUCCESS."
8 P. M.—"SEED."

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Broadway and 73d St.
WM. HIRAM FOULKES, D. D., Minister.
Preaching by the Rev. E. C. SHAVER.
11 A. M.—"THE SECRET OF LIFE."
8 P. M.—"PERFECT POISE."

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Ministers: { WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.
Dr. Merrill will preach at eleven o'clock and at Vesper Service at four.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. of 10th St., (one block west from B'way.)
GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor. Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the services to-morrow the pastor will preach. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. Corner 105th St.
Silver Anniversary. Address by Dr. Hoadley Littlefield. McKinney and Miss Belle Coles. Morning at 11 o'clock, afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. A. EDWIN KELGWIN, D. D., the pastor, will preach at 8 P. M.

WEST-PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
86th St. and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, D. D., Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastors.
Dr. EVANS will preach at 11 A. M. and Dr. ATTERBURY at 8 P. M.

WEST 23D ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 7th Av.—Rev. H. G. Mendenhall, D.D., at 11; Rev. F. J. Stanley, D. D., at 8.

Brooklyn.

BEDFORD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Nostrand Av. and Dean St., Brooklyn—Dr. S. EDWARD YOUNG, Pastor. 10:45 A. M., Dr. Young, "Our Attitude Toward Money as a Test of Character." 7:45 P. M., Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell of Labrador will give account of his work and show pictures.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Avenue and 111th Street.
Sunday, May 19,
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
10 A. M.—Morning Prayer.
11 A. M.—Preacher, The Rev. Dr. A. G. Cummins.
4 P. M.—Preacher, The Rev. Dr. W. H. Guthrie.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH,
West End Av. and 81st St.
Rev. S. DE LANCEY TOWNSEND, D. D., Rector.—Communion, 8 A. M.; Service and Sermon by Rector, 11 A. M.; Choral Service, 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

CHRIST CHURCH, Broadway, 71st St.
Rev. G. A. STRONG, Rector.
8 A. M. and 11 A. M.—Rector.
8 P. M.—Rev. R. M. Sherman.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
128 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 9:15; solemn mass, procession, and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45. Vespers and procession 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector. 11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon, Rector. Subject: "WHAT IS THE CHURCH."
4 P. M.—Mendelssohn's "Elijah."
8 P. M.—People's Forum. Speaker: Mr. Louis Marshall. Subject: "The Dillingham Immigration Bill."
9 P. M.—Discussion, Parish House, 12 West 11th Street.

CHURCH OF THE HEAVENLY REST,
851 5th Av.—Rev. Herbert Shipman, Rector. Services, 8, 11 A. M., 4 P. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
Sixth Avenue and 20th Street.
Rev. HENRY MOTTET, D. D.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Service and Sermon.
12 M.—Holy Communion.
3:15 P. M.—French Service.
3:30 P. M.—Children's Service.
8:00 P. M.—Service and Sermon.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St., Rev H. C. ROBBINS, Rector.—8 A. M., 11 A. M., 4 P. M., rector.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29. Communions 7, 8, and 9. TOURS' MASS and SERMON, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG and PROCESSION, 4 o'clock. SERMON 8 P. M.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L.
Holy Communion.....8 A. M.
Morning Prayer: Preacher, the Rector.11 A. M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton 8 P. M.

EGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45 est 27e rue. Services: 10½ h. et 8 h.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St. Dr. SLATTERY, Rector, 8; 11 (Rector); 4 (Evening Prayer;) 8 (Rector.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av. corner 44th St.
The Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Preacher, the Rector.
4 P. M.—Preacher, Rev. R. S. W. Wood.
8:15 P. M.—Organ Recital.

ST. JAMES'S CHURCH,
Madison Avenue and 71st Street.
Holy Communion, 8; Sunday school, 9:45; morning service, 11; Holy Communion, 12; afternoon service, 4; special Ascensiontide music.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av. and 99th St.
Rector, Rev. JOHN P. PETERS, D. D.
Holy Communion, 7:30, 9 A. M.
Morning and Evening Prayer, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
Children's Evensong, 4 P. M.
Preacher, 11 A. M., Rev. S. D. McConnell, D. D.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11—Morning Service and Sermon, (Rector.)
4—Evensong and address, (Rector.)

TRINITY CHURCH.

SUNDAY SERVICES:
7:00, 7:30 A. M., Holy Communion; 10:15 A. M., morning prayer; 11:00 A. M., Litany, sermon, and Holy Communion; 3:30 P. M., evensong and prayer; 8:00 P. M., office of prayer and praise, with sermon.
WEEK-DAY SERVICES:
7:30, 9:00 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.
The public is cordially invited to the services, both on Sundays and on week-days.

TRINITY CHAPEL,
TRINITY PARISH,
West 25th St., off Broadway, (Madison Sq.) Sunday, 8 and 11 A. M. (Sermon.) 4 P. M. (Choral) Week days, 7:30 and 9 A. M., 4 P. M.

Reformed.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
5th St. and Madison Av.
Rev. WILLIAM CARTER, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"Light Through Darkness."
8 P. M.—"What About Jonah?"

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. and 29th St. Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister. MANOR CHURCH, 346 West 28th St., Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D., Minister. Divine service at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. at both churches.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Ave. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning—"Seven Days in the Galleys."
Evening—"Am I Not an Apostle?"

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
8th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister.
Rev. ARTHUR FREDERICK MAEON will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister.
Rev. THOMAS McBRIDE NICHOLS will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Afternoon subject: "God the Invincible."

Reformed Episcopal.

FIRST REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH, 562 St. and Madison Av., Rev. W. D. STEVENS, D. D., Rector.—Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS (ORTHODOX.)—Meetings for worship, 144 East 20th St., New York; Lafayette and Washington Avs., Brooklyn, 11 o'clock.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 16th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY,
2,225 Broadway, near 79th St.
Mr. IRVING COOPER will lecture on the "Heart of the World" to-morrow evening at 8:15.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 339 West 72d St. Public Lecture Sunday evening, 8:15. Subject, "Why Believe in Immortality?" Eduard Hermann.

Y. M. C. A.

DR. S. PARKES CADMAN,
HUXLEY—"Apostle of Mental Freedom." Auditorium, West Side Y. M. C. A., 57th St. and 8th Av., Sunday, 4 P. M. Solos by DE LOSS SMITH.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS, (Unitarian,) Fourth Avenue, 20th Street.—Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor, will preach. "A VITAL CONSIDERATION" will be the subject of his sermon. Services 11 A. M. All cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian,)
Park Av. and 34th St.
Ministers { Robert Collyer, D. D., Llt. D. John Haynes Holmes.
11 A. M.—Morning Service, Mr. HOLMES will preach. Subject, "SOME SOCIAL SUPERSTITIONS THAT SHOULD BE BANISHED; A SERMON OF THE TIMES."
All Are Welcome.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st Street. Services at Eleven.
THE MODERN SAINT:
Jane Addams.
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D. D. Minister.

Universalist.

The CHURCH of the DIVINE PATERNITY, Central Park West and 76th Street.
Rev. FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., Pastor. Address 11 A. M.—"RELIGIONS ARE MANY; RELIGION IS ONE," by Abd-ul-Baha, Abbas Effendi, head of the Bahai faith.

Other Services.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 4th Av. Rev. A. B. SIMPSON, Pastor. Sunday, May 19, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. Simpson. 8 P. M., Rev. W. T. MacArthur.

HEBREW-CHRISTIAN SERVICES, Rev. B. ANGEL, Pastor. At 280 Rivington St., Saturdays, 3 P. M.; at 152 7th St., Sunday, 4 P. M. Jews and Christians welcome.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH,
24th St. and Madison Av. 24th St. entrance.
Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor.
Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 West 80th St., Sunday, 3. Publication and library open daily.

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ERNEST FRIBOURG.
Which insures to its patrons a continuation of unexcelled cuisine and hotel service.
WILL OPEN MAY 11TH.
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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Will open for the season June 15th
Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.
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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
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in connection with West Shore Railroad form the only all rail through car line between New York and all points in this famous mountain region.

THE RIP VAN WINKLE FLYER will make first trip from New York, via West Shore R. R., Saturday, May 18th, leaving Desbrosses St. ferry, 12:40 p. m., and West 42d St. ferry, 1 o'clock p. m., daily except Sunday.

The summer time schedule for season of 1912 will go in effect Sunday, June 23rd.

Ticket agents of West Shore R. R. in New York and Brooklyn will sell tickets to all points on Ulster & Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip on May

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The disturbance of the last several days has reached the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the weather has cleared east of the Mississippi River, except in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, although there were showers Thursday night in the Ohio Valley.

In the West generally fair weather continued.

It is cooler in the Atlantic States and generally warmer elsewhere. A moderate disturbance now over the middle plateau probably will cause showers in that vicinity during the next day or two, but over the remainder of the country the weather will be generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

It will be somewhat warmer Saturday in the Ohio Valley and Sunday in the Atlantic States.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate west; South Atlantic Coast, moderate west and northwest.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate west winds with fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Saturday, warmer in west portion. Sunday fair, warmer; moderate west and southwest winds.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate west and southwest winds.

New Jersey—Fair Saturday and Sunday; warmer Sunday west portion; moderate west and southwest winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, warmer Saturday, Sunday, fair, warmer east portion; moderate west and southwest winds.

Northern New England—Fair Saturday. Sunday fair; warmer in interior; moderate southwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
8 A. M.	56	56	4 P. M.	65	64
6 A. M.	56	54	6 P. M.	63	60
9 A. M.	63	62	9 P. M.	56	58
12 M.	66	65	12 P. M.	57	55

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 59; for the corresponding date last year it was 60; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 60.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 56; at 3 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature, 65 degrees at 12:20 P. M.; minimum, 53 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 61 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 33 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M. Loss.

2:00—221 West 27th St.; Michael Mareloria, Trifling

4:30—Front of 228 West 20th St.; Benjamin Wortsel $300

8:00—235 East 78th St.; Herschowitz & Raymor $100

9:15—26 Bleecker St.; Piel Brothers $25

7:30—411 East 23d St.; John Dempsey..Trifling

7:32—445 West 30th St.; Rumkle Bros...None

8:50—58 East 100th St.; Jacob Schantzer. Slight

9:25—62 3d Av.; Goldman & Schweishamer, Slight

10:25—74-76 East 99th St.; Samuel Jacobs, Slight

10:30—74-76 Clinton St.; Jacob Lieberman, Slight

P.M.

12:20—496 East Houston St.; Nathan Roth..$200

12:30—118 West 116th St.; Harp Levy...Slight

1:50—412 East 8th St.; M. Franklin..Trifling

2:35—282 Lenox Av.; J. Flannagan...Trifling

2:50—381 East 122d St.; not given....Trifling

3:47—Foot of West 31st St.; N. Y. C. & H. R. R. ..... Trifling

4:40—1,350 Brook Av.; Levotin..... Trifling

6:40—153 Mercer St.; G. Kroff & Co.....$2,000

8:50—142 Franklin St.; N. Katzin.....$2,000

8:15—315 Grand St.; Imao Miller....Trifling

8:30—2,017 Lafontaine Av.; J. Skurilsky....$50

9:00—101 Bleecker St.; Joseph Roth.....$50

9:05—15 W. 31st St.; Fred Mulite.....$10,000

10:50—33 Norfolk St.; Joseph Levy...Trifling

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of ELLEN McDONNELL, (died July 1, 1911;) realty, Lot 7 on South Avenue, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., $600; one-sixth interest in three lots at Far Rockaway, $150; net realty and personalty, $11,783.66.

Estate of SAMUEL W. BOWNE, (died Oct. 29, 1910;) realty, 25 West Fifty-seventh Street, $160,000; 400 to 415 Pearl Street, $460,000, less mortgages of $300,000; 11 to 15 West Eighty-first Street, $275,000, less mortgage of $200,000; one-half interest in 179 to 183 Wooster Street, $60,000, less mortgage of $60,000. Personalty—Note of Scott & Bowne, $102,100; amount of account due decedent with Scott & Bowne, $172,983.63; 4,000 shares Baldwin Steel Company, $160,000; 315 shares Delevan Condensed Milk Company, $31,952; 875 shares Independent Milk Product Company common, $5,025; 450 shares Independent Milk Product Company preferred, $45,000; 20,000 shares of the Telling Brothers' Company, $12,500; 500 shares Lederle Antitoxin Laboratories, $5,225; 100 shares Hodgman Rubber Company, $10,000; 50 shares William D. Gough Company, $5,000; 9,998 shares Scott & Bowne, $900,800; 1,000 shares Library Square Realty Company, $5,000; 6 per cent. bonds of Scott & Bowne, $205,967; bonds of Pittsburgh, Bowling & Lake Erie Coal Company, $900; net realty and personalty, $1,976,276.64.

Estate of ADOLPH HAUSEMAN, (died March 12, 1911;) net personalty, $18,141.02.

Estate of SARAH WINIFRED DORRITZ, (died Aug. 31, 1911;) realty, 240 East Thirty-second Street, $14,000; less mortgage of $6,746.83; net realty and personalty, $7,859.09.

Estate of GEORGIA EDDY CONE, (died Feb. 1, 1912;) net personalty, $56,071.66; including 63 shares Pennsylvania Railroad Company, $2,025; 15 shares Great Northern, $1,938.

Estate of WILLIAM L. McGOVERN, (died Dec. 5, 1900;) personalty, $5,256.30.

Estate of PAULINE WOLF, (died March 21, 1911;) realty, 753 Ninth Avenue, $11,000; personalty, 247 shares Wolf's Sons, $25,725; net realty and personalty, $34,532.40.

Estate of SIMON P. CARMICHAEL, (died Aug. 3, 1911;) realty, 51 West 105th Street, $17,000; net realty and personalty, $56,826.57.

Estate of LOUIS ADAMS, (died Sept. 7, 1911;) realty, 20 West Twelfth Street, $45,000; net realty and personalty, $88,181.11.

Estate of HUGO E. KULLENBERG, (died June 14, 1910;) net personalty, $65,054.79; 5 M., K. & D. C. R. R. bonds, $5,050; 5 Canada Southern, $5,200; 5 T., W. & D. C. R. R., $3,575; 5 St. L. S. W. R. R., $4,500; 25 G. B. & W. R. R., $8,250; 73 shares Pope Manufacturing Company preferred, $5,025; 83 shares Pope Manufacturing Company common, $5,561.

Estate of ALICE C. MOORE, (died Jan. 31, 1911;) net personalty, $108.14.

Estate of THOMAS M. ARMSTRONG, (died May 6, 1908;) realty, property at Great Kills, S. I., $100,000; 150 shares Colonial Insurance Company, $2,500; 485 shares United States Drug Manufacturing Company common, $108,500; 280 shares same preferred, $28,750; net realty and personalty, $268,302.20.

Estate of ANNIE McGRATH, (died April 20, 1911;) realty, 1,980 Washington Avenue, $27,000; net realty and personalty, $45,417.11.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

EMIL TAUSSIG, (died April 15,) left more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Tillie Taussig, wife, and Ruth B. Taussig, daughter.

IKE FLEISHER, (died Feb. 22;) left $1,700 personalty; to Solomon Witsky, brother, $100; Fannie Kurz, niece, $200; Sarah Fleisher, wife, residence.

SIGMOND B. HAUSER, (died April 27;) left more than $25,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to Belle Hauser, wife.

ISIDOR STRAUS, (died April 15;) left $205,000 realty and over $10,000 personalty; Jesse I. Straus, son, 1-3 residue; Percy S. Straus, son, 1-3 residue; Robert Straus, son, 1-3 residue; Sarah S. Hess, Minnie S. Weil, Vivian E. Schettel, daughters, life interest in $500,000.

EDUCATION NOTES.

City Superintendent Maxwell, who is Chairman ex officio of the Board of Examiners, and James C. Byrnes, its Secretary, evidently do not agree as to the year of service in which the teacher's ability and power begin to wane. Mr. Byrnes has given it as his opinion that this occurs in the fourteenth or fifteenth year of service. Dr. Maxwell has stated that he is not opposed to the two tests of "superior merit" taking place in the twelfth and fifteenth year of service, instead of the ninth and twelfth, as at present. If a teacher's power and ability are waning in the fifteenth year, how can she expect to show "superior merit"?

At the meeting of the Board of Retirement the other day thirty-eight applications for retirement were presented. Twenty-four were granted and the other fourteen were held over until the board's next meeting. Six additional applications have been received, making, in all, twenty to be acted upon. It is believed that the retirements for the year will number about 200.

The Jenny Hunter Kindergarten Alumnae will hold its annual meeting this morning at 16 West 127th Street. An election of officers will take place.

The City College Club will give a reception at its rooms, 305 Central Park South, this evening in honor of the class of 1862, which was graduated from the old Free Academy fifty years ago.

The Alumni Association of Public School 22 will hold a meeting at 211 Clinton Street this evening.

The annual reunion of the Jamaica Normal and Training School Alumni will be held in that school on May 25.

Student delegates from the New York Evening High School will have their annual dinner on the evening of May 25 at the Broadway Central Hotel.

An election of officers will be held at a meeting of the English Teachers' Association in the Directors' rooms at Wanamaker's this morning. There will also be addresses. Among those announced as speakers is Prof. Elmer W. Smith of Colgate University. His subject will be "High School Debating."

City Supt. Maxwell has addressed a circular to each of the District Superintendents asking his opinion as to a proposed modification of the school course in arithmetic.

Commissioner Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, at the special committee's meeting on Thursday, vainly tried to get City Supt. Maxwell to admit that it would be better to have some other body than the Board of Examiners pass on a teacher's appeal from disapproval of her services on the ground of lack of "superior merit." Mr. Churchill's contention was that as the Board of Examiners had already passed upon the teacher's case its members were apt to be prejudiced.

"There is an old adage, Doctor," said Mr. Churchill, "that first impressions are lasting."

"I don't agree with the old adage," said Dr. Maxwell.

It appears from a statement made to City Supt. Maxwell that there are from 100 to 200 cases of "superior merit" of high school teachers yet to be decided by the Board of Examiners, and that no definite time can be named when all of these cases will be acted upon. All that Dr. Maxwell can promise is that it will be within "a reasonable time."

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Appointment as Chaplain—The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires.

Appointment as probationary patrolman—Thomas Galligan.

Temporary assignments—Surgeon W. H. Williams, 9th District, to assume charge of the 7th, in addition, during absence of Surgeon Donovan for 5 days from May 20. Lieut. William H. Klasier, 150th Precinct, to command 151st Precinct during absence of Captain from May 17.

CHANGE OF NAME.

ABRAHAM KLINGER, a delicatessen storekeeper of 147 West 142d Street, to ADOLPH KLINGER; has been known by the name of Adolph Klinger for thirty years and desires to adopt that name legally. Supreme Court Justice Erlanger.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission recently was notified by Robert Adamson of the promotion to a salary of $2,400 a year of James L. Murray, an examiner, who was transferred from the Finance Department to the Board of Ambulance Service. Examiner Murray has given it as his opinion that the Commission is without power to approve the increase in salary, and the Commission has approved Mr. Murray's report.

The Commission has approved the action of the Department of Docks and Ferries in reassigning Alfred C. Newell as a dock builder, from which position he was discharged, as alleged, on Sept. 12, 1911, for failure to report.

The Commission has also approved of the following:

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner of Bridges stating that on April 30 it was necessary for E. A. Byrne, engineer in charge of the Division of Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond, to employ six laborers for three hours each in an emergency, for which services voucher in the amount of $7.20 was furnished.

Requisition of the President of the Borough of The Bronx for a list from which to appoint one assistant engineer, at $1,650 per annum.

Requisition of the assistant chief clerk of the Law Department, for a list from which to appoint three first grade clerks at $900 per annum.

Requisition of the Board of Water Supply for the certification of the names from which to appoint three rodmen at $900 per annum, for service outside the city.

Requisition from the Secretary of the Department of Health for a list from which to appoint one watchman at $600 per annum.

Request of the Secretary of the Department of Health for the certification of additional names from which to appoint four stenographers and typewriters at $500 per annum.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Custom House on June 5 to fill a vacancy in the position of agricultural propagator in the Philippine service at a salary of $1,900 a year. Men only will be admitted to this examination, the subjects of which will be as follows, indicated as weighted: Practical questions, 50; education, training, experience, and fitness, 50. A person is desired, who has had practical experience in nursery or orchard work, and who is expert in budding, grafting, and other forms of propagation. Applicants must have reached their twentieth, but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Each applicant will be required to submit to the examiner on the day of examination, a photograph of himself taken within three years, which will be filed with his examination papers as a means of identification in case he receives appointment. An unmounted photograph is preferred. The date, place, and name of examination, the examination required, the competitor's name, and the year in which the protograph was taken should be indicated on the photograph.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—Major W. P. Wooten, Corps of Engineers, relieved of construction work, Waikiki, Honolulu, and will transfer property to Capt. F. B. Edwards, Quartermaster.

Capt. A. C. Christie, Medical Corps, relieved at Columbus Barracks, Ohio; to Washington and report to commandant of Army Medical School as instructor in operative surgery and X-ray work.

Capt. O. W. Pinkston, Medical Corps, relieved at Fort Meade, S. D.; to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, for duty.

First Lieut. R. C. Bayly, Medical Corps, honorably discharged.

Lieut. Col. E. P. Brewer, Fourteenth Cavalry, join his regiment.

The following-named officers, upon completion of duties at army races, Benning, D. C., return to proper station; Capts. Vidmer and Rockwell, First Lieut. F. A. Huggins and Second Lieut. C. F. Chandler, Eleventh Cavalry.

The Navy.

Capt C. C. Marsh to Naval War College for Summer conference.

Capt. S. M. Knepper to Naval War College, long course.

Lieut. Commander W. R. Sexton to aid on staff of Commander in Chief of Atlantic Fleet.

Lieut. Commander Y. S. Williams, home and wait orders.

Commander V. O. Chase, to Naval War College, long course.

Lieut. E. J. King, home and wait orders.

Lieut. H. S. Babbitt, to the Petrel.

Ensign E. S. Moses to Washington, D. C., for examination.

Ensign F. W. Rockwell to duty in connection with fitting out the Jarvis and on board when commissioned.

Ensign W. D. Billingsley to the Nebraska.

Ensign F. F. Reynolds to treatment at Naval Hospital, Boston.

Ensigns B. B. Taylor, R. E. Thornton, J. L. Ribeldaffer, W. Trammell, and G. B. Strickland to Asiatic station.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived: Washington at Provincetown, Amphritite at Greenville, Miss.; Dixie and Monaghan at Newport, Prometheus at Tiburon.

Sailed: Massachusetts from Philadelphia, for Annapolis; Petrel from Helena, for Memphis; Mayrant from Navy Yard, New York, for Newport; Cuttlefish from Newport for Rockland, Me.; Culgoa from Newport, for Provincetown; Patterson from Boston, for Provincetown; Georgia, Rhode Island, and New Jersey from Rockland, Me., for Boston.

The flag of the commander, Second Division, Atlantic Fleet, has been temporarily transferred from the Louisiana to the Kansas.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

Bronx.

For lease, 322 East 162 St., a three-story two-family brick and stone dwelling; very low rent; extra choice location.

Wm. E. Diller, Owner, 1054 Walton Ave.

Country Houses Wanted

Wanted.—Six room furnished cottage within commuting distance of New York. N 116 Times.

Personal

CONFINEMENT CASE.—A nurse will take care and board a confinement case; 45 minutes from New York. Address Nurse, P. O. Box 646, South Norwalk, Conn.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressographs, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Pianos and Organs

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos bought, sold, rented. Geo Bender, 63 Centre St.

Musical

PATTENCE OPERA. Full Score.....$1.00
Words only—octave size..... .15
HITCHCOCK MUSIC STORE,
85 Ann Street, corner Nassau.

Country Board

Staten Island.

THE GABLES, 926 Castleton Av.—Large grounds, piazzas; trolleys pass door, connect boats; references.

Westchester.

Newly furnished rooms, with board; every modern convenience; fine location; reasonable. The Maples, 14 Lake St., White Plains, N. Y.

NEW ROCHELLE.—Washington Inn; high-class family house; 35 minutes from 42d St.; three minutes from station; sailing, bathing, golf.

Long Island.

Nice large rooms, excellent German kitchen; place facing Long Island Sound. E. Hubert, North Boulevard, College Point. Boating, shady.

ROCKAWAY PARK, 40 Second Avenue.—Comfortable rooms with balconies overlooking ocean; $125 until October.

Country Board Wanted

Mother and son desire room and board, private family preferred; Oranges or Passaic; state distance from station, and particulars. V 76 Times.

Lost

LOST.—Open face gold watch, with a double gold chain and cigar cutter; Masonic charm, and silver cigarette case, and pencil. Finder will be rewarded and no questions asked by returning the above to the cashier of the Hotel Astor.

LOST.—May 15, between 2 and 3 o'clock, seed pearl rope necklace, either in Subway or near station, Broadway, 116th, or 28th; reward. G. M. Calking, 411 West 114th St.

LOST.—Silver bar pin bearing class crest, probably on Broadway Subway or 33d St. Return to Room 5, 8th floor, 16 East 33d St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—Toy Boston brindle bull, marked waite; answers to name of Prince; license No. 1,190 on turquois collar; reward and no questions. A. Gershel, 690 West End Av.

LOST.—French bulldog name Sleuth on collar. Reward. J. K. 10 Times.

Found

FOUND, May 17—POLICE DEPARTMENT, 240 Centre St.; Quantity of sweaters, umbrella, 209 State St., Brooklyn; 1 handbag, 2 pocketbooks, small amount of money, 1 pair of lady's gloves.

FOUND, May 16—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St.; 2D AV. ELEVATED—Handbag, oilcloth, keys, sheets, clothes, rubbers. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Nine umbrellas, wristbag, cigars, check book, gloves, buttons, carpet, corsets, overalls, cloth, vest, shirt, case, knife, powder. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrellas, suit case, wallet, money, pin, cuffbutton, books, pads, plans, gloves, knives, collars, cover, bread, dish. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Four umbrellas, case, skirt, milk, knives, sardines. SUBWAY—Thirteen umbrellas, handbag, purse, wallet, pin, spectacles, eyeglasses, photos, book, keys, gloves, apron, coat, clothes, shade.

FOUND, May 16—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 85d St.; Rubber, brush, comb, suit of pajamas, music, spectacles, watch, shaving razor, umbrella, glove, umbrella, packages, gloves, coat, case, comb, watch, 3 umbrellas.

FOUND, May 16—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Hand drill, glove, 5 umbrellas, 2 chisels, pocketbook, umbrella, veil, package of pins and ribbon, 6 umbrellas, glove, money, pair of eyeglasses, coat, novel, pin, box, camera.

FOUND, May 17—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes: Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Water bottle, balls, hat, pillow-petticoat, picture, sheet music, policies, developing paper, 3 umbrellas, 4 packages, 3 books, gloves.

FOUND, May 7 to 14—LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD. Apply at office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.: ON TRAINS—Gloves, hat, raincoat, umbrella.

FOUND, May 16—NEW YORK CENTRAL & N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.: Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Pair of rubbers, 5 umbrellas, package, book, overcoat.

FOUND, May 16—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Two packages, package of butter, pair of rubbers, notebook.

FOUND, May 16—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, 2 packages, grip.

FOUND, May 16—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Five umbrellas, 6 packages.

Business Opportunities

A SAFE INVESTMENT.

This is the flying machine age. Never, in the history of the world, has any invention received the unsolicited praise of the press like that which has been given space in the columns of the newspapers relating to air ships. They have created already a demand from the public to purchase air-ship toys or water toy balloons. Because the inventor does not care to manufacture in large quantities, he offers a valuable invention, patented August 30th, 1910, for sale. Price $3,000—or a less amount cash down and in addition a royalty basis. Apply to

JOHN VANDERBILT,
501 Dyckman Street,
Manhattan New York City
Tel. 3264 Audubon
or
at the Aero Show, Lexington Ave., bet. 46th and 47th Streets, New York.

Local Sales Manager Wanted for New York City by a corporation manufacturing the most wonderful talking machine in the world; man wanted who can handle a corps of men to place stock and machines; a most wonderful opportunity is offered to build a lucrative local business; a live wire can earn $10,000 per year; preference will be given man who can invest $500 or $1,000; write, giving full particulars as to past experience, &c. President Keen-O-Phone Co., 136 South 4th St., Philadelphia, Penn., Department F.

Well-recommended American, going abroad as resident secretary in Berlin for American business, man, plenty of unoccupied time, stretches of weeks, often two months without duties, desires to attend to some business or private matters in Germany or other parts of Continent, for reasonable remuneration. A. B. 111 Times Downtown.

GENUINE bargain, five-story house, well established; filled with paying guests, in fine west side locality; will sell for cash at practically cost of furnishing; will more than pay for itself in a year; reason for selling, leaving city. 625 West 113th St.

American Manager Wanted Immediately.—Returning to Berlin shortly; desire engage manager for New York office; man or woman with publishing experience; small investment necessary. F. F., 113 Times Downtown.

The services of a high grade man (bachelor) can be secured on commission basis. Will go anywhere on large proposition and finance myself; highest credentials. N 119 Times.

Interest for sale in household specialty; manufacture; fully secured; salary and sure profit on investment; high rated references. H. Kelly, 136 Stegman St., Jersey City.

Partner wanted in cash business, with $500; can make $25 a week. National Scale and Tool Co., 130 Manhattan St., corner Broadway.

FOR SALE, furnished room apartment; 15 rooms, kitchen, 2 baths; price, $600; rent, $75. Bargain. E. Labute, 700 Sixth Av.

$800 and services to invest in established business; young man, business experience. N 182 Times.

Man with capital and ability wants meritorious specialty; royalty or cash basis. V 44 Times.

Business Notices

500 multigraph typewritten letters, $1.50; 1,000, $2; addressing, printing, lowest prices; 1,000 letterheads, envelopes, $1.50. Royal Letter Company, 15 East 14th St.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

8TH AV., 46.—Large and small rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,047. (126d St.)—Opportunity secure airy, comfortable rooms; newly decorated; hot water supply.

16TH ST., 20-22-24 WEST.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

16TH ST., 49 WEST.—Rooms, excellent board; moderate price; telephone.

20TH ST., 336 WEST.—Third floor; medium-sized, sunny room; small family; references; two meals; breakfast, dinner; $8. Chelsea 4554.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; high class.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 768 Bryant.

45TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites, baths, telephones; superior table; moderate.

57TH, 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 73 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; superior table; telephone; Summer rates; references.

72D ST., 205 WEST.—Front and back parlors; also single room; southern exposure; very cool; pleasant surroundings; home cooking; very reasonable.

107 WEST 72D ST.

Suite, large and single rooms; southern exposure; telephone; Subway; excellent table and appointments.

73D, 102 WEST.—Attractive rooms; exceptional meals; Summer rates; table guests; Subway, "L"; Jewish.

73D, 118 WEST.—Large room near bath; southern exposure; parlor dining.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Small, large rooms; private bath; excellent table; references. Telephone 1336 Columbus.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second-floor room; appointments of refined home; references; limited number table boarders.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Attractive rooms; single, double; private bath; electricity; phone; excellent table.

76TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished, front rooms; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 227 WEST.—Clean, cool rooms, excellent table; bath, telephone; Summer rates; Southerners desired.

76TH, 240 West.—Large front room; also smaller rooms; parlor dining; table board. References.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Desirable rooms with board; moderate; reference.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable, large room; private baths; suite; singly; table excellent; references; reasonable.

78TH ST., 108 WEST.—Lovely rooms; excellent table; private family; refined surroundings; central; board optional.

80TH ST., 128 WEST.—Very attractive rooms, large, small, newly furnished and decorated; private bath; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms; excellent cuisine; table boarders accommodated; wine with meals; references.

87TH ST., 140 WEST.—Two large, one single room; together, separate; "L." Subway; telephone; references.

90TH ST., 142 WEST.—Large room, special rate for business people; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite; excellent home table; delightful location for the Summer; table board. V. and R.

92D ST., 128 WEST.—Large, airy parquet floors; private baths; special catering. Telephone 7506 Schuyler.

83D, 74 WEST.—One large room, overlooking Park; parlor dining room; Summer rates.

82D ST., 66 WEST.—In refined Jewish home first-class room and board; references.

84TH, 116 WEST.—Comfortable room, board; private, respectable family; congenial, nice home; references. Murphy.

91ST STREET, 48 WEST.—Large, small, airy rooms; refined, homelike; superior table; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 25 WEST.—Large room; select home cooking; hall room; terms reasonable.

93D, 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single room; table a specialty.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable room in well-appointed house; all conveniences; good board; references.

93D, 253 WEST.—Pleasant rooms, en suite or single; table guests; telephone 6177 River; reference.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; suitable for two gentlemen; desirable Summer neighborhood; near Central Park; terms moderate.

(100TH ST.,) 826 West End Av.—Comfortable rooms; private house; telephone; superior board; table guests.

103D. (879 West End Av.)—Attractive, bright room, with lavatory; excellent cuisine; moderate; Subway.

113TH ST., 611 WEST. (Near Drive.)—Private family, handsomely furnished room; excellent board; $15 for one. Apartment 61. Telephone 7144 Morningside.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
EXCELLENT TABLE BOARD.

116TH ST., 417 WEST.—Suite of three rooms, southern exposure; single rooms; dining room, building.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Handsome large room; first-class location; board optional; moderate references.

121ST ST., 79 WEST.—Rooms with board; Summer rates.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH ST, 455 WEST.—Large room; electric light; unexcelled cuisine; table guests. 'Phone Audubon—7217.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Large and small connecting rooms, bath, all conveniences; references; table guests.

142D ST., 512 WEST. (Near Riverside.)—Pleasant front room; telephone; excellent table board; moderate.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

IN BEAUTIFUL CONVENT AV., near 144th St.—A lady having finely appointed home will let handsome large room; excellent board, service; exclusive, refined, a real home; references exchanged; permanent. Telephone 7605 Audubon.

"Woodbury," 855 Riverside Drive.—Ideal English boarding house; enormous grounds, overlooking Hudson; two minutes north 157th Subway; modern throughout. Audubon—4412.

East Side.

21ST ST., 145 EAST.—Gramercy Park; rooms, suitable two, three; excellent table; reference; park privelege.

64TH, 15 EAST.—Splendid inducements; Summer rates; unexcelled residential block; cuisine and service; references.

63D ST., 23 EAST, (corner Madison Av.)—Second floor suite and single room, with excellent board; also board and rooms at annex in country, near city, $10 weekly.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Second floor, large room, with excellent board, $25, two persons.

81ST, 152 EAST.—Well-furnished rooms; first-class table; Jewish house; table guests accommodated.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; families or gentlemen; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, 7, 9.—Overlooking river; connecting mansions; Subway; 5 minutes Wall St.; seaside, ferry, bridge, trolley; splendid suite; saloon parlors; private bath; small rooms, furnished, unfurnished; neighborhood house; table high class; $8, $10, $25, $30 per week. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Convenient Borough Hall Subway, ferries, cars; clean, cool rooms; large, small; excellent table. Phone 1159 W. Main.

Board Wanted

WANTED BY A DOCTOR AND WIFE.—Room and board with refined family. V 81 Times.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

8TH AV., 28, (9th.)—Refined surroundings; small, large rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; superior accommodations for bachelors; electric light; telephone; reference.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant room and alcove; southern exposure; running water; also single room.

11TH ST., 21 WEST.—Bachelor suites or single rooms; bath; telephone; light, clean; refined surroundings.

11TH ST., 224 WEST.—Well furnished large and small rooms; reasonable rates; no sign.

12TH ST., 128 WEST.—Elegant room, newly decorated and furnished; all conveniences; telephone.

11TH ST., 35 WEST.—Nice front parlor; front room; running water; select surrounding; phone; reference.

43D, 322 WEST.—Clean, newly furnished rooms; tiled bath; $2 upward; men only. Hughes.

44TH ST., 456 WEST.—Furnished front hall room; gentleman; private house; $2.50 per week.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.

Large and small room; private bath; exclusive.

51ST ST., 250 WEST.—Two pleasant rooms, convenient to bath. McDonald.

51ST ST., 310 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private family; reference.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Small room, third floor front; also large room, June 1; all conveniences.

56TH, 304 WEST.—Clean, comfortable rooms; moderate rates; inspection invited.

56TH, 120 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; running water; bath; select location; breakfast; Summer rates.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

50TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms facing Central Park; also rooms with southern exposure.

58TH ST., 132 WEST.—Rooms, single, or en suite; private bath; beautifully decorated and furnished; electricity.

59TH ST., 206 WEST, (facing Central Park; also southern exposure.)—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; suitable for studio.

65TH ST., 5 WEST.—Large front and back parlor; private entrance; extra clean; plenty of light and air; fine bathroom; private 'phone; 3 in family, (American;) references given and required. 'Phone 1895 Columbus, or call. Manche.

69TH, 102 WEST.—Elegant large front room, (2 windows;) dressing room; Summer rates; telephone.

69TH ST. 125 WEST.—Attractive parlor floor; private bath; suitable one or two doctors.

70TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, comfortable room and small one, both with bath adjoining; best part of city; elevated and Subway one block away; breakfast served if desired.

70TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large single room with hot and cold running water; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second story room; private bath; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 207 WEST.—Newly furnished room; telephone; private house; gentlemen only.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Attractive, desirable room; absolutely clean; every convenience; meals optional; telephone; select.

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Parlor suite; 2 large, attractive rooms; electricity.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Cool, airy bachelor apartments; private bath; breakfast; Summer rates. Columbus 2317.

72D ST., 181 WEST.—Large and single rooms, southern exposure; private baths; meal optional; references.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Single room; large closet; running water; private house; gentlemen only; references.

73D ST., 112 WEST.

Large and Small rooms.

73D, 168 WEST.—Light, newly furnished rooms; single, double; all conveniences; excellent dining room.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Desirable, large rooms; private bath, and smaller one, contains hot water; gentlemen; references; Summer rates.

75TH ST., 253 WEST.—Large, airy front rooms; southern exposure; private bath; smaller room; reasonable.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—A large front room; also single room; electric light; telephone; reference.

77TH ST., 100 WEST.—Large, second floor front room; all conveniences; twin beds; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 100 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; southern exposure; scrupulously clean.

79TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; also medium-sized room; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Second story suite for a party of young men; Summer rates; board optional; in high-class house; references.

80TH ST., 100 WEST.—Orleans Hotel, two delightful rooms, bath; southwestern exposure; reasonable. Hull.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; superior accommodations for those appreciating quiet, refined surroundings; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Medium-sized room; hot and cold water; bath adjoining; private family.

82D ST., 146 WEST.—Elegant parlor in select modern apartment; also single room; running water; large closets; private family; Schuyler 8706. Hankins.

82D, 136 WEST.—Comfortable medium-sized and hall rooms; suitable for gentlemen; references.

82D ST., 132 WEST.—Two large, comfortable rooms, with private bath; private family; references.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool, airy, large, small rooms; near park; special Summer rates; telephone.

83D, 121 WEST.—Nice room in small, private house; electric light; all conveniences; reasonable.

84TH ST., 54 WEST.—Ideal, modern Summer room; reasonable; attractive; private house; near park; transients.

84TH ST., 135 WEST.—Parlor and adjoining bedroom; also small room; finely furnished; reasonable; telephone. Mason.

85TH ST., 170 WEST.—Front and back parlor as chamber, single or double, facing 85th St.; beautifully furnished; also smaller rooms; board optional.

85TH ST., 124 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large small rooms; singly or en suite; private baths; moderate.

87TH ST., 319 West.—Handsome, large and small room; newly furnished; private family; references.

89TH ST., 252 WEST.—Private house; handsomely furnished room; bath, terms moderate; telephone. 7906 River.

90TH ST., 119 WEST.—Furnished room; private family of two; no other boarders; hot, cold water in room; all home comforts. M. W.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Newly decorated back parlor; private bath; all conveniences; select house; telephone.

91ST, 60 WEST.—Large furnished room, private bath; newly furnished house; near Park; telephone.

91ST ST., 205 WEST.—Large, small rooms for business people; ground floor; near Subway. Eveland.

93D, 137 WEST.—Private family offer two large rooms, running water, bath; suitable married couple or gentlemen; "L."

JUDGE FOSTER'S ACTS NOW UNDER REVIEW

Court Investigators Say He Was Too Lenient in Sentencing Forger Belling.

TIM SULLIVAN INTERCEDED

Sentence Came a Day Later and Was Lighter Than Code Provides For —Whitman Defends Swann.

The name of Judge Warren W. Foster was yesterday added to the list of General Sessions Judges under investigation by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick and the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association. There are seven Judges in General Sessions. Judge Foster is the fifth whose judicial conduct has been made the subject of complaint to the Bar Association. The four other Judges named, either by Mr. Fosdick, or Police Commissioner Waldo, or District Attorney Whitman, are Mulqueen, Swann, O'Sullivan, and Crane.

The complaint against Judge Foster is based on a sentence pronounced by him in the case of People vs. Charles A. Belling, formerly Vice President of the Bronx National Bank.

Belling was arrested at his desk in the Bronx National Bank on a charge of forging the name of the President and Cashier of the bank to stock certificates. He obtained $25,000 in this way. He subsequently confessed to forgery in the first degree and pleaded guilty. He was tried before Judge Foster in General Sessions and was sentenced to not less than one year and three months and not more than nineteen years and three months in prison.

The sentence meant practically that by good behavior the forger could obtain his release in fifteen months. This sentence occasioned much surprise at the time, the code providing a maximum penalty of twenty years and a minimum of five for forgery in the first degree.

Among the documents which the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association is considering in connection with Judge Foster's decision in this case is said to be a letter written to Judge Foster by Senator Timothy D. Sullivan. The letter is dated March 2, 1911, and Judge Foster sentenced Belling on the following day. This is the letter to which Senator Sullivan's name is signed:

My dear Judge: I am writing about a man in whom I am deeply interested, and who, if given a chance, will surely redeem himself. His name is Charles A. Belling, and he comes before your finding. I hope you will see your way clear to giving him a chance.

I am, yours truly,
TIMOTHY D. SULLIVAN.

Says One Judge Will Be Removed.

The Grievance Committee of the Bar Association is being assisted in its investigation by a special committee composed of Supreme Court Justice Ingraham, District Attorney Whitman, and Elnar Chrystie. A member of this committee was asked last night whether Judge Foster was under investigation for his decision in the Belling case and whether such a letter from Senator Sullivan really was in existence.

"Yes, that is true," he said. "I don't know how the information leaked out, but it is straight."

Judge Foster lives at 485 East Fifty-seventh Street. He was not at home last night, so no statement could be obtained from him regarding the alleged Sullivan letter.

One General Sessions Judge at least probably will be driven off the bench as a result of the present investigation, according to one of the city officials who has been conducting it. The name of this Judge was mentioned by the official, who added that he did not wish to have it published at the present time.

"We feel confident that enough cases of judicial laxity, carelessness, and error have been sent to the Bar Association against this Judge to insure his removal," the official said. "His removal, and the general investigation itself, will, we believe, have the effect of toning up the rest of the General Sessions bench."

Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick made public yesterday some of the facts of two General Sessions cases which he has under investigation.

"In April, 1911, two members of the notorious Gopher gang named Dodo Ellis and Patrick O'Brien, were arrested charge with having entered the home of Mrs. Lizzie Hagan at 544 West Thirty-ninth Street and of robbing her of two rings and of brutally assaulting her," said Mr. Fosdick. "They were indicted by the Grand Jury for robbery in the first degree. They came up for trial before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions and Mrs. Hagan when called to the witness stand told a pitiful story of how they had knocked her down and brutally beaten her. Her condition when rescued from the two gangsters was so pitiful that the District Attorney had a photograph made showing her wounds. But Judge Mulqueen at the trial would not allow the photograph to be placed in evidence.

"The two gangsters were acquitted, but why they were acquitted I haven't been able to learn. When I subpoenaed the records in the case I found that they ended abruptly before the completion of the trial. I sent for Peter McLaughlin, the court stenographer, who had prepared them, and he told me that he had taken the minutes only up to Page 155, after which John J. Smith, an assistant clerk in the court, took them. When I subpoenaed Assistant Clerk Smith he said he had lost his notes.

"Another case I am investigating is that of James Regan, James Sullivan, and John Mulligan, who were brought up for trial before Justice O'Sullivan last February on a charge of burglary in the third degree. The policeman who arrested them testified on cross-examination at the trial that he had seen them come out of an alley with the stolen razor strops hanging from their pockets. He had not testified to this on direct examination. Because of this trivial discrepancy Judge O'Sullivan directed a verdict of not guilty to be rendered against the three men. The reason the policeman had not testified on his direct examination about having seen the razor strops hanging from the men's pockets was simply because he had not been asked that question."

Whitman Gives Records of 30 Cases.

District Attorney Whitman said yesterday that he had furnished the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association with thirty additional cases from the records of General Sessions which he thought might be interesting to investigate. The Grievance Committee already has about forty cases under investigation. Among the latter, according to District Attorney Whitman, are the cases of Poggi, the gangster, in which Judge Crain signed an order rescinding the forfeiture of his bail bond of $4,000, and of Harris & Blanck, proprietors of the Triangle shirtwaist factory, who were acquitted before Judge Crain.

"I am turning over to the Grievance Committee every record I have which I think they want," said District Attorney Whitman. "These are of course public records. I haven't turned over the record in the Brandt case because I haven't been asked for it."

"Is it true that you praised Judge O'Sullivan highly at the annual dinner of the Vice and Crime Grand Jury last night?" District Attorney Whitman was asked.

"I have every confidence in Judge O'Sullivan," District Attorney Whitman said.

Judge Edward Swann of General Sessions, whom Commissioner Fosdick accused of having been too lenient in the case of Dockmaster Richard H. Lee, yesterday gave out this letter from former Assistant District Attorney Oswald N. Jacoby:

New York, May 16, 1912.

The Hon. Edward Swann, Judge of the Court of General Sessions, &c., New York City.

My Dear Judge Swann: I have observed that certain charges are apparently being considered against a Judge or Judges of your court, and that in the headlines of at least one newspaper it is said that you are being "investigated" on account of having directed a verdict of acquittal in the case of the People of the State of New York against Richard H. Lee. I had the honor of acting as prosecuting attorney at the trial of this case, being at that time a member of the professional staff of the District Attorney of New York County. Having exhausted every possible means of identifying the handwriting of the defendant, and particularly his signature on any document at all, I myself was forced to concede that the people had failed to make out a case, and suggested on the record that an acquittal would have to be directed.

The case was ably defended by Abraham Levy, Esq., and, in connection with my efforts to secure the admission of various specimens of the handwriting of the defendant as standards, you were called upon to make offhand rulings on the nicest questions of law. While several of these rulings may have been erroneous, there were none of them that were not involved in extreme difficulty, and it would have required the Court of Appeals to settle their correctness.

I have never had any doubt that, so far as this trial or any other trial in which I had the honor of appearing before you is concerned, you were actuated solely by the purposes of doing justice both to the people of the State and to the defendant.

Careful reading of the account given in yesterday's World has satisfied me that Commissioner Fosdick has not complained of any alleged misconduct on your part, but has found fault with the technical rules of the criminal law, which he says "have surrounded the guilty with defenses which it is often impossible to overcome."

I should send this communication to one or more of the daily newspapers were it not for my extreme reluctance to adopt this as a forum. You are at liberty, however, to show this letter to any person or to publish the same or to call upon me at any time and place in substantiation of the views herein expressed.

With expressions of most sincere consideration, I remain your very respectfully,
OSWALD N. JACOBY.

Whitman Defends Swann.

Judge Swann told a TIMES reporter later that he didn't care to amplify the letter or to defend himself further against Commissioner Fosdick's attacks. He suggested that the reporter go to District Attorney Whitman for his record. Mr. Whitman himself bustled into court at that moment.

"I heartily indorse former Assistant District Attorney Jacoby's letter about Judge Swann's rulings in Dockmaster's Lee's case," he said. Then he sat down beside Judge Swann and chatted with him in an unusually friendly fashion for about ten minutes.

Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick said last night that he would continue to make public daily transcripts of General Sessions cases, which show the objectionable methods which have been in vogue in these courts.

W. GOULD BROKAW SUED FOR DIVORCE

Wife Who Won Separation Suit Two Years Ago Now Seeks Absolute Freedom.

CO-RESPONDENTS NOTNAMED

But Misconduct with Two Women Is Alleged—Mrs. Brokaw Now Drawing $15,000 a Year Alimony.

Mrs. Mary Blair Brokaw, who two years ago obtained a separation from her husband, William Gould Brokaw, on the grounds of unreasonable jealousy and who has been drawing $15,000 a year alimony, has started proceedings for absolute divorce against Mr. Brokaw.

That a suit for divorce has been begun was confirmed last night by a member of the firm of Griggs, Baldwin & Baldwin of 27 Pine Street, Mrs. Brokaw's lawyers. Mrs. Brokaw's lawyers would not state last night where the proceedings had been brought. The separation suit two years ago was tried before Justice Harrington Putnam in Mineola, L. I.

Mr. Brokaw is said to have been served with the summons and complaint in the divorce suit at the New York Athletic Club on Thursday. Service is said to have been made by a Deputy Sheriff of this county. It is understood that Mr. Brokaw is accused of having "misbehaved at various times with two women." Neither of the women is named in the preliminary divorce papers.

Mr. and Mrs. Brokaw were married in Chittenango, N. Y., in September, 1907. In the separation proceedings which Mrs. Brokaw brought Mr. Brokaw was alleged to be worth $4,000,000 and to have an income of $200,000 a year. Mrs. Brokaw alleged that her husband was insanely jealous and began treating her cruelly a few months after her marriage. The couple lived at Great Neck, L. I., and then at the Leonori apartments at Madison Avenue and Sixty-third Street.

Mrs. Brokaw has been staying recently at a hotel in Garden City, but has spent much time since her separation at the home of her father, James A. Blair, in Chittenango.

The present Mrs. Brokaw was W. Gould Brokaw's second wife. His first wife, Coralie Edmunds Coudert, daughter of Frederic Coudert, divorced him in Rhode Island in 1906 on the grounds of cruelty and non-support. He came into notoriety in 1908 when Katharine Pollion sued him for $250,000 for breach of promise of marriage. This suit was settled out of court.

NEW FIFTH AV. COACH ROUTE.

Public Service Commission Asked to Sanction Extensions.

The Fifth Avenue Coach Company, which operates the stages on Fifth Avenue, and is a subsidiary of the Interborough, has applied to the Public Service Commission for three extensions of its present routes. They are thus described:

In Broadway, from Fifty-seventh Street to Thirty-fourth, thence west in Thirty-fourth Street to Seventh Avenue, then to Thirty-second Street, in both directions.

From Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street to Park Avenue, and up Park Avenue to Eighty-sixth Street, in both directions.

In Park Avenue, from Fifty-seventh to Fortieth Street, in Fortieth Street west to Madison Avenue, south in Madison Avenue to Twenty-third Street, in both directions. Pending the completion of the Grand Central Station this route would be temporarily modified by making the connection between Park and Madison Avenues in Forty-fifth instead of Fortieth Street.

These routes would be operated in connection with the present routes of the company. The Public Service Commission ordered a public hearing on these extensions on June 5.

$1,246 IN SUICIDE'S POCKETS.

Hugo Neyes Shoots Himself in the Broadway Central Hotel.

A tall young man, identified by the police by letters found on his person as Hugo Neyes, a civil engineer and landscape Architect, of Castle Haynes, N. C., committed suicide yesterday morning by shooting himself through the forehead in his room at the Broadway Central Hotel. Stuffed in the pockets of his clothes the police found $1,246 in bills of various denominations ranging from $1 to $100. The bulk of the money he had placed in an inside vest pocket.

He had been dead some hours. He had not taken time to remove the raincoat he wore. William Rose, house detective, notified the police, and Capt. Henry of the Mercer Street Station hastened to the hotel. Coroner Winterbottom arrived later. With the exception of the money he had little else of value. He had brought to the hotel a small grip, which contained a few articles of wearing apparel.

VOTE AGAINST A STRIKE.

Pressmen's Assistants Have No Money to Spare for Hearst Strikers.

By a vote of 541 to 10, the Franklin Association of Pressmen's Assistants declared last night against a strike in sympathy with the pressmen on Hearst publications now on strike in Chicago and San Francisco. The meeting was held in Arlington Hall, 23 St. Mark's Place.

The men first voted to stand by agreements. Following the vote on the question of a strike they adopted a resolution deploring the fact that the financial condition of the organization would not permit the sending of financial help to the strikers.

WILL NOT FIGHT DIVORCE.

Edmund K. Stallo Says Wife's Action Is "Entirely Satisfactory."

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 17.—Edmund K. Stallo of New York, who is well known in Cleveland society, late to-day entered his appearance in the Common Pleas Court to answer Mrs. Stallo's divorce proceedings.

Mr. Stallo says he will not contest his wife's action. He also said that the divorce proceedings were entirely satisfactory to him, and that the case may be advanced and heard at any time. Mrs. Stallo was the first wife of Dan R. Hanna of this city.

Chaloner Fights for $20,000.

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard reserved decision yesterday on the application of the Equitable Life Assurance Society for permission to pay to the court $20,000 due John Armstrong Chaloner on an endowment policy. The money is claimed by Chaloner and by Thomas T. Sherman, as committee of his estate. Chaloner is considered incompetent in this State, but is a free agent in Virginia.

WAITERS PRESENT DEMANDS.

Hotel Proprietors Say They Will Answer Them Next Friday.

The demands of the dissatisfied hotel waiters of this city as prepared by the Secretary of the International Hotel Workers' Union, were presented to the Hotel Men's Association, which represents the hotel proprietors, at 2:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Later in the day the hotel men sent word to the representatives of the waiters that they would answer the demands next Friday afternoon. The list of demands formulated by the waiters has been filed with the State Labor Department.

Edward Blochlinger, Financial Secretary of the Hotel Workers' Union, said last night that the outlook was favorable for a settlement. Joseph Elser, business agent for the men, said:

"President Reed of the Hotel Men's Association has shown the right spirit in meeting us half way. I hope we can reach a settlement, but if we do not, I now have the city completely organized and can tie up the hotels the minute I give the word."

The demands submitted yesterday declare that regular waiters and omnibuses must have one day off a week with pay, a ten-hour work day, a minimum wage of $10 a week for waiters and $7 a week for omnibuses, individual lockers, better conditions in the dining room, better food, and a daily change of menu, no fines, and weekly pay. The demands go on to formulate other scales of pay and rules to govern the employment of extra waiters, kitchen workers, porters, bell boys and chambermaids.

SHOT BY A POLICEMAN.

He Says He Did Nothing and Policemen Says He Struck Him.

Patrolman Arthur Davis of the West Seventeenth Street Station, according to the tale he told in the Jefferson Market Court, was escorting an apparently docile prisoner along Ninth Avenue to the station yesterday afternoon, when his man suddenly planted a staggering blow on his jaw, and, freed, the prisoner took to his heels. Davis had drawn his revolver and fired. The fugitive reeled, then gaining his balance boarded a passing trolley and was lost to view. A subsequent alarm describing him and the probable location of the wound led to his discovery in St. Vincent's Hospital.

The prisoner said that he was Walter Bruce of 420 West Seventeenth Street. His original offense, according to Davis, was the audible use of indecent language on the street corner. Before he reached court he had acquired the charge of assault and he will be examined on both charges to-day by Magistrate Cornell.

Bruce said that Davis had arrested him without warrant and had shot him because he did not pass on as soon as the policeman told him to. Davis said he shot because Bruce put his hand to his hip pocket as though he were going to draw a gun.

Situations Wanted by Men and Women

Female.

ART STUDENT seeks position; some knowledge of typewriter. M., care Kendrick, 611 West 180th.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Young lady; familiar every detail double entry; quick, accurate; salary to start, $9. C. C. Co., 130 West 14th St.

CHAMBERMAID or waitress; thoroughly competent; highly recommended by present employer. Can be seen at 31 East 37th St.

COMPANION, &c.—Refined young lady as traveling companion or secretary for family; willing to make herself generally useful. Miss Schwartz, 53 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 120 East 12th St.; 409 Stuyvesant.

DRESSMAKER.—Young Frenchwoman would like few engagements; $2.50 day. F. O., 2,053 8th Av.

INVALID or convalescent desiring to travel or go out of town can secure services of trained nurse who is experienced in traveling. V 67 Times.

MASSAGE.—Scientific treatment; $1 hour; ladies' residences; lady; professional. Address Osteo, 64 West 109th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, (clerical:) neat appearance; bright girl, (16;) beginner; correct worker; rapid; finished complete course; no agency; $6. H 318 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 99 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Neat, accurate; some experience. Faithful, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn; phone 686 East New York.

TRAINED NURSE would like position as companion to invalid or convalescent; references exchanged. V 72 Times.

WANTED.—By a capable young woman, position as companion, secretary, or nursery governess; will travel; references; salary no object. V 50 Times.

WANTED.—Position as companion or nurse with invalid lady or would care for children; experienced. Miss C. M. Kingstrand, 214 West 44th St.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper and companion to invalid; thoroughly qualified to fill both; references exchanged. V 70 Times.

WASHING TAKEN HOME; first-class reference. Janitor, 295 West 107th St., city.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 33 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1907 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert auditor, systematizer; books audited; financial statements prepared; systems installed; go any place. Walter, 252 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

AMBITIOUS young man, (23,) wants steady position as assistant bookkeeper; some knowledge of typewriting and German; best references. K 314 Times Downtown.

BARKEEPER.—First-class; speaks German, French; excellent references. Henry, care of Taquenard, 312 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER, with eight years' experience, also accountant, university-graduate, at present employed, wishes to make change. H 304 Times Downtown.

BOY, age 19, wishes position, willing to do anything. Clifford Lemon, General Delivery, New York.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 22, desires position; private or commercial; go anywhere. Hale, 320 East 73d St.

Male.

CHAUFFEUR, useful, wishes position, anywhere; 2 years' experience; best references. V 62 Times.

EVENING WORK desired by young man at anything; references, bond. N 97 Times.

FURNITURE.—Repairing, refinishing in private home; competent man; city, country. Negris, 412 West 49th St.

JAPANESE, very neat appearance, honest, sober, who understands all his work, seeks position as butler and valet in high-rank place; long years' reference. Saito, 798 Lexington Av.

SALESMAN, 24; have had vast experience; selling and office management; successful record. Y 115 Times.

SECRETARY.—Refined young man, 25, would consider high-grade position outside of New York City if the proper environments and opportunities are offered; ambitious; good business training; stenography and bookkeeping; knowledge automobile; willing to travel; highest references. V 71 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; high school graduate; one year's experience; rapid, accurate; by agents; home in city; $10. H 317 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, BOOKKEEPER.—Some experience; neat, refined, willing; moderate salary. Reliable, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

TRAVELING SALESMAN WISHES TO CONNECT WITH A RELIABLE FIRM MANUFACTURING A LINE OF POPULAR PRICED FURS; TRAVELING THROUGH MICHIGAN, NEW YORK AND JERSEY STATES; HAVE AN ESTABLISHED TRADE AMOUNTING TO $30,000; CAN FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCES. ADDRESS M. Y., ROOM T-3, HOTEL ALBERT, UNIVERSITY PLACE AND 11TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

YOUNG MAN, willing, trustworthy, of excellent education, appearance, and habits, desires commercial position with reliable concern; advancement an object. N 101 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, Swiss, desires position in private house as chef; first-class reference. Theynet, 109 West 84th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers, BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency.) STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 6429 Cort.

Domestic.

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 26 West 45d; first-class servants for private families.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 58 West 125th St.; guaranteed A1 colored help. 1118 Harlem.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency.) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4755 Columbus. Established 1900.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 90th St. Riverside—1838.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; city, country references; colored. 1,798 3d Av., Christian Agency, 'Phone 113 Lenox.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 135d St. 4916 Morningside.

Other Classified Advertisements on preceding page.

IT'S NATURE'S OWN BLEACH

Pass up the Hatter that offers you Straw hats bleached to death with acids and chemicals to fake nature's finish. Come to my stores. Sun bleached Straws not only give the Straw that natural Golden color, but the beauty and finish is lasting.
This and the comfort giving Gale Ventilated Sweat Band are two unusual features that will double my followers this season.

You're in on this, 4 times as many styles. $3 quality at $2

Special sale of $7.50 Panamas & Bangkoks..... $5

Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

MANHATTAN
434 St., bet. Fifth Av. B'way below 125th St. Nassau below Liberty. B'way below 26th St. B'way below Bleecker. 38 Park Row. B'way below 32th St. B'way at Duane St. B'way below Fulton.

BROOKLYN
401 Fulton St. 733 Broadway.

NEWARK
833 Broad Street South.

A Baroda or Russian Cord

TRADE E & W. MARK

Shirt

Is a finished garment, perfect in every detail.

EARL & WILSON.

The best shirt made.

Samples Sent

If inconvenient to call, we will send to your home samples of materials. Suits or overcoats to order, $20 to $40.

Arnheim

Broadway & 9th St.

Clothes from Maker to Wearer

$25 Guaranteed Suit $15

My Walker Street location, my manufacturing plant and retail store under one roof, enable me to save thousands of dollars a year in rent. This, together with the manufacturer's profit that I eliminate by tailoring every suit I sell, makes it possible for me to guarantee you a $25 suit for $15.

Evenings Until 9 o'Clock. Moe Levy Saturdays Until 11 P. M.

My Only Store 119-125 Walker St., 3 Blocks East of Broadway N. Y.

The Yorke Shirt Shop

1272 Broadway
Between 32d & 33d Sts.

YORKE SHIRTS possess that individual distinctiveness that makes a shirt worth wearing.

$1.50 to $7.50

OUR GUARANTY
YORKE SHIRTS are guaranteed absolutely unfading and in every other particular. (This applies to the most delicate shades—pink, green, lavender or tan—as well as the staple blacks and blues.)
Money back or new shirt.

If your shirts fade, don't blame your laundry—blame your shirtmaker.

1272 Broadway.

Factories, Glens Falls, N. Y. Wholesale Salesrooms, 29 Union Sq.

The pleasure of wearing a STRAW HAT is yours again Mr. Everyman!—

But don't spoil that pleasure by buying "just a straw."

Hand-made straws are better than machine-made—Nature bleached straws are better than chemically bleached.

Ours are all made the better way—the best way—the $3.00 and $4.00 way.

And you choose from 200 smart straw styles.

All $2.00

Samoa STRAWS

ADDRESSES
1435 B'way 55 E. 22d St.
1205 B'way 119 Nassau St.
271 B'way
847 Prospect Ave., Bronx
463 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

25% more for your money than any other store.

Featherweight Soft Felt Hats, $2.90

$10,000 worth of 1912 Straw Hats and Panamas Middlemen's Profits Saved

Sennit Flat Brim, with cable edge, $1.25, $1.49, $1.90
Split Braid Flat Brim, $1.49 to $3.90
Pencil Curl Milan, $1.49, $1.90, $2.40

Little Hat Stores that pay big rents can't compete with us

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
LAST 2 TIMES TO-DAY
WINTER GARDEN
B'way & 50th St. Tel. 421 Columbus.
MATINEE TO-DAY 50c, 75c & Best Seats $1.00.
New Spring Edition of WHIRL OF SOCIETY
TO-MORROW NIGHT—BIG CONCERT.
Broadway. B'y41. To-day 2:30, 25c-$1. Evs. 8:30, 25c to $1.50. Abern English Gr. Op. Co. in Hansel & Gretel.
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
39TH ST. Thea., 39th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Wed. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c-$1.50.
4th BIG MONTH THE GREYHOUND
LAST 2 TIMES TO-DAY THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
At CENTURY THEATRE, the 63d St. & 8th Ave. Evs. 8:10; Mat. To-day 2:10.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:20.
ARLISS in DISRAELI Last 2 Times To-day
GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, Broadway, 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day 2:15.
"BREEZY MUSICAL FUN."
Blanche Ring in THE WALL STREET GIRL
GRAND Mat. To-day BLACK PATTI Musical Comedy Co. Next Mon., ANDREW MACK in "Tom Moore."
THE BEN GREET PIELDSTON WOODS. At Riverdale, Stages.
Woodland Players. Van Cortlandt Pk. Subway. Tickets on sale at McBride's and Tyson's, Also Room 1302, No. 27 Cedar Street.
MAY 23, 24, AS YOU LIKE IT. 25, A COMEDY OF ERRORS 3 P.M.
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Valeska Suratt & Co. in "Cabaret a la Carte," "H. M. S. Pinafore," othe.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. EVA TANGUAY and 8 other Big Acts.
NEW—Daily Matinee, 25c. Belle Baker, "Everybody," Ladelo Cliff, Macar & Bradford, Matthews & Ashayne, Redford & Winchester, others.
Brighton Brighton Beach
OPENS TO-DAY. PALISADES PARK SCHENCK BROS.' AMUSEMENT Opposite W. 130th St.
Columbia B'way & 47th Ed. Lee Wrothe and The Burlesque GINGER GIRLS Smoking. To-day 2:15. To-night 8:15. 25c. to $1.
HAMMERSTEIN'S—Sam Mann & Co., The Antique Girl, Ed Hayes & Co., Eddie Leonard, 12 others & ARBUDI, Spanish Giant.

DALY'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:15.
Last 2 Weeks. Star Production of THE EXPLORER
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Mat. To-day 2:30 Thurs., 39, bet. B'way & 5 Av. Evs. 8:30. THE MARRIAGE NOT
Playhouse Bought and Paid For 48th, E. of B'way. Pr. 3626 Bryant. Evenings 8:10. Matinees Tu.-Sat. Wed. & Thurs. 2:10.
CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
JAS. T. POWERS in a New Musical Play, "TWO LITTLE BRIDES."
LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
Last 2 Weeks. PATIENCE
After Revival of JUNE 3—"THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE."
MANHATTAN STOCK CO. 10c.-20c.-30c. Opera House. Mat. Daily. PAID IN FULL. Next Week—Alias Jimmy Valentine.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES
KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway and 38th Street. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. To-day & Wed. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER in an Arabian Night KISMET
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20.
WHITESIDE in TYPHOON
LYCEUM 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Tues. & Thurs. 2:30. $1.50.
MARVELOUS MOTION PICTURES
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
PARK 59th St., B'way, Col. Circle. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:10.
LAST TIME TO-NIGHT.
THE QUAKER GIRL with CLIFTON CRAWFORD
New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
THE DE KOVEN OPERA COMPANY IN THE NATION'S LIGHT OPERA
Robin Hood
GREAT CAST OF GRAND OPERA STARS.
LIBERTY 42d St., near Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
MIDNIGHT ROOF FROLIC AT THE NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. SMOKING.
MATINEE TO-DAY—400 Seats $1.00.
A WINSOME WIDOW
GAIETY Broadway, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20.
Another Cohan & Harris success. "Laughter under lock and key."
OFFICER 666
With George Nash & Wallace Eddinger
GLOBE Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
The Rose Maid Success since "The Firm Lady." A Record Musical
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. Prices. Mat. Daily. HELD BY THE ENEMY.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

BEEFSTEAK PARTIES IN OUR QUAINT BANQUET ROOMS

GRILL ROOM
Hofbräu-Haus
THE FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Quaintest Place in America
Broadway & 30th St. Tel. Madison Sq.—3207
CHARMING MUSIC.

Fricassee of young chicken with Kreiesbutter and a crispy patty. Simply delicious! Filet of Sole, exquisitely seasoned—some shallots—a few oysters—fresh mushrooms—a glass of chablis; a la mariniere. On exhibition from William M. Chase's collection, Hans Markart's famous painting—"Midsummer Night's Dream."

LUCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel. 7420—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU
Pilsner Genossenschafts-Brau
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910

HOTEL CHELSEA WEST 23D ST.
RESTAURANT AND BANQUET ROOMS.
A la Carte and Table d'Hote.
DINNER, $1.00, $1.50 to $2.50 P. M. Music.

WHERE THE DISCRIMINATING DINE
CAFE DES BEAUX-ARTS
80 WEST 40TH ST.
Now under the exclusive management of its founder.
LOUIS BUSTANOBY.
DINNER, 6 to 8 P. M. $1.50 Specialties a la carte.
LUNCHEONS a la carte. Afternoon Teas
SUPPER AFTER THE PLAY.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings.)
1195 Broadway. Just below 29th St.
246-248 West 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

A Great Number of our $22.50, $25, $28 and $30 Hart, Schaffner & Marx Spring and Summer Suits are now $18

Supreme in Financial Advertising

In April The New York Times published 79,717 lines of financial advertisements, compared with 58,779 lines in the corresponding month last year, a gain of 20,938 lines—a greater volume and a greater gain than any other New York newspaper.

Picture Section, Part 1

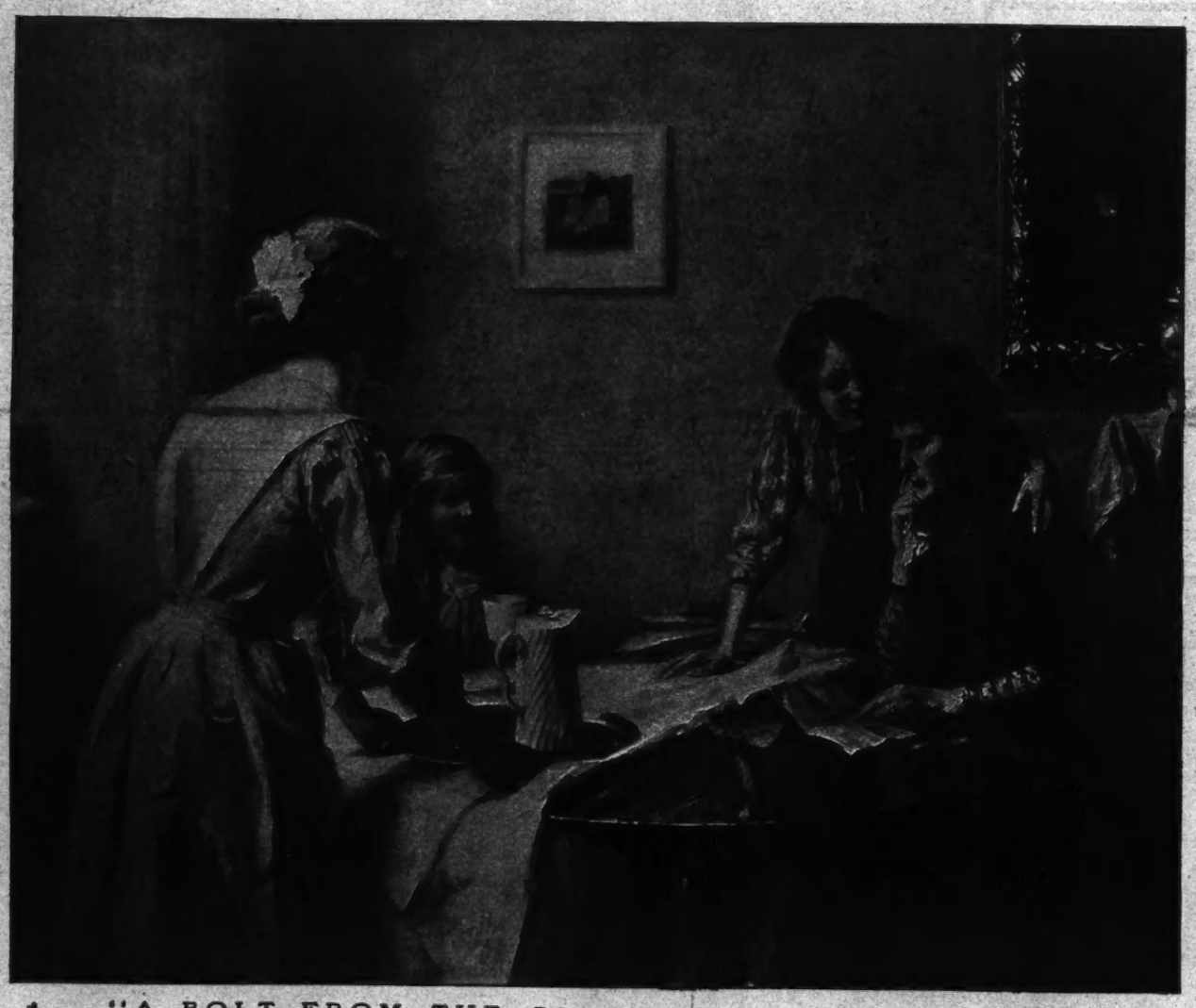
The New York Times

Sunday, May 19, 1912

Striking Paintings from the Current Royal Academy Exhibition, London

"THE SHINING PATHWAY"—By George Butler.

(Photos by Messrs. Cassell & Co., London.)



"A BOLT FROM THE BLUE"—By T. B. Kennington.

"THE APPLE"—By A. A. Dixon.

"THE UNKNOWN"—By J. C. Dollman.

"THE OLD FOLKS AT HOME"—By H. Henshall.

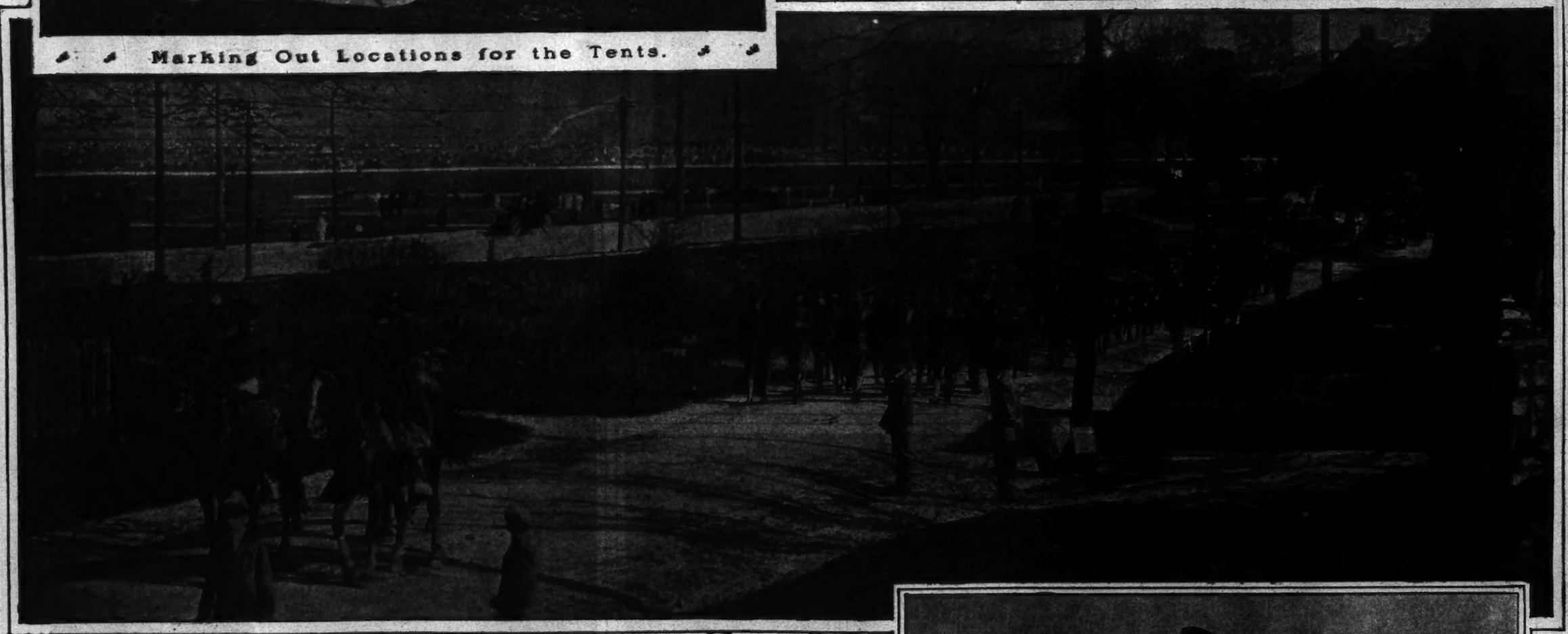
Ladies' Four-in-Hand Driving Club's Tour to Bronx Park

ARRIVAL OF THE COACH IN BRONX PARK.
Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Col. William Jay, Miss Marion Hollins, Miss Harriet Alexander, Miss Josephine Osborn, Morris E. Howlett.

Miss Harriet Alexander, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. Oliver Iselin.
(Photos (C) by the American Press Assn.)

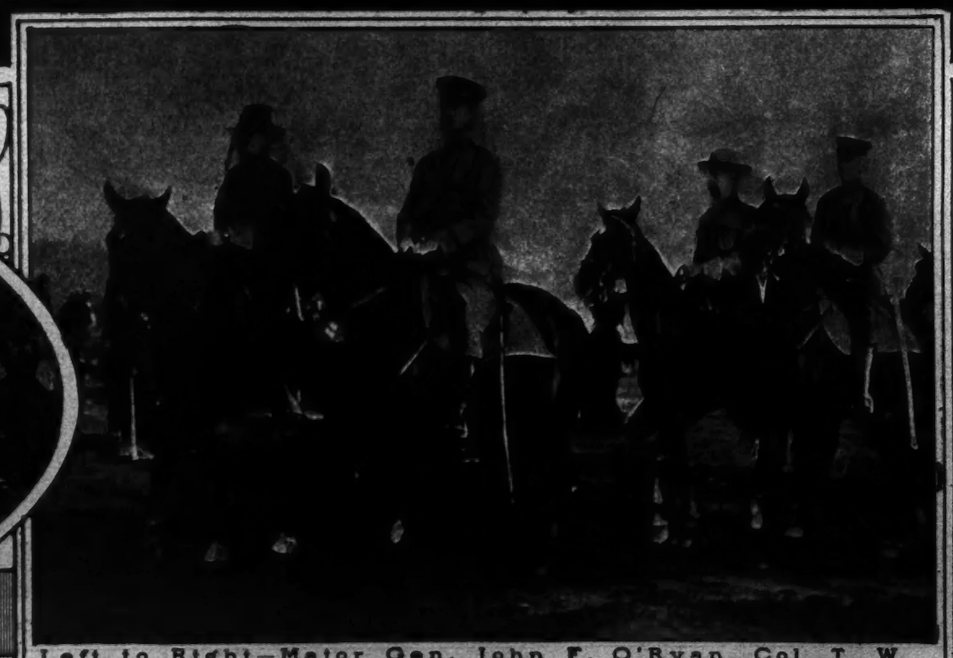
Marking Out Locations for the Tents.

Review and Inspection of the 12th Regiment at Van Cortlandt Park, May 4



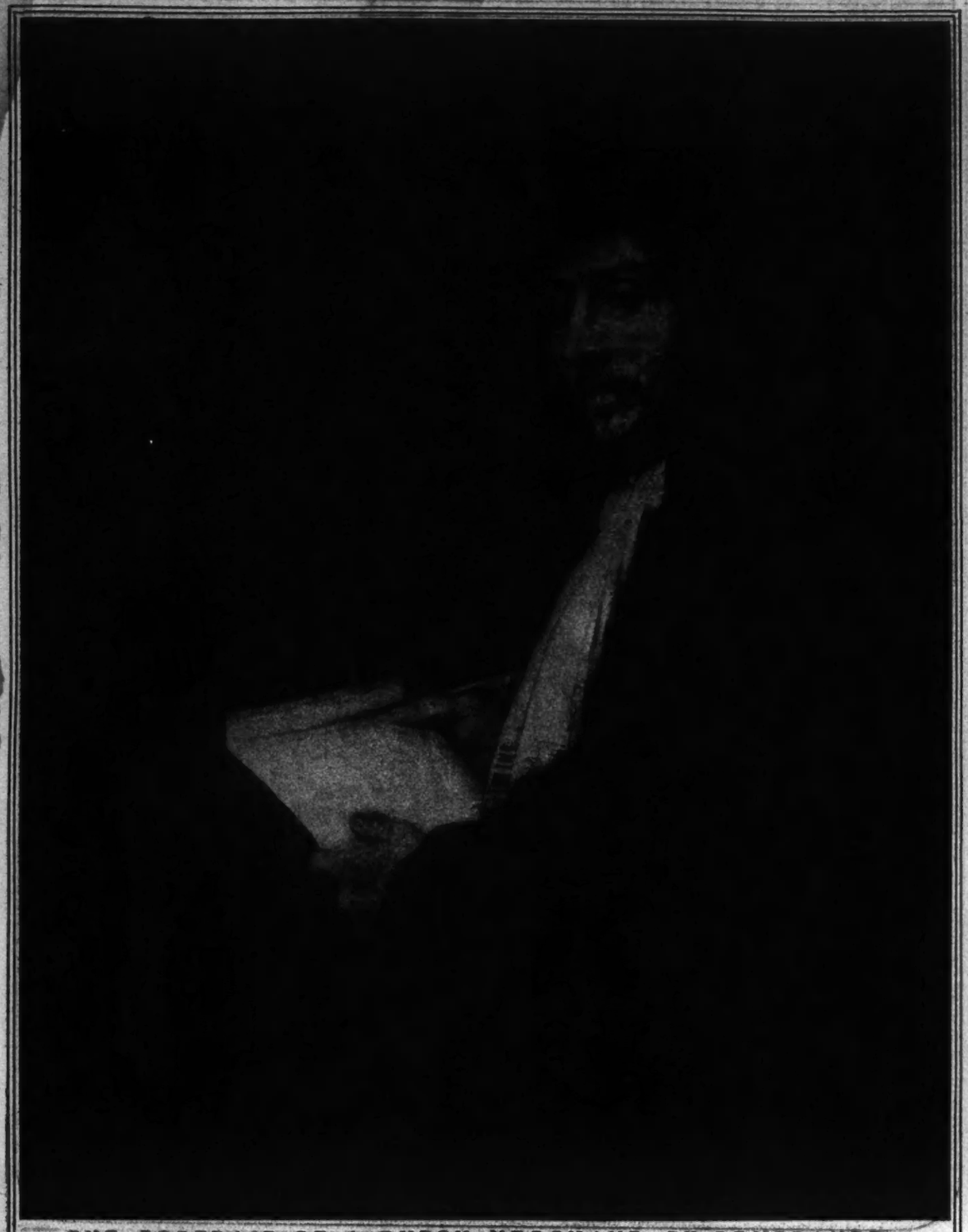
The Arrival at the Park.
(Photo by the American Press Assn.)

Line Up of the Shelter Tents, Forming Company Streets.



Left to Right—Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, Col. T. W. Huston, Lieut. Col. W. W. Ladd, Capt. A. D. Porter.

Two Famous Old Masters Coming to America



THE PORTRAIT OF A DUTCH MERCHANT, BY REMBRANDT,
Reported Sold to Mr. Frick for $250,000.

"MARGARET WYATT" (LADY LEE), BY HOLBEIN,
Recently Sold from the Gimpel & Wildenstein Galleries for a Price Exceeding $250,000.

FIELD DAY AT BARNARD COLLEGE.
The High Jump Which Brought Forth Exclamations of Delight from the Onlookers.

Distributing 5,000 Flower Plants to the Shop Girls of Paris, to Give Them a Chance to Beautify Their Homes. (Photo by the Transatlantic Co.)

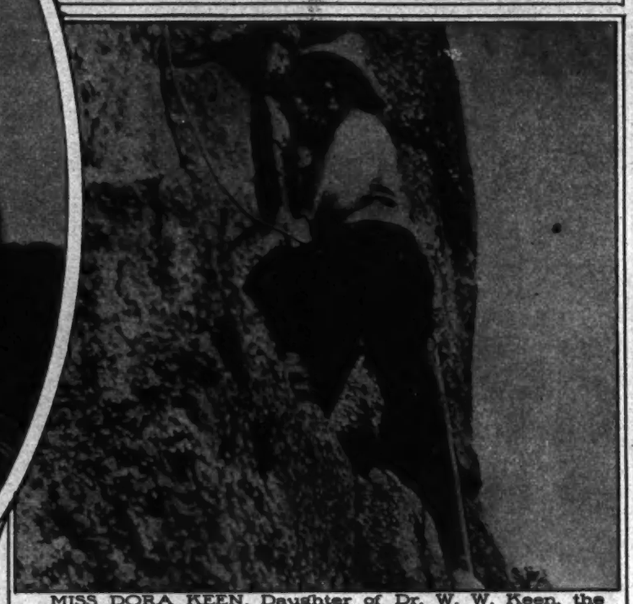
THE [illegible] HOCKEY TEAMS [illegible]
No Goal Was Scored in This Game. (Photos (C) by the American Press Assn.)

Wireless Equipment of Aeroplane at the Hendon Aerodrome.

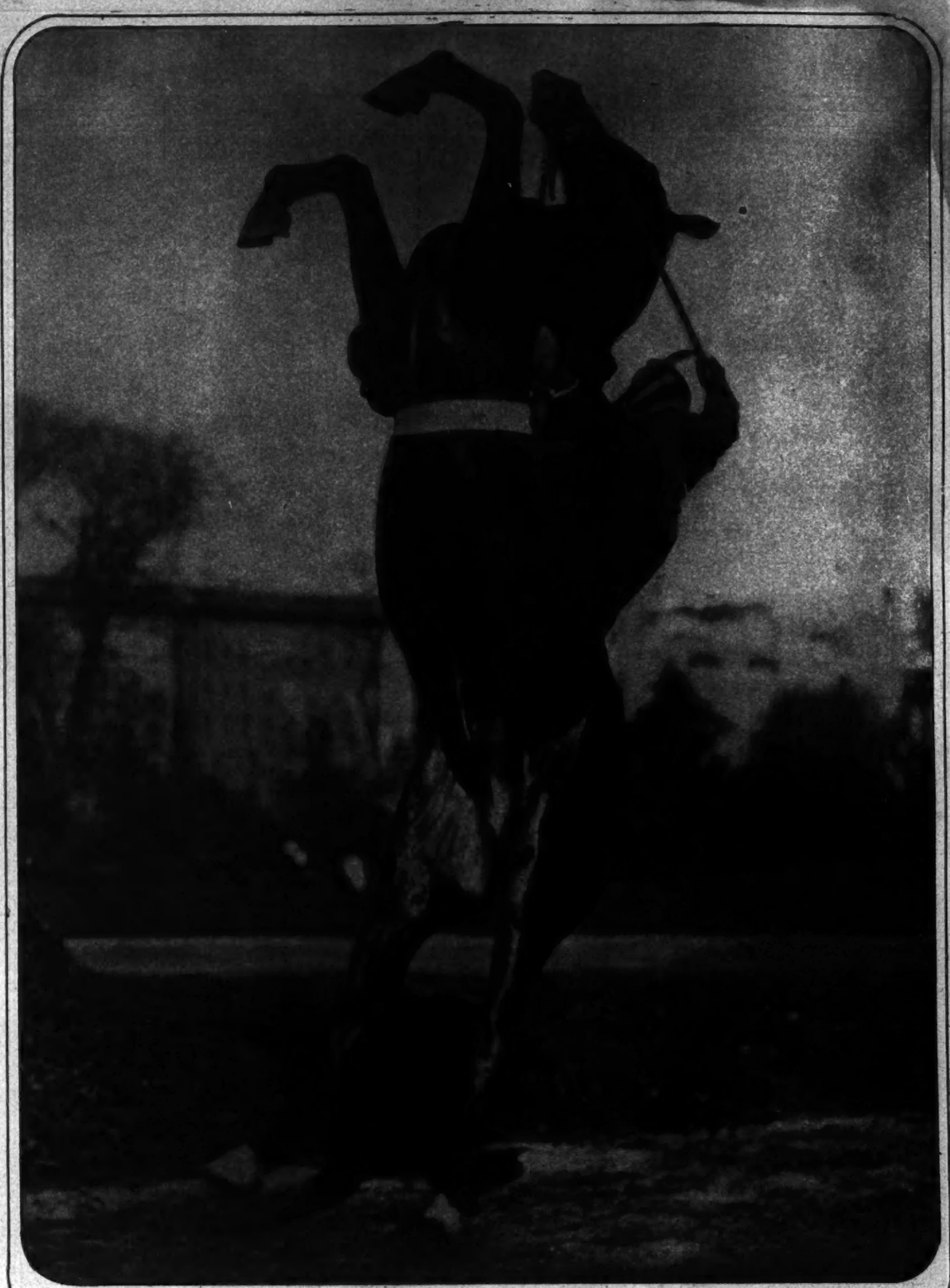
J. Valentine Transmitting a Wireless Message from the Aeroplane at Hendon. (Photos by Underwood & Underwood.)

America's Largest Drydock at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, Which Cost $2,800,000.
Showing the First Battleship to Enter It for Repairs, the Dreadnought Utah. Congress Appropriated $1,000,000 for Its Construction in 1905. During Its Construction 20 Lives Have Been Lost and 400 Men were Injured. (*Photos by International News Service.*)

F. B. Harris, U. S. Naval Engineer Who Completed the Drydock.



MISS DORA KEEN, Daughter of Dr. W. W. Keen, the Widely Known Surgeon Who Is Equipping an Expedition to Attempt the Ascent of Mount McKinley in Alaska.
(*Photo by Paul Thompson.*)



A COMPLETE BACK SOMERSAULT.
Remarkable Photograph of a Horse Frightened by an Automobile on the Bridle Path in Central Park Opposite 85th Street. The Rider Is Mr. Jasper of the Central Park Riding Club. (*Photo by B. Tanenbaum.*)

H. M. Leipziger, Member of the Board of Trustees of the College, Speaking, President Finley to His Left (Front Row).

Presentation of New Stadium to College of the City of New York

"MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR" IN THE PROCESSION.

On the Way from the College to the Stadium

"THE RIVALS."
(*Photos (C) by the American Press Assn.*)

Characters in the "Merry Wives of Windsor."

Inauguration of John Grier Hibben as President of Princeton University

PRESIDENT HIBBEN DELIVERING HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS IN FRONT OF NASSAU HALL PHOTO © BY AMERICAN PRESS.

© BY AMERICAN PRESS (R TO L)
PRES TAFT AND PRESIDENT HIBBEN.

ACADEMIC PROCESSION, (LEFT TO RIGHT) WILLIAM LIBBEY, GRAND MARSHAL; MAJOR T. L. RHOADES; PRES. TAFT, PRES. HIBBEN; CHIEF JUSTICE WHITE; FRANCIS PATTON; MAHLON PITNEY; AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT, HENRY VAN DYKE. PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD AND UNDERWOOD.

THE PROCESSION ON WAY TO NASSAU HALL

MAJOR RHOADES, NEW MILITARY AIDE TO PRESIDENT TAFT; MISS ELIZABETH HIBBEN AND SECRETARY MILLIS

PRESIDENT BUTLER AND COLONEL HARVEY

STUDENTS CHEERING PRESIDENT TAFT

PHOTO © BY PAUL THOMPSON

PRES TAFT AND MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND ON VERANDA OF PRESIDENT HIBBEN'S HOME AT PRINCETON. (PHOTO BY PICTORIAL NEWS)

All Star Revival of "Patience" at the Lyric Theatre

Marie Doro as Patience and Cyril Scott as Archibald Grosvenor.

De Wolf Hopper as Bunthorne, and Chorus of Maidens.

Alice Brady as Lady Sophy, Viola Gillette as Lady Angela, Christine Nielsen as Lady Ella.

Eva Davenport as Lady Jane, Marie Doro as Patience, De Wolf Hopper as Reginald Bunthorne.

All Star Revival of "Robin Hood" at the New Amsterdam Theatre

Pauline Hall as Dame Durden, Edwin Stevens as the Sheriff of Nottingham.

Florence Wickham as Alan-a-Dale, Ann Swinburne as Annabelle.

The Morris Dancers.
(Photos by White.)

Belle Allen as Maid Marion, Walter Hyde as Robin Hood.

Finale of Act II.

ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Beautiful Figure Wins Half the World for a Woman

NO matter what your figure, the Spirella Corset will *persuade* it into beautiful lines and give you correct poise, which is the secret of style. The Spirella Corset is made not only to your measure but so adapted to your needs that it corrects any faulty conditions.

Spirella CORSET

The flexible Spirella boning, which bends forward, backward or sideways, or twists, with equal ease, gives perfect comfort under all conditions without any sacrifice of style. Ventilative and light in weight it is a delightful relief from the steeled constraint of the average corset. Can be laundered without removing the boning. If a stay breaks or rusts within a year we will give you a new corset.

Visit Our New Fifth Avenue Shop

Inspect our models and learn about Spirella service. Our expert Spirella corsetiere will fit you in your own home, no matter where you live, bring the corset to you when made, adjust it properly on your figure and show you how to wear it.

Send for Beautiful Spirella Booklet

The Spirella Company, 506 Fifth Ave., New York City

LONDON PARIS

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Maternity Dresses

In all the latest styles and fabrics
Self adjusting—made in one piece

Can be worn through changing proportions and in normal condition *without alteration*, yet conceals all allowance for expansion. A large assortment in silk, woolen and tub materials made to measure, $10.75 and up. Also a full line of Long and Short Negligees, Coats and Three-piece Suits.

1216 Fine imported cotton voile, with cluny insertions, hemstitching and tucks. Girdle of ribbon velvet.....$19.75

1189 Embroidered cotton voile, with lace pattern richly inset at skirt and bodice, chiffon girdle.....39.50

Send for catalog "T," showing variety of styles from the simplest room jacket to the most elegant creation for boudoir or street wear.

LANE BRYANT 19 W. 38th St. near 5th Ave., N. Y.
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, B'way and 165d St.

ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS.

BIEN JOLIE GRECIAN-TRECO

NO matter how carefully your dressmaker may fit your gown, you cannot secure that chic appearance of the modish woman, unless your corset absolutely conforms to every movement of the figure.

The new Bien Jolie Grecian-Treco—made of a remarkable knitted fabric and boneless—holds the figure naturally and firmly, in graceful lines, yet so soft and flexible as to give perfect freedom in any position assumed.

Varying styles, $5.00, $7.50, $10.00

The following stores are now displaying Bien Jolie Grecian-Treco:

Simpson Crawford Co.	A. J. Nutting & Co.	Gimbel Bros.
Olmstead Corset Co.	Bloomingdale Bros.	Best & Co.
H. C. F. Koch & Co.	McGibbon & Co.	Stern Bros.
Lord & Taylor	Abraham & Straus	Saks & Co.
L. M. Bloomstein	Fred'k Loeser & Co.	D. Hartman
John Wanamaker	A. I. Namm & Sons	Barnett Bros.
McCreery's 23d & 34th	La Patricia Corset Co.	

W. V. Snyder Co., Newark

The Bien Jolie Brassiere gives fine, smooth lines above the corset.

50c, $1.00, $1.50 to $12.00.

BENJAMIN & JOHNES,
Newark, N. J.

ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNDERMUSLINS

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER

At the Wholesale Price

You can shop around—visit the May Sale bargain counters where goods are heaped in quantities—and where quality and daintiness does not prevail.

Then come to our factory, see the sanitary conditions under which our goods are made.

Examine the fine quality of sheer, soft materials we use and the thousands of scientifically cut and pretty styles for every mode of dress.

We will then convince you that buying direct from the manufacturer saves you ⅓ to ½ the retail shop price.

Come Direct to Our Factory Salesroom

SAMEK BROS.
13-15 East 22nd St.
(A FEW DOORS EAST OF BROADWAY)

Lord & Taylor

Founded 1826

Fur Storage

In the Cold Air of our Modern Storage Plant

(on the premises)

Furs are absolutely safe from moths and fire

Articles stored are first cleaned by vacuum or compressed air. Minor rips in furs will be sewed and all fur collars cleaned free of charge.

We are particularly well equipped for repairing and remodelling fine furs at special prices during the summer months.

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Gillette

225 FIFTH AVE NEW YORK

Another Manufacturer Selling Retail at

Wholesale Prices

GOWNS, SIMPLE DRESSES, WAISTS, TEA GOWNS, PETTICOATS

of dependable silks, ready to wear and made to measure.

We not only make the garments, but we weave the silk in our own mills. Our process insures long wear, unfading colors and exquisitely finished fabrics.

Come to our salesroom in the Brunswick Building and see for yourself how well it pays to purchase goods on our maker-to-wearer plan.

THE GILLETTE CO.,
BRUNSWICK BUILDING,
225 FIFTH AVENUE.

Blyn-Plan nature shoe

A Good Shoe for You to Buy
A Good Shoe for Us to Sell

Quality is essentially the prominent feature of the Blyn Plan Nature Shoes for children.

It is in the costly leathers—it is in the superior workmanship.

Quality is the first thought of the designer and the first thought of the salesman who fits the child's shoes, as they should be fitted—accurately.

And the Blyn organization with its energy, equipment and capital, produces these shoes at prices that ordinary shoes sell for at other stores.

Blyn Plan Button, Lace and Blucher Styles in Tan Russia, Patent Colt and Gun Metal Calf. Assured foot comfort at an unusually small price.
Sizes 5 to 8.....**$1.75**
Sizes 8½ to 11.....**$2.00**
Sizes 11½ to 2.....**$2.50**

Send for Catalogue, Mail Order Dept., 2240 Third Ave., New York City.

Ten Big Family Shoe Stores

WEST SIDE STORES: 224-226 W. 125th St.; 6th Ave. and 27th St.; 8th Ave., 39th & 40th Sts.
I. Blyn & Sons GUARANTEE SHOE CO.
EAST SIDE STORES: 3d Ave. and 122d St.; 3d Ave., 86th & 87th Sts.; 3d Ave., 150th & 151st Sts.; Bowery, near Brooms St.
Brooklyn Stores: {485 Fulton St., opp. Abraham & Straus. {Broadway, bet. Park and Ellery Sts.
Broadway, near Greene Ave. Factory, 511-519 East 72d St.

The Tolman

"Clothes Shop for Women"

Announces

A Very Unusual Reduction Sale of Spring Models

Wraps, Gowns & Summer Dresses

at about ⅓ less than former prices.

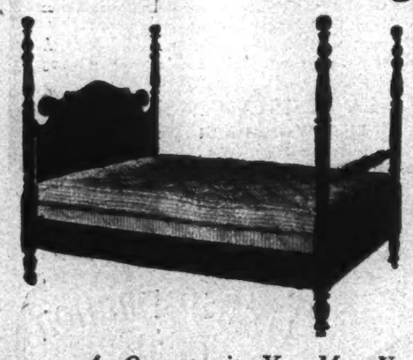
New Summer Clothes

Suitable for resort wear—copies of the last foreign models.

Afternoon and Evening Gowns, $45 to $95
Linen Suits and Dresses, $15 to $50
Morning Frocks of Silk and Voile, $20 to $55

22 East 46th St. Opp. the Ritz Carlton

Colonial Mahogany Bed



Special, $24.50

All the beauty and charm of the old, in this faithful reproduction of one of the most famous of Colonial designs. We are making a "Special" of this Colonial mahogany, four-post bed, single or double size, at $24.50. You will pay $35.00 and more elsewhere.

Other pieces to match, each temptingly priced.

An Opportunity You May Never Get Again.

W. A. HATHAWAY CO., 62 W. 45th Street, New York.

"Furniture of the Better Kind."

HERBEX Makes HAIR HEALTHY

Eradicates dandruff; keeps the scalp clean, cool and healthy, making the hair soft, fluffy and dressy, resembling a wave (no grease) Per bottle. **50c**

Send to-day for free booklet T on "Care of the Hair." Personal consultation on individual cases without charge.

The Parker Method of Hair Treatment is insurance against thin and impoverished hair.

Frank Parker Hair and Scalp SPECIALIST.
60 West 37th Street, N. Y.

This Iver-Johnson Bicycle $25

Other Iver-Johnsons from the "Juvenile" at $20 to the "Special Racer" at $60.

VELVET ROAD-RACER $18

Indian & Iver-Johnson Motor-Cycles.

Kodaks & Victrolas on Easy Terms.

Davegas SPORTING GOODS STORES

405 Broadway, Below Canal St.
126 University Pl., bet. 13 & 14 Sts.
Both Stores Open Saturday Evenings.

"BUNTY"

THE NEW RITE BATHING AND AUTOMOBILE CAP

Made of transparent Rubberized silk in a beautiful assortment of Tartan Plaids and other patterns.

Guaranteed absolutely waterproof.

Look for the name "BUNTY" on the inside of cap.

For sale in the best stores everywhere.

If your dealer cannot supply you, send P. O. order for $1.50, stating color preferred, to Dept. "B."

Rite Specialty Co.
32 Union Square New York

Discriminating Women of Fashion will appreciate the extreme Delicacy of

Bacchanale Perfume

Created by Viville of Paris

Bacchanale can be obtained at
B. Altman & Co. James McCreery & Co. John Wanamaker, Hegeman, Gimbel Bros., Stern Bros., Abraham & Straus, Acker, Merrall & Condit, Saks & Co., Lord & Taylor, R. H. Macy & Co.
LASKER and BERNSTEIN
161 William St., New York, Exclusive Agents for North America

Berthe May's

Maternity Corset

In my booklet, "HER CORSETS," I explain why my Maternity Corset is a real support, insures ease and comfort and preserves a normal figure, how the corset can be worn before and after the maternity period.

Call at my New York store, or write for free Booklet No. 21, which will be mailed in a plain envelope.

All orders have my personal attention. Orders by mail immediately filled and with absolute satisfaction because of my perfect, yet simple, measurement system. Rush orders shipped immediately upon receipt of present measurements around bust, waist, and hips; also height.

Prices from $5.00 to $15.00.

BERTHE MAY, 10 East 16th St., New York.

GUYOT SUSPENDERS

(Made in France)
Standard Style (Cotton) 50c
Full Dress Silk Weaves
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and More
At all reliable stores.

Mailed direct upon receipt of price—postage paid—if your dealer hasn't them.

Ch. Guyot, 100 5th Ave., N. Y. City

LONG SANG T'I

293 FIFTH AVE., NEAR 31st ST., NEW YORK.

CHINESE CURIO CO.

Call special attention to their extraordinary collection of rare

Oriental Art Jewelry

which expresses the true characteristics of the foremost craftsmen of ancient times. Call and inspect our new department of LAMPS, SHADES, TABLEWARE and Bamboo Furniture. Send for Illustrated Catalogue T.

REDUCTION SALE

Juliette

27 W. 38th St.

Modish Millinery

On Monday, May 20, we will place our entire stock of Imported and Domestic Hats on sale at greatly reduced prices.

PEARLS

Frederics

New Scientific Indestructible Pearls, including an artificial pearl and diamond cluster clasp.

SPECIAL FOR THIS WEEK.

Worth $25.00. SPECIAL $15

Mail Order Address: 5A West 37th St. 1912 Catalog Sent for 10c. postage.

Frederics
CLASSIC JEWELER
Stores at 479 5th Ave. & 1 W. 34th St.

"BUSTER BROWN" CAMERA

FOR BOY OR GIRL

Strong, simple and compact, an ideal camera for outdoor use. Takes picture 2¼x3¼, and loads in daylight. As carefully made as any $5 or $8 camera, and offered at $1.49 at our

SPECIAL SALE TOMORROW, ONLY, **$1.49**

Lewis

Greeley Sq. Camera House
522 Sixth Av. at 31st St.
New York
NEAR Penna. Sta.

$6.75 "SWAYCOUCH" HAMMOCK

Sold direct by the makers and delivery charges prepaid within 50 miles. Maplewood frame, heavy duck; laced with Manila rope; reversible padded mattress. Others ask $10 for similar hammocks. Order this best-of-all hammocks TO-DAY. These hammocks can be seen at our store.

TRAVERS COMPANY,
73 Warren St., New York
Telephone: Barclay 6370.

"RE-BUILDER OF GOWNS."

If your old suits are slightly worn and out of season, let me alter them for you. At a reasonable expense I can really do wonders with gowns you may consider worthless.

Also ARTISTIC GOWNS for all occasions made from your own material to suit your individuality.

HOMER
11½ W. 37th St., N. Y. Tel. 3265 Greeley.

Have Your Shampoo at Home

On receipt of your 'phone message or postal, I will send you an expert in facial massage, manicuring, or scalp treatment, at any time you designate.

Popular Prices. Guaranteed Work.

MISS E. CLEMENS,
149 W. 36th St. 'Phone—Greeley 5784.

IT TAKES THE CREAM

And the knowledge of how to apply it, working TOGETHER, to smooth out the wrinkles.

The correct way of doing anything must be learned.

How many women understand the real science of facial massage? I have made a study of it and have a specially good, pure, vegetable cream, which I will gladly show you how to use correctly.

TRY THIS NEW CREAM (it comes in 25c., 50c., and $1.00 jars)

and I will give you FREE APPLICATION with each purchase at my shop.

GREY'S HAIRDRESSING SHOP,
Hair Goods, Scalp Treatment, Marcel Waving, Shampooing, Manicuring.
125 East 15th Street, New York City, just east of Subway.
Phone Madison Square 812.

SHORT VAMP SHOES

Cuban and French Heels
Satin
Velvet and All Leathers
ALL SIZES, FAIR PRICES.
J. GLASSBERG,
2 STORES 58 3d Av., N. Y., nr. 10th St. 225 W. 42d St., w. of B'way.
Illustrated Catalogue Free. Open Evenings till 9

"For the Woman Who Cares"

PLEXO EVENING WHITE

In Tubes, At GOOD Dealers.

"WHOOPING COUGH"

IN CASES OF

ask your physician about DIATUSSIN. Surprisingly prompt and effective. Easily taken. At Riker-Hegeman and other leading drug stores.

Mme. HELENE

FACE SPECIALIST
22 West 22nd St.

Facial Treatment as Used in Most Exclusive Circles in France
Mme. HELENE
has returned from Paris and again demonstrates every day in the Alice Maynard Store, 22 West 22d Street, how wasted tissues are revived and contours of youth are restored by purely scientific methods.
References from families of the highest standing, proclaiming the work the most skillful of the day.

There is a **Studio** at No. 373 Fifth Ave., New York, that makes a **specialty** of reproducing **old photos** in permanent **Carbon.** This Studio is run by a French artist.
M. MOUSTIER.

LOUVRE CORSET SHOP

SARA E. CONKLIN

BRASSIERES

Made to your own measure from Non-shrinkable Materials $1.50 up.

17 West 35th Street, New York

The Mending Shop

GOWNS REMODELED

Fine hand workers for Lingeries. Robes—Spring styles now in. Department for darning and mending Shop Gowns and Waists refitted.

H. REDDING COUGHLIN
Phone 189 Mad. Sq. 20 West 31st.

PARKER MILLINERY

31 West 33d Street

Exclusive and Practical Hats
Remodeling from Customers' Materials a Specialty
Phone 5280 Murray Hill

CUSTOM CORSETS.

E. N. C. CORSET CO.,
418 FIFTH AVENUE,
NEW YORK.
'Phone 8338 Greeley.

ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS. ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. Simonson.

SPECIALIST IN HAIR GOODS

506 FIFTH AVENUE NEAR 42 STREET

Whatever be your type, your age, or your Style idea, "Enchanté" Coiffure will enhance and reflect your individuality in a delightfully "different" way. Several styles. Fluffily light. *No rearranging.*

Simonson quality is a guarantee against Chinese "Human" Hair and "Combings."

CHIROPODY,
MANICURING,
SHAMPOOING,
SCALP TREATMENTS,

"Enchanté"

The Coiffure for Warm Weather

Made in every rare shade of Gray and White Hair, Blondes, Titians, Brown and Blacks.

A perfect match guaranteed, requiring no visit to New York.

Send to-day for
"Newest Summer Hair"

BEAUTY CULTURE,
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HAIR DRESSING,
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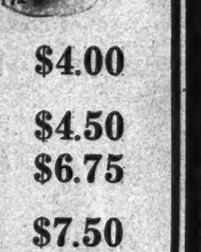

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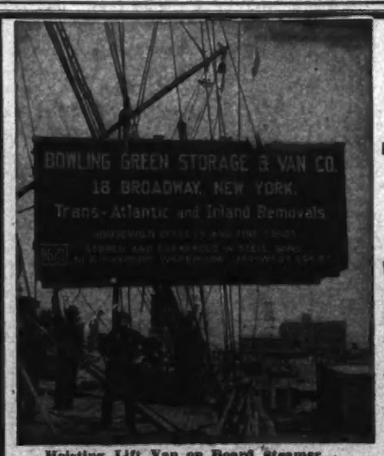

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